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The Times

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THE TIMES, Tuesday, June 10, 1930

The CHARGE for ANNOUNCEMENTS of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, and DEATHS (authenticated by name and permanent address of the sender) is ONE GUINEA for three lines or less and FIVE SHILLINGS for each additional line of about six words. The charge for IN MEMORIAM NOTICES is TWELVE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for three lines or less and THREE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for every additional line. A special rate for five and ten years' automatic insertion may be obtained on application. In order to avoid incorrect quotations in "Death" and "In Memoriam" announcements senders are asked to indicate their origin. In the case of modern verse the author's permission should first be obtained. Announcements may be sent to "The Times" Office, Printing House-square, London, E.C.4, to "The Times" Bureau, 72, Regent-street, London, W.1, to "The Times" Book Club, 42, Wigmore-street, London, W.1, or to the Bureau du Times, 2, Chaussée d'Antin, Paris. For Small Advertisement Index see last column of this page.

Forthcoming Marriages in Court Page, Three Guineas for six lines or less and Twelve Shillings and Sixpence for each additional line.

Subscription rates for "The Times" for one year—£11s. Inland, £5. 4s. Foreign.

BIRTHS

BATTERSHILL.—On June 6, 1930, at Kingston, Jamaica, to JOAN (née Gellibrand), wife of W. D. BATTERSHILL—a daughter.

BESANT.—On June 2, 1930, at Plumer-road, Catterick Camp, Yorks, to PHYLLIS (née Le Mesurier), wife of HUBERT SAXTON BESANT—a son.

CONDRUP.—On June 8, 1930, at 14, Shire Hall Park, Hendon, N.W.4, to LILIAN CHRISTIAN, the wife of C. O. CONDRUP—a son.

CRACROFT.—On June 7, 1930, at Torwood, Farnborough, Hants, to CHRISTINE (née Montgomery), wife of H. B. CRACROFT, Royal Tank Corps—a daughter.

CURTIES.—On June 6, 1930, at Spinneyside, Certan Manor-road, South Croydon, to NANCY (née Chapman), wife of G. S. L. CURTIES—a daughter.

GETHEN.—On June 8, 1930, at The Cottage, Harmer Green, to JUTTA and RONALD GETHEN—a daughter.

HAVILAND.—On June 8, 1930, at Spicers, Iver Heath, the wife of MAJOR L. P. HAVILAND, of a son.

LEWISOHN.—On June 8, 1930, at 42, Hyde Park-gate, S.W.7, to GLADYS, wife of JOHN LEWISOHN—a daughter.

MISKIN.—On June 6, 1930, to BERYL (née Matthews), wife of GEOFFREY MISKIN, Crossways, St. Albans—a son.

POTTS.—On Whit-Sunday, June 8, 1930, at Yellow Sands, Bentley-road, Cambridge, to PEGGY, wife of FRANK ARMITAGE POTTS—a son (TIMOTHY). (Indian and South African papers, please copy.)

THOMPSON.—On June 7, 1930, at 82, Granthamroad, Stockwell, S.W.9, to ELAINE (née Budden), wife of ERNEST THOMPSON—a son.

WAINWRIGHT.—On June 5, 1930, at 72, Airedale-road, Walkley, Sheffield, to the wife of ERIC H. WAINWRIGHT (of Weybridge)—a son.

MARRIAGES

BELLHOUSE : MacRITCHIE.—On June 9, 1930, at Nakuru, Kenya, GEOFFREY LEADER, eldest son of the late C. H. and Mrs. BELLHOUSE, of Tinwell Rectory, Stamford, to HARRIET MARGARET, only daughter of the late JAMES MACRITCHIE, of Inverness, and of Mrs MacRitchie, of Rongai, Kenya.

DADSWELL : HART.—On June 7, 1930, at St. Swithun's, East Grinstead, CYRIL JOHN, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. J. DADSWELL, East Grinstead, to MARGARET IRENE, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. HART, of Lingfield (late of Langland Bay).

FIELD : FINCH.—On May 31, 1930, at the Parish Church, Beaconsfield, Bucks, ERLUND, second son of EDWARD FIELD, Esq., of Boston, U.S.A., to DOROTHY BERYL UNITE, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. HERBY F. FINCH, of Beaconsfield, Bucks.

FORBES : STEEL.—On June 7, 1930, at St. Charles Borromeo, Weybridge, by LIEUTENANT JOHN HAY FORBES, Royal Navy, second son of the late Captain C. H. Forbes, C.B.E., R.N., and Mrs. Forbes, of Oatlands Drive, Weybridge, to EDITH SHEILAH, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. REGINALD DE CRICY STEEL, of Dyntaw, Weybridge, late of Bahia, Brazil. (South American papers, please copy.)

LINDER : HARTLEY.—On June 7, 1930, at St. Andrew's, Church, Ilford, SEYMOUR RIPLEY LINDER to JOSEPHINE HARTLEY.

LLEWELLYN : McKENNA.—On June 3, 1930, at St. Ethelburga's Church, Bishopsgate, LLEWELLYN ROCKESBY EDWARD LLEWELLYN (Toney), eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Llewellyn, Hackwood, Basingstoke, to JOYCE LOUISE MCKENNA, younger daughter of Mrs. Roland Philipson, of 62, Green-street, W.1.

PORTER : CLAYTON.—On June 7, 1930, at Christ Church, Westminster, NEIL PORTER, only son of Cobb Porter, Esq., and Mrs. Porter, of Chelsea-gardens, S.W., and MARJORIE KATHLEEN LA TROBE, younger daughter of BERKELEY CLAYTON, Esq., of South Audley-street, Mayfair, and Mrs. Clayton, of Westgate-on-Sea.

ROUTH : SCOT SKIRVING.—On June 7, 1930, at the Parish Church, Cheltenham, by the Very Rev. the Dean of Hereford and the Rev. L. G. N. Sheldon, Rector of Cheltenham, DOUGLAS JAMES LIONEL ROUTH, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., second son of Dr. and Mrs. E. H. F. Routh, of Durleigh, Bridgwater, Somerset, to ESTELLE ELISABETH, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Scot Skirving, of Kilchonan, Cheltenham.

SAYER : SMYTH.—On June 7, 1930, at Holy Innocents Church, Lamarsh, PHILIP EDWARD GERALD SAYER, son of Wing-Commander E. J. Sayer, D.F.C. (retired), to MAY VIOLET ELLEN, daughter of the REV. ROBERT WALLACE SMYTH, Lamarsh Rectory, Bures.

TAYLOR : DESMOND.—On June 5, 1930, at St. James's, New Brighton, Cheshire, DENNIS RYOTT, eldest son of Mr. H. W. TAYLOR, Haslemere, Surrey, to RENIE, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. DEMPSTER, New Brighton.

WORSLEY : EAVES.—On June 7, 1930, at Llandyn Parish Church, FRANCIS FREDERICK, eldest son of Dr. and Mrs. F. W. WORSLEY, to ALICE DOROTHY, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. ARTHUR EAVES.

SILVER WEDDINGS

BEVERIDGE : WATERSON.—On June 10, 1905, at Brindisi, Italy, by H.B.M.'s Consul, and at the Cathedral, JAMES BEVERIDGE to HILDA WATERSON. Present address: 41, Boulevard des Capucines, Paris.

LLEWELLYN : HALL.—On June 10, 1905, at Park Chapel, Crouch End, WILLIAM EWART LLEWELLYN to LILLIAN ANNIE HALL. Now Wilbury Turrets, Letchworth.

GOLDEN WEDDINGS

BOWRING : TILT.—On June 10, 1880, at St. Mary's Church, Ewell, Surrey, by the Rev. F. Johnson, FREDERICK WILLIAM BOWRING to ADA PRESTON TILT.

LLOYD : DUDIN.—On June 10, 1880, at Shirley Church, JOHN EDWARD LLOYD, of Wood-street, E.C., and Croydon, to EMILY DUDIN, of Croydon.

SMITH : HALL.—On June 10, 1880, at Sydenham, to RICHARD ALFRED SMITH to AMY HALL. Present address: Tower House, Teignmouth.

DEATHS

ADAMS.—On June 6, 1930, at Barchester Tower, St. Leonards-on-Sea, JOSEPH, the dearly loved husband of KATHLEEN MAUD ADAMS, aged 71 years. Funeral service at St. Mary's Church, Rye, to-morrow (Wednesday) at 2 p.m.

ADCOCK.—On June 9, 1930, at 55, Queen's-road, Richmond, after a short illness, SIR JOHN ADCOCK, the beloved husband of Marion St. John Adcock, aged 56 years. The funeral will take place at Richmond Cemetery on Thursday, June 12, at 12 noon. Mourning unnecessary.

ANDERSON.—On June 6, 1930, at Windsor House, Bodmin, LUCY FRANCES FELICITÉ, widow of DR. R. B. ANDERSON.

BARBER.—On June 7, 1930, after very brief illness, JANE MUIR, beloved wife of JOHN BARBER, Little Heys, Broomborough. Service at Egremont Presbyterian Church to-morrow (Wednesday) at 2 p.m.

BENSON.—On June 7, 1930, at 18, Chester-terrace, Regent's Park, ERNEST JANE BENSON, daughter of the late William and Jane Benson, of Allerwash, North umberland.

BLACK.—On June 7, 1930, at Pinewood View, Frimley Green, Surrey, SIR FREDERICK WILLIAM BLACK, K.C.B., in his 86th year. Interment, Carisbrooke, I. of W., to-morrow (Wednesday), 1.45 p.m.

CAHUSAC.—On Saturday, June 7, 1930, at Torquay, COLONEL WILLIAM FREMANTLE CAHUSAC, C.M.G., Indian Army (retired), aged 72 years.

CAMP.—On June 7, 1930, passed away peacefully at 379, King's-road, Chelsea, CAROLINE ISABELLA CAMP, our beloved mother, widow of R. A. CAMP, F.R.I.B.A., aged 78. Funeral at Woodhall Spa, Lincolnshire, on Thursday, June 12, at 1.30. This is the only intimation and invitation. (Australian and Transvaal papers, please copy.)

CANNINGTON.—On June 9, 1930, at 30, Buckland-crescent, Hampstead, ARTHUR SHELMERDINE, the beloved husband of MABEL CANNINGTON. Funeral at Liverpool Cemetery, Anfield, on Thursday, at 1.15 p.m. Flowers may be sent to Liverpool Cemetery.

CLARK COUPER.—On June 6, 1930, at Orchardmains, Traquair, EDITH HYLDA HOPE, younger daughter of the late REV. DAVID COUPER, Minister of Tynron, Dumfriesshire, and the late Mrs. Clark Couper. Funeral to-day (Tuesday). Services, Traquair 10 a.m.; Tynron, 2 p.m. No flowers, by her request.

COOK.—On May 6, 1930, at Bethersden, Kent, ALICE REBECCA, wife of ALFRED ROWLAND COOK, last surviving daughter of late Dr. Thomas Davies, of Stotfold, Herts, Norfolk.

CROFTON.—On June 7, 1930, at Calmoor, Totton, WALTER R. CROFTON, R.I., husband of Blanche Crofton. Service at Calmore Mission Church, 2 p.m., to-morrow (Wednesday). Funeral St. James' Cemetery, Winchester, 2 p.m. No flowers, by request.

DUNLOP.—On June 7, 1930, at Potwell, Henfield, MARY, widow of the REV. H. B. DUNLOP. Funeral service, 3 o'clock, Henfield, to-day (Tuesday).

FLAWN.—On June 6, 1930, at 62, Marryat-road, Wimbledon, CHARLES ALFRED, dearly beloved husband of MARY FLAWN. Funeral service at St. Mary's Parish Church, Wimbledon, at 1.30 p.m. to-day (Tuesday).

FOX.—On June 6, 1930, ANNIE, second daughter of the late DILLWORTH C. FOX, of Woodlands, Wellington, Somerset, aged 75 years.

GRAVES.—On May 23, 1930, at Victoria, B.C., Capt. the Honble. ADRIAN GRAVES, aged 70.

GREGORY-TAYLOR.—On June 8, 1930, at Salopia, Shoreham-by-Sea, Sussex, SAMUEL (GREGORY-TAYLOR, M.A., J.P., born at Hadleigh, Shropshire, 1863, educated Newport Grammar School and Royal University of Ireland. Funeral at St. Mary's Church, Shoreham-by-Sea, on Thursday, June 12, at 2.45. Friends please accept this as the only intimation.

HELBUT.—On June 8, 1930, at 97, Canfield-gardens, N.W.6, SIEGFRIED M. HELBUT, beloved husband of The Hellbut, in his 65th year. Funeral at Willesden Jewish Cemetery, to-day (Tuesday), at 10.30 a.m. No flowers, by request. Memorial prayers at Hampstead Synagogue same day at 6.30 p.m.

HELPS.—On June 7, 1930, at Islington Cottage, Puddletown, DORSET, widow of the REV. C. L. HELPS Funeral, Puddletown, 2.30, to-morrow (Wednesday).

DEATHS (continued)

HITCHCOCK.—On June 8, 1930, at Epsom, LOUISA NAOMI HITCHCOCK passed peacefully away in her 71st year.

HOBBS.—On June 7, 1930, at a nursing home in Hove, Sussex, ALFRED HOBBS, of Lydstep, Connaught-road, Seaford, son of the late James Hobbs, of Brighton, and formerly manager of Wandsworth Common Branch, Westminster Bank, aged 67 years. No flowers, by request.

KING.—On June 8, 1930, at Guildford, after an operation, CAPTAIN FRANCIS LAMBOURNE KING, M.C., late The King's (Liverpool Regt.). Cremation at Woking to-morrow (Wednesday), at 2.30.

KNIGHT.—On June 9, 1930, at a nursing home, Rotherham, JAMES EDWARD KNIGHT, aged 63. Funeral service at the Rotherham Parish Church at 2.45 Thursday.

LANG.—On June 6, 1930, at 25, Thorn-park, Plymouth, GEORGE HENRY LANG, passed peacefully into the Homeland, in his 84th year. Funeral service at Mutley Wesleyan Church to-morrow (Wednesday).

LANGMAN.—On June 8, 1930, at Broadlands, Hermitage-walk, Snaresbrook, ALDERMAN WILLIAM LANGMAN, J.P., in his 77th year. Interment at the City of London Cemetery, Manor Park, on Thursday, June 12, at 11.30. No flowers, at his own request.

LECKIE.—On June 8, 1930, in a nursing home at Folkestone, PATRICK STEWART LECKIE, only surviving son of James B. Leckie, of Monkstown, Crowborough, Sussex, aged 52 years. Funeral, Thursday, June 12, at 12 noon, at the Municipal Cemetery, Tunbridge Wells. No flowers, by request.

LENFESTEY.—On June 6, 1930, at 8, Parkdale, Wolverhampton, JULIA ELIZA KINGSTON, widow of WILLIAM GIFFARD LENFESTEY, aged 90 years. Funeral service and interment at Hammersmith Cemetery, London, W., to-morrow (Wednesday), at 2 p.m.

MILLS.—On June 5, 1930, at the Old Vicarage, Harrold, MICHAEL THOMAS, son of the late MICHAEL MILLS-KING, of Black Rock, Co. Dublin, aged 76 years.

PADDOCK.—On June 8, 1930, GEORGE FRANK PADDOCK, of Hartwell Hall, Barlaston, Stoke-on-Trent, beloved husband of Eveline Paddock, in his 82nd year. Funeral to-morrow (Wednesday), 12 o'clock.

SANDERSON.—On June 6, 1930, at Haslemere Hospital, GERTRUDE LE GROS, second daughter of the late REV. EDGAR SANDERSON, M.A.

SIER.—On June 7, 1930, suddenly, at Wychwood, Durham-avenue, Bromley, LUCY EDITH, widow of HENRY WATER SIER. Funeral, Shirley Churchyard, Thursday, 2 o'clock.

SLADE.—On June 9, 1930, at Amherst Lodge, Tunbridge Wells, EDMUND, beloved husband of FANNY SLADE, and third son of Aldolphus F. Slade, of Chislehurst, formerly of the Stock Exchange, aged 78 years. Funeral on Thursday, June 12, at 2.30 p.m., at the Church of the Annunciation, Chislehurst. R.I.P. No flowers.

THORNTON.—On June 9, 1930, at a nursing home in London, MARY LOUISA THORNTON, of 6, Shortlands-grove, Shortlands, Kent, widow of Henry Sykes Thornton, and daughter of the late Canon George Rawlinson, of Canterbury. Funeral private. No flowers, by request.

WATTS.—On June 8, 1930, suddenly of heart failure, JOHN HENRY WATTS, Barrister-at-Law, of Marlow Place, Marlow, and Westgate-on-Sea. Funeral, Marlow Parish Church, to-morrow (Wednesday), 2.15.

WHITEWRIGHT.—On June 7, 1930, at 272, Elgin-avenue, W.9, CAROLINE ENGLAND, third daughter of the late ROBERT H. and CHRISTINA WHITEWRIGHT. Funeral at Paddington Cemetery, Willesden-lane, Thursday, at 11 o'clock.

WINTER. On June 6, 1930, suddenly, COLONEL CLIFFORD BOARDMAN WINTER, C.M.G., D.S.O., of 28, Harrington-gardens, very dearly loved husband of May Winter.

WOOLDRIDGE.—On June 6, 1930, at Camberley, ARTHUR TYLEE WOOLDRIDGE, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., L.S.A., beloved husband of Maud Wooldridge. Funeral service at St. Michael's Church, Yorktown, to-day (Tuesday), at 2.30.

IN MEMORIAM

CUNNINGHAM.—In loving memory of ADA CUNNINGHAM, died June 10, 1920. Park Lodge, Binfield.
Quum subit illius tristissima noctis imago.
Quae tibi supremum tempus in urbe fuit,
Quum repeto voces caras animamque fidelem,
Labitur ex oculis nunc quoque gutta meis.
—F. D. C.

GLASIER.—In ever-loving memory of our darling little JOAN, who died June 10, 1925, aged 15 years.—MUMMY and DADDY.

HANDCOCK. — In loving memory of RICHARD ARTHUR HANDCOCK, who died on June 10, 1915.

JACKSON.—In loving memory of our Mother, LADY JACKSON, who died June 10, 1924.—DAPHNE, VIVIAN, and DEREK.

MAUL.—In ever-loving memory of NELL, the dear wife of J. B. MAUL, who entered into rest June 10, 1924. R.I.P.
"Until the day dawn and the shadows flee away."

ROGERS.—In ever loving and living memory of "CLAUDE" ROGERS, who went Home June 10, 1922.—GRANNY.

STEVENSON.—In ever-loving remembrance, JAMES STEVENSON, G.C.M.G., Baron Stevenson of Holmbury, who passed over June 10, 1928.
Love is the fulfilling of the Law.

WYLDE.—In ever-loving memory of my dear Mother, JANE SARAH WYLDE, who passed away June 10, 1927.
"Good night and God bless you, my darling."

FUNERAL

VILLIERS.—The funeral service for PILOT-OFFICER GEORGE ERNEST VILLIERS will take place at the Cathedral, Salisbury, at 11 o'clock to-morrow (Wednesday), followed by the committal service at the parish church, Coombe Bissett. Train leaves Waterloo Station at 8.40.

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2 empty from Torquay to London, July 4th.
1 empty from York to London, July 5th.
3 empty to Skegness from London, June 20th.
1 empty to Stafford from London, June 17th.
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PERSONAL

REMEMBER how sacred it is to us both, and that you are all my world, so do not be weak.

THE charge for announcements in the Personal Column is 10s. for two lines (minimum) and 5s. for each additional line. Trade announcements 25s. for two lines and 12s. 6d. for each additional line. Lost and Found Notices 2s. 6d. per line (minimum two lines). A line comprises about six words. Private numbers, if added, form part of the advertisement and are charged for. Names and addresses of actual advertisers should accompany all advertisements, not for publication, unless desired, but as a guarantee of good faith. For Index to other classifications see column seven.

MRS. J. B. LINN desires to express her THANKS for the numerous letters of condolence and beautiful flowers received during her and bereavement. Individual letters of thanks will be sent at an early opportunity.

ST. CATHARINE'S SOCIETY.—The ANNUAL MEETING and DINNER will be held at the College on FRIDAY, June 27th. Tickets (5s. 6d.) should be obtained from the Hon. Secretary, St. Catharine's College, Cambridge, before June 20th.

GIGGLESWICK SCHOOL SPEECH DAY will be held on July 5th. All Old Boys are cordially invited, and it is hoped that those who can come will write to inform the Bursar of their intention.

KENYA, N. RHODESIA, NYASALAND, TANGANYIKA, UGANDA and ZANZIBAR GOVERNMENT OFFICE. Royal Mail Building, Cockspur-street, S.W.1. Farming as a career. Settlers and Pupils with necessary capital can be given introductions to farmers in E. Africa.

LAMBETH PALACE GARDENS, Thursday, June 12, at 3 and 7. PAGEANT SCENES of Episodes in the History of the SEE of CANTERBURY. Tickets: Afternoon, 5s. and 2s. 6d.; Evening, 2s. 6d. and 1s. 6d., from 202, Lambeth-road, S.E.1.

H.R.H. The DUCHESS of YORK, the PATRON of CHILD HAVEN—the Home for ailing East End children at Hutton, Essex, in connexion with West Ham Central Mission—has graciously sent a generous parcel for the GARDEN SALE and FOUNDATION DAY on June 26th, to be opened by Dame Clara Butt-Rumford, D.B.E., Mr. Philip Snowden presiding.—Gifts in aid gratefully received by Rev. R. Rowntree Clifford, 409, Barking-road, London, E.13.

COLLOQUIAL FRENCH.—Course of 12 private lessons with Madame (Diplomée); wonderful results. —Write Box T.1832, The Times, E.C.4.

I.T.S.—Every Taxpayer should in his own interest join the Income Taxpayers' Society.—Write for particulars to Abbey House, 2, Victoria-street, Westminster, S.W.1, or 'phone Victoria 6060.

"OUR LIFE here is very pleasant indeed."—Extract from a letter from a young settler in South Africa, to the 1820 Memorial Settlers' Association, 199, Piccadilly, London.

FRIENDS OF THE POOR, 42, Ebury-street, S.W.1, plead for £7 to help widow after cancer operation; needs massage and extra food. Details given.

ANXIOUS to find EMPLOYMENT for splendid man, 30, ex-Army Service; able, cultured, five languages; secretarial organisation, first-class strongest recommendations.—Write Box 8.1891, The Times, E.C.4.

HOVE. A gentlewoman can offer comfortable SITTING ROOM, BED ROOM, own bath room, to a lady or married couple; light, fire, attendance; £7 7s. per week. No other guest. Write Box 8.1893, The Times, E.C.4. or phone Hove 3349.

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KENSINGTON. — Unfurnished MAISONNETTE (ground floor); three bed rooms, two reception; garden; constant hot water; redecoration done.—Western 1895 until 2 p.m.

AUSTIN "Six" Saloon 1930; Town; country 6d. mile. Bayliss, 33, Leinster-square, W.2. Park 6230.

C.—Gratia! Bef. thght all 3.. I begin to "trust" u as I do ——, ora. p.m. B.1.

HAMBLE RIVER.—FURNISHED BUNGALOW; five rooms, bathroom; beautiful situation; private pier, boat by arrangement; 5gns. weekly till August, September. Hamble River Yacht and Engineering Co., Swanwick, Hants.

ARE YOU TOO STOUT?—Wonderful method of reduction; no drugs, tiresome exercise, dieting, or appliance. Hours, 10-5.—Mrs. Square, 87, Victoria-street, London. Victoria 4048.

TO be LET FURNISHED, August, small HOUSE; bath (hot and cold); quiet.—Cotterill, Grayshott, Hindhead.

CAMPING in the COTSWOLDS.—Good GROUND, with beautiful views; plentiful supply of fruit, vegetables, and other produce.—Homelands, France Lynch, Stroud, Gloucestershire.

ST. BRIAC.—To be LET, well FURNISHED VILLA; near golf, sea; garage; garden; wireless; plate and linen; 6½gns. per week season by arrangement.—Write Box K.500, The Times, E.C.4.

NEW LAYETTE; modern, complete; £7 10s.; cost £25; hand worked, superb robed, silk cloak, &c.; approval.—Write Box 8.1887, The Times, E.C.4.

TO NEW PURCHASERS.—A CREDIT NOTE on London motor firm for £25 to £40 for disposal. Accept £17.—Write Box 8.1889, The Times, E.C.4.

A COUNTRY HOUSE party, Sussex; exquisite view, delightful grounds; tennis, golf, billiards, polo. Phone Frant 35.—Write Box 8.1894, The Times, E.C.4.

£500. ESHER, THAMES DITTON.—Small COTTAGE; every possible modern convenience; two good reception, four bed, fitted basins; over half-acre garden, mostly walled; verandah; sun trap; facing common; station five minutes' walk; garage. Balance £1,250 can remain.—Write Box 8.1882, The Times, E.C.4.

FACING SKYE.—Beautifully situated HOUSE and 7 Acres of heather; 3 bed, 2 bath, garage; sandy beach.—Write Box 8.1883, The Times, E.C.4.

FOR SALE, Austin Seven, open, 1928; excellent condition; £70-£75.—BM/LK/9B, W.C.1.

PUTNEY-HILL (just off).—Charming well FURNISHED FLAT to be LET for three, six or nine months; three bed rooms, bath, two reception rooms, kitchen, &c.; telephone; use of garden. Rent 6gns. per week.—Apply by letter, Mrs. Thomson, 3, Carlton-road, Putney.

TO be LET, fine FIRST-FLOOR MANSION FLAT, Cavendish-square; eight-nine bed rooms, three reception, three bath rooms, usual offices.—Write Box 7931, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

TICHENOR, CHICHESTER HARBOUR.—Six-roomed BUNGALOW to be LET FURNISHED Sept., 6gns. weekly; boats by arrangement.—Bomford, Granville-road, Sidcup.

EDGE of CHILTERNS.—Three reception, five bed rooms, bath room; electric light, phone; garage; garden; near Thames; golf (Huntercombe) near; month or six weeks, July or September 19, moderate rent.—Wintle, Goring Heath, Oxon.

DO your SHOPPING and TRAVEL through AIDES-DE-CAMP, Limited, 12, Quadrant-arcade, Regent-street, W.1; the Corps of Retired Officers of all branches of His Majesty's Forces.

DINARD.—FURNISHED VILLA; four bed rooms, maid's room; one minute sea and casinos; most central position. Season £120.—Write Box 8.1896, The Times, E.C.4.

ILLWORTH COVE.—To be LET FURNISHED, eight-room COTTAGE; fully outwards.—Major Walker, Lulworth Cottage, West Lulworth.

COLONEL HOPKINSON strongly RECOMMENDS first-rate GARDENER, COWMAN.—Downton, Kington, Herefordshire.

200 POOR WOMEN are dreaming of ONE day by the sea this summer away from the crowded tenements and ugly dwellings in which they live. Please help Rev. J. G. Beauchamp, King's Cross Central Mission, 5, Chesterfield-street, Argyle-square, London, W.C.1.

1930 SIX-CYLINDER BRITISH SALOON for HIRE; any period, 6d. per mile. Owner-driver.—Mayfair 0848.

CAREERS FOR WOMEN.—Training in Domestic Subjects is given at the NATIONAL SOCIETY'S TRAINING COLLEGE (Residential or Daily), Berridge House, Fortune Green-road, West Hampstead, N.W.6, for students preparing to be (1) Teachers of Domestic Subjects; (2) Institutional Administrators; (3) Lady Housekeepers; (4) Matron-Housekeepers; (5) Lady Cooks, &c. Shorter courses are given in Household Management, Cookery (including special Cake-making Course), Laundrywork, Needlework, Dressmaking, and Upholstery. Courses vary in duration from 10 weeks to three or four years. For prospectus and full particulars apply to the Principal. A limited number of qualified students are available for appointment at the end of each term.

EXQUISITE LINGERIE, hand made, finest materials; moderate prices; many testimonials; model Mannequin parade and dinner; different each season by arrangement.—Write Box K.539, The Times, E.C.4.

HAMBURG.—Refined family RECEIVES YOUNG LADIES as PAYING GUESTS. House situated best part, near river. Every comfort; sports; lessons. Highest references.—Write Box K.476, The Times, E.C.4.

WHAT shall we choose for luncheon to-day in Fortnum and Mason's delightful new restaurant? Caviare? Gulls' eggs? The salmon trout? Well let's see when we get there.—182, Piccadilly, W.1.

"MELOX in the Morning and MARVELS at Night keep your dogs healthy, happy and bright."—All corn merchants, stores, &c. Melox Dog Foods.

ANTIQUE SILVER of all periods wanted for present American demand; also OLD SHEFFIELD PLATE. BEST POSSIBLE PRICES. FINE JEWELS also PURCHASED.—Call or write CHAS. ISAACS or call SPINK and SON, Ltd., 5, 6, 7, King-street, St. James's, Piccadilly, London, S.W.1. (Est. 158 years.)

A GENTLEMAN always LOOKS WELL DRESSED in GOOD CLOTHES. ASCOT, MORNING COAT SUIT by SAVILLE ROW TAILOR, 8gns. New Misfits from Scholte, Davies, &c.; lounge, 4-4-0gns. 4-10gns. Alterations.—Regent Dress Co., 17, Shaftesbury-avenue, W.1 (next Café Monico).

GOING ABROAD? Fresh Silk Washing Frocks for ladies and children ready at Fenwick's to-day. Leaf Green, Lupin Blue, Rosewood, Mimosa, and Ivory. Sizes 6d.—FENWICK of Bond-street (corner of Brook-street).

BECHSTEIN PIANO SALE.—A golden opportunity which can never occur again. A few Baby Grands returned from Exhibition and demonstration purposes, upright pianos from 10gns., and second-hand instruments at remarkably low prices for a limited period. All thoroughly reconditioned and fully guaranteed. Cash or Hire Purchase.—Bechstein, South Molton-street, Brook-street.

JUVIGOR—a large bottle contains the vital elements of 11lb. fresh Burgundy grapes. Non-alcoholic. Makes a delectable drink with water or soda water. Price 3s., per bottle at your store or post free from Kia-Ora, Ltd., Blackfriars, London, S.E.1.

LEARN to write advertisements and earn from £5 to £20 per week. Unique offer to those writing for our free book, "Advertising as a Career."—Dixon Institute of Advertising, Dept. 70, 195, Oxford-street, W.1.

EVERY ONE should inspect the new and interesting ARRANGEMENT of FURNISHED and DECORATED HOMES representing good taste and economy, now on exhibition.—MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1. Catalogues and particulars of deferred payments on application.

AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING TRAINING COLLEGE, Chelsea, London, S.W

SHIPPING

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA AND NEW ZEALAND COMPANIES.

MAIL, PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICES.

MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, BURMA, CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA.

P. & O. and B.I. Tickets interchangeable, also Tickets of P. & O., Orient, and New Zealand Companies. All sailings subject to change with or without notice.

HOLIDAY VOYAGES BY P. & O.

GIBRALTAR, MARSEILLES, TANGIER.
Weekly departures on Fridays from Tilbury.
For illustrated Handbooks, Cabin Plans, and Reservations apply P. & O. Passenger Offices as below.

P. & O.

(Under Contract with His Majesty's Government.)
Taking passengers † for Malta, ‡ for Port Sudan.

BOMBAY AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	London.	Marseilles.
†Malwa	11,000	Britten	—	June 13
Rajputana	16,600	Carter	June 13	June 20
†Rawalpindi	16,600	Stringer	June 20	June 27
Moultan	21,000	Townshend	June 27	July 4
†Kaisar-i-Hind	11,500	Headlam	July 4	July 11
Mantua	11,000	Hisnett	July 11	July 18
†Macedonia	11,000	Morton	July 18	July 25
Comorin	15,000	Cartwright	July 25	Aug. 1
†Ranpura	16,000	Furlong	Aug. 1	Aug. 8
Malwa	11,000	Britten	Aug. 8	Aug. 15
†Rachel	16,000	Brooke	Aug. 15	Aug. 22
Naldera	16,000	Harrison	Aug. 22	Aug. 29
†Viceroy of India	19,700	Ohlson	Aug. 29	Sept. 5
Morea	11,000	Holland	Sept. 5	Sept. 12

FORTNIGHTLY TO AUSTRALIA.
From London and Marseilles.

†Oldbay	15,000	Niven	June 13	June 19
Moolian	21,000	Townshend	June 27	July 4
†Balma	15,000	Catling	July 11	July 17
Comorin	15,000	Cartwright	July 25	Aug. 1
†Moldavia	16,550	Allin	Aug. 8	Aug. 14
Canthera	16,000	Harrison	Aug. 22	Aug. 28
†Mooltan	21,000	Rinder	Sept. 5	Sept. 11
Narkunda	16,500	Parker	Sept. 19	Sept. 26

‡ Taking also 3rd cabin passengers. † Taking one class only at 3rd cabin rates.

COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.
Calling at Southampton.

Rhulian (cargo)	6,000	—	June 20	—
Perim (cargo)	7,248	—	July 4	—

CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.
Fortnightly Direct Service, calling at Southampton.

Rajputana	16,600	Carter	June 13	June 20
Borda (cargo)	11,000	—	June 20	—
Cashmir	9,000	Malhalue	June 26	—
Dwarka	11,000	Higgett	July 11	July 18
Kashgar	9,000	Sudell	July 24	—
Malwa	11,000	Britten	Aug. 8	Aug. 15

BRITISH INDIA.

(Under Contract with the Government of India.)

BOMBAY, PORT OKHA, AND/OR BEDI BUNDER (JAMNAGAR) AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'shro.	Antwerp.	LONDON
†TREKIEVE	3,244	June 11	June 14	June 21
*†BURDWAN	8,000	July 2	July 5	July 18
*MASULA	7,261	July 23	July 26	Aug. 2
*MUNDALA	7,261	Aug. 16	Aug. 19	Aug. 23

* Cargo Steamer. † Calls Port Sudan.
¶ Transhipping Karachi cargo at Bombay.

COLOMBO, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'sbro.	LONDON
†MANTOLA	9,066	—	—	June 14
†MASHOBRA	8,324	June 11	June 21	June 28
†MANELA	8,246	July 2	July 12	July 19
†MANELA	8,308	July 9	July 19	July 26

† Calls Tangier.

PORT SUDAN, ADEN, AND EAST AFRICAN PORTS.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'sbro.	LONDON	M'seilles
†MATIANA	9,067	—	—	—	June 14
†MALOJA	9,070	June 18	June 25	July 4	July 12
†MODASA	9,070	July 16	July 23	Aug. 1	Aug. 9
†MADURA	9,077	Aug. 9	Aug. 20	Aug. 29	Sept. 6

† Calls Tangier.

QUEENSLAND.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'sbro.	Immingham	LONDON
A STEAMER	—	—	—	—

CHIEF PASSENGER OFFICE,

Manager: F. H. Grosvenor.
P. & O. HOUSE, 14, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.

City Passenger Office, 130, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3. Strand Passenger Office (A. F. Case, Manager), Australia House, W.C.2. Société Française P. & O., 40, Bld. des Capucines, Monte Carlo (Col. C. Fane, P. & O Agent), Avenue de Monte Carlo.
FREIGHT OR GENERAL BUSINESS.
P. & O. or B.I. Offices, 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.
B.I. Agents —
GRAY, DAWES & Co., 152, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.

P. & O., Escombe, McGrath and Co., 13, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; W.C.S., Paris, Société Française P. & O., 40, Bld. des Capucines, Monte Carlo; Lindsay, Bankers and Co., Ltd., Dock House, Billiter-street, E.C.3 (Mincing-lane); Bombay and Karachi Gosman and Smith, Ltd., 14, Billiter-street, E.C.3; and (Queensland Line), Birt, Potter and Hughes, 2, Fenchurch-avenue, London, E.C.3.

NEW ZEALAND LINE.

Regular Four-weekly Passenger Sailings from Southampton to NEW ZEALAND and AUSTRALIA.

VIA PANAMA CANAL.

Single-berth Cabins and Bath-room Suites.

Ship.	Tons.	LONDON
*REMUERA	11,500	June 13
RANGITIKI (new motor vessel)	17,000	SOUTHAMPTON July 1
TRUCAPEHU	9,000	Aug. 1
TUREBE	11,000	Aug. 15
RANGITATA (new motor vessel)	17,000	Aug. 29

† Saloon and 3rd Class Passengers only. * Via Suez.
Apply the N.Z.S. Co., Ltd. (J. B. Westray and Co., Ltd., Agents), 138, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tels., Avenue 6220). Passenger Agency, 16a, Regent-street, W. (Tel., Regent 6900). General Manager, 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tele., Regent 6724).

UNION S.S.CO. of NEW ZEALAND

LTD., TO NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA.
By any Atlantic Line in Canada in connection with the U.P.R. from VANCOUVER or SAN FRANCISCO.

	From ‡ Vancouver.	From ‡ San Francisco.
NIAGARA	—	July 9
TAHITI	—	
MORAITI	July 23	Aug. 6
MAKURA		

‡ Canadian-Australasian Line, via Honolulu, Fiji, and Auckland to Sydney. † Union Royal Mail Line via Tahiti, Rarotonga, Wellington to Sydney.
Apply Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. I. James, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tels., Regent 6724); or for Vancouver Service any office of the Canadian Railways.

P. & O. BRANCH SERVICE.

FAST STEAMERS TO AUSTRALIA.
Via Malta, Port Said, Suez, and Colombo.
ONE CLASS ONLY AT LOWEST FARES.

Ship.	Tons.	London.	Plymouth	Liverpool
†BENDIGO	13,000	July 4	July 5	—
*†BALLARAT	13,000	July 11	—	—
*†BARADINE	13,000	Aug. 1	Aug. 2	—
BARRABOOL	13,000			Sept. 20

† Carrying His Majesty's mails and calling at Malta.
* Calls Marseilles 17th July; not calling Malta.
Also 3rd CABIN BOOKINGS for

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.
R.M.S. MOLDAVIA	16,500	Aug. 18	Aug. 14
R.M.S. MONGOLIA	16,500	Sept. 5	Sept. 11

Apply P. & O., 130, Leadenhall-street, London; E.C.3, 14-16, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1, or Australia House, Strand, London, W.C.2.

AUSTRALIA BY THE ORIENT LINE.

Under Contract to carry His Majesty's Mails.
Through Tickets to NEW ZEALAND and TASMANIA.
Tickets interchangeable with other lines.
HOLIDAY TRIPS TO SPAIN, MOROCCO, RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT, and CEYLON.
CRUISES by 20,000-TON STEAMERS.

	Tons.	London.	Toulon.	Naples.
ORAMA	20,000	June 6	June 12	June 13
ORANTO	20,000	July 19	July 25	July 27
ORMONDE	15,000	Aug. 16	Aug. 22	Aug. 24
ORVIETO	12,000	Sept. 6	Sept. 12	Sept. 13
ORONTES	20,000	Sept. 13	Sept. 19	Sept. 20
ORONSAY	20,000	Sept. 27	Oct. 3	Oct. 5
ORSOVA	20,000	Oct. 11	Oct. 17	Oct. 19
ORFORD	20,000	Oct. 25	Oct. 31	Nov. 2

Managers, ANDERSON, GREEN and Co., Ltd., Head Office, 5, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; Branch Offices, 14, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; No. 1, Australia House, Strand.

ELLERMAN LINES

CITY HALL

BUCKNALL

FAST AUTUMN PASSENGER SERVICE
LIVERPOOL, EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA & CEYLON.

Steamer	Tons	Date	Destination
aCity of Valencia	7,329	Sept. 4	Bombay and Karachi
bCity of Calcutta	9,956	Sept. 15	Colombo and Calcutta
aCity of London	9,956	Sept. 16	Bombay and Karachi
aCity of Nagpur	10,138	Sept. 27	Bombay and Karachi
City of Exeter	9,447	Oct. 1	Colombo and Calcutta
aCity of Simla	9,468	Oct. 4	Bombay and Karachi
bCity of Canterby	8,421	Oct. 11	Madras and Calcutta
aCity of Paris	10,902	Oct. 14	Bombay and Karachi
aCity of Lahore	8,382	Oct. 25	Bombay and Karachi
bCity of Baroda	7,129	Oct. 28	Colombo and Calcutta

Calls (a) Marseilles, (b) Port Sudan. (c) Madras.
(d) Special sailings direct from Marseilles.

LONDON TO SOUTH AFRICA.

City of Manchester	5,564	Sept. 13	Cape Town, Algoa
City of Poona	7,485	Sept. 27	Bay, East London,
City of Cairo	7,882	(Oct. 11)	and Natal.

MARSEILLES TO STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN
Regular freight sailings with limited number of cabins for passengers at reduced rates. Sailings on application.
Sailings subject to cancellation without notice.
LONDON: 10, Leadenhall-st., E.C. Tels., Ave. 9340
LIVERPOOL: Tower-bldgs., Water-st. " Cent. 9340
GLASGOW: 75, Bothwell-street " Cent. 9222

ELLERMAN'S WESTCOTT & LAURANCE LINE LTD.

LEITH, TYNE, ANTWERP, and LONDON to MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT, LEVANT & BLACK SEA.
For Steamer, Closing London.

Gibraltar, Malta, Alexandria	Smyrna .. June 18
Gibraltar, Malta, Piraeus, Salonika, Istanbul	.. June 21
Izmir (Smyrna), Istanbul	Sorrento .. June 28
(Constantinople) and Constanza	

Loading Berth—West India Dock (A Shed).
Taking goods by trans-shipment to Tunis, Tripoli (Barbary), via Malta, Larnaca, Limassol, Famagusta (Cyprus), Syrian Coast Ports via Alexandria, Beirut, Haifa, Gaza, and Constanza via Constantinople, all Greek Ports and Piraeus.
For freight or passage apply to:—
WESTCOTT & LAURANCE, 5, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3.
WESTCOTT & Co., 21, Canal des Brasseurs, Antwerp.

N.Y.K. LINE.

(JAPAN MAIL.)
FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER & CARGO SERVICE to COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG, SHANGHAI, KOBE, and YOKOHAMA.

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.	Naples.
KATORI MARU	10,000	June 14	June 21	June 23
KINSHU MARU	10,000	July 12	July 19	July 21
KASHIMA MARU	10,000	July 4	July 10	July 12

REDUCED SUMMER FARES TO GIBRALTAR, MARSEILLES, NAPLES, AND PORT SAID.

FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER SERVICE FROM SAN FRANCISCO, via HONOLULU, JAPAN & CHINA through Bookings from Europe.
RIFFON YOKEN KAISHA, 4, Lloyd's-avenue, E.C.3. Tele.: Royal 0844-9.
(A Limited Company Incorporated in Japan.)
West End Agency, Cunard Line, 26-27, Cockspur-st., S.W.1.

SHIPPING (continued)

OCEANIC HOUSE, 1, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.

WHITE STAR LINE. CABIN CRUISES.

S.S. "ADRIATIC," 24,679 TONS.
(World's Largest Cabin Steamer.)
18 days .. .. from £35, to

ATLANTIC AND BALEARIC ISLES.

AUGUST 1 from LIVERPOOL.

S.S. "CALGARIC," 16,000 TONS.
CRUISE No. 1 .. 2 WEEKS .. .. from £21

NORWEGIAN FIORDS.

AUGUST 2 from SOUTHAMPTON.
AUGUST 3 " IMMINGHAM.
AUGUST 4 " LEITH.

CRUISE No. 2 .. 2 WEEKS .. .. from £21

OSLO, STOCKHOLM, COPENHAGEN, and attractive BALTIC Resorts.

AUGUST 20 from IMMINGHAM.

RED STAR TO NEW YORK.

FROM SOUTHAMPTON & CHERBOURG.
(6) Belgenland .. .. June 14
(4) Pennland .. .. June 21

TO CANADA.

SOUTHAMPTON TO HALIFAX, N.S.
(4) Pennland .. .. Sat., June 21
(4) Westernland .. .. Sat., July 5
From Antwerp previous day.
(4) Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers only.
(6) First, Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.

LONDON'S LARGEST LINERS.

LONDON to NEW YORK

Via Boulogne.
FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY.

*Minnewaska	21,716 tons	June 21	July 19
*Minnetonka	21,998 tons	July 5	Aug. 2

TOURIST THIRD CABIN PASSENGERS ONLY.

*Minnekahda	17,281 tons	June 14	July 12

* Carrying also freight, including refrigerated cargo.
Apply also Leadenhall-street, E.C.3, or Local Agents.

CUNARD LINE. U.S.A.—CANADA.

SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—NEW YORK.

BERENGARIA - - JUNE 14

*CARINTHIA .. June 14 *LANCASTRIA .. June 17
*Via Havre, not Cherbourg.

LIVERPOOL—COBH—NEW YORK.

‡FRANCONIA - - JUNE 14

*LACONIA .. June 21 †SCYTHIA .. .. June 28
† Via Galway and Boston.
‡ Calls Boston.
* Calls Belfast, not Cobh.

SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

ASCANIA - - - - JUNE 14

ALAUNIA .. June 21 *AUSONIA .. .. June 28
* Calls Cobh.

LIVERPOOL—GLASGOW—BELFAST—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

‡ATHENIA - - - - JUNE 14

ANTONIA .. June 20 LETITIA .. .. June 28
† From Glasgow and Belfast previous day.

MIDSUMMER CRUISE

By "CARINTHIA" (20,000 tons) from Southampton TO BALTIC, NORWAY and RUSSIA (Leningrad and Moscow), Aug. 1st, 19 days from 35 guineas.
Apply Cunard Line, London, 21, Bishopsgate, E.C.2, 26-27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; Liverpool, Pier Head; and principal passenger agencies.

FRENCH LINE C.G.T.

REGULAR
EXPRESS FIRST AND SECOND CLASS.
FAST "CABIN" AND TOURIST THIRD CABIN SERVICES from

PLYMOUTH DIRECT TO NEW YORK.

"THE ROUTE THAT CUTS OFF THE CORNER"
BY AVOIDING A PASSAGE DOWN CHANNEL.

	From Plymouth.	Due New York.
"FRANCE" (c)	June 10	June 17
"LAFAYETTE" (c)	June 14	June 22
"ILE DE FRANCE" (c)	June 17	June 23
"PARIS" (c)	June 21	June 27

(c) Express Service First and Second Class only.
(c) Fast Cabin and Tourist Third Cabin Service.
Also

HAVRE to HOUSTON, Texas (Cabin Class) MONTHLY.

Also

PLYMOUTH TO WEST INDIES.

TRINIDAD—SPANISH MAIN—CRISTOBAL.

S.S. "FLANDRE"	June 16
S.S. "FLERIOT DE LATOUCHE"	July 14

The largest and fastest liners from England. Also

FRANCE TO CUBA & MEXICO

monthly.
Cie. Gle. Transatlantique, Ltd., 20, Cockspur-street, S.W.1, and all leading Travel Agents.

ANCHOR LINE. LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY & KARACHI.

CALLING at GIBRALTAR, PORT SAID, and SUEZ.
*†CASTALIA .. July 11 | *†ELYSIA .. Sept. 12
*CIRCASSIA .. Aug. 29 | †BRITANNIA .. Sept. 24
* First Class Passengers only. Specially low fares.
† Calls Port Sudan. †Leaves Marseilles Oct. 1.
‡ 1st Class and 3rd Cabin Passengers.
Vessels reconstructed by Indian Government.
Indian Government Orders accepted.

SPECIAL NOTICE

New S.S. CALIFORNIA, 17,000 TONS.
Carrying FIRST CLASS and THIRD CABIN passengers, sails from LIVERPOOL Oct. 21, MARSEILLES Oct. 27.
All 1st Class state rooms are fitted with Punkah Louvres and wash basins. This vessel has exceptionally fine 3rd Cabin accommodation.

GLASGOW TO NEW YORK.

CALEDONIA .. June 14 | CAMERONIA .. .. June 28
CALIFORNIA .. June 20 | TRANSYLVANIA .. July 4
ANCHOR LINE, 48, FENCHURCH-STREET, E.C.3, and at 26 and 27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1.

NEW YORK WEEKLY DEPARTURES.

SUNNY SOUTHERN ROUTE.

FAST ITALIAN DE LUXE SERVICES.

June 17 from TRIESTE		"SATURNIA"
" 20 " NAPLES		
" 23 " GIBRALTAR		COSULICH LINE, LTD.
Other Sailings: July 15, July 29, Aug. 19, Sept. 2, Sept. 23.		
June 24 from GENOA		"AUGUSTUS"
" 25 " NAPLES		
" 27 " GIBRALTAR		N.G.I. LINE.
Other Sailings: July 11, Aug. 8, Aug. 22, Sept. 12, Sept. 26.		
July 4 from GENOA		"CONTE
" 5 " NAPLES		
" 7 " GIBRALTAR		BIANCAMANO"
		LLOYD SABAUDO LINE.
Other Sailings: July 25, Aug. 15, Aug. 29, Sept. 19, Oct. 3.		

APPLY IN LONDON TO ALL PRINCIPAL TRAVEL AGENTS, or :—
COSULICH LINE,
16, Waterloo-place, S.W.1.
(Gerrard 8116.)

N.G.I. LINE, 16, Waterloo-place, S.W.1. (Regent 7972.)
LLOYD SABAUDO LINE, 32, Haymarket, S.W.1. (Gerrard 5082.)

Visit Stand No. 95 at the Ideal Holiday Exhibition.

BLUE STAR LINE. HEALTH & PLEASURE CRUISES

by the World's most delightful Cruising liner,

"ARANDORA STAR,"

"Britain's Dream Ship."

To MOROCCO, SPAIN, DALMATIA, ITALY, CONSTANTINOPLE, BALEARIC and ATLANTIC ISLANDS, etc.
June 18th, 14 days. Sept. 10th, 24 days.
Oct. 14th, 24 days. Nov. 8th, 18 days.
To NORWAY, NORTH CAPE, NORTHERN CAPITALS, LENINGRAD, MOSCOW, etc.
July 9th, 13 days. July 19th, 20 days.
Aug. 9th, 14 days. Aug. 23rd, 23 days.
Glorious decks, delightful ball room, restful sun deck away from games, Swimming pool, Lido (air) restaurant with exceptional cuisine and service accommodating all passengers at one sitting.
No other liner afloat has such spacious and tastefully fitted state rooms throughout. Luxurious public rooms with a comfort obtainable only on the ARANDORA STAR.
Early bookings secure preference in accommodation.
For "Arandora Star" 1930 Cruise Programme apply BLUE STAR LINE, 3, Lower Regent-street (Phone Gerrard 5671); 40, St. Mary Axe; 10, Water-street, Liverpool; Paris, Wagons-Lits Co.; and Tourist Agents.

NEW YORK WEEKLY DEPARTURES.

SUNNY SOUTHERN ROUTE.

PAST ITALIAN DE LUXE SERVICES.

June 17 from TRIESTE		"SATURNIA"
" 20 " NAPLES		
" 23 " GIBRALTAR		COSULICH LINE, LTD.
Other Sailings: July 15, July 29, Aug. 19, Sept. 2, Sept. 23.		
June 24 from GENOA		"AUGUSTUS"
" 25 " NAPLES		
" 27 " GIBRALTAR		N.G.I. LINE.
Other Sailings: July 11, Aug. 8, Aug. 22, Sept. 12, Sept. 26.		
July 4 from GENOA		"CONTE
" 5 " NAPLES		
" 7 " GIBRALTAR		BIANCAMANO"
		LLOYD SABAUDO LINE.
Other Sailings: July 25, Aug. 15, Aug. 29, Sept. 19, Oct. 3.		

APPLY IN LONDON TO ALL PRINCIPAL TRAVEL AGENTS, or :—
COSULICH LINE,
16, Waterloo-place, S.W.1.
(Gerrard 8116.)

N.G.I. LINE, 16, Waterloo-place, S.W.1. (Regent 7972.)
LLOYD SABAUDO LINE, 32, Haymarket, S.W.1. (Gerrard 5082.)

Visit Stand No. 95 at the Ideal Holiday Exhibition.

BRITISH WEST INDIES, HARRISON LINE.

BARBADOS, GRENADA, TRINIDAD, DEMERARA.		
INGOMA	Sailing June 20	LONDON
INANDA	Sailing July 18	LONDON

Six weeks' Round Voyage £67 inclusive.
Apply J. D. HEWETT and Co., Ltd., 11, (Lower) Regent-street, S.W.1. THOS. and JAS. HARRISON, Dock House, Billiter-street, E.C.3. Monument 4231.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

BREMEN

NEW YORK

FROM SOUTHAMPTON and CHERBOURG.
S.S. COLUMBUS .. .. June 14
Carrying First and Second Class, also Tourist Third Cabin.
FROM BOULOGNE and SOUTHAMPTON.
S.S. BERLIN .. .. July 4
Carrying Cabin, Tourist Third, and Third Class.
MOXON SALT and Co., Ltd.,
11a, Lower Regent-street, S.W.1; Bevis Marks House, E.C.3; Royal Liver Building, Liverpool; or to General Agency Norddeutscher Lloyd, 1, Rue Scribe, Paris.

WEST COAST OF AFRICA, BRAZIL, RIVER PLATE, CEYLON, INDO-CHINA, &c.,

by regular steamers of the
CHARGEURS REUNIS.

For sailing particulars and rates of passage money apply U.K. Agents, GELLATLY, HANKEY and Co., Ltd., 62, Fall Mall, S.W.1. Tele., Regent 4984.

UNION-CASTLE LINE.

SOUTH AFRICA, EAST and WEST AFRICA.
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

		London.	Southampton.
†DUNBAR CASTLE	..	June 13	—
*EDINBURGH CASTLE	..	—	June 13
†BRATTON CASTLE	..	June 19	—
*SAXON	..	—	June 20

* Via Madeira. † Via Plymouth and Las Palmas.
‡ Cargo only via Mediterranean ports and Suez Canal.
Apply to the Head Office, 2, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3; West End Agency, 125, Pall Mall, S.W.1.

SHIPPING (continued)

SOUTH AMERICA by THE ROYAL MAIL LINE, BRITAIN'S LARGEST & FASTEST LINERS

to
PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA.
RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO and BUENOS AIRES.
Via France, Spain, Portugal, and *Madeira.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From S'hamptn	From Liverpool.
*ALMANZORA	15,551	June 20	—
ALCANTARA (M.V.)	22,181	July 4	—
DARRO	11,444	—	July 5
*ARLANZA	14,930	July 18	—
DESEADO	11,477	—	July 19
ASTURIAS (M.V.)	22,071	Aug. 1	—
DESNA	11,485	—	Aug. 2
*ALMANZORA	15,551	Aug. 15	—

EUROPE—NORTH PACIFIC.

THE PACIFIC LINE

TO
WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.
CHILE, BERMUDA, HAVANA, Via France, Spain. PERU, PANAMA CANAL.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From Liverpool.
ORDUNA	15,507	July 3
ORBITA	15,495	July 31
OROYA (omits Bermuda)	12,257	Aug. 14
OROMA	11,580	Aug. 28

SPECIAL SUMMER TOUR TO BERMUDA, ORDUNA, July 3.

"ATLANTIS" LIDO

Lido days on deck . . . sunshine, sea bathing, siesta. And all the while . . . new surroundings, new interests, new adventure: That's the special joy of an "Atlantis" cruise . . . two holidays in one.

SPECIAL CRUISE BY R.M.S.P. "ATLANTIS"

to
OSLO, COPENHAGEN, LENINGRAD (for MOSCOW), STOCKHOLM, KIEL CANAL, &c.
from IMMINGHAM, June 21. Sept. 12
Unsurpassed Cuisine.

LONDON: American House, Cockspur-street, S.W.1. Royal Mail House, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.
LIVERPOOL—Goree, Water-street.
PARIS—12, Boulevard des Capucines. Or Local Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC CANADA & U.S.A.

SOUTHAMPTON
TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.
(Via Cherbourg.)

MONTCLARE	.. June 13
†EMPRESS OF FRANCE (Quebec only)	.. June 14
METAGAMA	.. June 19
EMPRESS OF AUSTRALIA (Quebec only)	.. June 21

LIVERPOOL
TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

DUCHESS OF RICHMOND (B.G.)	.. June 13
DUCHESS OF BEDFORD (B.)	.. June 20
MONTCALM	.. June 28
DUCHESS OF YORK (B.G.)	.. June 27

(B.) Via Belfast. (G.) Via Greenock.

GLASGOW TO QUEBEC & MONTREAL.
D. OF RICHMOND June 14 MELITA .. June 21

JAPAN AND CHINA

VIA CANADA (from Vancouver).

EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	.. June 26
Latest connecting Steamer from Southampton	June 14
EMPRESS OF ASIA	.. July 24
Latest connecting Steamer from Southampton	July 12

NEW ZEALAND & AUSTRALIA

Via Canadian Pacific and Canadian Australasian Mail Service from
Vancouver to Honolulu, Suva, Auckland, and Sydney.
NIAGARA .. .. July 23
When travelling always carry
Canadian Pacific Express Travellers' Cheques.

GOING TO
CANADA OR U.S.A.?

Then Book for the
MAIDEN VOYAGE
of the Luxuriously Appointed
Canadian Pacific Liner

EMPRESS OF JAPAN,

26,000 tons. Sailing on
JUNE 14.

LIVERPOOL to QUEBEC.

THE CANADIAN ROUTE ALSO PROVIDES THE MOST COMFORTABLE AND CONVENIENT MEANS OF TRAVEL TO
THE MIDDLE AND WESTERN STATES OF U.S.A.

ROUND THE WORLD CRUISE EMPRESS OF AUSTRALIA

The Dreamship of Cruises: Oil-burner, 22,000 tons. From Southampton, Nov. 18, and Bombay, Dec. 16. From £449, including Shore Trips. 4½ or 5½ months' Ideal Weather.
APPLY CANADIAN PACIFIC.

NEW ZEALAND VIA PANAMA CANAL.

THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE.

SHAW SAVILL & ALBION LINE.

Through Bookings to Australia.

†CORINTHIC	12,567 tons	from Southampton 20 June
*†ATONIC	12,351 tons	from Southampton 19 July
*MATAROA	12,500 tons	from Southampton 15 Aug.
†TAINUI	11,020 tons	from Southampton 12 Sept.
*†TAMAROA	12,500 tons	from Southampton 10 Oct.

* Oil burner. 1st and 3rd class only.
† Cabin and 3rd class only.
Apply to the Company, 14, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3, or to any office of the WHITE STAR LINE.

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE.

ALFRED HOLT and Co., LIVERPOOL.
FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY.
FROM LIVERPOOL AND MARSEILLES TO PORT SAID, SUEZ, AND CHINA.
Holidays at Sea to the South of France and Egypt. Special Summer Return Rates:—Marseilles £22, Port Said £35. Next Sailings:—

SARPEDON	17 June	ANCHISES .. 3 Sept.
PATROCLUS	19 July	HECTOR .. 13 Sept.
ANTENOR	16 Aug.	ANCHISES .. 27 Sept.

London Agents, John Swire and Sons, Ltd., 6, Billiter-square, E.C.2, or Principal Travel Agents.

GLEN LINE FORTNIGHTLY to STRAITS, CHINA & JAPAN.

NEXT PASSENGER SAILINGS.
GLENSHIEL .. .. From London June 21
CARNARVONSHIRE .. .. From London July 19
For fares and full particulars apply GLEN LINE, LTD., 20, Billiter-street, London, E.C.3. (Monument 0457.)

BLUE FUNNEL AND WHITE STAR ABERDEEN JOINT SERVICE TO
SOUTH AFRICA & AUSTRALIA.

A Combined Service offering Unequalled Facilities at Moderate Fares.

		From		
(1) S.S. NESTOR	..	Liverpool	5th	JULY
(1) S.S. CERAMIC	..	Liverpool	23rd	AUG.
(1) S.S. ASCANIUS	..	Liverpool	13th	SEPT.

(1) First Class only.
For full particulars apply to:—
BLUE FUNNEL LINE, India Buildings, Water-street, Liverpool; 101, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; 80, Buchanan-street, Glasgow.
WHITE STAR LINE, 30, James-street, Liverpool; 1, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1; 34, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.

HOLIDAYS AT SEA.

JUNE.

Cruises to Atlantic Isles, Spain, and Balearic Isles From 20 Guineas.

JULY AND AUGUST.

Cruises to Northern Capitals, Norwegian Fjords, North Cape From £20.

DEAN & DAWSON, LTD.,

81, PICCADILLY, W.1,
and 30 Branches.

BRITISH WEST INDIES, HARRISON LINE.

BARBADOS, GRENADA, TRINIDAD, DEMERARA.		
INGOMA	Sailing June 20	LONDON
INANDA	Sailing July 18	LONDON

Six weeks' Round Voyage £67 inclusive.
Apply J. D. HEWETT and Co., Ltd., 11, (Lower) Regent-street, S.W.1. THOS. and JAS. HARRISON, Dock House, Billiter-street, E.C.2. Monument 4231.

WEST COAST OF AFRICA, BRAZIL, RIVER PLATE, CEYLON, INDO-CHINA, &C.,

by regular steamers of the
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For sailing particulars and rates of passage money apply U.K. Agents, GELLATLY, HANKEY and Co., Ltd., 62, Fall Mall, S.W.1. Tele., Regent 4984.

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SOUTH AFRICA, EAST and WEST AFRICA.
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

		London.	Southampton.
†DUNBAR CASTLE	..	June 13	—
*EDINBURGH CASTLE	..	—	June 13
†BRATTON CASTLE	..	June 19	—
*SAXON	..	—	June 20

* Via Madeira. † Via Plymouth and Las Palmas.
‡ Cargo only via Mediterranean ports and Suez Canal.
Apply to the Head Office, 2, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3; West End Agency, 125, Pall Mall, S.W.1.

FINLAND-SWEDEN-DENMARK.

A UNIQUE TOUR.—July 30th, 28 Days, with N. S. BISHOP, F.R.G.S. Giant forests, medieval cities and castles, gorgeous Russian churches, shooting the rapids. 1st Class only.—159, Auckland-road, London, S.E.19.

SHIPPING (continued)

SOUTH AMERICA by BLUE STAR LINE BRITAIN'S LATEST AND MOST LUXURIOUS LINERS

to
LISBON, MADEIRA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AIRES.

"ANDALUCIA STAR"	From London and Boulogne	12 JUNE
"AVILA STAR"		10 JULY
"ALMEDA STAR"		24 JULY
"ANDALUCIA STAR"		14 AUG.

NO EMIGRANTS—FIRST CLASS ONLY.
ALSO BUENOS AIRES DIRECT FORTNIGHTLY.
Blue Star Line Express Cabin Service. Fare from 45G.
STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, Monthly from £60.
For South American and Eastern Sailings apply BLUE STAR LINE, 3, Lower Regent-street (Phone Gerrard 5671); 40, St. Mary Axe; 10, Water-street, Liverpool; Paris, Wagons-Lits Co.; and Principal Tourist Agents.

NELSON LINE. SOUTH AMER

LEGAL NOTICES (continued)

MARIE EDITH EMILY NORA FORNARIO Deceased. Pursuant to Trustee Act 1925. Notice is hereby given that all persons having any DEBTS CLAIMS or DEMANDS against the ESTATE of MARIE EDITH EMILY NORA FORNARIO of 73 Mortlake Road, Richmond in the County of Surrey who died on the eighteenth day of November One thousand nine hundred and twenty-nine at The Island of Iona Inner Hebrides in Scotland intestate and to whom Estate Letters of Administration were granted by the Principal Probate Registry of His Majesty's High Court of Justice on the twenty-fourth day of May One thousand nine hundred and thirty to Barclays Bank Limited the lawful attorney of Giuseppe Fornario the lawful father of the deceased are hereby required to send written particulars thereof to The Trustee Department, Barclays Bank Limited, 37, King William Street, London, E.C.4, or to the undersigned on or before the sixteenth day of August One thousand nine hundred and thirty after which date the said Estate will be distributed having regard only to the claims then notified.

DURRANT COOPER and HAMBLING, 70-71, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C.3. Solicitors to the Attorney. 6th June 1930.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925 Section 27 that all persons having any CLAIMS or DEMANDS against the ESTATE of CLARA ELIZA REYS REES of 41 Osborne Terrace Clapham Road S.W.8 in the County of London Spinster who died on the 21st day of March 1930 and Letters of Administration of whose Estate were granted to Mary Louisa Thorne of 7 Lady Margaret Road Southall in the County of Middlesex Widow and Charlotte Marina Veals of 13 Coldershaw Road West Ealing in the County of Middlesex the Wife of William George Henry Veals out of the Principal Probate Registry on the 29th day of May 1930 are hereby required to send in particulars of their debts or claims to the said Administratrices at the Office of the undersigned their Solicitor on or before the 12th day of August 1930 and notice is hereby also given that after that date the said Administratrices will proceed to distribute the Estate of the said Clara Elizabeth Rees Deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice and that they will not be responsible for the assets or any part thereof so distributed on the claim of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.

Dated this 5th day of June 1930.

A. R. LORD 48 Bedford Row W.C.1. Solicitor for the said Administratrices.

RE EMILY OLIVER BEALE, Deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925 notice is hereby given that all CREDITORS and other persons having any debts claims or demands against the Estate of EMILY OLIVER BEALE late of "Cleeve Hill, near Cheltenham, in the County of Gloucester, Spinster, deceased (who died on the 30th day of January 1930 and whose Will was proved in the Gloucester District Registry of the Probate Division of His Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 17th day of March 1930 by Mary Elizabeth Perry of "Meadowside, Woodmancote, near Cheltenham, Reginald John Wyman Wrenbottam of Essex Place, Cheltenham, and Bertha Isabelle Wyman Trott, near Crewe" Cearna Crescent, Newport, Monmouth, the Executors therein named) are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims or demands against us the undersigned, the Solicitors for the said Executors, on or before the 11th day of August 1930, after which date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Executors amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice; and they will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose debts, claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.

Dated this 9th day of June, 1930.

WINTERBOTHAM GURNEY & Co. Solicitors for the said Executors. Essex Place Cheltenham.

RE the HONOURABLE DAME ETHEL LOUISE FORBES-LEITH Deceased Pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925. All persons having CLAIMS or DEMANDS against the ESTATE of The HONOURABLE DAME ETHEL LOUISE FORBES-LEITH, late of Fyvie Castle, Aberdeenshire, North Britain, and of Thame Park, Thame in the County of Oxford, wife of Sir Charles Rosdew Forbes-Leith Baronet, who died on the 1st day of Janthry, 1930) are requested to send particulars thereof, in writing, to the undersigned, on or before the 18th day of August 1930, after which date the estate will be distributed, having regard only to the claims then sent in.

Dated this 5th day of June, 1930.

NICHOLSON, GRAHAM & JONES 19/21 Moorgate, London E.C.2 Solicitors for the Executors.

"THE COMPANIES ACT, 1929." The CITY and PROVINCIAL TRUST Limited. Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Section 293 of The Companies Act, 1929, that a MEETING of the CREDITORS of the above-named Company will be held at 3, Pancras Lane, London, E.C.4, on Friday the twenty seventh day of June, 1930 at twelve o'clock in the afternoon.

Notice is hereby also given that, for the purpose of voting, secured Creditors are required (unless they surrender their security) to lodge at the Registered Office of the Company before the time of the said Meeting particulars of their security, the date when it was given, and the value at which it is assessed.

Dated this 5th day of June, 1930.

E. J. STRAKER, Secretary.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1929. In the Matter of "K. N." ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS Limited. WINDING-UP ORDER MADE 26th May 1930. DATE and PLACE of 1st MEETINGS:—

Creditors 20th June, 1930, at 11.30, Carey Street, Lincoln's Inn, London, W.C. at 11.30 o'clock.

Contributories on the same day and at the same place at 12 o'clock.

G. D. PEPYS, Senior Official Receiver and Provisional Liquidator, 33, Carey Street, London, W.C.2.

9th June, 1930.

CHARITIES AND APPEALS

THE BLINDED SOLDIERS AND SAILORS

ST. DUNSTAN'S

are now taking their place in the world as skilled workers. Subscriptions for the After-Care of these men should be sent to Sir ARTHUR PEARSON, 1, INNER CIRCLE, REGENT'S PARK, N.W.1. St. Dunstan's is registered under the Blind Persons Act, 1920.

THE CANCER HOSPITAL (FREE), FULHAM ROAD, LONDON.

An urgent appeal is made for £150,000 for a new Radiological Block and other extensions which will add 80 beds to the Hospital. AND ALSO FOR RADIUM.—Please send cheques to the Secretary.

NURSING HOMES

A Bright refined HOME in lady's private house; every comfort; beautiful garden; nursing if required. Miss Hawkins, 9, Ascot-avenue, Ealing. 'Phone 5618.

BRIGHTON.—NURSING HOME, facing South; medical, convalescent, and chronic cases; day and night nurses.—Sister, 45, Cromwell-road, Hove.

BOGNOR.—Comfortable HOME for CONVALESCENT PATIENTS, elderly people; retired nurse; close to sea.—Sister, "Sealands," Aldwick-road, Tele. 613.

CONVALESCENT Invalids, Elderly People cared for; home food; minute Harley-street; 3gns. weekly.—OSNABURGH HOUSE, REGENT'S PARK. Museum 2088.

"COURTSFOLD," HASLEMERE, SURREY.—Home for delicate, convalescent and aged people; trained nurses; diets specially; no irritating rules; comfortable sitting room; large flower-filled garden. Moderate.

PHYSICIAN can RECEIVE an ELDERLY LADY or GENTLEMAN, mild mental, chronic case; old established home; large house with extensive grounds; highest references possible; terms from £4 4s. 6d. weekly inclusive.—Write Box G.1480, The Times, E.C.4.

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS

3 lines 7s. 6d. (minimum)

BERKSHIRE EDUCATION COMMITTEE. SCHOOL DENTIST.

APPLICATIONS are invited from registered Dental Surgeons for the POST of SCHOOL DENTIST, to commence duty early in September.

The appointment is a full-time one and the person appointed will be required to act under the instructions of the School Medical Officer.

The commencing salary is £450 per annum, rising by £25 per annum to £500.

Forms of application may be obtained from the undersigned, and applications should be returned not later than 28th June.

Canvassing members of the Committee will disqualify.

E. J. ANDERSON, Education Secretary.

Shire Hall, Reading, June, 1930.

BIRKENHEAD SCHOOL.

The Governors invite APPLICATIONS for the HEAD MASTERSHIP becoming vacant in July. Applicants must be members of the Church of England and graduates of Oxford or Cambridge. Commencing salary £1,000. Residence and Boarding House for about 40 boys attached.—Fifteen copies of application and testimonials should be sent not later than 26th June to the Secretary, L. BAILEY, 8, Harrington-road, Liverpool, from whom further information may be obtained.

CITY AND COUNTY OF KINGSTON UPON HULL. APPLICATIONS are invited for the POSITION of SECOND ASSISTANT SOLICITOR. Local Government experience is essential. He must devote the whole of his time to the duties of his appointment, and act under the direction of the Town Clerk. The commencing salary will be £450 per annum. The successful applicant must undergo a medical examination, and the appointment will be subject to the results of such examination being satisfactory. He must contribute to the Hull Corporation Scheme under the Local Government and Other Officers' Superannuation Act, 1922. Applications should state age, particulars of education, both general and legal, and experience, and, accompanied by three recent testimonials, must reach the undersigned not later than Friday, the 20th June, 1930.

J. R. HOWARD ROBERTS, Town Clerk.

Guildhall, Hull, 5th June, 1930.

CITY OF WESTMINSTER.

GROSVENOR HOUSING SCHEME.

ASSISTANT WOMAN PROPERTY MANAGER.

APPLICATIONS are invited from fully qualified women for the POSITION of ASSISTANT PROPERTY MANAGER of the Grosvenor Housing Scheme. The salary is £200 per annum, rising by annual increments of £25 to £300 per annum.

Applicants must be fully conversant with the Octavia Hill system of property management, and the person appointed will assist the Property Manager in the administration of the property, including the superintendence of repairs.

Particulars of the appointment and forms of application can be obtained from the undersigned, to whom they must be delivered not later than 9.30 a.m. on Friday, the 20th June, 1930.

Personal canvassing of members of the Council is strictly prohibited and will lead to disqualification.

PARKER MORRIS, Town Clerk.

Westminster City Hall, Charing Cross-road, W.C.2. 6th June, 1930.

The Times SUBSCRIPTION RATES

INLAND	One Year	6 Months	3 Months.
The Times only	£4 11s. 0d.	£2 5s. 6d.	£1 2s. 9d.
Literary Supplement extra (weekly)	17s. 4d.	8s. 8d.	4s. 4d.
Educational Supplement extra (weekly)	17s. 4d.	8s. 8d.	4s. 4d.
Trade and Engineering Supplement extra (weekly)	17s. 4d.	8s. 8d.	4s. 4d.
The Times with all Supplements	£7 3s. 0d.	£3 11s. 6d.	£1 15s. 9d.

ABROAD	One Year	6 Months	3 Months.
The Times only	£5 4s. 0d.	£2 12s. 0d.	£1 6s. 0d.
Literary Supplement extra (weekly)	17s. 4d.	8s. 8d.	4s. 4d.
Educational Supplement extra (weekly)	17s. 4d.	8s. 8d.	4s. 4d.
Trade and Engineering Supplement extra (weekly)	17s. 4d.	8s. 8d.	4s. 4d.
The Times with all Supplements	£7 16s. 0d.	£3 18s. 0d.	£1 19s. 0d.

THE TIMES ROYAL EDITION

	One Year	6 Months	3 Months.
Inland	£6 4s. 0d.	£2 12s. 0d.	£1 6s. 0d.
Abroad	£8 10s. 0d.	£3 5s. 0d.	£1 12s 0d.

THE TIMES WEEKLY EDITION

	One Year	6 Months	3 Months
Inland and Canada	£1 5s. 0d.	11s. 0d.	5s. 6d.
Other Countries	£1 5s. 0d.	12s. 0d.	6s. 3d.

All subscriptions are payable in advance.

Cheques and postal orders should be made payable to "The Times" and crossed "Barclays Bank Limited."

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS (continued)

COUNTY OF LONDON.

The London County Council invites APPLICATIONS for APPOINTMENT as RIGHT ASSISTANT MEDICAL OFFICER (men and women) in its mental hospital service. Candidates must be under 35 years of age and be registered to practise both in medicine and surgery in England. Salary, £445 a year, rising by annual increments of £25 to £570 a year. No emoluments. Charges made for board, lodging, &c. (at present £2 9s. a week), if required to be resident. Candidates appointed will be pensionable under the Asylums Officers' Superannuation Act, 1909. In the case of women, marriage terminates contract of service.—Form of application, giving full particulars, can be obtained from the Chief Officer, Mental Hospitals Department, The County Hall, Westminster Bridge, S.E.1. Applications must be received by Thursday, 26th June, 1930. Canvassing disqualifies.

MONTAGU H. COX, Clerk of the London County Council.

EAST HAM MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, SHREWSBURY-ROAD, E.7.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the POST of SECRETARY.

Previous experience in Hospital administration and the Revised Uniform System of Accounts essential. Candidates must have good organizing ability and will be responsible for the raising of Funds. The new Hospital, containing 100 beds, was opened on the 1st January, 1929, and has adopted the Superannuation Scheme.

Applications, stating age, experience, nd salary required, together with copies of three recent testimonials, to be in the hands of the Chairman not later than 10 a.m. on Monday, 16th June, 1930.

NOBLE A. PAPWORTH, J.P., Chairman.

KENT EDUCATION COMMITTEE.

ADVISORY OFFICER in GLASSHOUSE WORK and MARKET GARDENING.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the above FULL-TIME POST. Salary £409 per annum, rising by £10 per annum to £500, subject to a deduction of 5 per cent. under the County superannuation scheme.

Forms of application and further particulars can be obtained from the Agricultural Organizer, Sittingbourne.

Applications, with copies of three testimonials, must be submitted by June 21st.

LADY MANNERS SCHOOL, BAKEWELL.

APPOINTMENT OF HEADMASTER.

The Governors invite APPLICATIONS for the HEADMASTERSHIP of the above school, which will be vacant at the end of this term, July 31. Candidates must be between the ages of 28 and 45 and Graduates of some University in the United Kingdom. Salary £625, rising by £750 by annual increments of £20 (subject to the usual deductions), with a capitation experience as a Headmaster will be taken into account, but in no case will the commencing salary exceed £685.

There are 193 boys and girls in the school, including 19 boarders in the house at present occupied by the Headmaster, which will be available.

Particulars may be obtained by letter to the undersigned, to whom candidates are requested to send their application, with copies of not more than three testimonials of recent date, marked "Headmastership," on or before June 30, 1930.

JOHN HUTCHINSON, Bursar and Clerk to the Governors.

MANCHESTER MUNICIPAL COLLEGE of TECHNOLOGY.

(Faculty of Technology in the University of Manchester.)

APPOINTMENT of LECTURER in ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.

The Governing Body invites APPLICATIONS for a LECTURESHIP in ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING in the College of Technology. Applicants should possess special qualifications in the subjects of Wireless Telegraphy and Telephony, and Line Telegraphy and Telephony.

Salary: £400-£500 per annum, according to qualifications.

APPOINTMENT of ASSISTANT LECTURER in MECHANICAL ENGINEERING.

The Governing Body invites APPLICATIONS for an ASSISTANT LECTURESHIP in MECHANICAL ENGINEERING in the College of Technology.

Salary: £300 per annum.

Conditions of appointments and forms of application may be obtained from the Registrar, College of Technology, Manchester. The last day for the receipt of applications is the 28th June, 1930.

Canvassing, either directly or indirectly, will disqualify a candidate for appointment.

R. MOUAT JONES, Principal of the College.

SURREY COUNTY COUNCIL.

ASSISTANT MEDICAL OFFICER.

The Surrey County Council invites APPLICATIONS from registered Male Medical Practitioners for the POST of ASSISTANT MEDICAL OFFICER. Applicants must be over 25 years of age, and must possess the Diploma of Public Health. The duties will include the Medical Inspection of School Children; work under the Maternity and Child Welfare and Tuberculosis and Venereal Diseases Regulations; and such other Public Health duties as may be allocated to him.

The person appointed will be required to devote his whole time to the service of the County Council and reside in the County. The salary will be £600 a year, rising by annual increments of £20 to a maximum of £700, together with travelling expenses in accordance with the Council's scale.

The person appointed will be required to pass a medical examination and to contribute to the Council's Superannuation Fund.

Applications must be made upon a form which can be obtained, together with further particulars, from the Medical Officer, County Hall, Kingston-on-Thames, to whom the completed forms should be returned not later than Saturday, 28th June, 1930. All communications must be endorsed "Assistant Medical Officer." Any form of canvassing is strictly forbidden, and will disqualify.

DUDLEY AUKLAND, Clerk of the Council.

County Hall, Kingston-upon-Thames, 7th June, 1930.

SURREY AGRICULTURAL COMMITTEE.

APPLICATIONS are invited from women for the APPOINTMENT of an ASSISTANT in the Agricultural Department to work immediately under the Small Live-stock Instructress, at a commencing salary of £175 per annum, rising by annual increments of £7 10s. 0d., subject to satisfactory service, to a maximum of £220 per annum, with travelling and subsistence expenses on the County Scale, to use his own car or bicycle.

Applicants should possess a good practical knowledge of agriculture and be capable of acting generally as an assistant to the Agricultural Organizer.

Applications (on foolscap paper and endorsed on the envelope "Assistant Instructress"), giving particulars of age and qualifications, with copies of three recent testimonials, should be addressed to and reach the County Agricultural Officer, at the Agricultural Department, County Hall, Kingston-on-Thames, by the first post on Wednesday morning, June 18th.

H. B. WILLIAMS, Deputy Clerk of the Council.

SURREY AGRICULTURAL COMMITTEE.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the APPOINTMENT of an ASSISTANT INSTRUCTOR in AGRICULTURE in the Agricultural Department, at a commencing salary of £300 per annum, rising by annual increments of £10, subject to satisfactory service, to a maximum of £400 per annum, with travelling and subsistence expenses on the County Scale, to use his own car or bicycle.

The person appointed will be required to give instruction principally in rural domestic subjects and poultry-keeping.

Applications (on foolscap paper and endorsed on the envelope "Assistant Instructress"), giving particulars of age and qualifications, with copies of three recent testimonials, should be addressed to and reach the County Agricultural Officer, at the Agricultural Department, County Hall, Kingston-on-Thames, by the first post on Wednesday morning, June 18th.

H. B. WILLIAMS, Deputy Clerk of the Council.

UNIVERSITY OF DURHAM.

(DURHAM COLLEGES.)

LECTURESHIP IN GEOGRAPHY.

The Council of the Durham Colleges invites APPLICATIONS for an ASSISTANT LECTURESHIP in GEOGRAPHY. The duties of the post will commence in October, 1930. The post will, under the present conditions of the School, be a part-time one, and the stipend will be at the rate of £200 per annum. Opportunities for research will be afforded. If the candidate appointed elects to join the Federated Superannuation Scheme a deduction of 5 per cent. will be made from his salary for that purpose.

Applications, accompanied by testimonials, should reach the undersigned, from whom further particulars of the post may be obtained, at the University Offices, North Bailey, Durham, on or before June 20th.

J. L. BURCHNALL, Secretary of Council.

UNIVERSITY SETTLEMENT, LIVERPOOL.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the POSITION of ASSISTANT WARDEN.

The duties will involve the Wardenship of a large boys' club which is to be developed along Educational lines.

Experience in Educational and Boys' Work desirable. University man and age 24-28 preferred. Salary £300 per annum.

Applications, giving particulars of age and qualifications, with copies of recent testimonials, should be sent not later than June 28th to Warden, University Settlement, Nile-street, Liverpool, from whom further particulars can be obtained.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS VACANT

3 lines 4s. 6d. (minimum); Employment Agencies and Schools, 4 lines 10s. (minimum)

APPLICANTS for situations are advised not to send original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies will answer the purpose quite as well, and in the event of being lost or mislaid no inconvenience will ensue.

ACCOUNTANT. Chartered or Incorporated, required for Milan factory. Knowledge of Italian essential. Young man able to take complete control of accounts, prepare balance-sheets, and keep accurate costings. State experience, references, salary desired, and when available. —Write Box S.1890, The Times, E.C.4.

ACCOUNTING Machine Salesman with successful sales record of accounting machines required for Malta by British firm; excellent prospect for right man; aged 26-35; single; agreement, salary and commission.—Write Box K.328, The Times, E.C.4.

A big-minded Salesman with executive experience and ideals is wanted for a permanent job which will help British industry; must be a real live Salesman and ready to earn over £1,000 a year, own a car, and prove that he is already a success and only lacks opportunity which we will give him.—Telephone Sales Manager, Gerrard 5253 for appointment.

A First-class British Life Office has one or two vacancies for full-time Inspectors in the London area. Applications are invited from gentlemen who possess selling capacity and ambition to become Branch Managers. Salary and commission.—Write, with full particulars of past experience, age, &c., in confidence, to Box S.1880, The Times, E.C.4.

AGENTS required (part time), London, West of England, South Wales; good commission.—Write Box 7934, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

AIR Ministry.—Aeronautical Inspection Directorate.—A Clerical vacancy exists for an Aero Examiner (Metallurgist); candidates should possess a good general education and hold a University degree in Metallurgy or recognized equivalent; at least two years' works experience is desirable; preference ex-Service men; salary £175-£10-£250 per annum, plus Civil Service bonus (aggregate scale at present £265-£361).—Apply Secretary (I.E.2), Air Ministry, W.C.2.

ARDATH Tobacco Company, Ltd., have a vacancy for first-class Representative to take over most important area; applicants must have organizing ability, experienced in control of junior representatives and in marketing proprietary goods, able to drive motor-car, and to supply highest references; age 30-35.—Apply by letter only, stating age, experience, salary required, to the Home Sales Manager, Ardath Tobacco Company, Ltd., Cowley-street, E.C.2.

A Permanent Sales position exists in the outer suburbs for an ambitious and energetic man of good address and personality; applicants can be assured of the closest co-operation and assistance on appointment; must be resident in Greater London area; age 25-40; interviews by appointment only.—Apply in the first instance by letter only, giving particulars of last five years' activities, to Personnel Manager, Hoover, Ltd., 1, Hanover-street, W.1.

BUSY East London garage requires Manager; suitable educated man, eager to get on and prove his worth; substantial guarantee essential.—Write Box 7916, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

COMPETENT Analytical Chemist required.—Apply with copy of last testimonial, giving full particulars of training and experience, to Kia-Ora, Ltd., 35-38, Rushworth-street, London, S.E.1.

CONFIDENTIAL Chief Clerk required for B.W. Indies; must be thoroughly experienced in secretarial duties, office management and routine; shorthand-typing an advantage; single man preferred; salary £400 with unfurnished quarters; three years' agreement.—Write Box C. R., care of Davies and Co., 95, Bishopsgate, E.C.2.

EKCO, first-rate man with sound commercial and company-work experience, as Accountant (qualified or not) and Secretary of large public manufacturing company. Preferably aged 25 to 40 and used to close co-operation with works costs accountants. Knowledge of German advantageous.—Write, stating fullest particulars and salary required, to Box K.502 The Times, E.C.4.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS VACANT (continued)

ROYAL Sussex County Hospital, Brighton. (236 beds.)—Ladies of good education are received for training as Hospital Nurses. The Hospital is a centre for the State Examinations, for which candidates are coached by a Sister Tutor. Candidates must have attained the age of 19. Uniform is supplied and a salary paid throughout the training. The Nurses' Home is built on the Sussex Downs and overlooks the sea. For the use of the staff there is a bathing hut and also a tennis court.—Application should be made to the Matron.

SECRETARY.—Services of a gentleman required as General Organizing Secretary to the Professional Photographers' Association of Great Britain; whole-time appointment; knowledge of photography an advantage, but not essential.—for particulars apply by letter only to Secretary, 2, Vinery-villas, Hanover-gate, N.W.8.

SENIOR Representative required for London and South of England by large manufacturers of rubber footwear, summer and winter lines; all replies treated in strictest confidence; full particulars of past experience, age, and salary required to be stated.—Write Box S.1829, The Times, E.C.4.

SENIOR and Junior Tool Draughtsmen, with knowledge of all types of Jigs, Tools, and gauges used in production of high-grade telegraph instruments (similar to typewriters and calculating machines). Temporary post with possibility of permanency for right men.—Write, stating age, experience, salary required, to Creed and Co., Ltd., Telegraph Engineers, East Croydon.

SPECIALITY Salesmen wanted in London and Provinces to new old-established engineering firm.—Write Box S.1812, The Times, E.C.4, or phone Holb. 2304.

VACANCY.—Applications are invited for the position of Inspector in the British Legion. Applicants must have been members of the British Legion for at least one year prior to the date of this notice, and must be fully qualified accountants. Applications, giving full particulars of experience in this work and submitting not less than three recent testimonials, should be forwarded to the General Secretary, British Legion, Haig House, 26, Eccleston-square, S.W.1, by the 20th June, 1930.

WANTED, for largest garage in Channel Islands an Assistant coachbuilding Department, an experienced first-class Lorry and Bus Body Builder, able to carry out work to last stages; must have thorough knowledge of buying material and estimating; splendid opportunity for right man.—Write, particulars, age and salary, to Heller Garage, 87, Bath-street, St. Helier, Jersey, C.I.

WANTED, as London Representative, smart, well-educated, energetic Gentleman, for large rolling stock manufacturers. This is a most excellent opportunity for the right man. Preference will be given to one who has had experience in the railway contracting world.—Apply by letter, stating age, experience, and salary required, to "Managing Director, Box K.491, The Times, E.C.4.

A Better position awaits you if you prepare yourself by training at Pitman's College; descriptive booklet free.—Write, mentioning "Day," "Evening," or "Postal" Course, 198, Southampton-row, W.C.1.

Brilliant Career is open to the Pitman-trained student. Specialized home-study courses.—Write for free booklet. "The Key to a Successful Career," Pitman's Correspondence College, 197 Southampton-row, W.C.1.

ARE you seeking an appointment abroad—Africa, India, Brazil, &c.? Accountants, engineers, clerks, mining, railway men, and others should send for particulars of Appointments Department, Secretarial, or personal successes.—Percy Coutts and Co., Ltd. (Dept. 1), 255, High Holborn, London, W.C.1. Business estd. 1908.

CIVIL Service.—Even best to prepare for the Commercial Candidates' Civil Service Guide, 1930, post free. "Civil Service Guide," offered free by the Metropolitan College, Dept. S, 2/11, St. Albans.

THE Public School and 'varsity men on the threshold of a career, also those retiring from abroad or retired from Services.—Write for details of "The New Salesmanship," the career of the future, Business Careers Association, 170, Southampton-row, W.C.1.

WIRELESS Service.—The Marconi College in the British Isles (established 34 years) gives a sound training to all students, with assured positions on qualification. Fees payable by easy instalments if desired.—Apply for Prospectus, Secretary, Dept. "A," The London Telegraph Training College, Ltd., Morse House, Earl's Court, S.W.5.

JOURNALISTS, PRINTERS, &c.

CANVASSERS (lady), experienced good class, for leading London newspaper.—Write Box No. 898, W. S. Crawford, Ltd., 233, High Holborn, W.C.1.

VACANCY.—Part-time Editor for the British Legion Journal. Applicants, who must have been members of the British Legion for at least one year prior to the date of this notice, are invited to apply, stating clearly their experience in connexion with journalism and submitting examples of their work, giving not less than three recent testimonials, to the General Secretary, British Legion, Haig House, 26, Eccleston-square, London, S.W.1, by 20th June, 1930.

ARTICLED PUPILS

AUTOMOBILE Engineering Training College, Chelsea, London, S.W.3 (Day and Residential.) Founded specially to train boys of good education for the automobile industry; the curriculum combines an essentially practical course of modern workshop practice with administration; appointments for qualified students. Candidates will be accepted for probationary term.—Syllabus from Principal.

LAW.—Solicitor has vacancy for Articled Clerk of initiative and good manner and education; personal supervision of principal in busy general practice; premium.—Write Box 726, Reynells', 44, Chancery-lane, W.C.2.

OLD-ESTABLISHED firm of Estate Agents, Auctioneers, Surveyors, and Valuers have vacancy for Articled Pupil; premium, part returnable as salary.—Write particulars to Box S.714, The Times, E.C.4.

LADY CLERKS AND TYPISTS

LADY Clerk, experienced, to keep full set of books, D.E., shorthand and typing.—Apply Marcus, 33, High-street, Kensington.

SECRETARY-SHORTHAND-TYPIST; age 22-30; secondary education; exceptional experience and able to act on own initiative; Croydon district.—Write, stating age, experience, and salary required, to Box K.492, The Times, E.C.4.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS REQUIRED

3 lines 3s. (minimum); Employment Agencies and Schools, 4 lines 10s. (minimum)

GENTLEMAN, age 48 F.I.M.T., 25 years' experience motor trade; sound organizer, desires executive appointment, sales or general management; accustomed to earn about £1,000 per annum; highest credentials.—Write Box J.77, The Times, E.C.4.

INDIAN Civil Servant recently holding high office, now on leave preparatory retirement, desires employment with view to supplementing pension, preferably on Continent.—Write Box K.509, The Times, E.C.4.

NORTH London doctor (with own practice) desires to assist indefinite or firm of doctors during holidays; experienced in ear and throat work, school inspection, dental anaesthetics, bacteriology.—Tele., North 0977.

OXFORD Undergraduate seeks any remunerative employment during vacation; good references; coaching preferred; excellent classics and games.—Write Box K.485, The Times, E.C.4.

SIR Merrik Burrell desires very highly to recommend Swedish lady-help and/or Private secretary; expert shorthand-typist and bookkeeper, thorough knowledge income-tax claims, &c.; 14 years' excellent character.—Apply Estate Office, Knepp Castle, Horsham, Sussex.

TECHNICIAN, first-class Honours chemist, physicist, engineer, best testimonials, organizer, wide industrial experience, energetic, tact, can manage men, desires change; whole or spare time; new or established industry.—Write Box G.1401, The Times, E.C.4.

YOUNG man (Public School) requires employment; would like private secretary, with a view to become political agent.—Write Confidential Secretary M.P.—Write Box J.81, The Times, E.C.4.

YOUNG man, 22, seeks change; eight years laboratory assistant; some photography known; go anywhere.—C. Rouse, 27, Gt. Eastern-street, Cambridge.

LADY CLERKS AND TYPISTS

ENGLISH lady, 39, fluent French, German, Italian, Spanish, desires post. Exceptional or any capacity where languages of use; exceptional references.—Write Box 7919, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

DOMESTIC SITUATIONS VACANT

3 lines 4s. 6d. (minimum)

GOVERNESSES, COMPANIONS, MATRONS, AND LADY NURSES

A Nursery Governess wanted for two girls, 5 and 8 years; music and French; highest references essential.—Mrs. R., 11, Greenaway-gardens, Hampstead.

LADY, 20-30, care boy 4, fond of children; cheerful disposition; London.—Write Box 7922, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

NURSERY Governess (age 25-35); July 6th; for one month; entire charge girl 9; personal reference essential.—Write or call after 7.30, 6, Ardwick-road, Finchley-road, N.W.2.

YOUNG Dutch Family (Amsterdam) require for their two children, 5 and 7 years, good English Nursery-Governess to take entire charge of the children from 1st September; must understand games and keep them amused; good needlewoman, music, and if knowledge of Dutch an advantage; age between 20 and 30.—Lady will interview applicants in London 2nd and 3rd July. Write first, giving full particulars, salary (free journey), testimonials, &c., and when free to Mrs. Vlis, Villa Mid-Duyn, Rembrandtwez 2, Noordwyk, a/h, Holland.

COMPANION wanted for young lady; knowledge of nursing preferred.—Write Box S.1894, The Times, E.C.4.

COLLEGE-TRAINED Lady Nurse required for near Guildford; three little girls ages 9 years, 4 years, and 6 months, three older children at school; staff 12, including chauffeur; wages £120.—Write Box 876, care of Judds, 47, Gresham-street, E.C.2.

EXPERIENCED Lady Nurse required before June 14th; real country lover; two boys, 7¼ and 3¼, girl 19 months; under nurse kept; used to responsibility; personal reference and interview essential; salary £80.—Merritt, Colwood, Bolney, Sussex.

FRENCH or Swiss Nurse-Governess; 25-30; experienced; entire charge girl 4½; fewer, Others.—Anglo-French Bureau, 308, Regent-street, W.1.

FRENCH Governess required, girl 6; United States; experienced, young, bright, and musical if possible; excellent pool, good salary.—Call The Ladies' League Agency, 118, New Bond-street, W.1.

LADY Nurses required.—New York, £280; Town and S. Scotland, £150; Surrey, £120; Czechoslovakia, S. America, £100; Malta, Spain, £80 &c. Others.—Mrs. Boucher, Ltd., 6, Basil-street, Knightsbridge.

WELL accredited Governesses and Good Nursery Governesses should apply to Hoopers (Educational Agents), Ltd., Radnor House, 93, Regent-street, W.1. No charge for registration.

£52 per annum, up to.—Lady or trained Nurse for S.W. London, girl 9 months; two maids; 20, 27.—Apply Mrs. Hunt, Ltd., Gentlewomen's Dept., 86, High-street, Marylebone, W.1. Tele., Welbeck 7777. No engagement, no fee. The Gentlewomen's Dept. is carried on by a separate staff on a separate floor with a separate entrance.

HELPS AND NURSES

LADY Helps wanted; knowledge of children and domestic work; under 30.—Apply Universal Aunts, Ltd., 37, Wilton-place, S.W.1.

MOTHER'S Help required for cooking (gas), light housework, and mending; daily woman, rough work.—Mrs. O'Brien, Cruden House, Brackley-road, Beckenham.

ASSISTANT Nurse required for four months' holiday duty; institution experience and matron's reference essential; salary £1 weekly and expenses.—Miss Oliver, 18, Brighton-road, Godalming, Surrey.

AT once, Nurse, experienced, take baby from month; personal references essential; interview after 6.30 p.m.—97, Eton-court, Eton-avenue, Swiss Cottage, N.W.3.

HOLIDAY Nurse with mental experience required mid-July for lady.—Miss Russell, Lane End, Sawbridgeworth, Herts.

WANTED, Nurse or Nursemaid for one girl 4 years; child lover; references essential; well-spoken Swiss considered; state wages.—48, West Heath-drive, Golders Green. 'Phone, Speedwell 7333.

FRANCE, Brittany.—Good Nurse; R.C. preferred; entire charge child 2½; little French. Others.—Anglo-French Bureau, 308, Regent-street.

NANNIES required, Town and Scotland, Surrey, £100; Herts, Warwick, Paris, Portugal, Africa, India, Australia, £80; Suffolk, Bucks, Hants, Kent, Yorks, £70.—Mrs. Boucher, Ltd., 6, Basil-street, Knightsbridge.

LADIES' MAIDS AND MAIDS

CAN a lady recommend very good useful Lady's Maid C with thorough experience of charge of house-linen? £60 wages; 3s. washing; six maids kept.—Hon. Mrs. Percy, Chelsea Embankment.

OXON.—Lady's Maid, English speaking, obliging, fond children; £50-£60; usual duties. Others.—Anglo-French Bureau, 308, Regent-street.

DOMESTIC SITUATIONS VACANT (continued)

LADY HOUSEKEEPERS, HOUSEKEEPERS, AND COOKS

COOK-HOUSEKEEPER; country, near Melton Mowbray; family three; six servants, including kitchenmaid; good references essential; every modern convenience; good wages.—Write Box J.70, The Times, E.C.4.

HOUSEKEEPER and Waitress, both experienced, required at once; high-class West End boarding house. —Apply 64, Maida-vale, W.9, between 2 and 4 p.m.

WOULD two ladies run house in country (Herefordshire) four months this summer? Family two; occasional visitors; good cooking required; electric light, hot water, &c.; good remuneration; references required and given.—Write Box A.345, T. B. Browne's Advertising Offices, 163, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4.

COOK (single-handed); £60; two other maids; five in family; age about 25; no basement; July 1st; good reference.—Mrs. Ball, 27, Coolhurst-road, Crouch End, London, N.8.

COOK, experienced, for mansion in Scotland.—Apply, with full particulars of experience, &c., to John Henderson, Annandale Estates Office, Moffat.

EXPERIENCED Cook required for Belsize Park-gardens, London; wages £85.—Apply Box 11, care of Smith's, 169, Finchley-road, N.W.3.

GOOD Cook and House-Parlourmaid; labour-saving, no basement; two only.—Call after 5, or write 27, Dalehanger-gardens, Swiss Cottage.

GOOD Cook and Kitchenmaid wanted; mother and daughter not objected to; six staff; good wages and outings. Apply Mrs. Petersen, The Lea, Esher, Surrey.

REQUIRED, good Cook (between-maid kept) and House-Parlourmaid; one in family, four maids; good wages.—Miss Feilden, High Wall, Headington Hill, Oxford.

WANTED, good reliable Cook and Kitchenmaid for invalid's home near London.—Apply "Duncroft," Staines, Middlesex.

WANTED, good single-handed Cook; three ladies in family, three maids kept; good wages and outings. —Apply Miss Blevitt, Heath Manor, Leighton Buzzard, Beds.

COOKS, Housemaids, Parlourmaids, Generals wanted; good homes found; free to servants.—Miss Shocks Registry, 12a, Lymington-mansions, Lymington-road, West End-lane, Hampstead, N.W.6.

COOK, House-Parlourmaids, Generals, &c.—Well-paid vacancies at Mrs. Lewis's Registry, 27a, The Parade, Golders Green. 'Phone, Speedwell 5271-2. Also at 233a, Finchley-road, N.W.3 (next door to Met. Station). Hamp. 6093. No fees.

COOK (Between-maid kept); £56; two ladies, four maids. No

LONDON HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

3 lines 6s. (minimum)

ABBEY COURT, 13-17, Netherhall-gardens, Hampstead.
This well-appointed Residential Hotel is within a few minutes' walk of Finchley-road Metropolitan Station, North London Railway, and bus routes. Hot and cold running water and gas fires in all bed rooms. Central heating. Billiards.

THOROUGHLY COMFORTABLE QUIET HOTEL.
Accommodation for over 100 guests.
ALEXANDER HOTEL,
35-39, Queen's-gardens, Lancaster-gate, W.2.
Two minutes Kensington Gardens, Tubes and Buses. Inclusive weekly terms from £2 17s. 6d. single, from £5 5s. double, or from 10s. 6d. per day.
PROVERBIALLY EXCELLENT FARE.
Billiards. Bridge. Gas Fire in every bed room. Constant hot water. Nights porter. NO EXTRAS. Tariff on application. Paddington 5760, 5761.

RUNNING HOT AND COLD WATER and electric radiators are installed in all bed rooms o
THE ALWIN HOTEL,
GLOUCESTER-ROAD, S.W.7.
Redecorated throughout. Spacious and comfortable public rooms; central heating; excellent and varied cuisine; lift. Terms inclusive from 4gns. per week, affording outstanding value. Kensington 4672.

THE RENAISSANCE OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE.
Every bed room now has hot and cold water.
Every bed room now has exchange telephone.
Every bed room now has gas fire.
Every bed room has box spring and hair mattress.
Every three bed rooms now has bath room.
Redecorated and refurbished throughout.
BRITISH EMPIRE HOTEL,
28-30, DE VERE-GARDENS, KENSINGTON.
Within view of lovely Kensington Gardens. Nearly 100 rooms and enclosed suites. Absolute quiet yet within 1/4 mile of Barkers, Harrods, Albert Hall, Museums, &c., and within ten minutes of Royal Tournament, Horse Show, &c. The variety and high standard of the catering will be more than maintained. Country produce from own farm. Old visitors will hardly know the Hotel; new clients will be charmed. The Management, Miss Best, and most of the staff of many years' standing remain. No increase in prices. Rates from 5 guineas weekly inclusive. New Telephone Nos.: Western 1661, 1662, 1663.

THE OLDEST YET THE LATEST OF MR. CROSS'S HOTELS.
BRAMLEY HILL HOTEL,
CROYDON.—First-class accommodation at moderate inclusive terms. Special arrangements for families. Best English food only; gas fires; two acres delightful grounds, tennis, billiards, bridge; garage; near golf; 10min. station. Personal attention of Proprietors.

LONDON'S
LOVELIEST SUBURB.
ROYAL RICHMOND.
18 Minutes from Waterloo or Charing Cross.
BINGHAM HOUSE HOTEL,
Petersham-road, Richmond. 'Phone: Richmond 1181.
Moment from famous Park. Terraces and Bridge. Facing Ice Skating Rink. Station bus passes door. Overlooking River. New from all public rooms, verandah, gardens. Many bed rooms recently redecorated. The River view is admittedly unexcelled in Europe. The Hotel is well furnished and enjoys a happy home atmosphere. All public rooms are specially gas fires in bed rooms. Cuisine claimed to be quite exceptional. Terms from 3gns. single per week. NO EXTRAS. Resident Proprietors invite inspection.

A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL
in a fine situation facing due South and overlooking Hyde Park and Kensington Gardens.
COBURG COURT HOTEL
BAYSWATER-ROAD, W.2.
Not only very accessible, but also most convenient for all places of interest and amusement. Hot and cold running water in all bed rooms; numerous private bath rooms. Night porters, fire escape stairs. Renowned for good catering, service and attention. Bed room, bath, and breakfast from 9s. a day. Weekly inclusive terms from five guineas. Inspection invited. Prospectus free. Telephone, Park 2402 (five lines). Telegrams, Kitchening, London.

CROMWELL HOUSE HOTEL,
40, COURTFIELD-GARDENS, S. KENSINGTON.
Frobisher 2735.
A Small, well recommended Hotel just off Cromwell-road, giving personal attention with best English food and service; special terms to residents from 3gns.

DAWSON PLACE MANSIONS HOTEL,
PEMBRIDGE-SQUARE, HYDE PARK, W.2.
Central heating; hot and cold running water and gas fires and ring in all bed rooms.
Healthy situation. Lofty, sunny. Passenger lift. Unrivalled cuisine. Own farm produce.
From 10/6 daily, 3gns. weekly, including all meals. 'Phone, Park 2369 'Grams, Mancipio, Nottsrch, London.

FORD'S HOTEL,
MANCHESTER-ST., MANCHESTER-SQ., W.1.
High-class Family Hotel; bed rooms fitted hot and cold water and electric fires; self-contained suites, quiet position, fully licensed. 'Phone, Welbeck 4164.

HEART OF THE WEST END.
GROSVENOR COURT HOTEL,
DAVIES-STREET, BERKELEY-SQUARE, W.
Bright, cheerful bed rooms (hot and cold water); charming suite of rooms (double and single), bath enclosed; comfortable reception rooms. Unique roof restaurant. Excellent cuisine. Fully licensed. Lift.
Moderate inclusive terms.
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Sporting News

ATHLETICS

THE BRITISH GAMES

The British Games were held at Stamford Bridge yesterday in beautiful weather, and a large holiday crowd saw some fine performances. Paavo Nurmi was successful in breaking the six miles record, held by A. E. Shrubb, and later in the afternoon Lord Burghley gave every one a pleasant surprise by lowering the British record for the 120 yards hurdles, his time being 14⅕sec., as against the previous best of 14 4-5sec. The International Triangular match of 10 events ended in an easy victory for the Achilles Club, who scored 72 points. Stade Français were second with 40 points, and the combined Berliner and Deutscher Clubs were third with 34 points.

The first event of importance was Nurmi's attempt to break 29min. 59 9-10sec. for six miles. He gave starts, varying from a minute and a half to nearly four minutes, to five competitors, and, although he failed to catch G. H. Gretton, who ran extraordinarily well, and V. Harman, he completed the distance in 29min. 36 2-5sec., and so beat Shrubb's time by 23sec. Running with a rather pronounced swing of the body, and swinging his arms farther away from his body than most runners, Nurmi was 1sec. inside Shrubb's time after one mile, 3-5sec. inside at half-way, and 4sec. inside at four miles. After that he increased his pace, had nearly 10sec. to spare with a mile to go, and, with a last lap of a fraction over 1min. 8sec., he easily beat the record. Nurmi ran as usual with a watch in his right hand, to which he frequently referred, and he finished apparently quite fresh. It may be added that the track was carefully measured on Sunday night. A table comparing Nurmi's and Shrubb's times is given below:—

	SHRUBB	NURMI
One Mile ..	4min. 44 1-5sec. ..	4min. 45 2-5sec.
Two Miles ..	9min. 44 1-5sec. ..	9min. 42 4-5sec.
Three Miles	14min. 45sec. ..	14min. 44 3-5sec.
Four Miles ..	19min. 50 2-5sec. ..	19min. 46 2-5sec.
Five Miles ..	24min. 55 1-5sec. ..	24min. 45 3-5sec.
Six Miles ..	29min. 59 2-5sec. ..	29min. 36 2-5sec.

The account of the triangular match must necessarily be chiefly on account of the Achilles Club, for their representatives secured first and second places in the 100 yards, 120 yards hurdles, and mile, first and third places in the half-mile and quarter-mile, and first place in the high jump, long jump, and one-mile relay race. In the first event, the 100 yards, H. J. Cohen got away well and kept his lead from all but R. L. J. Rinkel, so that Achilles at once took a lead of six points from Germany and eight points from France. In the half-mile, C. E. G. Green set the pace for a lap and a half, but he was challenged in turn by S. Martin and T. Hampson. Hampson passed Martin coming into the finishing straight to win by 2½ yards, with Green third. E. Bradbrooke won the high jump with 6ft. 2in., and at the end of the first three events Achilles had 26 points, the Germans 12, and the French 10.

The fourth event, four men running 110 yards each, ended in rather a fiasco because the German team were disqualified at the first change-over for going over the line, and then R. Leigh-Wood and, to a lesser degree, H. J. Cohen, got into a terrible muddle with the *baton*, and France finished alone. Lord Burghley then accomplished one of his best performances and his 14⅕sec., on grass and at Stamford Bridge, will probably last for many a long day. R. St. G. T. Harper was second, three yards behind, and O. Beschetznick third. R. Leigh-Wood pushed his club's advantage home by beating Martin by three-quarters of a yard in the Quarter Mile and so made amends for his clumsiness with the *baton* and, also, his surprise defeat in the Middlesex championships on Saturday. R. L. Howland put the weight at 45ft. 11in., and was second to J. Noël, and Achilles then finished triumphantly by winning the Mile Relay, the Half-Mile, in which J. F. Cornes built up a long lead and refused to lose any of it, and the Long Jump.

A surprising result in the other events was the defeat of J. E. London by W. J. Simmons in the final of the 100 yards. London got away slowly, and was beaten out of second place by H. Higgins, who was three-quarters of a yard behind Simmons. J. A. T. Hanlon won the quarter-mile easily from C. E. D. Goodheart, and in the half-mile F. O. Tilbury beat J. A. H. Sutherland. H. B. Stallard made one of his now rare appearances during the afternoon, and it was only in the last few yards of the half-mile obstacle race that he was caught and passed by R. Fenwick.

A number of exciting relay races added interest and excitement to the programme. Surrey A.C., thanks to a fine last lap by K. C. Brangwin, won the 1¼-mile race, South London Harriers the mile, and Polytechnic Harriers the 880 yards sprint.

The results were:—

100 YARDS SCRATCH RACE.—N. B. Hunter (London Athletic Club), 1; H. Darbyshire (Metropolitan Police A.C.), 2; C. Hardy (43rd Light Infantry), 3. Won by 2ft. Time 10⅘sec.

100 YARDS OPEN SCRATCH RACE.—W. Simmons (Polytechnic H.), 1; H. Higgins (Surrey A.C.), 2; J. London (Polytechnic H.), 3; H. Hodge (Surrey A.C.), 4. Won by three-quarters of a yard. Time 10 1-5sec.

100 YARDS MATCH.—R. L. Rinkel (Achilles Club), 1; H. J. Cohen (Achilles Club), 2; B. Mahlitz (Berliner and Deutscher), 3; P. Parrain (Stade Français), 4; K. Gerke (Berliner and Deutscher), 5. Won by inches. Time, 10sec. dead.

HALF-MILE MATCH.—T. Hampson (Achilles Club), 1; Sera Martin (Stade Français), 2; C. E. Green (Achilles Club), 3; Dr. R. Markel (Berliner and Deutscher), 4; V. Scherifeger (Berliner and Deutscher), 5. Won by 2½ yards. Time, 1min. 55 3-5sec.

880 YARDS YOUTHS' OPEN SCRATCH RACE.—T. H. Scrimshaw (Belgrave H.), 1; W. J. Page (Harborne H. Birmingham), 2; C. R. Banks (Woodford Green A.C.), 3. Won by four yards. Time 2min. 4 4-5sec.

HIGH JUMP MATCH.—E. Bradbrooke (Achilles Club), 6ft. 2in., 1; L. Philippon (Stade Français), 6ft. 1in., 2; O. Ladewig (Berliner and Deutscher), 6ft., 3; O. Betz (Berliner and Deutscher), 5ft. 10in., 4; R. W. Revans (Achilles Club), 5ft. 4in., 5.

440 YARDS (4×110 yards) RELAY MATCH.—Stade Français (L. Verreaux, E. Max Robert, P. Gaillier, and P. Parrain), 1; Berliner and Deutscher Clubs finished first, but were disqualified, together with the Achilles Club, for overstepping the line at an exchange point. Time, 42 4-5sec.

SOUTHERN AMATEUR ATHLETIC LEAGUE ONE MILE (4×440) RELAY.—South London Harriers (J. W. Toms, E. A. Chilcott, B. N. Wright and K. C. Brangwin), 1; Surrey A.C., 2; Polytechnic H., 3; Herne Hill H., 4; Highgate H., 5; Belgrave H., 6. Won by 11 yard. Time, 3min. 29 4-5sec.

120 YARDS HURDLES MATCH.—Lord Burghley (Achilles), 1; R. St. G. Harper (Achilles), 2; O. Beschetznick (Berliner and Deutscher), 3; E. Trewenbach (Berliner and Deutscher), 4; E. Max Robert (Stade Français), 5. Won by three yards. Time, 14⅕sec. New British record.

440 YARDS MATCH.—R. Leigh-Wood (Achilles), 1; Sera Martin (Stade Français), 2; H. S. Townend (Achilles), 3; Galtier (Stade Français), 4; R. Beyer (Berliner and Deutscher), 5. Won by three-quarters of a yard. Time 50 2-5sec.

THROWING THE JAVELIN (Open).—Guardsman E. Turner (3rd Grenadier Guards), 169ft., 1; L. G. Snow (London A.C.), 166ft. 4in., 2; G. H. Powell (Belgrave H.), 156ft. 8in., 3.

440 YARDS OPEN SCRATCH RELAY (four at 110 yards).—Surrey A.C. (L. Wignall, Higgins, Holland, and J. C. Heap), 1; Polytechnic Harriers "B," 2; Polytechnic Harriers "A," 3. Won easily. Time, 48 4-5sec.

ONE MILE RELAY (Match) (four at 440 yards).—Achilles Club (C. E. Green, H. W. Townend, Lord Burghley, and R. Leigh-Wood), 1; Stade Français (P. Gaillier, E. Max Robert, P. Parrain, and Galtier), 2; Berliner and Deutscher (R. Victor, V. Scherifeger, R. Beyer and K. Weiss), 3. Won by 12 yards. Time, 3min. 23 1-5sec.

ONE MILE (Match).—J. F. Cornes (Achilles), 1; V. E. Morzan (Achilles), 2; R. Quentin (Stade Français), 3; H. Kassler (Berliner and Deutscher), 4; L. Mancon (Stade Français), 5. Won by seven yards. 4min. 23 2-5sec.

LONG JU

Sporting News
(Continued from page 4)

RACING

HURST PARK MEETING

NOBLE STAR WINS

(FROM OUR RACING CORRESPONDENT)

There was racing under Jockey Club Rules yesterday at Hurst Park, Wolverhampton, and Redcar, and at each place there were large holiday crowds. The weather was fine.

There may have been larger attendances at Hurst Park in the principal enclosures, but the cheap ring and the centre of the course were packed with holiday-makers. The racing was always enjoyable.

The most important events of the afternoon's programme were the Davis Stakes, named after a man who did much for this meeting, and the Penrhyn Cup. Distinction was added to the first of these events by the presence in the field of Noble Star, who had run well in the Derby, which his owner and trainer had very much hoped that he would win. He was opposed by Annaly, who was expected to beat him, and who started favourite, and by Dame Swynford, Eskdale, and Stockrider, although none of the last three was regarded generally very seriously. Until half-way up the Straight Dame Swynford was allowed to make the running, with the two favourites second. Two furlongs from the finish they challenged, and quickly overcame Dame Swynford. For a moment no one could say which of the two would win, but in the last few yards Noble Star drew away and won by nearly a length. There were some among the crowds who thought that Wragg might have made his final effort a little later, but I would not think of criticizing so fine a rider. Noble Star was giving the second 7lb., and is certainly a nice colt, even if he is not up to Classic form.

The market on the race for the Penrhyn Cup, a handicap run over a mile, suggested that the winner would almost certainly be either Paradine, who had finished second in the Two Thousand Guineas, or Nick of Time, who had won the Esher Cup. They finished first and second. Paradine winning by a short head from Nick of Time, with the unconsidered bottom weight, Marlborough, another short head away third. Galhampton was close up fourth. It will be seen from the result that although the two favourites finished first and second they did not show the superiority that the betting suggested would be the case. Indeed, if the third had not had to come on a wide outside he would, I think, have won. Queen's Orb was another who ran well, but she found the distance of the race just beyond her stamina. Paradine was very quickly taken into the lead, followed by Galhampton. Nick of Time was always well placed. Half-way up the Straight, Paradine, on the rails, was clear, but Dick had to ride him hard after that to keep his lead. As he was carrying 9st. and giving weight away all round he proved himself a useful colt, but perhaps not quite so good as his running at Newmarket had indicated.

The afternoon's racing was begun with the Sorrel Plate, a race for two-year-olds, for which a large and rather ungainly Hurry On colt, out of Twinkling Star, named Lightning Star, was made favourite. He was, on looks, a most unlikely colt for such a sharp course, and so he proved himself in the race, for he began so slowly that he was never in the race with any sort of a chance, and was finally unplaced behind Guiding Star, a small but very sharp filly by Papyrus, who jumped off in front and made all the running to win easily from Fleur, with White Slave third. The winner, who was well backed at 5 to 1, had run once before, when she had been unplaced behind the Ready Response colt over this course. I doubt whether she is much more than a plater, although a useful plater. For quite a long way in the Straight Radio Rag seemed likely to win the well-named Bank Holiday Selling Plate, the Eel Pie Plate, but Virgo came with such a run in the last 100 yards that she not only won but did so by a length. Young Sport was third. The form here must have amounted to very little, for the winner had failed completely in very moderate company at the last meeting at Lingfield.

The Whinnie Brae filly, who had not run since the early spring, when she had shown promise in quite good company at Newbury, was a rather clever winner of the Molesey Selling Plate, in which the Phantom Cynnie colt was second, the well-backed Crimson filly third, and the disappointing Alfresco fourth. The form probably amounts to very little in spite of the winner's previous performance, for the second in his last race, at Kempton Park, was unplaced in a selling race. In spite of the fact that Fuzzy Wuzzy was obviously badly handicapped in the Holiday Plate with Suspicion, and also with Grandmaster, on account of the fact that he had to carry a penalty, he was well backed. The handicap, however, worked out well, for Suspicion won, as I had expected her to do at the weights, although at the finish she had only a head to spare over Grandmaster. The Judge at first showed a dead-heat, but quickly corrected the result. Even then the excitement was not over, as the rider of the second, G. Richards, objected to the winner for crossing. Personally, I could not see that the winner crossed or in any way interfered with the second, and the Stewards apparently could find nothing wrong, for they quickly overruled the objection.

Rose-Knot duly won the last race of the day, the Lion Gate Plate, although it was only close home that she got through to beat Tradescant and Mallock. The well-backed Alacrity could not act on the hard going, but Porthaon ran better than he has done before this season. The winner is a very genuine stayer, with some speed, and may well play an important part in the Cesarewitch and other long-distance handicaps later in the year.

TO-DAY'S PROSPECTS

2.0.—TOY PLATE (5f.).—Apparently none of the penalized horses in the race is to be started, which leaves very little form on which to base a selection. Quite a probable winner, however, seems to me to be GLENALMOND, who showed promise in a race at Bath in which he was ridden by an apprentice and is well enough bred, being by Captain Cuttle out of Love in Idleness, to win any such race as this.

2.30.—RIVERSIDE SELLING PLATE (1m. 7f.).—The field here will be made up of very moderate animals, many of whom will find the distance of this race and the hard going troublesome. Perhaps the winner will be BLUE BELL, who won a similar event at Newbury and who, on that form, seems certain to stay the distance of this race. She has not run since then. The best of the others may be Apache, who has run only once this season, and then in rather better company than he will be meeting here.

3.0.—PICCADILLY PLATE (1¼m.).—Simeon's Charm has a chance on his last running at Newmarket, while it may be that Go Easy is not badly handicapped, but the best selection seems to be LARKING, who ran fairly well at Kempton Park and before that had run

Sporting News

(Continued from page 5)

CRICKET

THE AUSTRALIANS AT CAMBRIDGE

WOODFULL'S DOUBLE CENTURY

The Australians yesterday rubbed home the advantage they had gained on Saturday against Cambridge at Fenner's, and when stumps were drawn for the day Cambridge, with three wickets down, required to make 317 runs to save an innings defeat.

Cambridge and district, for their part, responded nobly to the occasion, and the interest in the game was so great that there was a queue outside the ground at 9 o'clock in the morning. When they got in the enthusiasts saw pleasant enough Bank Holiday cricket, but it was too much like a massacre ever to be very interesting. Cambridge, on such a perfect pitch, and without Rought-Rought, who can keep down runs, are not a great bowling side, and at one time Woodfull was helping himself to runs at his pleasure. In their fielding, however, Cambridge did cover themselves with glory, for they chased the ball to the bitter end, and saved an untold number of runs. Of the Cambridge bowlers, Webster, on yesterday's form, was the best. He bowls a left-handed medium-paced ball which he can flight, and even when runs were coming quickly he kept a respectable length. Human was erratic, but Fabian worked away hard, and at least once hit Woodfull's pads when he meant to play the ball with his bat. Butterworth, in his spell of bowling which came late in the innings, was quite unable to find a length.

When the Australians continued batting in the morning they were already 34 runs ahead with eight wickets in hand, and Woodfull and McCabe at once settled down to play in the same spirit in which they had finished on Saturday. Woodfull, who just recently has not been quite himself, clearly enjoyed the warmth, and settled down to play ball after ball in the middle of the bat, though he might have been caught at the wicket before luncheon. McCabe made balls of a good length into half volleys, and there was never a suggestion of them being separated until McCabe backed up over enthusiastically to a stroke of Woodfull's to cover-point, and was run out.

Richardson, who was another who clearly appreciated the ball at last coming on to his bat with some pace, threatened even before luncheon to show what fast scoring could be, but he was out not long after the interval to a magnificent catch by Kemp-Welch at mid-off, who held a hard drive with one hand above his head. That was four wickets down for 348 runs, and Jackson, sufficiently recovered from his indisposition of Saturday, then came in to bat. He could not, in the circumstances, have been expected immediately to follow the example set by McCabe and Richardson, but he found time to play some glorious strokes on the off side, and on this occasion did really seem to be set to offer of his best. Woodfull, by this time, was lifting his bat almost indecently high, and several times he did not hesitate to lie back and hit the ball past mid-off with a thoroughly crooked bat. McCabe's innings came to an end rather unluckily, for he played a good enough stroke round to fine leg, was sent back late by Woodfull, and was run out. Woodfull, playing some very powerful on-drives, and in general trying to score off every ball possible, reached his 200 with one of the few strokes which sent the ball in the air, and from which he might have been caught in the slips. The end of his innings was then in sight, and, having hit two more balls to the long-on boundary, he failed to get hold of the next and was caught at mid-on. He had been batting for nearly six hours, and, if something akin to recklessness belied his reputation towards the end of his innings, he had previously shown that he is having nice batting practice for Trent Bridge.

The declaration of the Australian innings was delayed with the perfectly reasonable intention of giving some of the tail batsmen, of whom there are more than one or two in the team, some batting practice, but the proceedings did little but delay the progress of the match. Eventually Woodfull called them in at 5 o'clock, when the total was 504 for eight wickets, leaving Cambridge to make 359 runs to avoid an innings defeat.

Wall, bowling this time from the Pavilion end, the wind having changed since Saturday, was appreciably faster than he has yet been on this tour; but it was Hurwood who got the first wicket, and that with the second ball of his first over, when Kemp-Welch played on. McCabe soon relieved Hurwood and, in his first over, yorked Radcliffe, two wickets then being down for 20 runs. Killick batted with the demeanour of one who demands much better bowling to worry him, but just before stumps were due to be drawn Bradman had Grant leg-before-wicket.

Score:—

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY

	First Innings		Second Innings
G. D. Kemp-Welch, b. McCabe	20	b. Hurwood	2
A. T. Radcliffe, c. Hornibrook, b. Hurwood	4	b. McCabe	5
E. T. Killick, c. Wall, b. Bradman	48	not out	20
G. C. Grant, c. Hurwood, b. McCabe	12	L-b-w., b. Bradman	10
J. T. Morgan, run out	0		
A. W. T. Baines, L-b-w., b. Bradman	12		
H. R. W. Butterworth, c. Hurwood, b. McCabe	10		
R. H. C. Human, b. Bradman	0		
F. R. Brown, c. Hurwood, b. McCabe	10		
W. H. Webster, not out	10		
A. H. Fabian, c. Oldfield, b. Wall	8		
Byes, 3; l-b., 6; w., 2	11	Byes	5
Total	145	Total (3 wkts.)	42

AUSTRALIANS.—First Innings

W. M. Woodfull, c. Fabian, b. Webster	216
W. H. Ponsford, b. Kemp-Welch	7
D. G. Bradman, c. Baines, b. Human	22
S. McCabe, run out	96
V. Richardson, c. Kemp-Welch, b. Human	54
A. Jackson, run out	23
W. A. Oldfield, c. Human, b. Webster	58
P. M. Hornibrook, b. Human	6
T. Wall, not out	0
A. Hurwood, not out	3
Byes, 24; l-b., 8; w., 7; n-b., 4	45
Total (8 wkts.)	*504

* Innings declared closed.

C. W. Walker did not go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Wall	17.3	3	47	1	McCabe	11	2	35	4
Hurwood	6	2	9	1	Bradman	11	1	35	3
Hornibrook	11	4	18	0					

AUSTRALIANS.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Kemp-Welch	20	3	100	1	Brown	31	5	72	0
Human	33	3	105	3	Webster	21	8	52	2
Fabian	28	4	104	0	Butterworth	2	0	21	0

UMPIRES.—Waite and Day.

WARWICKSHIRE'S RECOVERY

Derbyshire declared their innings closed at Derby yesterday with the score at 448 for seven wickets, and at the close of play Warwickshire, with six wickets in hand, were 183 runs behind.

Slater showed such good form that he and Hutchinson, in less than an hour, added 72 runs to Saturday's total before the declaration. Except for one chance Slater gave a fine display, and the stand yielded 98 runs.

Warwickshire began their task of scoring 299 runs to save the follow-on by losing two wickets for 28. Croom, who had opened the innings, acted on the defensive for some time, but he reached his 50 in 85 minutes. Croom completed his 100 and altogether he batted for three hours and 20 minutes, his chief hits being one 6 and 12 4's. With R. E. S. Wyatt Croom enabled Warwickshire to recover from a poor start and their partnership produced 173 runs. The Rev. J. H. Parsons was soon dismissed, but Kilner stayed with Wyatt, who obtained his 100 just before stumps were drawn.

Score:—

DERBYSHIRE.—First Innings

Storer, c. Mayer, b. Paine	102								
Lee, b. Mayer	1								
Bowden, l-b-w., b. Mayer	4								
G. H. Jackson, c. and b. Mayer	0								
Townsend, c. Sanders, b. Smart	117								
Worthington, c. Wyatt, b. Smart	83								
Hutchinson, not out	52								
Alderman, b. Sanders	3								
Mather, not out	59								
Byes, 14; l-b., 4	18								
Total (7 wkts.)	*448								

* Innings declared closed.

Elliott and Mitchell did not go in.

WARWICKSHIRE.—First Innings

Smith, b. Worthington	5
Croom, b. Worthington	110
Bates, b. Worthington	4
R. E. S. Wyatt, not out	100
Rev. J. H. Parsons, b. Worthington	4
Kilner, not out	25
Byes, 4; l-b., 11; w., 1	16
Total (4 wkts.)	265

Santall, Smart, Paine, Sanders, and Mayer to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

DERBYSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Mayer	27	6	93	2	Paine	41	13	95	1
Sanders	31	13	51	1	Croom	5	0	20	0
Wyatt	24	1	85	0	Smart	19	2	42	2
Santall	10	1	45	0					

LEYLAND'S RECORD AT LEEDS

SLOW BATTING BY LANCASHIRE

Yorkshire were able to declare their innings closed at 417 for nine wickets an hour before luncheon at Leeds yesterday. Lancashire then gave an exhibition of almost purely defensive batting that produced in the five available hours a total of 202 for the loss of six wickets.

More than half of the Yorkshire total was made by Leyland, whose innings of 211 not out is the highest individual innings ever made in a match between Yorkshire and Lancashire. There were some anxious moments among the crowd of 12,000 people who were present before luncheon when Rhodes having played a ball from Macdonald on to his wicket, Bowes, the last man, came in. At that crucial moment Leyland still required seven runs to beat the record score of 201 made by R. H. Spooner at Old Trafford in 1910. This accomplished, Leyland was given the ovation he deserved and soon afterwards the Yorkshire captain further delighted the crowd by sending Lancashire in to bat.

Leyland's innings, quite apart from its effect upon the game and upon the records, apart also from the fact that it was made on a batsman's wicket, was a great one. Throughout most of Saturday and the three-quarters of an hour yesterday morning Leyland played with the easy skill and will to score runs of the really first-class batsman. A hundred of his runs came from hits to the boundary through a field that was not unskilfully placed for the express purpose of blocking his best strokes. The placing and pace of the ball as it left the bat, however, nearly always were superior to some excellent bowling and fielding. His two 6's alone gave the Yorkshire innings distinction.

Lancashire in all probability adopted exactly the wrong tactics when they went in to bat. Without too much ado and caution Watson and Hallows scored 42 runs in the rather trying hour before luncheon, but afterwards they allowed the idea of 417 for nine to reduce them to a state bordering upon impotence. It was a palpably overdone caution—a caution that slowly and surely developed into timidity and then all of a sudden into a kind of hopeless desperation—that cost Lancashire the initiative and both Hallows and Watson their wickets. For much the same reason Ernest Tyldesley was out first ball, and Lancashire's hopes even of first innings points faded still farther out of the game. The beginning of Lancashire's misfortunes really was to be found in five successive maiden overs sent down by Rhodes, the first four to Hallows, who up to this point had been batting well and with some show of confidence, and the fifth to Watson. At the other end Dennis was allowed to send down five overs—two of them maidens—at a negligible cost. Robinson then relieved Rhodes and the fieldsmen crept in even more closely. Twenty-four runs, it should be explained, had been scraped together during the 50 minutes after luncheon. Suddenly, to every one's astonishment, Hallows lashed out wildly at Robinson's third ball and was bowled.

E. Tyldesley then came in and tamely turned his first ball to within diving distance of the keenest of keen fieldsmen, A. T. Barber. The score thus became 66 for two. Even this might not have discredited the whole Lancashire plan of campaign if the apparently unemptyable Watson had not abruptly changed his methods when Leyland went on to bowl in place of Dennis. One very hard drive was stopped brilliantly by Dennis at deep mid-off. The next, off a full pitched ball, went hard and head-high within catching distance of Barber. That definitely placed Lancashire in something worse than the position of a side engaged in an uphill struggle. A stand by Iddon and Hopwood that added 34 runs was broken just after the tea interval, when Iddon was stumped, and Taylor was not out until nearly 6 o'clock, when at last he was tempted into hitting a ball into the deep field. After that Hopwood and P. T. Eckersley nearly played out time but not quite, for the latter was bowled by Leyland. Hopwood's 55 was very valuable, if not exactly a Leyland-like performance.

The day's collection for Robinson totalled £92.

Score:—

YORKSHIRE.—First Innings

Holmes, c. Duckworth, b. Sibbles	9
Sutcliffe, c. Duckworth, b. McDonald	40
Oldroyd, c. Taylor, b. McDonald	49
Leyland, not out	211
A. T. Barber, l-b-w., b. Tyldesley (R.)	17
Mitchell, c. McDonald, b. Tyldesley (R.)	6
Robinson, c. Tyldesley (E.), b. Hopwood	41
Wood, b. Hopwood	13
Dennis, l-b-w., b. Hopwood	0
Rhodes, b. McDonald	18
Bowes, not out	6
Byes, 7; l-b., 5	12
Total (9 wkts.)	*417

* Innings declared closed

LANCASHIRE.—First Innings

Hallows, b. Robinson	33
Watson, c. Barber, b. Leyland	36
Tyldesley (E.), c. Barber, b. Robinson	0
Iddon, st. Wood, b. Rhodes	29
Hopwood, not out	55
Taylor, c. Holmes, b. Robinson	21
P. T. Eckersley, b. Leyland	19
Byes 5, l-b. 4, n-b. 9	18
Total (6 wkts.)	202

Sibbles, McDonald, Tyldesley (R.), and Duckworth to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

YORKSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
McDonald	37	6	109	3	Hopwood	30	4	64	3
Sibbles	37	4	106	1	Watson	6	1	22	0
Tyldesley (R.)	32	6	93	2	Iddon	5	2	11	0

UMPIRES.—Oates and Morton.

KENT'S ADVANTAGE

Kent finished up in a strong position at Southampton yesterday, as, after dismissing Hampshire for 186 and so gaining a lead of 114, they scored 210 for six wickets in the second innings.

So effectively did Freeman bowl, that Hampshire nearly had to follow on. They were, of course, weakened by the inability to bat of R. H. Palmer, owing to the ankle injury he received on Saturday. Brown added only 11 to his Saturday score of 24 when he was clean bowled in attempting to turn a ball from Beslee to leg. Then Freeman began his destructive work, with the result that half the side were out for 90. A. K. Judd went out to the pitch of Freeman's deliveries, his enterprise being rewarded by an addition of a valuable 39 in partnership with Boyes. Judd's little effort ended when he went out to Freeman once too often, and was stumped. Herman joined Boyes, and the last-wicket pair put on 43 in 35 minutes, Boyes hitting five 4's and Herman four.

Ashdown and Hardinge began the Kent second innings well, putting on 50 runs in 45 minutes, but Ashdown had his leg stump knocked out by Kennedy nine runs later. Hardinge played well enough to deserve a century, but when five short of it he miss-hit a ball, and gave short-leg an easy catch. He batted for two hours and 25 minutes without a mistake, and hit 15 boundaries. His partnership with Woolley for the second wicket added 100 in 70 minutes. Woolley seemed likely to repeat his success of the first innings, for he hit seven 4's in making 51, and was playing with complete confidence when he was out leg-before-wicket in attempting to pull Arnold.

Score:—

KENT

	First Innings		Second Innings
Ashdown, b. Herman	93	b. Kennedy	26
Hardinge, c. Brown, b. Palmer	20	c. sub., b. Kennedy	95
Woolley, c. Mead, b. Kennedy	98	l-b-w., b. Arnold	51
Ames, c. Kennedy, b. Herman	5	c. sub., b. Kennedy	33
A. P. F. Chapman, c. Cresse, b. Kennedy	19	c. sub., b. Arnold	1
Todd, b. Herman	6	not out	3
Hubble, b. Kennedy	9	c. Brown, b. Arnold	0
Wright, c. Cresse, b. Kennedy	8		
Freeman, c. Brown, b. Kennedy	7		
Peach, not out	14		
Beslee, b. Kennedy	16		
Byes, 4; w., 1	5	Bye	1
Total	320	Total (6 wkts.)	210

HAMPSHIRE.—First Innings

Brown, b. Beslee	35
Bailey, c. Woolley, b. Freeman	4
Arnold, b. Freeman	12
Mead, c. Woolley, b. Freeman	12
Kennedy, c. Ames, b. Hardinge	15
Lord Tennyson, c. Woolley, b. Freeman	9
A. K. Judd, st. Ames, b. Freeman	39
Cresse, st. Ames, b. Freeman	0
Boyes, not out	29
Herman, run out	23
R. H. Palmer, absent, hurt	0
Leg-byes, 5; w., 1	6
Total	186

BOWLING ANALYSIS

KENT.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Kennedy	27	8	79	6	Palmer	5.2	0	24	1
Herman	22	2	84	3	Bailey	5	1	18	0
Boyes	27	4	75	0	Arnold	2	0	15	0

HAMPSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Wright	16	4	15	0	Peach	13	7	17	0
Ashdown	14	4	9	0	Beslee	9.4	1	31	1
Freeman	43	14	107	6	Hardinge	12	0	4	1

UMPIRES.—Chester and Hardstaff.

O'Connor, the Essex professional, was at Leyton yesterday, when he reported himself quite well again. He hopes to play against Middlesex at Lord's.

A GOOD DAY'S PLAY AT LORD'S

CENTURY BY K. S. DULEEPSINHJI

A crowd which, towards 6 o'clock, numbered nearly 20,000 persons, saw a full day of delightful cricket at Lord's yesterday. The biggest thing of the day, and that which most people had come in the hope of seeing, was the three-figure innings played by K. S. Duleepsinhji.

A. H. H. Gilligan and Bowley found the pace of the wicket at once, and Robins, whose length was not as accurate as usual, gave neither of them any trouble. Bowley was out at 39, caught on the second attempt by Stevens at second slip off Allen. K. S. Duleepsinhji came in and forced the first ball bowled him—a shortish one just wide of the leg stump—away to leg for three. He played that ball right in the middle of the bat with the proverbial "half hour to spare," and that stroke was indicative of the innings that was to come. Middlesex has a fine bowling side, including two of the best googlie bowlers in the world, an accredited fast bowler and two swinging bowlers. K. S. Duleepsinhji made them all look rather plain, and in the three hours and five minutes in which he batted he did not have to hurry at the finish of any stroke. The 50 went up in less than 50 minutes, and after that runs came more quickly. Gilligan was missed at deep square leg off Robins, a nasty catch which should, however, have been caught. Robins had not looked likely to get a wicket before this, but, had the chance been taken, it might have made all the difference to his bowling.

Stevens went on for Robins at 91 and, after missing a hard catch and bowl—the ball was hit right at him, but very hard—he had Gilligan well caught in the outfield by Canning, who judged a big hit over the bowler's head perfectly. Cook was L-b-w. to Stevens before he had scored, and with three wickets down for 96 runs, Middlesex had done very well on that wicket. The hundred went up after Sussex had been batting an hour and 25 minutes. Robins went on again for Stevens and Allen for Haig, but 10 runs came from one over from Robins, Langridge scoring nine of them. Just as he was getting set Langridge tried to play a ball right up to him to leg, made it a yorker, played over it, and was L-b-w. Meanwhile K. S. Duleepsinhji was making runs with so little effort that one did not realize how fast he was scoring. He reached his 50 after batting an hour and 25 minutes, to the delight of a now very big crowd. Middlesex had a slice of luck just before luncheon.

J. Parks hit a ball hard to Stevens at silly-point. Stevens half stopped it and, as the ball went away behind him, Parks charged up the pitch. Robins got to the ball wonderfully quickly, picked it up in his left hand, threw on the turn, and hit the wicket, Parks, who was trying to get back, being run out by yards. That made the score 158 for five wickets at the interval.

Tate came in after luncheon, and 27 runs were put on in 12 minutes. The 200 went up in two hours and 40 minutes, and then Tate, attempting a big on-drive, just hit too soon at a leg-break from Robins and was bowled. At 220, with Duleepsinhji still batting beautifully and H. Parks getting set, Haig called for the new ball and put Allen on for Robins. Duleepsinhji reached his hundred after batting two hours and a half. Owing to the state of the game he had to play careful cricket, and for the next half-hour he got very little of the bowling. At 266 Lee was put on at the Pavilion end. Lee looks an innocuous, confiding bowler enough, and it is perhaps for that reason that he is such a useful man to break up a stand. Duleepsinhji jumped out to drive him, and, to the general astonishment, missed the ball completely and was stumped. He had hit only eight 4's in his innings, but he not only never looked like getting out, but also looked to be able to place the ball almost anywhere he liked. He never let off a bad ball, but the field was placed deep for him, and he made so many singles that he did not score at any remarkable pace.

With 271 runs up for seven wickets, Parks (H.), and Wensley, put on another 20 runs quickly and then Parks was bowled by a really good one from Stevens. It was now a very even match for the lead on the first innings, as, indeed, it had been almost all day. Stevens bowled one expensive over, but at 314 Hollingdale was leg-before-wicket to J. W. Hearne, and Sussex, with one wicket to fall, were still 13 short of the Middlesex total. Wensley, who had played with great confidence from the beginning of his innings, hit two very short balls from Stevens for fours, almost to the same spot on the leg side, square with the bowler's wicket. He made a 2 past mid-off in the same over and a single off the last ball to have the bowling again. With a 4, square to leg, off a full-pitch from Hearne, Wensley passed the Middlesex first innings score. He reached his 50 after batting for under an hour. Cornford played a similar innings to that of Price on the first day, though he had comparatively much more of the bowling than Price.

Score:—

MIDDLESEX

	First Innings		Second Innings
N. Haig, b. Tate	17	c. Parks (J.), b. Wensley	21
G. T. S. Stevens, l-b-w., b. Tate	18		
Hearne, c. Cornford, b. Cook	20		
Hendren, c. Duleepsinhji, b. Tate	49	not out	8
Lee, c. Duleepsinhji, b. Tate	48	c. Cook b. Tate	21
G. O. Allen, c. Parks (J.), b. Tate	11		
H. J. Enthoven, c. Duleepsinhji, b. Bowley	123	not out	39
R. W. V. Robins, l-b-w., b. Tate	2		
G. C. Newman, l-b-w., b. Wensley	17		
Canning, c. Cornford, b. Wensley	8		
Price, not out	3		
Byes, 5, l-b., 4; w., 1; n-b., 1	11	Byes, 6; l-b., 2; w., 1	9
Total	327	Total (2 wkts.)	98

SUSSEX.—First Innings

A. H. H. Gilligan, c. Canning, b. Stevens	37
Bowley, c. Stevens, b. Allen	23
K. S. Duleepsinhji, st. Price, b. Lee	176
Cook, l-b-w., b. Stevens	0
Langridge (James), l-b-w., b. Allen	18
Parks (J.), run out	6
Tate, b. Robins	18
Parks (H.), b. Stevens	47
Wensley, not out	50
Hollingdale, l-b-w., b. Hearne	5
Cornford, b. Allen	3
Byes, 8; l-b., 12; w., 1; n-b., 1	22
Total	354

BOWLING ANLAYSIS

MIDDLESEX.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Tate	44	15	92	6	Cook	16	2	49	1
Wensley	29	5	72	2	Langridge	7	1	22	0
Parks (J.)	8	3	28	0	Bowley	5.4	0	28	1
Hollingdale	9	3	23	0					

SUSSEX.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Allen	26.5	3	90	3	Stevens	21	2	72	3
Haig	22	3	52	0	Lee	5	1	16	1
Robins	23	2	82	3	Hearne	6	0	19	1

UMPIRES.—Parry and Nash.

BIG SCORE BY OXFORD

Oxford University gave a very good display against the Free Foresters at Oxford yesterday, and at the end of the day's play they led by 84 runs with one wicket in hand.

Consistent batting enabled the University to make a splendid reply to the Free Foresters' total of 361. D. N. Moore and A. Melville gave Oxford a good start, scoring 52 in three-quarters of an hour before Melville was bowled. Moore completed his 50, but at 96 the Nawab of Pataudi was beaten by a similar ball to that which bowled Melville. After luncheon Moore, when well set, was run out by I. Akers-Douglas. His best hits were eight 4's. Akers-Douglas and N. M. Ford increased the total by 93 in 1¼ hours before the fourth wicket fell, Akers-Douglas giving a catch in attempting to hook a rising ball. Ford, who opened with three 4's in one over from R. C. Robertson-Glasgow, drove with great power and scored more rapidly than P. G. T. Kingsley.

Score:—

FREE FORESTERS.—First Innings

A. L. Hosie, l-b-w., b. Hill-Wood	6
R. S. G. Scott, l-b-w., b. Melville	26
W. G. Lowndes, b. Nevinson	5
D. R. Jardine, b. Hill-Wood	112
J. L. Guise, c. Mayhew, b. Melville	33
M. Howell, b. Melville	22
J. B. Wheatley, c. Nevinson, b. Hill-Wood	9
R. C. Robertson-Glasgow, c. Kingsley, b. Hill-Wood	21
G. B. Udder, st. Mayhew, b. Melville	34
J. C. Masterman, c. Ford, b. Melville	2
W. T. Greswell, not out	23
Byes, 12; l-b., 6	18
Total	361

OXFORD UNIVERSITY.—First Innings

A. Melville, b. Scott	73
D. N. Moore, run out	52
Nawab of Pataudi, b. Robertson-Glasgow	22
I. Akers-Douglas, c. Guise, b. Lowndes	41
N. M. Ford, c. Scott, b. Greswell	143
P. G. T. Kingsley, c. Hosie, b. Guise	23
H. M. Garland-Wells, c. and b. Masterman	13
C. F. Hill-Wood, c. Howell, b. Greswell	0
W. H. Bradshaw, not out	36
J. F. N. Mayhew, l-b-w., b. Greswell	16
Byes, 6; l-b., 5	11
Total (9 wkts.)	445

J. H. Nevinson to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

FREE FORESTERS.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Hill-Wood	33	7	89	4	Melville	24.2	5	105	5
Nevinson	23	1	71	1	Garland-Wells	15	2	47	0
Bradshaw	11	0	35	0					

UMPIRES.—Stoner and Parker.

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE FOLLOW ON

FINE INNINGS BY PAYTON

In spite of a splendid innings by Payton Nottinghamshire were compelled to follow on in their match against Surrey at Trent Bridge yesterday.

The Surrey innings was finished yesterday morning in half an hour for an addition of only 24 runs, Larwood taking three of the four wickets that fell for seven runs. The pitch was rather faster than it had been on Saturday. Gunn and Whysall began Nottinghamshire's innings as though they intended to emulate the example set by Sandham and Ducat, but both of them were out before the total had passed 25. Gunn was bowled playing outside a beautiful ball from M. J. C. Allom, and Whysall was caught at first slip off a ball from Gover that got up too abruptly to allow him to get his bat out of the way. Gover can make the ball rise awkwardly off the pitch, and A. W. Carr, almost as soon as he came in, was hit on the hand by a ball that had not even the excuse of shortness to excuse its conduct. At 43 Walker was easily caught at square-leg, and Payton then came in to play a really fine innings. It was essential if the Nottinghamshire score was to be saved from complete ignominy that someone should show that the Surrey bowling could be hit, and Payton from the beginning went out to explore all the possible weaknesses it might have. He twice drove Gregory beautifully through the covers and, helped by two successive 4's off Allom, he had scored 24 to Carr's 21, out of the 74 runs that were on the board by luncheon.

Immediately after the interval Carr was caught at square-leg playing a rather unnecessary shot at a short ball from Gover, and then Payton's innings rose to the full heights of its brilliance. One stroke off Gover sent the ball head high between Peach and Allom at second and third slip respectively, but after, for 30 minutes or so, he made nothing but a succession of scoring strokes. He hit Allom for four 4's in one over, first cutting him, and then three times drawing balls a little short of a length round between square and fine leg. In his 50 there were 10 4's, but after that his innings lapsed into comparative respectability. At 126 A. Staples was leg-before-wicket to Gregory. Lilley, after helping in a very useful stand, was caught at cover-point at 180, and Barratt failed to hit the 6 for which the crowd ecstatically waited. With P. G. H. Fender taking two wickets in one over nine wickets were down for 209 runs, but Voce came in not merely to keep his wicket up, but to do the lion's share of the scoring in a last-wicket partnership which put on 55 runs. Voce owed some of his runs to luck and some to good cricket, but even if his luck had been far more phenomenal than it was it could easily have been forgiven him, since it enabled Payton to reach the hundred he so richly deserved. Nottinghamshire followed on 237 runs behind, and had just over an hour's batting before stumps were drawn.

Score:—

SURREY.—First Innings

Hobbs, b. Larwood	5
Sandham, b. Barratt	152
Ducat, b. Staples (A.)	218
Shepherd, b. Larwood	7
Barling, c. Lilley, b. Barratt	7
P. G. H. Fender, b. Staples (A.)	63
Gregory, b. Larwood	4
Peach, b. Larwood	16
M. J. C. Allom, b. Barratt	5
Brooks, b. Larwood	17
Gover, not out	1
Byes, 7; l-b., 3; w., 1; n-b., 1	12
Total	501

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.—First Innings

Gunn (G.), b. Allom	9
Whysall, c. Shepherd, b. Gover	15
Walker, c. Gregory, b. Allom	2
A. W. Carr, c. Fender, b. Gover	21
Payton, c. Brooks, b. Gover	109
Staples (A.), l-b-w., b. Gregory	14
Lilley, c. Hobbs, b. Fender	35
Barratt, c. Gregory, b. Fender	15
Larwood, b. Fender	4
Staples (S. J.), c. and b. Fender	0
Voce, not out	27
Byes, 8; l-b., 3; n-b., 2	13
Total	264

Second Innings.—Gunn (G.), not out, 27; Whysall not out, 32; leg-byes, 3, n-b. 1—4—total (no wkt.), 63.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

SURREY.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Larwood	30	5	102	5	Staples (A.)	23	1	95	2
Barratt	32.4	6	134	3	Staples (S.J.)	29	4	111	0
Voce	18	1	47	0					

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Allom	22	7	56	2	Peach	10	1	27	0
Gover	20	3	73	3	Fender	13	0	53	4
Gregory	17	3	42	1					

UMPIRES.—Buswell and Young.

TWO GLOUCESTERSHIRE CENTURIES

Gloucestershire, with four wickets in hand, held a lead of 13 at the close of play in their match with Somerset at Taunton yesterday.

Gloucestershire began the day 351 behind with nine wickets in hand. Sinfield and B. H. Lyon, the not out batsmen, displayed great care for some time, but Lyon completed his 50 in 90 minutes. By lunch-time, the second-wicket pair had increased the total to 143, and soon afterwards Lyon reached three figures. Then he gave Wellard a return catch, after having batted without fault for two hours and a half. His score included 13 4's. A catch, hard and low to the bowler, got rid of Hammond, and, with Dacre as his partner, Sinfield reached his 50 after he had been batting for four hours. The fourth-wicket stand realized 50 in three-quarters of an hour.

Score:—

SOMERSET.—First Innings

E. F. Longrigg, c. Lyon, b. Barnett	1
Young, b. Hammond	33
R. A. Ingle, c. Dacre, b. Barnett	18
M. D. Lyon, c. Barnett, b. Goddard	210
J. C. White, b. Neale	12
C. C. Case, l-b-w., b. Sinfield	6
Lee (F. S.), c. Stephens, b. Goddard	49
Lee (J. W.), not out	13
Wellard, b. Hammond	17
Hunt, b. Hammond	4
Andrews, b. Hammond	0
Byes, 7; l-b., 1; n-b., 1	9
Total	372

GLOUCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

Dipper, b. Wellard	4
Sinfield, l-b-w., b. Hunt	107
B. H. Lyon, c. and b. Wellard	100
Hammond, c. and b. Andrews	32
Dacre, l-b-w., b. Hunt	31
Smith, c. and b. Young	30
Barnett, not out	56
Neale, not out	1
Byes, 17; l-b., 4; w., 1; n-b., 2	24
Total (6 wkts.)	385

Stephens, Parker, and Goddard to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

SOMERSET.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Sinfield	17	7	45	1	Hammond	17.4	2	56	1
Barnett	10	1	32	2	Goddard	39	3	142	2
Parker	13	2	52	0	Neale	11	1	42	1

UMPIRES.—Barrows and Reeves.

LEICESTERSHIRE'S LEAD

At the close of play yesterday in the match between Leicestershire and Northamptonshire at Leicester, the visiting team, with two wickets down in their second innings, were 38 runs behind.

Leicestershire started the day 145 behind with nine wickets in hand, but they passed the Northamptonshire total with four wickets standing. Berry and Armstrong increased the score from 33 to 57, then Berry was leg-before. W. A. Smith, who was making his first appearance in County cricket, should have been caught at square leg when he had made eight, while Armstrong might have been stumped when 24. V. W. C. Jupp, the bowler in each instance, had his revenge when he dismissed Smith. Armstrong reached his 50 after being at the wicket for nearly three hours, but, having made seven more, he was dismissed by Clark, and when their fifth wicket fell Leicestershire were 19 runs behind. Leicestershire's last three wickets went down after tea at the same total, all falling to Jupp.

Score:—

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE

| | First Innings | | Second Innings |

Sporting News

(Continued from page 6)

POLO

INTERNATIONAL TRIAL MATCH

The Trial Match at Hurlingham yesterday afternoon between England and The Rest ended in a draw, each side scoring six goals. The game was, therefore, exciting, particularly in the last period, at the start of which each side had a score of four goals.

The first stroke of the chukker was a free hit for the Rest, for with the last of the previous chukker the ball had been hit over the line by one of the English side. Colonel P. K. Wise made no mistake with his hit and got a goal to give his side the lead. But that was not to be for long, for straight from the restart G. Balding got a goal after a fine rush by A. Roark and L. L. Lacey. Another free hit by Wise was stopped in the goal mouth, and then yet another, taken by J. A. E. Traill, yielded a goal to give the Rest the lead. Still another free hit taken by Aidan Roark failed, and just near the end yet another gave England the equalizing goal. That was a stirring finish to a good game, but there was no great excitement about the result and those who followed the game were more interested in appreciating the good play on either side.

The English side, which has never played before as a team, had a little difficulty at first in settling down. Three of them had had considerable experience lately of one another's play, but L. L. Lacey was in a new position for him at No. 1, and he had not played in a match with the other three. Still Lacey gave of his best. His stick play was always magnificent, and he showed powers of dribbling and getting away with the ball that none of the others seemed to possess. He is such a good horseman, too, that he seems to be always one with his pony, and is able to do things that others would rarely think of attempting. He was well supported by G. Balding at No. 2, whose dash in attack and readiness to cover up in defence were of inestimable value to his side. Still, taken as a whole, the English team hardly played so well as they may be expected to do, and there is no doubt that with the further experience that they will gain of one another's play they will be a much improved side in the near future.

The team which represented The Rest was a powerful combination. Captain R. George played much better than in the last trial match, the Marquis of Villabragima was excellent in coming up to attack. Colonel Wise was ubiquitous and he scored one remarkable goal with a fine hit from a position where it must have seemed impossible to get the ball through the goal. Traill, too, was splendid in defence. How often he saved his side when they were hard pressed it would be impossible to say, and he had the knack of always being where the ball was coming and being able to get it away to safety.

Play went much against England at the start of the match, and Traill got an early goal to give The Rest the lead. It was near the end of the period when Balding got up to a good hit by Captain Roark to make the score level. The second chukker had hardly started when Balding scored a good goal from a long hit up, just getting there in time to give England the lead. Captain George just missed a chance, and Lacey at the other end had a similar misfortune. In the third period a goal by Captain George, followed by that by Colonel Wise, gave The Rest the lead, and at the start of the fourth they made it four to two by a goal scored by the Marquis of Villabragima. England only got level in the fifth period, a long hit by Aidan Roark letting Balding score the third, and Lacey getting the fourth and being unlucky not to get another when the ball hit the post.

The teams were:—

ENGLAND.—L. L. Lacey. No. 1; Gerald Balding, No. 2; Captain C. T. I. Roark, No. 3; and Aidan Roark, back.

THE REST.—Captain R. George, No. 1; the Marquis of Villabragima, No. 2; Colonel P. K. Wise, No. 3; and J. A. E. Traill, back.

THE WHITNEY CUP

In the final round of the Whitney Cup competition, which followed the International trial match at Hurlingham, Goulburn, the Australian team, made up of the four brothers Ashton, beat Bridge House, who had half a goal allowed them on handicap, by 7 goals to 4½. It was a fast and thrilling game and came as a pleasant surprise after the trial match, which, though close, did not seem to give the impression that either side was all out to win. The Goulburn team played well together. They know one another and their ponies so well that they are exactly certain of what they can and should do. They can give one another the necessary support and at other times the required relief, and their play is so full of life and dash that their victory was most popular.

Goulburn did not get away to a good start, and Captain Pilkington got an early goal for Bridge House to give them a lead of 1½ goals. P. S. K. Ashton and then G. G. Ashton got goals in the first chukker, to give Goulburn the lead, but early in the second period Bridge House got another goal through Captain J. de Pret, who rode well and fast. Captain Pilkington, who also was very quick, got another goal early in the third chukker to increase the lead, but Goulburn got two goals to get ahead, and they never looked back. There was no scoring in the fourth period but just at the end of the fifth P. S. K. Ashton got another goal, to make it 5 to 3½. Captain C. H. Tremayne scored early in the last chukker, but then Goulburn got two more goals, to make the result beyond doubt. The Australians played splendidly all through, particularly towards the end of the game. They are not afraid to ride off their opponents, and they know when to leave the ball to the man behind. Their ponies are small, but often they show great speed and get well away. Captain Tremayne played a fine hard game and H. P. Guinness hit well.

The teams were:—

GOULBURN.—P. S. K. Ashton, No. 1; G. G. Ashton, No. 2; J. H. Ashton, No. 3; and R. E. Ashton, back.

BRIDGE HOUSE.—Captain J. de Pret, No. 1; Captain A. W. M. S. Pilkington, No. 2; Captain C. H. Tremayne, No. 3; and H. P. Guinness, back.

RANELAGH

In the opening tie of the Ranelagh Open Cup tournament, played yesterday evening, the 17th/21st Lancers beat Major R. L. Benson's Cavaliers team by nine goals to two. There was a change in the Cavaliers' team, G. E. Prior-Palmer being substituted for Captain J. F. Sanderson. It was a good hard game, and by no means so one-sided as would appear from the score. Lieutenant-Colonel V. N. Lockett was in great form for the Lancers, who combined better than their opponents. A feature of the game was a goal hit by Colonel Lockett after he had taken the ball the whole length of the ground. Mr. Cooke hit four of the winners' goals, Lieutenant-Colonel V. N. Lockett and Mr. Walford two each, and Mr. Miller one. The losers' goals were hit by Major Benson and Major Atkinson.

The teams were:—

17th/21st. LANCERS.—R. B. B. Cooke, No. 1; D. C. J. Miller, No. 2; H. C. Walford, No. 3; and Lieutenant-Colonel V. N. Lockett, back.

CAVALIERS.—Colonel T. P. Melvill, No. 1; G. E. Prior-Palmer, No. 2; Major E. G. Atkinson, No. 3; and Major R. L. Benson, back.

In other matches the Life Guards "A" team beat the Life Guards "B" team by nine goals to three; and the Bluejackets team (received 10½), for whom Lord Louis Mountbatten played for the first time since his accident, beat the Magpies by 14½ goals to five.

The teams were:—

LIFE GUARDS "A".—Sir Gerard Fuller, No. 1; T. A. Fairhurst, No. 2; F. E. B. Wignall, No. 3; and G. W. Pennington, back.

LIFE GUARDS "B".—A. H. Head, No. 1; Captain E. O. Crosfield, No. 2; Captain A. H. Ferguson, No. 3; and Lieutenant-Colonel L. H. Hardy, back.

BLUEJACKETS.—Lieutenant-Commander C. R. W. Gardiner, No. 1; Lieutenant E. G. Heywood-Lonsdale, No. 2; Lieutenant-Commander Lord Louis Mountbatten, No. 3; and Lieutenant-Commander C. L. Lambe, back.

MAGPIES.—J. St. M. Ramsden, No. 1; Captain D. J. E. Norton, No. 2; Major G. Heseltine, No. 3; and Major A. C. Gordon-Smythe back.

ROEHAMPTON

The Young Cup tournament, for teams totalling in handicap not more than 15 points, was begun yesterday at Roehampton. In the opening tie the Rebels team (received 4½), beat the Merchiston team by the fraction of their start, or 7½ goals to seven.

The teams were:—

REBELS.—D. Kennedy, No. 1; A. Brunner, No. 2; Major S. S. Lee, No. 3; and Major R. H. A. D. Love, back.

MERCHISTON.—G. Madlener, No. 1; W. Balding, No. 2; P. W. Dollar, No. 3; and F. Rich, back.

RUGBY

The first tie in the Shaw Challenge Cup was played at Spring Hill, Rugby, yesterday between Lord Glenapp's Cawston and Captain Shaw's Whilton Lodge. Cawston conceded a goal on handicap, but played below their usual form, and Whilton Lodge, who showed good combination all through, quickly increased the lead, and in the end won easily by six goals to three. The ground was in good condition, and play was fast. The teams were:—

CAWSTON.—C. T. Aldridge, No. 1; Lord Glenapp, No. 2; H. Drage, No. 3; and Captain C. M. Barton, back.

WHILTON LODGE.—H. Freeborn, No. 1; R. Over, No. 2; J. Drage, No. 3; and Captain G. R. Shaw, back.

TEMPLETON

Two matches were played on the Templeton ground yesterday, both being first-round ties in the Young Cup Tournament. The Fonthill team (received ½) beat the Rovers by 8½ goals to six, and the Chinchillas (received 2½) beat the Flamingoes team by 7½ goals to four.

The teams were:—

FONTHILL.—Lieutenant-Colonel G. B. C. Rees-Mogg, No. 1; W. H. Whitbread, No. 2; J. G. Morrison, No. 3; and Major K. G. Menzies, back.

ROVERS.—Captain A. J. R. Munro, No. 1; Lieutenant-Colonel L. Carr, No. 2; H. G. N. Larden, No. 3; and Major E. H. Pease-Watkin, back.

CHINCHILLAS.—Major E. J. L. Speed, No. 1; Sir Ian Walker, No. 2; Lord Cromwell, No. 3; and Major S. C. Deed, back.

FLAMINGOES.—A. David, No. 1; Captain P. J. Butler, No. 2; Major P. Magor, No. 3; and Major H. E. Lyons, back.

FENCING

THE SERVICES BAYONET CHAMPIONSHIP

A start was made with the last of the inter-Services fencing championships, the bayonet, yesterday at the Royal Tournament, Olympia. As so often occurs at this event, the annexe, under the powerful rays of a Whitsun sun, became almost too hot to be pleasant for those engaged with the heavy weapon and the accompanying padded clothing that is necessary.

The same procedure as with the other weapons was followed, and the early pools were devoted to determining the champions of the Royal Navy, Royal Marines, and Royal Air Force, and reducing the Army competitors to their allotted quota of 12. There were a good many absentees among the representatives of the first three Services, and a single pool only was necessary to determine the title. Petty Officer Irving won the Navy championship, unbeaten in a pool of four, and Marine Curtis that of the Marines, undefeated in a pool of three. There was a closer struggle for the R.A.F. title, which, in a pool of eight, was won by Flying-Officer D. F. W. Atcherley with one defeat only, three other fencers, Aircraftman Moller, Leading-Aircraftman Morris, and Corporal Stevens sharing second place with two defeats each.

The preliminary pools were over so early, bouts with the bayonet being decided by the best of five hits instead of the best of seven as in the case with the foil and sabre, that it was arranged to fight off the preliminary pools of the inter-Services Championship in the morning also. By these the survivors were reduced to 16 who will take part in the semi-final and final pools this morning. They include eight Army fencers out of the quota of 12, S.M.I. Parsons, Captain G. W. R. Templer, Sergeant Carter, Guardsman Morrow, Bugler Williams, Corporal Stewart, C.S.M.I. Gelder, and Sergeant Kent; three from the Navy out of a quota of eight, A.B. Parsons, A.B. Berry, and Petty Officer Irving; two from the R.A.F. out of a quota of eight, Aircraftman Moller and Leading Aircraftman Reed; and three out of a quota of four from the Royal Marines, Colour-Sergeant Miller, Marine Barker, and Marine Curtis.

The fact that S.M.I. Parsons still survives is of exceptional interest, for if he should win this event, he will just secure the Championship at Arms (dismounted) of the Services. He must, however, win outright. If he gets second place, S.M.I. Wyatt will just head him by two points.

THE SAVAGE SHIELD

The annual inter-club competition for the Savage Shield, perhaps the most prized trophy of British *épée* fencing, will be held on Friday and Saturday next in the gardens of Lincoln's Inn. Twenty teams have entered this year, and four matches in the first round will be fought on Friday at 6 p.m. These are (A) Cercle Anglo-Française v. Westminster School, (B) London Fencing Club v. Ebury F.C., (C) Royal Automobile Club v. Imperial College F.C., and a specially important one (D) Lensbury F.C. (the holders of the trophy) v. Salle Bertrand.

In the second round, which will be begun on Saturday at 3 p.m., the winner of (A) will meet the winer of (B), and the winner of (C) the winner of (D). Other matches in the second round are London University v. Sabre Club, Oxford University F.C. v. Stowe School, Inns of Court S. of A. v. Polytechnic F.C., Grosvenor F.C. v. Royal Engineers, Sussex Sword Club v. Salle Tassart-Parkins, and Tom Hughes F.C. v. Ashley Green F.C. The third round matches are set for decision at 4.30 p.m., the semi-finals at 5.15 p.m., and the final at 6 p.m.

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LAWN TENNIS

GREAT BRITAIN BEATEN

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

EASTBOURNE, JUNE 9

Great Britain was eliminated in the Davis Cup competition here to-day, when H. O. Hopman, beating H. G. N. Lee by 6—3, 4—6, 7—9, 6—2, 6—4, gave Australia the third of the matches necessary for the rubber. It was not the spirited finish that the score of this match of five sets would seem to indicate. Both players were almost completely unnerved by the ordeal, which certainly was trying, and they only rose superior to their feelings in the height of the struggle, though they wavered in every crisis. Lee did not play as he did in his steady progress through the trial match and at the Hard Court Championships, but he played more as he did two seasons ago, with a formidable forehand drive and little else to supplement it. Neither did Hopman play as when he beat J. C. Gregory on the courts here last Friday in three sets, for he did not show good judgment in the first three sets.

The play was bright and the struggle close enough to be exciting, but it was hardly up to the standard of such matches. It consisted mainly of some hard hitting by Lee on the forehand and some clever volleys, drop shots, and some vigorous overhead play by Hopman. All through too many points were lost by unnecessary mistakes. Lee had been reduced to be a player of one stroke. He ran round his backhand too often, and left the forehand court open when his stroke was weak. Opposed to him was a player equipped with fluent strokes of the highest class, and yet, apparently, oblivious of the strategical advantage that was being offered to him. Hopman showed the worst judgment in choosing the ball and stroke on which to advance to the net. He often followed his service, which offered no difficulties to Lee, and met a flat-racket return which flashed past him into a corner of the court. The forehand punches of Lee were delightful, but it was evident that he could only make them when he had just a step or two to run in order to take up his stance and steady himself behind the line of the ball. Lee was playing in such a way that he could not make a stroke of any note unless his feet were firmly planted. Why Hopman, after the interval, adopted definite measures to avoid Lee's hard forehand drive is hard to guess, but a friend may have reminded him of how J. B. Crawford had outwitted the same opponent on Friday.

Once Lee could no longer deal out a series of hard drives the rest of his game was feeble. His backhand was vulnerable, he was harmless overhead, and was much too uncertain on the volley. Hopman slowed the game down and awaited his opponent's errors which continued to come interspersed with occasional winning strokes. Both played badly at the beginning of the final set on which so much depended, but an obvious effort by Hopman to control his nerves succeeded. He went to 5—3, was within a stroke of the next game twice, with Lee serving, but was pulled back to deuce and finally went out on his own service.

J. B. Crawford increased Australia's victory by four matches to one, beating Gregory by 6—2, 7—5, 6—8, 6—3. Both players banged away merrily and the match afforded a pleasant exhibition of no consequence. Australia will meet Italy in the semi-final round, and it seems as though the European Group final may be fought out between Australia and Japan.

The complete results were:—

SINGLES

J. B. Crawford (Australia) beat H. G. N. Lee (3—6, 6—2, 7—5, 6—8, 6—2); beat J. C. Gregory (6—2, 7—5, 6—4, 6—3).

H. O. Hopman (Australia) beat Gregory (8—6, 6—4, 8—7); beat Lee (6—3, 4—6, 7—9, 6—2, 6—4).

DOUBLES

J. B. Crawford and H. O. Hopman (Australia) lost to J. C. Gregory and J. G. Collins (6—8, 8—10, 2—6).

JAPAN BEATS SPAIN

BARCELONA, June 9.—Japan beat Spain to-day in the third round of the Davis Cup tie, T. Harada giving them their third victory by beating Juanico 6—0, 6—3, 6—3. Japan will meet Czechoslovakia in the European Zone semi-final. Japan won the tie by four matches to one, Ohta beating Maier in the final Singles match by 6—1, 6—1, 6—1.—*Reuter.*

OXFORD v. ALL-ENGLAND CLUB

The All-England Club beat Oxford University at Oxford yesterday by seven matches to two.

The results were:—

R. K. Irons and L. A. Rowan (Merton) lost to J. D. P. Wheatley and J. S. Gilbert (1—4, 4—6); lost to S. F. Hepburn and J. W. Nuthall (6—4, 4—6, 4—6); lost to Colonel Dudley and P. T. Stowe (5—7, 2—7).

J. F. G. Lysaght (Christ Church) and Lord Furneaux (Christ Church) beat Hepburn and Nuthall (6—1, 6—3); beat Dudley and Stowe (6—4, 4—6, 3—6); lost to Wheatley and Gilbert (4—6, 3—6).

R. K. Tinker (Balliol) and R. W. Finnigan (Magdalen) lost to Dudley and Stowe (3—6, 3—6); lost to Wheatley and Gilbert (0—6, 6—4, 1—6); lost to Hepburn and Nuthall (4—6, 4—6).

KENT CHAMPIONSHIPS

The Kent Championship Meeting was begun at Beckenham yesterday. F. J. Perry beat H. L. Soni, of the Indian Davis Cup team, by 6—4, 6—0 in the first round of the Singles, in which Madan Mohan, another member of the side, gained an easy victory over Captain W. C. Price. R. Miki, the Japanese player, beat J. E. Rodocanachi with the loss of five games. Miss O. L. Webb did well to beat Miss G. R. Sterry in the first round of the Women's Singles by 6—1, 1—6, 8—6. Miss J. Sandison beat Miss J. Morley by 6—2, 6—4, and among the other winners in this event were Miss B. Feltham, Mrs. L. G. Owen, Mrs. Lycett, and Miss E. R. Clarke.

The results were:—

SINGLES.—FIRST ROUND.—Madan Mohan beat Captain W. C. Price (6—2, 6—2); F. J. Perry beat H. L. Soni (6—4, 6—0); R. Miki beat J. E. Rodocanachi (6—2, 6—3).

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—FIRST ROUND.—Miss G. N. Thompson beat Mrs. Crawshay Williams (6—2, 8—6); Miss J. Sandison beat Miss J. Morley (6—2, 6—4); Miss O. L. Webb beat Miss G. E. Sterry (6—1, 1—6, 8—6); Mrs. M. B. Reckitt beat Miss G. E. Tomblin (8—6, 6—1); Miss B. Feltham beat Miss C. Tyrrell (6—0, 6—2); Mrs. L. G. Owen beat Mrs. M. Stoop (6—2, 6—2); Miss M. Elton beat Mrs. L. A. McKenna (6—3, 6—8, 6—2); Mrs. R. Lycett beat Miss I. A. Maltby (6—1, 6—1); Miss H. M. Brooke beat Mrs. C. W. Godfrey (6—1, 6—2); Miss E. R. Clarke beat Mrs. I. D. Brunwell (6—2, 6—2).

ESSEX CHAMPIONSHIPS

J. H. Shales, M. W. Whitmore, D. Leahong, of Jamaica, and G. S. Best were among the successful competitors in the Singles in the Essex Championships, which were begun at Westcliff-on-Sea yesterday. In the Women's Singles Miss J. Marshall won two love sets against Miss E. M. Church, and Mrs. P. Wilkin beat Miss K. Bliss by 7—5, 8—6.

The results were:—

SINGLES.—FIRST ROUND.—V. H. Mitchell beat H. D. Rankin (6—2, 4—6, 9—7); J. H. Shales beat S. J. Rowland (7—5, 6—2). SECOND ROUND.—H. B. Moss beat R. H. Jones (6—2, 6—1); R. V. Fontes beat J. W. Gilbert (7—5, 6—2); G. S. Best beat P. M. Roney (6—2, 6—2); D. Leahong beat L. G. Pickett (6—2, 6—1); M. W. Whitmore beat E. A. W. Jones (6—4, 6—1); F. M. Inwood beat J. B. M. Lightbody (6—1, 6—2); R. S. Moss beat C. O. F. Lister (6—4, 8—6); K. A. Ambler beat P. Roney (6—3, 8—6).

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—SECOND ROUND.—Miss J. Marshall beat Miss E. M. Church (6—0, 8—0); Miss L. Wilkinson beat Miss S. M. Spelling (6—1, 6—4); Mrs. P. Wilkin beat Miss K. Bliss (7—5, 8—6).

THE BELGIAN CHAMPIONSHIPS

BRUSSELS, June 9.—The final of the Belgian Championships here to-day produced a great match in which Borotra beat Cochet after five sets of some of the most brilliant tennis ever seen in Brussels.

The results were:—

SINGLES.—FINAL.—J. Borotra (France) beat H. Cochet (France) (4—6, 6—3, 6—4, 4—6, 8—6).

MIXED DOUBLES.—FINAL.—J. Borotra (France) and Mlle. J. Sigart (Belgium) beat E. C. Peters and Miss J. Ridley (6—0, 6—4).—*Reuter.*

PRIORY TOURNAMENT

The Priory (Birmingham) tournament was continued yesterday, when the results were:—

SINGLES.—SECOND ROUND.—O. Wright beat J. E. Lawley (6—4, 6—2); R. Morton beat G. A. Wright (6—4, 6—2); H. W. Standring beat E. E. Whitehouse (6—2, 6—3); D. M. Greig beat H. M. Winstanley (6—2, 10—8); J. S. Harrison beat D. W. Butler (7—5, 7—5); J. E. Mayell beat K. G. Collins (6—1, 8—6); E. J. Slater beat F. C. L. Burges (6—3, 6—0); J. L. Chamberlain beat T. H. Langshan (6—2, 6—2); H. S. Burrows beat H. V. Mander (6—4, 7—5); C. H. Pearse beat F. M. Slater (2—6, 6—2, 6—4). THIRD ROUND.—Greig beat Harrison (6—4, 9—7); Chamberlain beat J. Pennycuick (6—1, 5—7, 6—4); Burrows beat Pearse (6—0, 6—1); I. B. Jenkins beat P. D. Owens (6—2, 6—0).

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—FIRST ROUND.—Miss P. James beat Miss K. B. Clayton (6—1, 6—1); Miss L. Johnstone beat Miss P. Bird (6—2, 6—1); Mrs. C. G. McIlquham beat Miss M. Wynne (7—5, 6—2); Miss G. Vaughton beat Miss E. A. Bolton (6—0, 6—0); Miss M. Heeley beat Miss K. Smith (4—6, 6—2, 6—4). SECOND ROUND.—Miss M. E. Dix beat Miss Coop (6—4, 6—1); Miss L. Johnstone beat Mrs. H. A. Page (6—3, 10—8); Mrs. McIlquham beat Miss M. Johnstone (6—1, 4—6, 6—3); Miss Heeley beat Miss E. Nowill (6—3, 6—1).

BERLIN, June 9.—W. T. Tilden won the Berlin Championship at the Red-White Club when he beat Dr. Prenn, the German Davis Cup player, 7—5, 8—6, 1—6, 7—5. Fräulein Aussem won the Women's Singles Championship.—*Reuter.*

YACHTING

SHAMROCK'S GOOD VICTORY

(FROM OUR YACHTING CORRESPONDENT)

Yesterday's race for the big cutter class, the last of the special events arranged to be sailed on the Solent for Sir Thomas Lipton's new America's Cup challenger, Shamrock V., was under the burgee of the Royal Yacht Squadron. Sir Walter Preston offered the prizes for the over 21-metre class and Sir Ralph Gore and Lord Forster those for the 12-metre and eight-metre classes, the club being responsible for those for the six-metre class, which also found a place on the programme.

The breeze was light and rather fluky in direction in the morning, but in the afternoon it blew steadily from the westward, and although it took the big boats over 4½ hours to sail the first round, they were sent round a second time. This was done with a view to giving Shamrock V., who had had a good lead, a thorough trial on a peg to windward. She came out of this well, leading Britannia home by a handsome margin. Her record is now eight firsts, a second, and twice unplaced.

MATCH FOR YACHTS OVER 21 METRES RATING.—First prize, £30. Second prize, £20. Entries:—

YACHT	RIG	OWNER
Britannia	Cutter	H. M. The King
Shamrock V.	Bermudian	Sir Thomas Lipton
White Heather	Cutter	Lord Waring
Cambria	Bermudian	Lord Camrose
Lulworth	Cutter	A. A. Paton
Candida	Bermudian	H. A. Andrese

Over the course of 40 sea miles, being twice round the Solent Bank, North-East Middle and South-East Middle Buoys, Shamrock V., Lulworth, Britannia, and White Heather were called upon to allow Cambria 4min. and Candida 5min. 40sec.

The tide was running to the eastward with a light easterly breeze blowing when they were given the gun at 10 o'clock. Candida, who was 10sec. late, Cambria 30sec., and Lulworth 48sec., made the best-judged starts, White Heather, who was fourth away, being 1min. 48sec., Shamrock 2min. 32sec., and Britannia 3min. 12sec. after the gun.

Spinnakers were carried to port for a short spell, but, the breeze coming out of the west, they were soon beating down to the Solent Bramble Buoy. On this turn to windward Shamrock worked out a nice little lead, as will be seen by the following approximate times of rounding the mark:—

	H.	M.	S.		H.	M.	S.
Shamrock V. ..	11	13	49	Candida ..	11	17	2
White Heather ..	11	16	4	Lulworth ..	11	18	30
Cambria	11	16	41	Britannia ..	11	19	19

On the run back with spinnakers to starboard White Heather passed Shamrock V. just below the Squadron Castle, and, going through the line to the eastward, she was 53sec. ahead of Shamrock V., 1min. 25sec. of Cambria, 1min. 58sec. of Lulworth, 2min. 17sec. of Candida, and 2min. 45sec. of Britannia.

The breeze now came rather fluky and there were a number of changes in the positions of the boats, which rounded the South East Middle buoy in the following order:—Candida, Britannia, Shamrock V., and Cambria together, White Heather, and Lulworth. With a fair westerly breeze they beat back against the east running tide to finish the round. Shamrock V. and Britannia benefited by working into Osborne Bay, and as they went through the line at the end of the circuit the official times were:—

	H.	M.	S.		H.	M.	S.
Shamrock V. ..	2	23	18	Candida ..	2	46	20
Britannia	2	24	25	White Heather ..	2	47	42
Cambria	2	25	3	Lulworth ..	3	0	11

They beat down to the Solent Bank buoy for the second time round with the last of the west running tide and had a favourable tide for the run back to the eastward, finishing with a close haul home from the South East Middle buoy to the line. Shamrock V. kept opening away and won easily from Cambria, which saved her time on Britannia for second prize. The official times for the race were:—

	FINISH			CORRECTED		
	H.	M.	S.	H.	M.	S.
Shamrock V. (winner) ..	4	48	30	4	48	30
Britannia	4	54	15	4	54	15
Cambria (2nd prize) ..	4	56	23	4	50	43
Candida	4	56	22	4	56	42
White Heather	5	8	9	5	10	36
Lulworth	5	16	36	5	16	36

MATCH FOR YACHTS OF THE 12-METRE CLASS. First prize, £20; second prize, £10. Entries:—

YACHT	RIG	OWNER
Iris	Bermudian	B. S. Guinness
Rhona	Bermudian	Earl of Essex
Tyruna	Bermudian	Sir W. F. Burton
Mouette	Bermudian	T. O. M. Sopwith
Flica	Bermudian	C. R. Fairey
Lucilla	Bermudian	J. L. Lewis

They were sent off at 10.15 a.m., being set to sail on a course of 26 sea miles, being twice round the East Lepe, Calshot Float, and South East Middle buoys. All were rather shy of the line, Lucilla was first away 35sec. ahead of Tyruna, 1min. 30sec. of Flica, 2min. 10sec. ahead of Mouette, 2min. 40sec. of Rhona, and 3min. 1sec. of Iris. At the East Lepe Lucilla had a useful lead from Tyruna and Iris, which were in close company followed by Mouette, Rhona, and Flica. When the breeze went fluky Iris was leading boat, but was badly served and gave up. The others completed the race, which was finished on the first round, the official times being:—

	H.	M.	S.		H.	M.	S.
Mouette (winner) ..	2	56	3	Lucilla	2	58	0
Tyruna (2nd prize) ..	2	56	41	Rhona	3	4	36
Flica	2	57	12				

The other winners were:—

INTERNATIONAL 8-METRE CLASS

	H.	M.	S.
Nona (winner), Lord Forster ..	2	24	15
Suzette II. (2nd prize), Colonel E. T. Peel ..	2	27	5
June (3rd prize), Sir Howard Frank ..	2	27	50

INTERNATIONAL 6-METRE CLASS

	H.	M.	S.
Priscilla (winner), Mr. S. Russell Cooke ..	2	34	25
Felma (2nd prize), Mr. F. A. Richards ..	2	37	25

BOWLS

AUSTRALIANS BEAT WILTSHIRE

Another successful match was played yesterday by the Australians, in brilliant weather and on a fine green, when they met and beat Wiltshire at Salisbury by 124 to 104. The results were:—

AUSTRALIANS		WILTSHIRE	
A. V. Alley (Victoria)	14	E. J. Case (Salisbury) ..	15
B. T. Curran (Queensland)	24	A. E. Smith (Swindon Westlecott)	10
R. Donald (New South Wales) ..	22	H. E. Parker (Swindon)	20
H. S. Chambers (Victoria)	24	C. McDonald (Trowbridge Westbourne)	21
W. Marsh (Victoria) ..	13	W. H. Smith (Wilton) ..	26
G. S. Gay (Victoria) ..	27	Newton Heath (Chippenham Pk.)	12
Total ..	124	Total ..	104

EASTBOURNE TOURNAMENT

The seventh annual open tournament was begun on the Redoubt, Cavendish and Saffrons Greens at Eastbourne yesterday. There were some surprising results in the opening heats, such as the defeats of S. Jones (Croydon), D. J. Fisher (Belmont), H. H. Cowlishaw (Wallington, winner 1927), A. W. Cranford (Alford), and W. Bullett (Temple).

In their second match of the Whitsun tour in the West Essex yesterday played Monmouthshire at Lovell's Club, Newport, and were well beaten, Monmouthshire winning by 140 to 87.

AMERICAN BASEBALL RESULTS

NEW YORK, June 9.—The results of the baseball matches yesterday were:—

NATIONAL LEAGUE.—New York 4, St. Louis 1; Brooklyn 6, Chicago 0; Boston 10, Pittsburg 6; Cincinnati 5, Philadelphia 4; Cincinnati 2, Philadelphia 6 (second game).

AMERICAN LEAGUE.—St. Louis 5, New York 4; Detroit 1, Boston 0; Chicago 3, Philadelphia 6; Cleveland 3, Washington 2.—*Reuter.*

CALCUTTA SWEEP

CALCUTTA, June 9.—The following are further numbers drawn in the Calcutta Turf Club's Derby Sweepstake, bringing the total of horses to 73 of a total of 95 entries after the first forfeit, including The Field:—

BANCHOR ..	B 1663	BQ 1435	GH 7820
EYES FRONT ..	JM 6820	O 3729	KL 6199
ETHICS ..	GJ 8469	GO 1943	GV 8227
STRONGBOW ..	GT 89	GE 9443	ZZ 4260
ALLAGASH ..	JK 5702	HO 6596	N 7992
SECRET PAPER ..	A 3450	IU 6523	HI 946
TETRAPODOS ..	P 936	HP 9476	IX 5591
DIOCLETIAN ..	KA 4097	GO 9503	YY 5392
BEAU PERE ..	HX 8526	IK 4821	GZ 3858
REDESWOOD ..	JU 9764	HG 174	JU 8762
KEMMEL ..	KL 7341	II 4219	BB 165
ROBIN-A-BOBBIN ..	JY 766	IZ 7041	AY 395
HAVERHOLME ..	IS 964	HS 586	IK 6037
FOXHILL ..	HN 2934	V 298	HX 9040
THE FIELD ..	N 451	HH 5548	GN 6287

—*Reuter.*

SPORTING ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY

RACING.—Hurst Park, 2; Wolverhampton, 1.45; Redcar, 1.30.

CRICKET.—See Fixture List.

LAWN TENNIS.—Beckenham, Westcliff-on-Sea, and Birmingham tournaments.

CROQUET.—The Championships, Roehampton.

POLO.—At HURLINGHAM.—Life Guards v. Grasshoppers, 3.0; Worcester Park, Hurricanes A v. Hurricanes B, 3.0; Hurlingham v. Worcester Park, 4.30. At RANELAGH.—Open Cup.—Goulburn v. Knaves, 5.0; Ranelagh v. Wanderers, 3.0. At ROEHAMPTON.—Young Cup.—Roehampton A v. Gatecrashers, 3.0; Coverwood v. Dolphins, 5.0. At TEMPLETON.—Life Guards v. Roehampton B, 4.45.

MOTOR RACING

WHIT MONDAY MEETING AT BROOKLANDS

The Whit Monday meeting of the Brooklands Automobile Racing Club was fortunate in its weather, in the attendance of the general public, and in the upsetting of certain track records. Mr. Kaye Don, who had little fortune in the United States when wind, weather, and machine combined to upset his attempts on the world's speed record for the kilometre and the mile, returned to his old form at Brooklands. In the second race of the day he started at scratch in a supercharged Sunbeam of which only one gear, the top, was in use. He lost the race, but during its course he succeeded in equalling the lap record speed set up recently by Captain Birkin, 135.33 m.p.h. In the seventh race, the Devon Lightning Long Handicap, he succeeded in breaking the lap record. At one stage of the race he covered a lap at an average speed of 137.58 miles an hour, a speed which must approach the safety limit of the track.

The stewards showed greater sternness at this meeting than at any previous meeting. In the first race one car was eliminated because its steering gear was considered to be unsafe. After the second race one driver was banned for the entire meeting because his method of driving had not been approved of by the stewards. He had, it is understood, balked another driver during some miles of the race, and it is proper that such action should have been taken without complaint from the driver who had been embarrassed. There were other cases during the meeting of cars being eliminated because of mechanical defects which might cause accident to others. This recent strictness is proper, but there is possibility that it may be overdone. Racing at Brooklands has never been unduly dangerous.

The second race of the day, the Devon Lightning Short Handicap, was won by Mr. J. Cobb (10,680 c.c. Delage) at a speed of 116 m.p.h. This was the first occasion on which Cobb had driven during the year and since his operation for appendicitis. It was a popular victory, and it came in the last 200 yards after he had been balked for over a lap by another driver. Both the Mountain Handicaps held excitement. The first was well lost by S. C. H. Davies (Riley), who, in spite of brilliant driving, was unable to catch Mr. Rogers's Bugatti, which had the advantage both of speed and handicap. Mr. Rogers won by 300 yards. The second Mountain Handicap was won by Captain Malcolm Campbell (7,020 c.c. supercharged Mercedes), at a speed of 64.8 m.p.h. The second car was a Frazer Nash, driven by Mr. H. J. Aldington, a car of 1,496 c.c., which was at scratch, 13sec. behind the big Mercedes.

The results were:—

DEVON JUNIOR SHORT HANDICAP (6½ miles); 14 started.—J. F. Field (1495 Talbot) (30sec.), 1; E. Martin (1083 Riley) (1min. 10sec.), 2; A. S. Llewellyn (1496 Lea Francis) (48sec.), 3. Won by 120 yards; the same distance between second and third. Speed, 99.6 m.p.h.

DEVON LIGHTNING SHORT HANDICAP (6½ miles); six started.—J. R. Cobb (driving K. J. Thomson's 10886 Delage) (10sec.), 1; E. L. Bouts (1988 Sunbeam) (32sec.), 2; J. Dunfee (1988 Sunbeam) (21sec.), 3. Won by 12 yards; 120 yards between second and third. Speed, 116.88 m.p.h.

MOUNTAIN RACING HANDICAP (12 miles); 10 laps of the "Mountain" course; six started.—P. B. Rogers (1496 Bugatti) (1min. 10sec.), 1; S. C. H. Davis (driving V. Riley's 1083 Riley) (1min.), 2; G. E. T. Eyston (driving R. J. Stewart's 1752 Alfa Romeo) (45sec.), 3. Won by 250 yards; one-third of a mile between second and third. Speed, 63.8 m.p.h.

DEVON SENIOR SHORT HANDICAP (6½ miles); four starters.—Prince Ali Yusef of Wales Gold Plate; 12 started.—D. Froy (8297 Rainald-Thomas) (21sec.), 1; J. F. Field (1495 Talbot) (28sec.),

Letters to the Editor

THE BATH ROAD IN WILTSHIRE

AN ALTERNATIVE TO WIDENING

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The widening of the Bath Road through Wiltshire forms part of the "Trunk Roads Reconstruction Programme" of the Ministry of Transport, described (with map) in the Roads Report for 1924-25.

The alternative to widening is to build entirely new roads. From a national point of view, there is much to be said in favour of leaving more or less alone the existing roads with their established frontages, their picturesque features, their avenues of trees and lines of hedges, and building new roads through undeveloped country where agricultural land can be bought for £100 an acre or less, and where the recoupment in a few years would repay the cost of building.

If your readers consult a map of England, they will see that between the London-Bath Road and the London-Gloucester Road (which roads have existed from time immemorial) no new arterial east and west road has been provided, and the country is in the main agricultural and undeveloped. (It is about 30 miles as the crow flies over Wiltshire and Gloucestershire between these two roads.)

The alternative to widening the Bath Road is to continue the unfinished Western Avenue westward to South Wales. A new road could be built at a comparatively small cost to embody all our acquired town planning experience, to preserve and develop amenities and to provide sites for model villages. In addition to all these things, it would give the capital cities of London and Cardiff that for which they have waited through the centuries—a direct road cutting out the detour by Gloucester. Along this road the population surplus to the requirements of the South Wales mining industry could flow to find new homes and to develop industries along the pleasant but thinly populated countryside.

But local authorities are not organized for planning and financing a road of this character, including a bridge over the Severn. Successive Governments have neglected to exercise the powers conferred on them by Parliament in 1909 to build and maintain new roads themselves. The present methods of dealing with the problems of roads and road transport are far from satisfactory, as your correspondence columns so frequently bear witness. The Government shortly will be invited to reconsider the position and to put into operation these dormant powers with such modifications as the experiences of the past 20 years suggest.

I am, &c.,
W. REES JEFFREYS.

The Roads Improvement Association, 180, Clapham-road, S.W.9, June 9.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Critics of the Bath-London road improvement works have overlooked the one ground upon which the Wilts County Council, or a considerable number of us, accepted the request of the Government to take that work in hand at the present time. Is public sympathy to take a practical form or not; and, if practical, whose advice are we to accept? The advice of a responsible Government Department recommended for adoption by the Roads and Bridges Committee of the council and their surveyor, or that of well-meaning but not responsible critics? We were informed that all trunk roads were scheduled for improvement in order to cope with increasing road traffic, that the Wilts section of this road would have to be taken in hand later on, and the offer was to put the work in hand now, the council contributing only 20 per cent.-25 per cent. of the cost (instead of some 50 per cent. at a later date), and by so doing assisting to relieve unemployment.

It was not the "bribe," but the unemployment argument, that led me and others, albeit with much regret, to accept the recommendation which came before the council in August, 1929. Yours truly,

A. H. HARRIS.

Bradford-on-Avon, June 7.

IS the Drinking of Foreign Table Waters a Snobbish Vogue?

Ever since the days of Pitt and Fox and "two bottle men" it has been the fashion to take the waters.

But why go abroad? British spa waters do more good at less cost.

Malvern Water, flowing from the rocks, is really a beautiful water—clear as a crystal—and it is undoubtedly the purest natural spring water known.

SIR HENRY THOMPSON, the eminent surgeon, in his treatise on "Food and Feeding," said: *"For those who can afford to buy bottled waters, no purer exists in any natural source than that of our own* MALVERN SPRINGS. *Certainly it is wholly unnecessary to import waters for the use of the table from foreign sources. No foreign waters of any kind whatsoever are so pure or so cheap."*

Write for the book of the Malvern Springs.

MALVERN WATER

Obtainable at all leading hotels, stores, wine merchants, chemists or head office, 1 Connaught Place, W. 2.

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Glorious Cliff and Inland Scenery. Wooded Walks. Bathing. Tennis, Golf, etc. Through L. & S. E. Expresses from North and Midlands. OFFICIAL GUIDE FROM ASSISTANT CLERK TO COUNCIL, DEPT. S. Less than 3½ hours from WATERLOO (S.R.) Through Expresses. Tourist (30/-). Period and Week-end Tickets (26/- return).

MEDIEVAL ENGLISH ART

EXHIBITION AT SOUTH KENSINGTON

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—During the Italian Exhibition it required much patience and perseverance to see the pictures at Burlington House, in consequence of the crowds. To-day (and let us hope until the middle of September) there is an exhibition of English Medieval Art at the Victoria and Albert Museum, South Kensington. Four times I have been, and each time could count the visitors on the fingers of my hands. Yet in the North Court of the Museum we have an exhibition of infinitely more far-reaching educational value than could be claimed for the Italian collection, beautiful as it was. In Kensington there are many more crafts represented than there were at Burlington House, where the educationists sent their teeming caravans of students almost daily.

Surely it is of the utmost importance that the young should not be left in the belief that painting, sculpture, and architecture are the alpha and omega of the arts. The art of life must embrace poetry, music, and manners as warmly as all the rest. Here in the North Court of the Museum you may see, and, what is far more important, feel, the atmosphere of the time when spiritual culture went hand in hand with executional skill. Their sweet manners and earnestness are a sad contrast to those of our own time. Compare our illustrated papers with their embroideries and illuminations, and you will be bound to feel that their labours were labours of love and never the outcome of slavish obedience to fashion or commercial demands. All the workers seem to have delighted in their work and regarded it as manual devotion.

You, Sir, are needed still to continue to help to draw the attention of the educationists to the unique value of such an exhibition. The persons responsible for the hanging and general arrangement of the North Court deserve our grateful thanks and congratulations. Its general effect as you enter is restful and dignified; you are not in any way alarmed by the vast quantity and immense variety of the exhibits. The delightful effect of the frieze of cartoons for memorial brasses has deservedly already received praise in your paper.

Obediently yours,
C. F. ANNESLEY VOYSEY.

Arts Club, June 8.

THE CHURCH IN TANGANYIKA

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The British Mandated Territory of Tanganyika presents unique opportunities for Empire development in fulfilment of the condition laid down in the Mandate that the Mandatory "shall undertake to promote to the utmost the material and moral well-being and the social progress of its inhabitants."

The new diocese of Central Tanganyika created in 1927 is seeking to cooperate with the Government in the realization of this fundamental clause. The Church in Australia has responded to the call of Empire, and 30 Australians, supported by Australian money, have joined the English men and women working there. The late Archbishop Lord Davidson said: "It has been a real encouragement to our sense of fellowship throughout the Anglican Communion that . . . Australia is sharing our grave responsibilities for the Christianization of East Africa and for the Church life therein in years to come."

In education, "equipment for life in the country" is our aim. The Government has incorporated the report of one of our schools in one of its own reports to the League of Nations as showing how fully the need of the African is being met and how suited to his condition is the type of education which he is receiving. Christian schools of this kind are the great hope of Africa. Tanganyika needs many more.

The uplift of the African involves not only education but medical work on a large scale. Child mortality in Tanganyika is 80 per cent. Two doctors and 10 nurses on the diocesan staff last year treated 100,000 sick, saving the lives of very many mothers and children. The tragedy to-day is that medical supplies for their work are exhausted and there are no available funds for more. At two leper settlements the Church is doing her part to stamp out leprosy from this corner of the British Empire.

Further, though the diocese is nearly five times the size of England and Wales, there is not an Anglican church for Europeans anywhere. I am anxious to build 10 churches as strategic centres for the officials who are guiding and controlling the native authorities and the destiny of the whole people and also for planters, miners, and commercial men who are developing the resources of the country.

Sir Horace Byatt, K.C.M.G., the former Governor of Tanganyika, stated: "The Empire follows its sons with protection of life and property. It is just as imperative to follow them with protection of the soul." Twenty thousand pounds are needed at once to enable us to continue to cooperate with the Government in this educational and medical work, as well as to build the 10 churches for Europeans, which will include a stone Cathedral at Dodoma. British honour demands that we shall do our "utmost."

Yours hopefully,
G. A. CENTRAL TANGANYIKA:

Gifts marked "Central Tanganyika Diocesan Fund" may be sent to the Bishop of Central Tanganyika, 76, Onslow-gardens, S.W.7, or to Barclay's Bank, 108, Queen's-gate, S.W.7.

R.S.P.C.A. ACCOUNTS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Mr. Coleridge is mistaken. I have overlooked nothing. Expenditure is one thing, income is another; and it was with income that Mr. Coleridge's first letter dealt.

Whether the item of Rhine soldiers' dogs should have been recorded as a loss instead of as a credit is a question for the society's accountant. As a matter of fact, it appears as a credit.

It is not the fact that the item "Costs prosecution recovered £1,102" appears in the income account 1928. On the contrary, it appears on the expenditure side as a deduction from the costs of prosecution. In 1929 it is transferred from the expenditure side and appears on the income side. Had it been so treated in 1928 the society's income would have been increased by that amount.

Mr. Coleridge seems unable to understand the difference between income and expenditure. The amount paid for motor-cars on the expenditure side has nothing to do with the fact that an item, "Sales of motor-cars, cycles, &c.," appears in the income account of 1929, whereas no such item appeared in 1928. The increase in the society's income for 1929 is accounted for by various items, including sales of motor-cars and cycles, appearing for the first time as a credit. The income from subscriptions, donations, &c., shows a decrease. Receipts from costs of prosecutions allowed, sales of motor-cars, rent deduction receipts, &c., which account for the increase of the society's income in 1929, cannot be put down to a desire to prohibit stag-hunting.

I am yours faithfully,
BANBURY OF SOUTHAM.

Warneford Place, Highworth, Wilts, June 5.

THE BATTLE OF LEIPZIG

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Will you allow me to thank Lieutenant-Colonel Ogilby for his quotation. The reference to Sir Robert Wilson gives me just the clue I wanted, so that I may amend my reading of the Pay Lists of the 20th Light Dragoons. During 1812 there were entered therein Corporal T. Clark and four privates as being "on especial service with Brigadier-General Sir Robert Wilson," besides his soldier servant, Allen. But by July, 1813, he had only three of these with him, who were in effect his orderlies at Leipzig. His mission to the armies of Russia and Austria was intended to be a diplomatic one, similar to Sir Charles Stuart's, and he held no military command. But he chose to become a free lance, and joined in every action he could find, so that his diary is quite good reading. Yet his three trusty dragoons, Clark, Allen, and Mathews, would hardly have considered themselves a representative British unit, and your correspondent who wrote from Leipzig, Mr. G. B. Beak, was to all intents and purposes accurate in saying that the "Rocket Battery (then called 'Brigade') were the only English troops who took part in the battle," and they alone are to-day entitled to the battle honour. He, however, overlooked the fact that during October they were included in the Army of the Crown Prince of Sweden.

Yours faithfully,
EVAN W. H. FYERS, Major.

Wellington Club, S.W.1, June 5.

COUNTRY SLUMS

A NEW CREATION

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The Housing (No. 2) Bill is directed to the praiseworthy object of clearing the slums, and therefore it seems desirable to call attention to slums now actually in course of erection in rural areas, since it will be of little use to cure old slums if the creation of new ones is allowed to proceed unchecked.

What happens is that a land speculator buys a country estate at little, if any, more than agricultural value, divides it into plots, making no provision for roads other than staking out their lines, and often no provision for necessary public services such as water supply, sewage disposal, &c.; cuts down the trees; and sells the plots to people of little means anxious to get out of cramped town quarters. These people erect dwellings little better than shacks, all they can afford; they lead a miserable existence due to lack of necessary services and impassable tracks where roads ought to be; they clamour for the local authority to make good these deficiencies but have no money to pay their proper share towards them. Many depart in disgust, forfeiting their savings spent on plot and shack; more huts are squeezed in to spread the cost of frontage charges; the type of occupant deteriorates and a new slum has been created in a rural area—a worse slum than that in the town because there is not even the cosiness of close quarters, credit at the shop round the corner, the excitement of city life, or the advantage of easy and cheap access to place of work.

A remedy proposed in the Bills now before Parliament, promoted by the Epsom and Guildford Rural District Councils, is to require the original land speculator either to provide adequate roads before he sells plots, or to deposit with the local authority a sum sufficient to pay for adequate roads when the buildings have been erected.

This power, coupled with control of density and design, by means of town planning schemes, might preserve the countryside and save ignorant persons from embarking on building without consideration of what was involved, but it would not meet the healthy desire of the dweller in slums or cramped town quarters to get a home with more open surroundings. It may help the rural district to keep the poor townsman at arm's length, but it leaves the man turned out of his town slum the choice of life in a new tenement or an urban housing scheme. Many may be satisfied with this choice, but many have shown by their efforts to settle in the Home Counties that they desire a more spacious and self-supporting existence.

The problem is not easy to solve. Frankly, the poor townsman is not welcome in most country districts; he is an expense to the local authority and is looked upon as an untidy intrusion by the suburban or country resident. He is much smaller than the small-holder, and settled in large groups he depresses surrounding values.

A solution must be found, in the interest both of the town dweller who desires space in which to grow things, or is to be turned out of his slum, and of the preservation of the countryside; and it is, I submit, a problem which should be faced by the Government concurrently with their proposals for slum clearance.

I am, &c.,
H. G. GRIFFIN, Secretary.

The Council for the Preservation of Rural England, 17, Great Marlborough-street, W.1.

BANANAS FROM JAMAICA

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—You would be doing the little, loyal, and lovely isle of Jamaica a great service if you would be so good as to contradict statements which have appeared in the British Press to the effect that poisonous snakes are imported into England along with bananas from Jamaica. The only way to convey a true idea of the snake question, so far as Jamaica is concerned, is to say that, although there are a few snakes here, most of which are harmless, people see, know, and fear venomous snakes about as much as English people do in the case of adders or vipers in the English countryside. A London newspaper recently said:—

Snakes and puff adders from South Africa, cobras from Jamaica, the deadly bird-eating spider and tarantula, all menace the lives of those who have to handle this golden fruit from the tropics.

So far as Jamaica is concerned, the lives of those who have to handle bananas are no way jeopardized by any such creatures. I cannot say what danger from living creatures may assail those who have to handle bananas in other tropic countries, but a child could play here, without restriction, in our banana plantations or among bananas stacked for export, without any fear whatsoever relating to things animate.

Jamaica is making a bid for its rightful share of the tourist traffic, the island being visited every year by numerous tourists from Great Britain, Canada, and the U.S.A., all of whom are loud in their praises of the extraordinary scenic beauty of the island and its wonderful climate.

If Britons would concentrate on the idea of Empire economic unity they would obtain their bananas from British sources. There is a "hidden serpent" not only in foreign bananas, but in all other foreign foodstuffs—the wily "serpent" of economic dependence for food supply upon foreigners as well as the more subtle "serpent" of unfair foreign competition, for which the British public eventually pay, whether they can see it or not!

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
PHILIP P. OLLEY, A.C.I.S. (Lond.),
Secretary, Tourist Trade Development Board of Jamaica.

87, Barry-street, Kingston, Jamaica, B.W.I.

A COUNTRY SCHOOL

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Mr. Chuter Ede in his speech on the Education Bill on Friday, May 30, honoured East Horsley School by giving it as an illustration of the difficulty of teaching in country districts. The illustration was most unfortunate, as the statements made were quite inaccurate. I do not know who was responsible for them, as Mr. Ede seems to know something of our parish and its Lovelace coats of arms.

His speech as reported in *The Times* implies that we have only 24 children in the school and that one teacher teaches them all from five to 14 years of age. Our present number is 76, and not for many years has one teacher worked alone. There has always been a second who taught the infants and lower standards, and in January last, owing to the increase during 1929, thanks to the prompt action of the Surrey Education Committee, of which Mr. Chuter Ede should know something as he is vice-chairman, a third teacher was appointed and is working most satisfactorily. I am glad to say there is no difficulty at East Horsley.

I understand loud laughter was raised by reference to our emblazoned cottages and school, but would it not be only fair to the late Earl of Lovelace to mention that, besides placing his coat of arms on the school, he built it and a teacher's residence, and as long as he lived kept the premises in repair, as did his two sons, the second and third Earls, and Mr. T. O. M. Sopwith, C.B.E., who followed him at Horsley Towers? The school does not belong to the Earl of Lovelace now. We had to raise the money to buy the buildings when the estate was sold in order to secure the continuity of the school. There is no record of an influx of a labourer with eight children entailing a new organization of the school—perhaps a supposititious case and a most unlikely one, for there is no accommodation for such a family in the parish.

As an evidence that the children of our village schools do not suffer any serious handicap it may be mentioned that a pupil of East Horsley School a few weeks back, without special preparation, sat for an examination open to all England and was awarded a scholarship for business or Civil Service training tenable for two years at Clark's College.

Yours faithfully,
ROWLAND J. LUBBOCK, Rector of East Horsley and Chairman of the School Managers.

The Rectory, East Horsley, Surrey.

THE THOMAS SPLINT

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In your issue of May 26, in a letter headed "A Surgical Lesson of the War," a mischievous suggestion is made—namely, the application at the roadside, by men trained in first-aid work, of a Thomas splint in cases of compound fracture of the thigh. The splint consists of a padded ring to encircle the hip, with lateral rods to support the limb. In order to adjust it the limb must be raised to allow the ring to reach the hip and be fitted in position. In the case of a compound fracture further displacement would be almost certain, and possibly injury to a main artery and death from haemorrhage. No surgeon would venture to apply such a splint until after an X-ray examination and the setting of the fracture under an anaesthetic, that is, if that form of splint were found most suitable for a fracture with penetration of the skin and laceration of the tissues.

M.D., late Temporary Captain, R.A.M.C., 1915-19.

Points from Letters

THE CHURCH AND DIVORCE

In discussing the statement of an eminent divine that divorce should in future be accorded only to those who have contracted marriage before a registrar, and that those persons who have been married in church should be denied that right, a correspondent suggests that this is another instance of clerical "impracticability." He points out truly that very few persons about to marry intend to be otherwise than permanently faithful to each other, and adds that some of the younger generation feel that they cannot solemnly promise to "be" something for ever. Surely it is obvious that such of the younger generation can only be free from hypocrisy by entering a merely legal contract at a registry office? Holy matrimony is exactly on a par with the religious life. Both are states of life under vows. The monk, when he has tested his vocation by a long novitiate, solemnly takes vows which he knows can never be broken. It is so, or should be, with matrimony. The "vocation" is tested during the engagement, which should obviously be of sufficient length for the purpose, and only then should the vows be taken which both parties know can never be broken in this life.—The REV. A. K. BOSTOCK, 71, Borough-road, Middlesbrough, Yorks.

MATERNAL MORTALITY

In Parliament and out of Parliament the statement is repeated, and apparently accepted as proven, that no explanation can be given why there has been no reduction in maternal mortality in the last 25 years. And yet to a layman the explanation seems obvious—so obvious that he fears it is neither true nor new. Families are decreasing rapidly, the number of families with only one child is increasing even more rapidly. But it is the first birth that is specially dangerous to the mother. It is quite true that the percentage of deaths to births is stationary or minutely worse. But the percentage of first births to births is rising rapidly, and with it we should expect a corresponding rise in the percentage of deaths. The increased danger has been met and cancelled by increased skill and care.—Mr. G. L. BRUCE, Loughton.

INCOME-TAX AND EMPLOYMENT

At a time when the Finance Bill is going through Committee, and the various avenues which have been open in the past for the protection of capital are being blocked, it is perhaps opportune to suggest for consideration, in these troublous times of unemployment, a method of relieving the situation. The proposal is that for every man and woman whom employers can employ (in other words, for every holder of an insurance card) the employer should be able to deduct, say, for a period of five years the annual wages from income-tax and surtax, where not otherwise included in a maintenance return. This would give an enormous impetus to employment, and would be much more economical than subsidizing work as the Government is now doing through relief schemes and other expedients.—SIR HENRY FAIRFAX-LUCY, Charlecote Park, Warwick.

INTEREST ON FRENCH LOANS

Mr. Browne has warped the issue on this matter of investment in French loans by qualifying it as a gambling transaction. Of course, if he gambles in stocks he takes the usual risks.—Mr. EDWIN HAKIM, 7, Boulevard de Cimiez, Nice.

BLACKCAP AND GARDEN WARBLER

The blackcap and garden warbler are both singing in this vicarage garden this spring. I have studied somewhat carefully their songs, and with a certain amount of confidence feel that in future I can identify their notes without the trouble of seeing them sing. It may interest some of your readers if I pass on to them my impressions. The garden warbler's song is a true warble. It is a continuous performance somewhat hurried—notes which remind me a little of running water, altogether a most delightful song. The blackcap's song is a much shorter performance. Gilbert White's description of it is excellent—"a loud wild pipe." It is almost startlingly loud, clear, and almost bell-like. Of the two songs I think I prefer that of the garden warbler.—The REV. R. B. VAIZEY, The Vicarage, Wormingford, Colchester, Essex.

ORANGES IN ENGLAND

Samuel Pepys in 1666 visited Hackney and there in my Lord Brooke's garden first saw oranges grow (and in the absence of any reference to the contrary, apparently grown in the open), "some green, some a quarter, and some full ripe on the same tree. . . . I pulled off a little one by stealth and eat it." There are still some cottages in Hackney that were built (by a grower of pines and oranges) for his labourers engaged upon this fruit cultivation in the seventeenth century in the district. The garden visited by Pepys is still in being, attached to Brooke House, which old courtyard house, of sixteenth-century date, has been scheduled in the fifth volume (just issued) of the Royal Commission on Historical Monuments as "especially worthy of preservation"—Mr. WILLIAM R. POWER, 157, Stamford-hill, N.16.

THE LONDON SQUARES

London is a beautiful city; its parks are a source of health and joy to the millions in their neighbourhood, especially in spring and summer, when the flowering trees are in their glory; and some of the squares and gardens are as beautiful as the parks. But some of the squares present a forsaken and gloomy aspect. The benevolent should see to them. I am best acquainted with the North-West of London, which was in its prime about 75 years ago. Now the squares there need some renovating.—Miss E. A. JACKSON, the University Women's Club, 2, Audley-square, W.1.

LONGER AT SCHOOL

I am grateful to Sir Herbert Maxwell for quoting the dictum of Montesquieu as to the true function of education. Not having access to books of reference at this moment, I cannot compare the actual words used by Montesquieu as the French equivalents of "education" and "instruction." It is permissible to doubt, however, whether the French philosopher had in mind the main purpose of elementary schools in this country, since he would appear to define education as the training and development of the "mental faculties" of the young. A lad may have very highly developed mental faculties in a limited range of subjects and yet be indifferently educated in the sense that he lacks self-respect, self-control, and fails either to comprehend or to perform his duty to his neighbour. I cordially endorse Sir Herbert Maxwell's opinion that far too many and various subjects are now included in elementary education. If the thesis of Montesquieu be sound, namely, that pupils having been trained in a limited range of subjects—say the three Rs—should be ready for specific instruction in such subjects as may serve them in after life, then, given efficient teachers, pupils should be qualified to leave elementary schools at the age of 14.—COLONEL SIR HERBERT BRYAN, Rudham, Limpley Stoke, Bath.

A FLORAL SANCTUARY

Your correspondent Mr. Cyril Harding must pardon me for saying that his wild-flower sanctuary is not the first wild-flower sanctuary in the country. Over three years ago Hawksmoor Nature Reserve and Wild-flower Sanctuary, near Cheadle, Staffordshire, was opened by Lord Grey of Fallodon. Here we are introducing all the indigenous Staffordshire wild flowers and ferns by seed or roots, but not by taking roots from any locality where a wild flower or fern is already rare.—Mr. JOHN R. B. MASEFIELD, Rosehill, Cheadle, Staffordshire.

STEAM TRAINS IN LONDON

The brilliant suggestion in Mr. Alfred Bossom's letter is surely one of the sanest and wisest plans laid before the Government. To electrify all railroads at a certain distance from London and to cover them in would give much employment, and still more work would be provided in developing the sites. The money saved from doles and the capital wealth created would be an asset that should enlist the sympathy of the authorities.—Mrs. DOTT, The Rectory, Barnes, S.W.13.

INTERNATIONAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The cosmopolitan character of the International Council of Women, the closing meetings of which were described in *The Times* of Saturday, is brought out in a striking manner by the names of the eight Vice-Presidents elected by ballot, in the following order, by the delegates at Vienna:—

Mme. Avril de Sainte-Croix, France;
Dr. Phil. Alice Salomon, Germany;
Fru Kjelsberg, Norway;
Mrs. Ogilvie Gordon, Ph.D., Great Britain;
Dr. Valeria Parker, United States;
Dr. Ingegerd Palme, Sweden;
Princess Cantacuzène, Rumania;
Mme. Plaminkova, Czechoslovakia.

I am, &c.,
ABERDEEN AND TEMAIR.

CARS OF TO-DAY

MERCEDES-BENZ STRAIGHT EIGHT

(BY OUR MOTORING CORRESPONDENT)

The 32/90-horse power 4½-litre non-supercharged Mercedes-Benz Straight Eight should be a good car because the firm have had experience in building eight-cylinder engines since 1905.

Both engine and chassis are cleanly designed particularly so in the single casting of the eight cylinders and upper half of the crank-chamber. The bore and stroke are 80 and 115 mm., which make the capacity 4,624c.c. The crankshaft, which has a vibration damper, runs in nine bearings; the light metal pistons have three rings and a scraper ring, and the connecting rods are of steel and circular in section. The carburettor is well to hand and bolted directly to the block on the offside; the mixture passes through the engine to be heated and distributed on the nearside. Attached to the carburettor is a large air cleaner and feed is by gravity from a good-sized autovac tank on the dash with a three-way tap. The reservoir at the back holds 20 gallons, there is a gauge on the instrument board, and the good sized filler, which has a gauze, is well to the offside. Drainage of the sump must be done by a plug. On the offside of the engine there are also the oil filler, which has a strainer, and the dip-rod, while on the other side a pressure filter is easily reached. This filter cleans the oil for the forced supply throughout the engine—the gudgeon pins are positively fed through the hollow connecting rods—and for a circular distributor, attached to the nearside of the frame under the floorboards, for the completely automatic chassis lubrication. A mechanical drive is obtained from the gear-box and by this a disk with holes in it is rotated whenever the car is in motion. As these holes come round and register with the outlets of the pipes, oil is delivered under high pressure. Separate leads are used for all the parts.

Steering is by worm and nut: the box is held to the bearer casting. The film radiator is in a shell; behind it is a combined fan and impeller. The top pulley is split for belt adjustment, and, although the gland of the impeller cannot be repacked without dismantling, it can be tightened. Here is the only greaser on the car. A large and handy tap drains the water. The cylinder head can be raised after the make-and-break and distributor, towards the back of the engine, where the timing is, have been lifted. The engine is long and the head is in one casting. The two electrical parts are not difficult to inspect, the coil is close by on the dash, and the plugs can be easily unscrewed from the head. The valves are on the nearside also, and with two cover plates, which have three loose hand screws each, removed, completely free access is given for tappet regulation. Timing is by gear and the dynamo is held by a strap. The exhaust manifold has eight ports, a forward pipe connexion and a by-pass for the mixture which can be regulated. The induction manifold is bolted straight on to the block, and there is a primer. The multi-disk clutch has a central spring. The stop and the pedal can be altered, and the spigot bearing is automatically oiled. I could not see any external means of oiling the clutch pedal-shaft bearings. There are four forward speeds, and the lever has a ball change and a catch for reverse, and is central. On the offside of the box is the starter, and on the nearside, in the box, is a mechanical tire pump with the control handle accessible under the floor boards. To replenish the box the lid must be taken off. The gears can be locked. The propeller-shaft is enclosed, long and apparently without a central bearing. The universal joint in the spherical housing in front is oiled from the central system. A spiral bevel gear supplies the final drive in a half-floating axle with a banjo case. Oil can be poured in to the right level.

There are only four brakes. The pedal applies one on each road wheel, and a central hand lever those at the back only. The fourwheel set works with a vacuum servo motor. Rods are used throughout, there is no compensation, and each can be adjusted by large hand wheels which, except the offside forward one, are easily worked with the floorboard out. The front brake-operating spindles are neatly carried in the axle ends; thus clearance is not interfered with. The half-elliptical front and back springs work with hydraulic shock absorbers. The front springs have stops behind the back shackles; the back are under the axle and the frame line. The dumbirons are not tied. The wire wheels carry 32in, by 6in. tires; on either side of the scuttle is a spare.

The model submitted for test had standard German six-seven seater Pullman limousine coachwork, the complete machine fully equipped selling at £1,195, the chassis being £845. The front seat is fixed and was comfortable enough. The rear seat is exceptionally comfortable, and the two occasional seats give good knee and toe room in front and behind; throughout the car is ample head clearance. The small seats also give adequate shoulder support. The rear doorways are wide and entrance from either side in front is very fair. Above the partition a one-piece glass screen can be wound right down. All the six side window winders are easily worked and four glasses go right down and the rearmost two about halfway. There is an arm-rest either side of the back seat and a central detachable arm bolster. The lamp which lights the dash can be pulled out and used as an inspection lamp. So long as the lamp is lighted, the flexible lead is not under tension for winding up. There are a double electric screen wiper, a direction indicator, a spot light with driving mirror, and electric cigarette lighter.

ON THE ROAD

With a 5.5 to 1 back axle ratio the car is not particularly fast at the highest speeds, but, though weighing some 2 tons 3cwt., it is a top gear machine. I only did about 68 miles an hour on top, but 70 should be obtainable without thrashing the engine, and just over 40 and 25 miles an hour can be done on third and second. These rates are not high for a 4½-litre car, but would be raised with a 5 to 1 back axle ratio, which can be had. The slight wind was favourable, there were two persons in the saloon, and the roads were dry. On the stretch 56 miles an hour was shown, 30 and 48 were the rates at the bottom and top of the new Dashwood Hill, while with a standing start on top the old hill, with its rough surface, was comfortably climbed with 20 miles an hour at the crest. The engine might have been in better tune, and was inclined to pop on occasion in the carburettor with the ignition much advanced. Nevertheless, it accelerated quickly, ran smoothly at high speed and without undesirable noise, and pulled with a stout heart under heavy load at low speed. It gives the feeling of trustworthiness. The cooling was effective, and the clutch, although a trifle quick in its take-up, was not unduly harsh. Changes down can be made early without noise, and early changes up present no obstacle. I found some difficulty, however, in avoiding scrape when changing up late into top. I should prefer some form of cam and lever steering. The lock is only moderate. Except for a slight squeak the brake action was good both ways. The suspension allows the car to sit well on the road. Wheelbase, track, and ground clearance are 12ft. 3in., 4ft. 9in., and 9in., and the forward gear ratios 5.5, 8.4, 13.9, and 21.7 to 1.

"Cars of To-day"—the seventh annual edition—containing 94 complete reviews, and a new and enlarged edition of "The Art of Driving" are published by The Times Publishing Company, Printing House-square, E.C.4, at 2s. and 1s. 3d. respectively, or can be had from booksellers, newsagents, or bookstalls.

WATER IN LANARKSHIRE MINES

Accumulations of underground water in the Lanarkshire coalfield have been engaging the attention of the Mines Department and of the Lanarkshire Miners' Union. The Mines Department have now intimated that they have arranged for Mr. A. Stoker, Senior Inspector of Mines, to be released from his routine duties for the time being in order that he may devote his whole attention to a special re-examination of the problem of water dangers in the Lanarkshire coalfield. In a covering letter announcing this decision the Department explain that the problem is in its nature incapable of any definite or final solution, and for that reason there could never be ground for complacency or relaxation of vigilance.

The report of the Hearts of Oak Benefit Society for 1929 states that, in spite of industrial depression, the society's membership numerically strengthened during the year. The society now has 694,147 members, the total number of membership accounts being 941,396, representing a net increase after allowance for lapses, deaths, &c., of 15,434 members, or 20,462 accounts.

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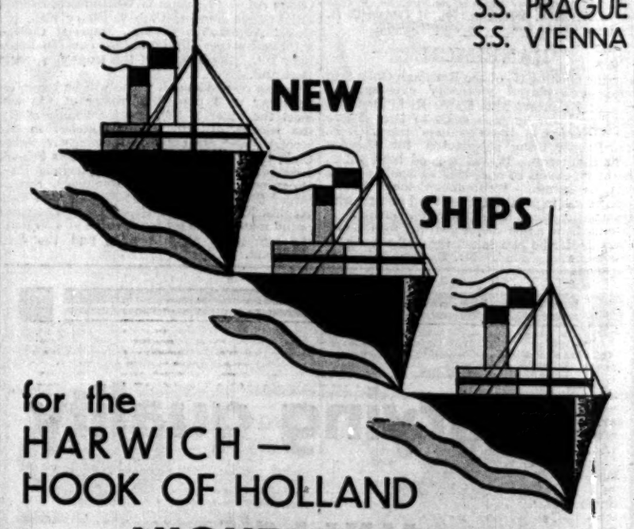

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AN OPEN-AIR HOLIDAY

CROWDED PARKS

THE LONDON CART-HORSE PARADE

Whitsun as an open-air holiday was a brilliant success. Saturday and Sunday were bright with sunshine, and yesterday, when the popular amusement and recreation reached its climax, was the sunniest and warmest Whit Monday for several years. It is probable that there was more sunshine absorbed by Londoners yesterday than during the whole of May.

Those who stayed in town swarmed in the parks. The number of children to be seen there was remarkable. The Zoological Gardens, Crystal Palace, Hampton Court, and Kew Gardens had also crowds of visitors. But a large part of the community had gone away to the East Coast and South Coast seaside resorts or to the hills of Surrey and Buckinghamshire. The railway traffic is said to have been heavier than last year. The roads were also thronged with motor-cars carrying family parties and luncheon and tea baskets, many of them bound for shady places in such woods as those of Boxhill and Ranmore Common, which formerly were known only to ramblers. There was also a noticeable increase in the number of camping parties throughout the Home Counties.

Thousands of holiday-makers visited Regent's Park to see the London Cart-Horse Parade, which has been a Whit Monday event for 40 years. The objects of the London Cart-Horse Parade Society are to improve the general condition and treatment of London cart horses, to encourage drivers to take a humane interest in the animals under their care, and to encourage the use of powerful cart horses for heavy work in the London streets. The success of the society is seen in the great increase in the number of competitors for the prizes, rosettes, and brasses which it awards. This year 876 horses were entered, and the drivers numbered 802, as compared with 834 horses and 739 drivers last year. In 1920 there were 633 horses and 506 drivers.

All drivers of cart horses within the Metropolitan Police area are eligible to compete for the prizes, and the judges, in making their awards, take into consideration each turn-out as a whole—horse, van, harness, and general appearance—giving due regard to the nature of the trade or business of the competitor. At the 1929 parade a sum of £515 was awarded to 740 drivers. In the course of the past 39 parades 26,884 horses have been examined by the judges, and cash premiums amounting to about £12,995, in addition to silver medals, diplomas, and brasses, have been awarded to the drivers. The cash premiums are awarded for long service and good character to drivers appearing in the parade who have been not less than 25 years in the continuous service of the same firm. The Isabel Constable prize of £3 10s. was awarded yesterday to William Grant, who has had 50 years' service with Messrs. John Mowlem and Co.

The municipal authorities have always taken an interest in the parade, and this year entries were received from the Corporation of London, City of Westminster, the Royal Borough of Kensington, and from the borough councils of Bethnal Green, Finsbury, St. Marylebone, Stepney, Stoke Newington, and Walthamstow. Other competitors included the railway companies, and large private firms engaged in the transport, contracting and distributing services in and around London.

The prizes were distributed by Lady Jacob, wife of Field-Marshal Sir Claud Jacob.

60,000 AT CRYSTAL PALACE

About 60,000 people visited the Crystal Palace, where an attractive programme of events went on all day, both in the building and the grounds. On the football ground there were dirt track racing organized by London Motor Sports, Limited, and trick riding by Frank Newman. Large crowds watched with the keenest interest an open air boxing tournament in which well-known Middle-weights, Fly-weights, and Feather-weights competed. Thousands of children were delighted with a display of daylight fireworks by Messrs. C. T. Brock and Co. Another outdoor attraction was a swimming gala presented by the Metrogas Amateur Club. In the building were variety entertainments and a military concert by massed bands, assisted by the drums, fifes, and pipes of the Brigade of Guards.

The following were the attendances at other resorts:—Zoological Gardens, 49,500; Mme. Tussaud's, 18,000; National Portrait Gallery, 1,400; Science Museum, 7,185 (a reduction of 1,400); Wallace Collection, 305; Victoria and Albert Museum: Main building, 3,038; Indian Section, 733; Tate Gallery, 1,000; Hampton Court, a record crowd, but no figures available.

All Whitsuntide records were broken on the London-Continental air routes. The entire fleet of Imperial Airways had to be put into service, and throughout the holidays over 50 liners a day entered or left Croydon.

FLOWERY SPRING AT KEW

PRELUDE TO MIDSUMMER

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

The mother of gardens has lately renewed her youth in truly astonishing fashion, and only those who know every wrinkle on her charming old face could find any trace now of the harsh blows which the winter before last dealt out to her. The spring festival at Kew is over now and the sun of the last few days has ushered in the prelude to the midsummer climax. The early promise of an exceptionally flowery spring has been fulfilled and there has been nothing like it for years. It was distractingly slow to begin, but in a cloudy May kept its glory far longer than usual, so that the normal gap between spring and summer flowering plants has been bridged.

The spring flowering trees and shrubs have finished their display now and as the season is about a fortnight later than usual the laburnum has the field almost to itself; some of the more tardy varieties, indeed, are only now in bud and, where the eye can travel from laburnum to wistaria, the effect is delightful. The many different kinds of wistaria on the pergola between the refreshment kiosk and the pagoda are in their beauty, and the tree of the white wistaria on the west of No. 15 greenhouse is wreathed in snowy blossom. Those who do not know the beautiful rose acacia (*Robinia hispida*) should seek the little specimen which is now in bloom to the south-east of the refreshment kiosk and see what lovely flowers it bears; while there they should look at the young, bronzy growth of *Vitis pulchra*, one of the many vines on the pergola next to the wistaria, and then go on a few yards to the south where the wild roses are in bloom. The Siberian variety, *altaica*, of the Scottish rose (*Rosa spinosissima*) is just now at its best.

In a few days the border of rock roses and sun roses, to the north of the flagstaff, should be a jumble of blossom, and gardeners who are dubious as to the colours of the many sun roses (*Helianthemum*) can resolve their doubts. Those who have seen the golden chestnut (*Castanopsis*) growing 80ft. or 90ft. high in California may not rate the little specimen near King William's Temple highly; but the South of England is not California, and it is something to see this tree in flower. The neighbouring *Davidia* is just dropping the last of its white, bractlike flowers, and once more that fine yellow-flowered hybrid between azalea and rhododendron—*R. Broughtoni aureum*—is proving its value. On each side of the Broad Walk the hybrid rhododendrons are outdoing themselves, and with only a fortnight to midsummer they must soon be spent. It is seldom, indeed, that the rhododendrons and azaleas at Kew have been so flowery, and if there is a natural reaction next year no one can complain; but garden hybrids of rhododendrons have a wonderful recuperative power and rarely fail. The alpine gardens have passed their zenith, but are still alive with interest, and if the June-flowering irises are a little patchy, they provide a welcome breadth of colour.

MIDDLESEX HOSPITAL CLOCK FOR SALE

The Middlesex Hospital clock, which has been a prominent object in London for 150 years, is to be offered for sale. In the new hospital, now rapidly rising, all the clocks will be electrically synchronized, and this old clock cannot be adapted to the new system. With it will be sold a set of chimes which have marked the passing of the hours and half-hours spent by thousands of patients in the hospital. Bids will be accepted in writing by the hon. treasurer at the Middlesex Hospital, Mortimer-street, W.1.

KING'S CUP AIR RACE

NEW TYPES OF AIRCRAFT ENTERED

(From Our Aeronautical Correspondent)

In King's Cup air race, to be flown from Hanworth Park on Saturday, July 5, no fewer than seven new types of aircraft will be racing from London to Newcastle and back, two of them bearing the colours of the Prince of Wales and Prince George. The race itself is a handicap one, and long familiarity with the speeds of the usual host of light aeroplanes has made the task of handicapping comparatively simple, but new machines, about which little is known, may easily defeat even such a clever handicapper as Mr. G. W. Dancy and thus provide an unexpected finish to the race.

Curiously enough, all the new types, with possibly three exceptions, are more or less in the same category with a top speed of 125 m.p.h., so that there seems a likelihood of these alone providing a race within a race, while the host of 30 Moths, 14 Blackburn Bluebirds, nine Avians, and other light aircraft fight out a ding-dong race on more or less level terms among themselves. The Prince of Wales is among those who have chosen a new type, and his nomination, a Hawker Tomtit with an Armstrong-Siddeley Mongoose engine, will be flown by Squadron-Leader D. S. Don, the Service pilot who flies the Prince when he uses military aircraft, with Flight-Lieutenant H. W. Heslop, who usually pilots the Prime Minister, as second pilot and navigator. The Tomtit is a new training machine, and a novel feature is a hood which can be drawn over the back cockpit so that a pupil can be taught night and blind flying in daylight.

PRINCE GEORGE'S MACHINE

Prince George is pinning his faith to another relatively new type, the Hawk Moth, an all-enclosed cabin machine with four seats and an Armstrong-Siddeley Lynx engine; his pilot is Mr. E. H. Fielden, a personal pilot of the Prince of Wales. There is a second Hawker Tomtit in the field and it will be flown by Captain F. E. Guest. Apart from the Royal competition, which promises to be very close in the finish, there is a "dark horse" in the Segrave Meteor, an entirely new low-wing monoplane seating four people in a cabin and driven by two Gipsy III. engines; it has been designed by Sir Henry Segrave, and its pilot will be Flight-Lieutenant R. L. R. Atcherley, who was a distinguished member of the 1929 Schneider Trophy team, and who won the King's Cup last year with Flight-Lieutenant G. H. Stainforth as his navigator, a combination which may very well be repeated again this year.

There are three Desoutter sports coupés, which should prove formidable competitors, particularly that flown by Mr. A. B. H. Youell, one of the most experienced Cross Channel pilots. The Avro Trainer, again a new type in competition with the Tomtit for Royal Air Force favour, is to be handled by Mr. J. L. N. Bennett Baggs, the chief test pilot of the Armstrong Siddeley group. He will have a rival from the same stable in the Avro 5, an all-enclosed passenger monoplane already well esteemed in the Colonies, and this entry by Sir Philip Sassoon is in the hands of another clever pilot, Flight Lieutenant S. L. G. Pope. Any of these machines may provide the winner, but until the handicaps are announced, it is impossible to prophesy. Miss Spooner, who has distinguished herself in previous races, has forsaken the Moth for a new machine, the Martlet, and two Comper Swifts, the product of a clever ex-officer of the Royal Air Force, will be racing for the first time and, as low-powered aircraft, should be among the early starters in a field of close upon 100 machines.

The only heavy-weight this year is the Vickers Vellore, a freight-carrier with a 500 h.p. Bristol Jupiter engine. Carrying capacity rather than speed is its chief attribute. Then there are the swarm of Moths, Bluebirds, Avians, Spartans, and Widgeons, all well-tried-out types which will wage a sort of internecine warfare among themselves on approximately the same handicaps.

SOME PERSONALITIES

Captain de Havilland, the designer of the Moth, is being challenged by one of his sons, Mr. G. de Havilland, jun., while the chairman of the de Havilland Company, Mr. Alan S. Butler, has his wife as a rival in another machine, also a Moth. Miss Guest is competing against her father in a Puss Moth, another new type, of which no fewer than 10 are entered, and in this class Captain C. D. Barnard, the pilot of the Duchess of Bedford, should prove the most formidable pilot with this new and relatively fast cabin machine. The holder of the world's speed record, Squadron-Leader A. H. Orlebar, is also in the race, and curiously enough is not flying the fastest of the light aircraft. He has chosen a Blackburn Bluebird, the side-by-side seating of which necessarily makes for a more bulky fuselage than the more usual tandem arrangement.

Thus for the variety of the machines and the experience of the pilots, the 1930 race for the King's Cup should easily surpass all other earlier contests in interest, and the concentration of the racing in the one day should still further enhance the popularity of the event.

SCHOOL AWARDS

SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS

The following school awards are announced:—

RUGBY SCHOOL

Scholarships.—Elected.—D. J. Reekens (Highfield School, Liphook); D. R. Elias (The Towers, Crowthorne, Berkshire); H. A. Harding (Ovingdean Hall, Brighton); J. W. C. Hawkesworth (Packwood Haugh, Hockley Heath); J. M. Kisch (Rugby School, late of Packwood Haugh); P. R. Marrack (Downsend, Leatherhead); J. G. Gordon (The Leas, Hoylake); M. S. H. Jones (Rugby School, late of Hildersham House, Broadstairs); A. M. Carson (Cargilfield, Midlothian); M. J. C. Hodgart (Craigflower, Torryburn, Fife); J. A. St. John Palmer (Windlesham House, Southern Cross); R. W. Poulton (Dragon School, Oxford).

CHARTERHOUSE

Recommended for election to Junior Scholarships.—1. H. W. Stubbs (Dr. Williams, Summerfields, Oxford). 2. C. W. Wright (Mr. Pidcock Brancote, Scarborough). 3. G. C. Kelly (Mr. Cantley, Hawtrey's, Westgate-on-Sea). 4. J. R. Briggs (Dr. Williams, Summerfields, Oxford). 5. G. E. Hodgson (Mr. Johnson, St. Hugh's, Bickley). 6. D. F. M. Roberts (Mr. Roberts, Langley Place, St. Leonards). 7. J. H. E. Guest (Mr. Coghlan, Scafield, Collington, Bexhill). 8. L. R. Fletcher (Mr. Batterbury, Holmwood, Formby). 9. R. T. Eddison (Mr. Mills, Highfield, Liphook). 10. C. J. Rolo (Mr. Waterfield, Temple Grove, Eastbourne). 11. P. S. Fryke (private tuition). 12. M. E. Allen (Dr. Evans, Hurst Court, Ore). 13. S. G. P. Ward (Messrs. Pitkin and Sandwith, Earleywood, Ascot). 14. P. Hook (Charterhouse, late from Mr. Fussell, Southey Hall, Bookham).

CLIFTON COLLEGE

Scholarships awarded.—Under 17.—H. Halson (£25); L. B. Mallalieu (£25). Under 15.—P. A. Davies (£25); E. H. Peck (£25). The Bush.—I. M. Risdon. The Old Cliftonians.—W. J. M. Scott. The Balfour.—I. A. Wallace (Cargilfield, Midlothian). The Norman Cook.—A. M. Hall, and C. C. Kuper. The Music.—R. H. C. Palmer (St. George's School, Windsor). The Preparatory School.—G. E. Coates.

Entrance Scholarships.—£100—I. A. Wallace (Cargilfield, Midlothian); £100—E. J. Nabarro (Mr. Linford, Peterborough Lodge, Finchley-road, N.W.); £100—J. C. Kendrew (Mr. Lynam, Dragon School, Oxford); £80—J. A. S. Green (Mr. Mercer, Eastmans, Southsea); £60—C. E. B. White (Mr. Moore, Waverture, Horley); £60—E. de M. Rudolf (Mr. Blencowe, Sidcup Place, Kent); £40—D. Morgan (Messrs. Layton and Reynolds, The Manor House, Horsham); £40—P. Morcom (Clifton College Preparatory School); £40—T. E. Dobson (Mr. Scott-Smith, The Grange, Ore); £25—S. M. Mackintosh (Mr. Gordon Walker, XIV. School, Clifton); £25—D. F. C. Hawkins (Mr. Laville, Clifton); £25—T. B. N. Caws (Mr. Gordon Walker, XIV. School, Clifton).

BRIGHTON COLLEGE

Awards.—Hervey Scholarships (£81).—B. O. Combridge (Messrs. Arnold and Gaussen, Brighton College Preparatory School); H. W. Pont (Major C. M. Phillips Prestonville House School, Brighton). Gill Memorial Scholarship (£81).—T. D. Cartwright (Brighton College, formerly King's College School, Cambridge). Newton Scholarship (£60).—W. J. B. Lee (Mr. D. L. Payne, St. Chad's, Prestatyn, North Wales). Vaughan Scholarship (£60).—F. L. Dyson (Mr. C. W. Norman, St. John's School, Pinner). Gill Memorial Exhibition (£60).—R. B. Hampton (Hulme Grammar School, Oldham). Chichester Exhibition (£45).—R. Ruby (Mr. C. Jowett Edwards, Wadham House School, Hale, Cheshire). Griffith Exhibition (£45).—C. M. Longden (Mr. O. E. P. Wyatt, Shardlow Hall, Derby). Hampden Exhibitions (£45).—F. J. Anscombe (Major C. M. Phillips, Prestonville House School, Brighton); G. Griffiths (Mr. E. F. Titley, St. Wulfram's School, Bournemouth).

TAUNTON SCHOOL

Entrance Scholarships Awarded.—1. G. M. R. Pearson (Yeovil School, Yeovil). 2. D. V. Pean (Taunton School, Taunton). 3. J. L. Drinkwater (West Hayes School, Winchester). 4. L. F. Nicholson (Taunton School, Taunton). 5. R. W. Pring (Taunton School, Taunton).

FOREST SCHOOL

Scholarship (value £55 per annum).—D. I. Gay (Mr. Dudley, Gorleston Preparatory School). Scholarship (value £42 per annum).—C. A. Stace (Mr. Wilson, Downsmeade School, Eastbourne); and R. M. Morris (of Forest School).

AFFRAY IN A LODGING-HOUSE

Edith Florence Guida, wife of Pasquale Guida, keeper of a common lodging-house at Herne Bay, is in hospital in a serious condition as the result of razor wounds alleged to have been inflicted by Thomas Percival, a North-countryman, of no fixed home, on Friday night. Percival was remanded by the local magistrates on Saturday on a charge of attempted murder. It was stated that he arrived at the lodging-house on Friday night. A quarrel arose from some unknown reason, and Percival is alleged to have produced a razor and slashed at Mrs. Guida's throat. Going to his wife's assistance, Pasquale Guida also received severe cuts on the face. Lodgers joined in the fight, and Percival, when he appeared before the magistrates, bore marks of rough usage.

NEW CLASS IN OCEAN TRAVEL

SUCCESS OF THE TOURIST THIRD CABIN

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

The tourist third cabin introduced as an experiment by the White Star Line has become a valuable element in their Transatlantic service. In a number of the company's ships the growth in the popularity of the new class has led to the extinction of the second class, the accommodation in which has been allotted to the tourist third section. The company have followed this plan in one of their largest ships, the Homeric, which sailed last week for New York with three classes of passengers—first, tourist third cabin, and third—instead of four, as in previous seasons.

There is a striking development in the equipment for travellers of moderate means in Transatlantic liners, and this progressive policy is creating a new source of revenue, which is some compensation for the loss caused by the decrease of emigration traffic. The tourist third cabin has appealed strongly to American tourists, and the expansion of the traffic is also being influenced by the desire of Canadians to visit this country, now that the ocean voyage may be made in comfort at a moderate cost.

Although this new development in the passenger service has so far met with the greatest success on the other side of the Atlantic, the tourist third cabin is becoming increasingly attractive in Great Britain. Each succeeding season, it is stated, shows a wider outlook on the part of the British public in the arrangement of holidays. There are new views concerning distances, and journeys to New York and round tours including Niagara Falls, Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal, and Quebec are growing in popularity. The tourist third cabin is having an international influence. It is promoting travel and the exchange of ideas among people who, in the past, have rarely gone far afield. The departure made by the White Star Line indicates the attention that is now being given to the traffic. The use of all the second class accommodation in the Homeric by tourist third cabin passengers means that 900 travellers in this class can now be carried in the ship instead of 500, as in past years.

THE HOMERIC'S VOYAGE

The Homeric has undergone renovation, particularly in the tourist third cabin section, where improved equipment, more deck space, and the facilities that make ocean travel a pleasure testify to the desire to make efficient provision for travellers. There are comfortable cabins, large dining-rooms, smoke-rooms, lounges, a library, a band of musicians, a dancing floor, a cinema, and a bathing pool. For those who desire to keep in touch with events on land there is wireless apparatus for communication by telephone and telegraph.

Starting on her westward voyage last Wednesday, a few hours before the running of the Derby, wireless operators in the Homeric were able, during the run across the Channel to Cherbourg, to follow the broadcast description of the race. On the following day, a small party, the members of which had travelled in the liner to Cherbourg as guests of the White Star Company, returned to Southampton in the Olympic, which had brought from New York over 1,000 passengers, including over 300 in the section adapted for tourist third cabin travellers. The Homeric, on her return voyage, is expected to bring to Europe her complement of 900 tourist third cabin passengers.

TECHNICAL EDUCATION AND INDUSTRY

PROPOSED NATIONAL COMMITTEE

The conference opened at Brighton yesterday of the Association of Teachers in Technical Institutions. An official welcome was given to the delegates by Mr. E. C. Bartlett, chairman of the Brighton Higher Schools Committee, and others who made speeches of welcome were Councillor Dr. Whittington, Hove, late chairman of the association, and Mr. F. H. Toyne, secretary of the Brighton Education Committee.

Mr. H. A. Norman, Bury Junior Technical School, said in his presidential address that it had been repeatedly emphasized from the chair of the association that technical education had not been granted the opportunity for service to the nation which it was in its power to give. Having established the technical school, many local education authorities were satisfied, and did not realize that the provision which suited an industrial system of small manufacturers and operations carried out by large skilled labour forces, did not meet the needs of a changing, and now almost changed, system, in which industry was organized in larger units and in which a more highly trained skill was necessary in a smaller body of workers. The probabilities were that, but for the speeding up of industrial changes and the restriction of opportunities for educational change which had been the result of the War and its aftermath, the provision of technical education would have kept pace with the changes in industry. The present situation was that in many cases technical schools were being urged to hasten developments or to bridge gaps in the growth of their work, and the need for an association to express the mind of the teachers in these developments was clearly indicated. The man of commerce and industry realized the need of many aids, some of which could be provided by the education system of the country, and in particular by technical schools. The man who taught in the schools also realized that his labours had to serve many purposes, one of which was to aid the industries of his country and the working lives of his students. There was a need for close cooperation on the common ground of these two fields. It was not an unexplored territory. Sufficient was known of it to justify the immediate establishment of a National Committee, representative of industry (employers and employed) and education (authorities and teachers), for the co-ordination of the efforts which were being made to find solutions.

ROYAL TOURNAMENT

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

Commodore A. L. Snagge, R.N., presented medals to the winners at the Royal Tournament at Olympia yesterday afternoon. The results were:—

Royal Naval and Royal Marine Inter-port Field Gun Competition.—H.M.S. Vivid (time, 4min. 27 3-5sec.); H.M.S. Excellent (time, 4min. 24 1-5sec.).

Tug-of-War (110st. Army Championship).—Final.—2nd Battalion Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders beat the 2nd Light Brigade, Royal Artillery by two pulls to nil. Time of first pull, 1min. 47 2-5sec.; second pull, 1min. 22sec.

In the evening, when General Sir Lewis Halliday, V.C., presented the medals, the results were:—

Jumping Competition. Army teams (other ranks) final.—1, 17/21 Lancers; 2, 16/5 Lancers; 3, King's Dragoon Guards.

Tug-of-War (130st. Army Championship) Final.—2nd Battalion, East Surrey Regiment beat Royal Army Service Corps, Feltham, by two pulls to nil. (Times: 2min. 29⅘sec.; 43sec.)

Royal Naval and Royal Marine Inter-Port Field Gun Competition.—1, H.M.S. Pembroke (4min. 5 3-5sec.); Royal Marines (4min. 53sec.).

THE DUNMOW FLITCH

SUCCESS OF LABOUR M.P. AND HIS WIFE

Mr. V. L. McEntee, Labour M.P. for Walthamstow West and Mayor of the borough, was yesterday awarded the Dunmow Flitch, having proved his claim to have lived happily with his wife for a year and a day without once having quarrelled with her or wished himself unmarried again. Mr. and Mrs. McEntee were one of three couples who applied for the flitch at the ancient ceremony which takes the form of an annual mock trial at Ilford.

Mr. H. Dunnico, M.P., Deputy Chairman of Committees, and Mr. T. Groves, M.P., acted as counsel for the claimants, while Mr. J. H. Hayes, M.P., Vice Chamberlain of the Household, and Mr. Hannen Swaffer acted as counsel for the flitch. Mr. Tom Webster was judge and the claimants were tried by a jury of young spinsters and bachelors.

Mr. McEntee said that his favourite authors were Jack London and Charles Dickens. He was of a temperate habit in all things, including language. (Laughter.) Asked what he would do with the flitch if he won it, he replied that he would give it to the Connaught Hospital, Walthamstow.

Mr. Groves.—Have you any witnesses to testify that you and your wife have lived together happily for a year and a day? Mr. McEntee.—Yes, I have brought a charabanc full, and if the court likes to adjourn until to-morrow I can produce a trainload.

In their verdict the jury recommended the other two claimants to mercy, and consequently they received half a flitch each.

LIVERPOOL AS WHEAT CENTRE

THE NEW CHICAGO EXCHANGE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LIVERPOOL, June 9

There was a large gathering on the Liverpool Corn Exchange this afternoon to take part in the opening, in Chicago, of the new building which has been erected by the Chicago Board of Trade Association at a cost of over 15,000,000 dollars. This recognition of Liverpool as the chief centre of the grain trade in Europe was regarded here as a great compliment, and many brokers and their friends altered their Bank Holiday arrangements in order to support Mr. Alexander Slater, Junior President of the Liverpool Corn Trade Association, who played the chief part in an interchange of greetings between Liverpool and Chicago.

The Chicago building is to be known as the Temple of Commerce. A direct wire from the Liverpool Corn Exchange to the Chicago Board of Trade had been placed at the disposal of the Liverpool brokers by the Western Union Telegraph Company. When Mr. Slater pressed a button at Liverpool the effect was to illuminate a screen on the Chicago Exchange, on which were the words, "Greetings from Liverpool Corn Exchange." Using the Post Office Transatlantic telephone, Mr. Slater and others spoke to Mr. John A. Bunnell, president of the Chicago Board of Trade.

Before the long-distance conversations took place, Mr. Slater addressed the gathering on the Liverpool Exchange. He said that for over 70 years the most cordial relationships had existed between Liverpool and Chicago, and the Liverpool Corn Trade Association acknowledged the honour that was paid to them when they were asked by the Dedication Committee of the Chicago Board of Trade to take part in the opening of their new home in Chicago. The Liverpool Wheat Market was established in 1854. Liverpool was the largest importer of wheat in Europe, and was referred to as the index to the world's value of wheat.

In speaking on the telephone to Chicago, Mr. Slater congratulated Mr. Bunnell on the completion of the building. Mr. Bunnell, in reply, expressed the Chicago Board of Trade's appreciation of Liverpool's greeting. The close of Mr. Bunnell's remarks in Chicago was followed by sustained cheering.

Mr. Sydney Jones, acting as Deputy Lord Mayor, then spoke to Mr. Bunnell, and expressed the hope that the exchange of greetings would strengthen the links which united Chicago and Liverpool. Mr. Bunnell replied that their kind expressions were appreciated not only in Chicago but by the nation at large.

Mr. J. A. Eckes, chairman of the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce, next sent greetings, and then Mr. J. M. Warte, a former partner of Mr. Bunnell, spoke. He concluded by asking if Chicago was taking orders to-day. "Yes," replied Mr. Bunnell, "we are doing business as usual." Mr. Warte answered, "Buy a couple of lots of December corn."

The chairman, speaking again to Chicago said, "Liverpool would like to send you a complimentary order, so buy 10,000 bushels of July wheat at opening." Mr. Bunnell replied: "It will be immediately executed."

The proceedings then terminated.

A DORSET PORT IN 1560

COURT BOOKS OF LYME REGIS

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

The civic records of Lyme Regis from 1560 to 1574, partly in Latin and partly in English, have been added to the borough collection by Mr. Cyril Wanklyn, who was assisted by Mr. J. R. Crompton, of the Public Record Office.

The Court Books, as they were called, contain one entry which recalls recent letters in *The Times* in which the question was discussed whether there had been any Englishmen engaged on the Newfoundland fisheries before 1560. But in Lyme Court on February 21, 1561, a defendant was attached by "20 burthens of Newland pfysche." Cod that was in Lyme in February, 1561, must probably have been caught off Newfoundland in 1560, but it is more than likely that Lyme men were busy in the trade much earlier than this.

Readers of Thomas Hardy's works may like to know that there is a Turbervile mentioned in 1571. The familiar name of Pulman, too, occurs with frequency.

Cloth in many forms comes into the Court Books. We have "whit(e)ware" and "middle ware," which are not crockery but woven fabrics. We have also "dowlas" and tregar, which show the close trading connexion between Lyme and Brittany. Frise (frieze) and "canevas" occur. Morlaix, in Brittany, the port with which Lyme traded most frequently, is called "Morles," but the spelling of the scribe is nowhere faultless. Woad and madder were used for dyeing, as was the case with that great cloth-maker "Jack of Newbury," in Thomas Daloney's "Pleasant History" of the early seventeenth century. Linen, too, is alluded to more than once, as though Lyme did not work in wool alone.

The records of the Court Leet contain two reports of a meeting of a Piepoudre Court, the right to which was granted in 1553 by Queen Mary. On both occasions the Lyme man was beaten and the "foreigner" won. Elizabethans were as fond of games as we are, and the people of Lyme were often reprimanded for playing bowls instead of practising archery at the butts on Mill Green. Bowls were even declared "illegal," and 26 men were fined sums varying from 2s. to 6d. each for playing this game instead of training for national defence.

ROWDYISM IN GLASGOW

SERIOUS FIGHT WITH THE POLICE

In the early hours of Sunday morning a serious outbreak of disorder occurred in the south side of Glasgow resulting in the divisional police arresting six men. They appeared in Court yesterday charged with assaulting the police, breach of the peace, and attempting to resist arrest.

The police state that two constables had occasion to arrest a man and were on the point of taking him to the police office when suddenly a number of men attacked the officers. Owing to the large crowd the constables were overpowered and had to send for assistance. Reinforcements soon arrived from the southern police station, but the crowd again attacked the officers, who were compelled to draw their batons. Several constables were slightly hurt in the fight, but ultimately the attackers were overpowered. Six arrests were made. The police were kicked and would have been seriously injured had it not been for the timely arrival of additional reinforcements. Six men appeared before the magistrate at the Southern Police Court, Glasgow, yesterday, and on a suggestion of Superintendent Cameron they were remanded in custody for 48 hours pending further inquiries.

£4,000 POST OFFICE THEFT LAST YEAR

AN ARREST AT DYMCHURCH YESTERDAY

Police officers of the Kent County Constabulary last night made an arrest at Dymchurch, Kent, in connexion with the robbery of over £4,000 from the Richmond (Surrey) Post Office in April last year. When the money was missed from the post office an official disappeared and a warrant was issued for his arrest.

Two police officers yesterday visited some tea rooms at Dymchurch, which had been opened during the last few months, and interviewed the proprietor. They later arrested him, and he was taken to Seabrook Police Station, near Hythe, where he will be detained until the arrival of police officers from Richmond.

CHILDREN BURNED AT STREET PERFORMANCE

Two boys aged five and nine and a girl of 10 were admitted to the Hampstead General Hospital yesterday suffering from burns. The children, it is stated, were watching a street performer at Parliament Hill, who was giving an exhibition of "flame swallowing." Suddenly the children cried out, and were found to be in great pain as the result of burns. The girl's clothing caught fire and her condition is stated to be serious. George Hammond, 31, of Alderbert-terrace, Lambeth, who was also taken to the hospital and detained suffering from burns, was injured in attempting to put out the fire.

BRIGHTON MURDER

POLICE SEARCH FOR A MAN

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BRIGHTON, June 9

The police, mingling with the thousands of holiday-makers who thronged the streets, beach, and promenades, have today been searching for a man who is reported to have been seen with Beatrice Prendergast shortly before she was stabbed to death in an unlit alley-way in the centre of the town on Saturday night.

Miss Prendergast was found dead shortly after midnight only 40 yards from one of the town's principal shopping districts with three knife wounds in her breast.

The murderer disappeared without leaving any trace, and though the police searched the vicinity for hours no clue was found. To-day, however, they received information of a man who is said to have been seen with Miss Prendergast half an hour before her death. He is believed to be an Irishman, and is between 40 and 45 years of age, about 6ft. in height, with fair hair, and long fair moustache. He was dressed in a grey suit and soft felt hat. The police are anxious to hear from anyone who has knowledge of this man.

I understand that there is no foundation for a report that an attack on a woman named Woods here last August is in any way connected with the murder. It has been suggested that Woods's assailant mistook her for Miss Prendergast, but this would be impossible because of the difference in height and build of the two women.

The police have interviewed a number of people to-day in connexion with the crime, and early developments are expected.

SUSPECTED "SANDBAGGING" NEAR EPSOM

POLICE SEARCH FOR RACE GANG

Scotland Yard detectives were engaged yesterday in an attempt to trace members of a race gang who are believed to have "sandbagged" Mr. R. Forbes Smith, a Glasgow merchant, at Headley, near Epsom, after the race for the Oaks.

He was found in a field in a semi-conscious condition, and was identified yesterday by a woman friend, who saw him in hospital. As he had only 6d. in his possession, and several rings of considerable value, which he normally wore, were missing, it is suspected that he was attacked by racecourse roughs and carried to the field in which he was found.

DERBY DAY CRIME

DISCOVERIES BY THE POLICE

The police are gradually tightening the cordon round two men who, they believe, can help them to solve the mystery of the death of the Scottish girl, Agnes Kesson, whose body was found in a ditch at Epsom on Thursday.

They are conducting their inquiries with the utmost secrecy, but it is understood that they have made several important discoveries within the last 24 hours. The marks on Miss Kesson's neck suggest that a cord may have been used to produce strangulation, and the police have taken possession of a piece of thin rope which would be capable of inflicting fatal injuries. Many men have been interviewed by the detectives engaged on the case, and two of them have been asked to give an account of their movements on the days before and after the murder. The police are also acting on information given by a man who states that very early on Thursday morning he noticed a car in Horton-lane near where the girl's body was subsequently found. He states that a man and a woman were in the car.

Detectives have already examined a car answering to the description supplied, and another important step forward is that they have almost completed their attempt to trace the girl's movements from the time she left Burgh Heath on Tuesday until her body was found.

The inquest on the body of Miss Agnes Kesson will be opened at 10.30 this morning at Epsom Court House. The West Surrey Coroner, Mr. G. Wills Taylor, will sit with a jury. The date of the funeral has not yet been fixed.

HOURS OF WORK

GENEVA CONFERENCE ON DRAFT CONVENTIONS

(FROM OUR LABOUR CORRESPONDENT)

The fourteenth session of the International Labour Conference, which opens at Geneva to-day, will have before it three draft conventions concerning hours of work in coal mines, forced labour, and hours of work of salaried employees. In each case, the International Labour Office points out, the conference will be dealing by way of concrete decisions with a class of worker whose special problems have not hitherto been the subject of action by the International Labour Organization.

When the question of hours of work in mines is under consideration the Conference will have to decide whether the discussion in the Preparatory Technical Conference last January shall rank as the equivalent of a first discussion by the Conference itself. The Office is of opinion that it should so rank, both on grounds of convenience and of urgency; but a question of principle arises on which other countries than those which are particularly interested in mining problems may have something to say. The Preparatory Technical Conference was limited to representatives of the coal-producing countries of Europe, and was therefore not fully representative of the organization. Moreover, it failed to reach agreement on some of the most important matters connected with the limitation of the hours of work. According to the "double discussion" procedure of the Conference, the draft convention can only be examined at this session as a first discussion—with a view to a decision at a later session—unless the Preparatory Conference is accepted as having already satisfied the requirements of a first discussion.

The draft convention has already been summarized in *The Times*. It requires that the time spent in the mine by any worker shall not exceed 7½ hours in the day and 45 in the week, subject, however, to a proviso that during a transitional period not exceeding three years these limits may be 7¾ and 46½ hours respectively. There are other provisos which recognize the British and the French methods of calculating hours of work, but they are accompanied by an obligation to "cease at the earliest possible moment to take advantage of this latitude."

FORCED LABOUR

On the question of forced labour the conference will be invited to consider the adoption of a draft convention and two recommendations. The proposed convention contains an undertaking to suppress the use of forced labour in all its forms, but, inasmuch as total abolition is not immediately practicable, provision is made for limitation and regulation as an exceptional measure for a temporary transitional period. Forced labour for the benefit of private individuals, companies, &c., must be suppressed within three years. Thereafter, and until the complete abolition of forced labour, its use would be limited to public purposes and would be subject to a number of safeguards. The two proposed recommendations relate to the prevention of indirect compulsion to labour and to principles to be observed in applying the convention.

The discussion of the question of the hours of work of salaried employees has also reached the second and decisive stage. The draft Convention provides for the limitation of hours of work in commercial or trading establishments or offices to 48 in the week, on the basis of an eight-hour day. Employees may, however, work up to 10 hours on certain days if the weekly maximum is not exceeded. There is provision for considerable elasticity in the application of the Convention, "including special arrangements for exemptions in certain cases, for the making up of lost time, and for occupations which are inherently intermittent." Two recommendations contemplate inquiries into hours of work in hotels and restaurants, and in theatres and in other places of amusement, with a view to the possibility, "four or five years hence," of Conventions dealing with such establishments.

In the Menai Straits, near Bangor, on Friday, John Owen, 20, a second-year student at Bangor Normal College, was bathing with a fellow-student named Trevor Owen Jones. After going out 15 yards Owen got into a current, and was heard to shout to his companion, who went to his rescue. Owen clutched hold of him, pulling him down. Jones, however, got free, but Owen disappeared.

News in Brief

Sir Walter Schroder, coroner for Central London, celebrated his 75th birthday yesterday. Early this year he completed 60 years' connexion with coroner's work.

John Kimberley, a Radnorshire boy, aged 12, has died near Llandrindod Wells from wounds in the throat caused by a fall on a pointed stick when running down a bank.

The woman whose body was recovered from the Thames at Iffley Lock, near Oxford, on Sunday has been identified as Mrs. Mary Smith, Dartmoor-street, Notting Hill, London.

The Dean of King's College, Cambridge, writes to point out that the witness John FitzGerald Newman, who gave evidence at the inquest on Friday on the bodies of the three men who were shot in the college was not an undergraduate of King's, as stated in our report.

The *Wag-Tale Magazine*, which is produced annually by people interested in the Westminster Hospital, makes its appearance this year especially to help that hospital's "Fighting Fund Appeal." A number of well-known writers and artists contribute. The magazine is sold for 6d.

A fire occurred at the Lodge Moor Fever Hospital, Sheffield, yesterday afternoon. The patients were promptly taken from the group

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.

(Editorial Rooms, London)

NOTE.—This space is occupied every day by an article reflecting the policies, principles, and opinions of this House of Business upon various points of public interest.

SELFRIDGE & CO., LTD.

WHERE ENCOURAGEMENT COMES FROM

By CALLISTHENES

There is not much encouragement for the nation to be had from the speeches of our politicians. It is they who deal more often with the larger issues of the national life, but even when they are not directly disheartening in these days of difficulty for commerce and industry, their very efforts to be cheerful so often appear forced, so often are set at a party angle, that they do nothing to brighten the courage and strengthen the confidence of the nation.

So it may be said of most of those whose public position gives them a hearing when they talk of the prospects of the nation.

The function of cheering and encouraging the nation, it seems to us, is being best performed at the moment by its commercial and industrial advertisements.

In the main such advertisements are directed toward increasing the sales of certain articles. Many of them are confined strictly to that purpose, but even then often have the effect of strengthening a confidence in an industry, a firm, a product. They help the public to see them in perspective, to trust in their future. They show how the isolated efforts link up with the needs, the tastes, the fashions, and often the art of the wider world. Even at their narrowest good commercial advertisements spread knowledge and confidence about the business activities of the country.

But advertising now often passes beyond these narrow limits. Leaders of industry who study their own advertising, the leading men amongst those who have made advertising their profession, realize that low spirits and high purchasing power cannot go together. They know that if the nation were to lose confidence in itself it would lose its power of holding its markets against its rivals. They see that *morale* in industrial competition is as important as *morale* in battle.

They accordingly set themselves to give new encouragement and fresh self-confidence to the industry of the nation. Nor need it be insincere because it happens to be to their professional interest. In proportion as such advertising is insincere it is impotent. There is no finer workman in the world than the Englishman. There is no tradition of great traders to equal that of England. These are unaltered facts in the national character. To bring them to attention by written word, by picture, by speech is good for the nation even though it happens to be some firm's good advertising.

We believe that the advertisements of this House, even when they are only for a pair of gloves—or, shall we say, an aeroplane—are a constant contribution to the good spirits and self-confidence of the nation.

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.

The Freedom of the Seas

is yours when you embark upon a pleasure cruise, that most delightful of care-free holidays.

This summer and autumn there are more cruises than ever to choose from—moderately priced.

Before you make your choice, send for Cook's programme, giving full list of pleasure cruises with their itineraries and fares.

Berths may be booked at any office of

THOS. COOK & SON, LTD., & WAGONS-LITS CO.,

"THE TEMPLE OF TRAVEL,"

BERKELEY ST., LONDON, W.1, & OFFICES.

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Dresses and Hats

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103 MOUNT STREET, W1

LEAGUE OF ARTS

ENTERTAINMENTS IN HYDE PARK

The Office of Works has given permission again this year for the League of Arts entertainments in Hyde Park on the Saturdays of June and July. The performances are held in the natural amphitheatre north of the Serpentine, and are free to the public. Programmes are, however, sold to defray expenses, and any profits will be sent to King Edward's Hospital Fund. The following is a list of entertainments to be given on forthcoming Saturdays, at 3 and 7 p.m. in each case:—

June 14.—A Pageant of Dancing, by Mayfair School of Dancing.

June 21.—A Country Folk Dance Party (adults), by English Folk Dance Society. Band of Coldstream Guards by permission of Colonel C. F. Heywood.

June 28.—Dance to Song, by the League Dancers and League of Arts' Choir, arranged by Penelope Spencer and Geoffrey Shaw. Conductor, Geoffrey Shaw.

July 5.—Dance and Mime, by Ginner Mawer School of Dance and Drama.

July 12.—A Country Dance Party for Children, by English Folk Dance Society. Band of Coldstream Guards. 7 p.m.—A Country Dance Party (adults).

July 19.—Sea Songs and Shanties, by the League of Arts' Choir, with shanty man and "crew." Conductor, Geoffrey Shaw.

In the event of wet weather the performances will not be given. All information as to the League of Arts can be obtained from the Secretary, League of Arts, 12, Berwick-street, Victoria, S.W.1.

Entertainments

THE BERLIN STAGE

A SATIRE ON NAPOLEON

(FROM OUR BERLIN CORRESPONDENT)

This season the search for good new German plays on the Berlin stage has resembled as much as ever a search for needles in a haystack. A play of much interest has, however, been found in Herr Walter Hasenclever's *Napoleon greift ein*. Four at least of the six scenes in this play are amusing. Herr Hasenclever is a good craftsman, and his play is rightly having a success at the Theater in der Stressemannstrasse. Indeed, its success would seem to be greater than that of his last play, *Marriages are made in heaven*, although it is not quite such a good play. In the first act Napoleon is seen stepping down from his pedestal in the London waxwork show and into the conference-ridden international politics of 1930. He has gathered that Europe is going to the dogs. Its statesmen are evidently weaklings; no one understands the psychology of patriotism, the proper use of military force, or how to wield power. Better than posing for a cheap public ignorant of history would be to show them how to save Europe from the clutches of America as he once saved the Continent from the clutches of England.

Landru, raised by a talent for murder surpassing Bluebeard's to the dignity of a pedestal in company with emperors, kings, and dictators, knows when he is well off. He has a cynical understanding of fame, notoriety, and the whims of history. He is content to remain among the distinguished waxworks, and tries to dissuade Napoleon from intervening in the world affairs of 1930. Failing, he despoils their helpless waxen neighbours to provide Napoleon with a suitable modern substitute for the famous Imperial uniform. Mussolini's trousers are the only ones that fit. Stresemann is made to contribute a tail coat. The combination furnishes Landru with Herr Hasenclever's most striking line: "Half Mussolini, half Stresemann; there is the policy of the future!" A bowler hat is also procured, which Napoleon balances on his head, after the manner of the famous military hat. He frowns, reflects, and realizes his mistake. The situation offers many and more delicate opportunities of the kind, and Herr Werner Krauss, whose acting, as always, is excellent, misses none of them.

Off to Paris, where a fateful international conference is being held. Everything that matters is, of course, settled over tea in the anteroom. Herr Hasenclever must have enjoyed creating his caricatures of delegates. Napoleon bangs the table and threatens to raise a great European army, but nobody takes much notice. The economic threats of the hustling American delegate are more effective. Europe signs the dotted line.

Napoleon meets Mlle. Josephine, the film star, who bears a strong resemblance to the Josephine who was Caesar's wife a hundred and some years ago. At length he drifts into the only work for which he is fitted in 1930. He plays himself in a Napoleon "talkie," and we have the studio scene so popular nowadays on the regular stage. He does quite well, though the producer has to correct him on points of Napoleonic deportment. He discovers he is the only person in the world who does not know that Josephine deceived him. In a scene in which he is supposed to find her with a young officer—he assures the company that it never occurred—he becomes too realistic, and is dragged away before he has quite strangled the temperamental Josephine of the films. The second Hundred Days have been a failure, too. So back to the waxwork pose with Landru and Mussolini.

The play is good fun, but it need not have been quite so light. There are parts where it might take a serious grip, and was perhaps intended to, but just fails. It may be hoped that Herr Hasenclever will soon present a play with a new basis. Bringing gods down to earth might develop into a bad habit. It is always a trifle disappointing when a dramatist plays the same trick twice.

Will Hill be Amnestied? at the State Theatre, is the third of Herr Lion Feuchtwanger's "Three Anglo-Saxon Pieces," and apparently aims at a sketch of the Anglo-Saxon character as it reacts to Colonial problems. The scene is a "big English town" and four acts of dialogue—the action is all "off"—tell of the flight of Aileen Blodget (inspired Anglo-Saxon name) for Harris Hill. Hill, who is also "off," was ordered, as acting governor of an African mandated territory, to suppress a rising by force. Placing his eyeglass in his blind eye, he ignored the official telegram and simply poured tact on the troubled waters. They subsided, but he was sentenced to imprisonment for insubordination. Aileen, whose affections he has won, enlists several striking Anglo-Saxons in his cause. There is Sir Horace Perker, M.P., a model of well-bred perfidy, who has more influence on public affairs than most private members. There is, surprisingly, the Wandering Jew, in the guise of a modern Anglo-Saxon financier, who pulls important strings for Aileen. There is one Dennis Peel, who is frankly interested only in Aileen and those traditional Anglo-Saxon pastimes, "sniggling" and "dibbling" for eels and hake. There is a less Anglo-than-Saxon journalist, Leonhard Huxstedt, who tells of social success once acquired by posing as a political murderer in Munich—until the real murderer appeared. To a German audience this is an excellent joke, but it seems discordant in an English town. However, Herr Feuchtwanger warns the audience in the programme to expect anachronisms. Just before the curtain, Hill is released and returns to claim Aileen's affections, to the chagrin of his champions, whose interest is less in Colonial martyrs than in Aileen. And incidentally to the disconcertment of Aileen, who learns that the martyr never received the telegram he was imprisoned for disobeying—although he ha.. not liked to say so.

At the Deutsches Theater Herr Fritz von Unruh's new comedy *Phaea* is extravagantly produced by Herr Max Reinhardt and extravagantly played. The audience once more finds itself in the film world, though it realizes this only when, after ten minutes of songs and murders in the opening cabaret scene, a voice cries "stop," the actors in the film-play relax, and the play proper begins. Amid the microphones, arc lights, cameras, and dusty properties moves the film magnate, a huge, misshapen being whose mania it is to register and record the voices and faces of real people, rather than puppets, in his films; the players always fall short of his demands and he shouts hoarsely for "Life, life, real life!" He contrives that a young cabaret dancer shall fall in love with an actor, and, with the aid of a microphone, he succeeds in overhearing her very outspoken confession of her feelings for the man. Unfortunately the film ogre prompts giggles rather than shudders, the villainies are altogether too villainous, and the hero is so high falutin' in word and contemptible in deed as to forfeit even interest.

ROYAL CHORAL SOCIETY

PERFORMANCE OF "HIAWATHA"

The Royal Choral Society yesterday gave the first two of the series of dramatic performances of Coleridge-Taylor's *Hiawatha*, which will occupy them during the next fortnight.

This inflated version of what is really a secular oratorio has now become an annual event, and the present production is on the same lines as in previous years. The stage management is good and the chorus now knows its part, music and action, so well that the performance goes smoothly. There is no denying that the work lends itself to spectacular treatment with surprisingly little violation of the actual music. At the same time it is difficult altogether to justify it artistically. The poem is narrative and the composer's treatment of it is not dramatic; the principal personages when they appear in the flesh have singularly little to do—Minnehaha, for instance, has only a few bars to sing altogether, and it is not till the third part that Hiawatha himself has a solo that shows anything of his character. The most serious blemish, however, was in a matter of detail. The third part opens with an interpolated ballet of Spring. Two hundred little bare-footed girls drawn from the dancing academies of London made a pretty show in long, running lines, but the introduction of solo dancers in ballet slippers who performed *en pointes* opposite a befeathered Indian was a ludicrous mixture of realism with the fantastic.

The producer, Mr. T. C. Fairbairn, wisely follows the composer in assigning the main burden of the entertainment to the chorus, turning it, that is, from an oratorio into a spectacle, not into an opera. His treatment of the crowd is admirable, in the manner of Reinhardt. *Hiawatha's Departure*, which is musically the weakest of the three parts, gains enough strength from the grouping and the arm-work of the chorus to make a climax to the work in a way that it never does in the concert-hall. With the exception of the ballets the treatment was wholly realistic, and the realism was thorough. There was the rustle of water (real water) in Parts I. and III.; there was a heavy, very heavy, fall of snow throughout Part II.; Chief Os-ke-non-ton sang Indian folk-songs at appropriate points; there were drummings and bird-songs, dances and processions.

There will be relays of soloists: four Hiawathas, four Minnehahas, and no fewer than six Chibiaboses, who will sing "Onaway, awake beloved." Yesterday afternoon Mr. Ben Davies put on feathers and entered thoroughly into the spirit of the production; it was delightful to observe his own easy style broadened to meet the dramatic occasion without a trace of the self-consciousness that was apparent in many of the performers. Among the other soloists the Iagoo of Mr. Frank Webster stood out for the clearness of his words in his short solo in the third part. Miss Elsie Suddaby as Minnehaha appeared to enjoy her flirtation with a more dramatic style of singing than usually falls to her lot. Dr. Sargent conducted and skilfully concealed the undramatic nature of the music, but he would improve the artistic balance if he allowed the chorus an easier *tempo* both during the wedding-feast and at the funeral. He feels music slower than most people, and therefore tends to take it faster than most people want. A little more expansiveness at certain points would suit this spectacular presentation of *Hiawatha* without causing its momentum to flag.

VAUDEVILLE THEATRE

MISS RUTH DRAPER

Those of us who most admire the rare and delightful talent of Miss Ruth Draper do not attempt, having already attempted in vain, to fathom the secret of our enjoyment. It is much easier to describe the kind of pleasure that her sketches unfailingly give. As she moves to and fro about the stage, sharing it with nobody and with nothing beyond a few sticks of furniture, conversing with this or that imaginary person, she causes us to feel that we are reading a novel. It is a novel which makes its points with extreme rapidity and an air of casual precision, rather like the "Dodsworth" of Mr. Sinclair Lewis, it has a strong Transatlantic flavour, and once begun it holds us entranced to the end.

To describe our enjoyment in this way is not, of course, to suggest that Miss Draper seems merely to be reading aloud. What she has to say, set down in cold print, would not entrance. It might seem rather emptily theatrical; but in the theatre her sketching of character is swift and clear and marvellously exact, unemphatic, and untheatrical; and the kind of pleasure we get from it is closely akin to the pleasure we get from a novel of character.

Miss Draper gives us but one of her old sketches, that one in which we meet a party of Americans solemnly measuring the values of a Florentine church by their Baedeker. The rest are new. There is an amazingly efficient American private secretary who looks after her employer's hats and ties, stocks and shares, the wants of his wife and those of his mistress, and all the various dues of his children, his friends, and his dependents. She is so true to life that we are persuaded that there is somewhere in America the perfect, indispensable secretary. Then there is the employer's hard, frivolous wife, driving home from the theatre and revealing herself in fragments of reproachful clatter. In the same sketch this clatter is delicately annotated by the mistress in whose flattery we see the husband expand and blossom. The miner's wife, rating her husband in the home and pitifully mourning his death at the pit-head, is a less well-observed character, but the English lady opening the bazaar is a kindlier portrait of that other lady who used to show the "jubgullas" and the "damphilias" of her garden to visitors, and a not less humorous one.

EMPIRE THEATRE

"THE MYSTERIOUS ISLAND"

It is not because submarines and wireless telephony have become the merest commonplaces of science that this Metro-Goldwyn-Meyer adaptation from Jules Verne fails to be as dramatically satisfying as it might have been, but because, not unnaturally, the difficulties of presenting that country 20,000 leagues under the sea have been too much even for the imagination of that very able director, Mr. Lucien Hubbard. Mr. Hubbard's country is built on the best principles of modern American architecture, its inhabitants resemble the gnomes of a hundred Christmas pantomimes, and there is a monster who is a perfect cross between Alice's Gryphon and the crocodile in *Peter Pan*.

Nevertheless, when the film is not concerning itself with the details of sub-marine life, but is generalizing, there is an imaginative, a poetic exaggeration about it, and some of the scenes have, as they should, all the fabulous distortions of a nightmare. Mr. Lionel Barrymore was quiet and impressive in the part of Dakkar, the disinterested scientist who has a melodramatically-minded enemy in Falon (Mr. Montagu Love), and Miss Jane Daly and Mr. Lloyd Hughes make love in circumstances which might well have appalled the less amorous. Most colour films are an intolerable insult to the eye, but although the excellence of the opening scenes of *The Mysterious Island*, when the attempt to achieve strict realism is wisely abandoned for an entertaining experiment in the bizarre, is not quite maintained, the film as a whole represents a considerable technical advance on anything that has been done in colour before.

HARLECH CASTLE MUSICAL FESTIVAL

The Harlech Castle Musical Festival, which has been a feature of the musical life of Wales for over 60 years, was held yesterday within the walls of the castle. Sixteen choirs, comprising 1,600 voices, sang at the evening session Handel's oratorio *Judas Maccabaeus*, under the conductorship of Mr. E. T. Davies, music director of Bangor University, and supported by an orchestra of 70, with Mr. Vasco Akeroyd, of Liverpool, as the leader. The massed choirs sang Welsh hymns at the morning and afternoon sessions, the audience of 5,000 frequently joining in the singing. An interesting item was a tone-poem entitled "Summer Night in the Austrian Tyrol," played by a chamber orchestra under the conductorship of the composer, Miss Margaret More, of Harlech.

The Broadcasting Programmes for today and Broadcasting Notes will be found on page 20

ART EXHIBITIONS

CHINESE JADES AND BRONZES

Since in one section they overlap, the exhibitions of ancient Chinese art at Messrs. Bluett's, 48, Davies-street, and Messrs. Yamanaka's, 127, New Bond-street, may be discussed in the same article. The exhibition at Messrs. Bluett's is exclusively of ancient jades, 527 examples, forming the collection of Mr. K. C. Wong, probably the most comprehensive in the world. Before referring to individual examples it will be well to summarize briefly the information contained in the admirable foreword to the illustrated catalogue, which has the further advantage of a glossary of Chinese terms relating to jades. Never before has the subject been put so clearly to the general public. It is important to remember that the actual substance of jade had a meaning to the Chinese, being credited with healing and preserving properties, so that many of the objects here were designed as amulets, some of them to close up the apertures—eyes, mouth, nostrils, ears—in the body of the dead. Further, both the general form of the jades and their ornament were symbolical; the square form representing the earth, the circular the heaven, and the dragon an entirely benevolent influence.

Beautiful as many of them are, both in design and in workmanship, no ancient jade is, therefore, to be looked upon as a purely artistic production. Probably this applies to most Chinese works of art—and to more ancient art in general than some people would be ready to admit—but it is very definite here. The great majority of the jades in the Wong collection range in date from the Shang (1766-1122 B.C.) to the Sung (960-1279 A.D.) Dynasty, though there are a few later examples. For present purposes it will be better to disregard rarity and circumstantial interest and name a few pieces of great artistic beauty. A wonderful piece—the subject in the catalogue of one of the best reproductions in colour we have ever seen—is the "Axe"—a symbolical axe, of course—(89) of green jade partly tinged with red. Carved in low relief with dragons and other forms this is indeed a marvel of the combined beauty of substance and craftsmanship. Other pieces which it is a delight to see and handle are the "Disc" (23), of white jade tinged with brown spots, carved with dragons in relief; the "Disc" (34), of translucent white jade with red markings; and the "Vase with two handles" (452), of translucent white jade, the handles carved as monsters. Of circumstantial interest are the various examples of "Tallies," cut in pairs from the same piece of jade and carved to fit exactly. One half was carried by the messenger as a credential, the other half being sent independently as a check upon him.

At Messrs. Yamanaka's the range is wider, to include bronzes and ceramics as well as early jades. These last present the same characteristics as the earlier examples in the Wong collection, and need not be further described. The bronzes have great dignity, in both general form and decoration, and they are beautifully patinated. Numbers 3, 6, 9, 12, and 15 may be specially noted. Between the Chou and the somewhat later Ts'in examples there is a remarkable general difference in style; the metal becoming thinner, the holding capacity of the vessel greater, while the ornament tends to the geometrical, the key or fret pattern prevailing. Since the Ts'in period corresponds to 255-206 B.C. one would almost suspect a Greek influence in the interval. Certainly the "Silver Vessel" (20), of the still later T'ang Dynasty, suggests a derivation from the Greek vase in its engraved ornament of a Royal procession. The bronzes include mirrors, Nos. 25, 30, 31, 32, and 33—the last having applied colour—being particularly fine.

First place among the ceramics must be given to the hexafoil rimmed "Chun Yao Flower-pot" (88), with lobed sides, a perfect piece in both form and colour, though there are several other fine pieces of the same ware. Among later wares are to be noted the K'ang Hsi "Vase" (129) in whole colour peach bloom; and the Ch'ien Lung "Pair of Flower Vases" (150). Uncatalogued there is a delightful, though much damaged, Tang figurine of a dancing girl, in the attitude of "curtseying," and also a very vigorous stone carving of a lion hunt, of the Wei period, the hunter being Western—or possibly Indian?—in facial type.

THE CENTRAL SCHOOL

Exhibitions of students' work are always hard to judge, but that of the L.C.C. Central School of Arts and Crafts, Southampton-row, seems to show that the institution is fulfilling well its primary function as a centre for special artistic applications. General drawing, painting, and modelling are, of course, taught there, but as means rather than as ends in themselves. This leads to some interesting results, because artists who are quite well known in one branch of art are in the habit of attending the Central School for instruction in another, and "student," in this connexion, is no evidence of extreme youth. Thus, among the lithographers we find Mr. George Morrow and Mrs. Edna Clarke Hall, and the potters include Mr. Adrian Allinson.

Speaking generally, the standard is—as might be expected—higher in "applied" than in "pure" art, and in craftsmanship than in design. In modelling from life, for instance, there is nothing so good as the glazed pottery figures by Mr. Allinson and Mr. D. Gilbert, whose "Europa" is a truly sculptural production. Very good pots, too, are shown by Mr. A. Goodborn, Miss S. Peereboom, Miss C. Rhodes, and Mr. M. I. Darwish, who is an Egyptian student. Among the lithographers there is an Indian, Mr. B. Krishna, whose picture of dancing girls shows an unaffected mingling of Eastern and Western traditions. Metalwork and cabinet-making are consistently good in workmanship, but not very original in design, though there are one or two charming pieces of jewelry. One of the triumphs of the Central School is in the designing and making of theatrical costumes, and the well-staged exhibit of full-scale examples is most impressive. Writing and typography, too, keep a high level, the pages of "Shakespeare's Sonnets"—though the initials are rather weak—by Mr. J. J. Andron, and Stow's "Survey of London," supervised by Mr. J. H. Mason, being all that could be desired. The line engravings by Mr. Clifford Webb, the etchings by Miss Helen Binyon, the drawings and lithographs of animals by Miss B. Purvis, and the hand-dyed, woven and embroidered bedspread by Mrs. E. Potter are other things that attracted attention in a necessarily fortuitous examination of a mixed and uncatalogued exhibition.

"SAY WHEN"

MAY WEEK PRODUCTION AT CAMBRIDGE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CAMBRIDGE, JUNE 9

The annual May Week production of the Cambridge University Footlights Dramatic Club was performed for the first time tonight. Called *Say When*, a *revue* in 24 scenes, it is described as a mixture in two acts, and the ingredients show considerable ingenuity and originality.

As usual, the production is the work of a dozen or so collaborators, many of whom appear in the different scenes, and the team-work, in particular, is unusually good. The club has not discovered another Jack Hulbert, but it enjoys the services of some very promising actors. Prominent among them is Ronald Hill as a female impersonator in a variety of parts, a pianist, a dancer, and part author.

Of the many sketches presented in the show, *His Last Morning*, a ballet by Mr. H. Rottenburg, has the virtue of originality, and *Manners*, an argument with illustrations, is another effort which maintains the high level of the production.

A good topical song, "The Cook in the Kitchen at Calius," and the efforts of the Quinquaginta Ramblers' dance orchestra met to-night with general approval.

OPERA

ROYAL OPERA, COVENT GARDEN.
Lessees: Covent Garden Opera Syndicate, Ltd.
SEASON OF INTERNATIONAL OPERA.
MADAMA BUTTERFLY.
TO-NIGHT, at 8.15.
Tamara Beltacchi, Cassie Craig, Constance Groome, Jessie Mitchell, Maggie Teyte; Aristide Baracchi, Andre Burdino, Luigi Cilla, Dennis Noble, Michele Sampieri, Giulio Tomei, Harold Wilton.
Conductor—JOHN BARBIROLLI.
MARTA To-morrow, at 8.
(Only performance this season.
Nadia Kovaceva, Edith Mason; Aristide Baracchi, Beniamino Gigli, Michele Sampieri, Giulio Tomei.
Conductor—VINCENZO BELLEZZA.
AIDA .. Thursday, at 8.
With Eva Turner, Francesco Merli.
LA TRAVIATA Friday, at 8.15.
With Rosa Ponselle.
Beniamino Gigli, Giovanni Inghilleri.
PRICES (including tax)—Boxes, 10 guineas and £5; Stalls, 28s.; Circle, 24s. and 21s. 6d.; Balcony, £1; Amphitheatre, 13s.; Gallery (unreserved), 3s. 6d.
Box-office 10 to 6. Telephone: Temple Bar 7961.

LYRIC, Hammersmith. Riverside 3012.
EVENINGS, at 8.15. MATS. WED. & SAT., 2.30.
FAREWELL PERFORMANCES of
THE BEGGAR'S OPERA.
OLIVE GROVES and FREDERICK RANALOW.
Produced by NIGEL PLAYFAIR.
N.B.—POSITIVELY THE LAST 11 NIGHTS.
Final performance Sat., June 21st.

THEATRES

ALDWYCH. Tem. 6404. NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
Matinées, WED. and FRI., 2.30.
TOM WALLS and REGINALD HIGHLEY present
RALPH LYNN in
"A NIGHT LIKE THIS."
A New Farce by BEN TRAVERS.
Mary Brough Winifred Shotter
and TOM WALLS.

AMBASSADORS. 2.30, 8.30. Tues., Fri., 2.30.
THE MAN IN POSSESSION.
With ISABEL JEANS and RAYMOND MASSEY.
Preceded by "THE CONFEDERATES." (Tem. 1171.)

APOLLO. 8.40. Tues., Thur., 2.30. G. 6970.
"INSULT."
MARJORIE MARS. LESLIE PERRINS.
DENYS BLAKELOCK. DAVID HORNE.
"FINE AND FORCIBLE DRAMA."—*The Sketch.*

ARTS THEATRE. NINE Public Perfs.
To-morrow, June 11, to Friday, June 20, at 8.45.
YVETTE GUILBERT.
Stalls, 12s. 6d. and 8s. 6d. D.C., 10s. 6d. and 7s. (inc. tax). Box-office (Tem. Bar 7541) and all Libraries.

COMEDY. Gerrard 8978.
EVENINGS, at 8.30.
Mats., TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 2.30.
THE SILENT WITNESS.
MARIE LOHR. MALCOLM KEEN.
"FINE CRIME PLAY."—*Daily Mail.*
"REAL DRAMA, PLENTY OF THRILLS."—*D. Sketch.*

CRITERION. 2.30 & 8.30. Tues., Sat., 2.30.
"NINE TILL SIX."
A Play by Aimée and Philip Stuart.

DALY'S. Gerrard 0201.
TO-NIGHT, at 8, subsequently at 8.30.
THE COMMAND TO LOVE.
YVONNE ARNAUD.
RONALD SQUIRE.
ISOBEL ELSOM.
Matinées, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 2.30.

DOMINION, Tottenham Court-rd. Mus. 2176.
NIGHTLY, 8.15. Mats., WED. & SAT., 2.30.
THE ROMANTIC MUSICAL COMEDY,
SILVER WINGS.
HARRY WELCHMAN LUPINO LANE
MARK STONE DONALD MATHER
DESIREE ELLINGER EMMA HAIG
ALL SEATS BOOKABLE. 2s. to 8s. 6d. PLUS TAX

DRURY LANE. (Temple Bar 7171.)
NIGHTLY, 8.15. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
DENNIS KING in
"THE THREE MUSKETEERS."
A ROMANTIC MUSICAL PLAY.

DUCHESS. (Tem. Bar 6888.) Popular Prices.
EVGS., 8.30. Wed., Thurs., 2.30. IRISH PLAYERS in
THE PLOUGH AND THE STARS.
SARA ALLGOOD. ARTHUR SINCLAIR.

DUKE OF YORK'S. TO-MORROW, at 8
In association with Wilfhut, Ltd.,
Famous Players Guild, Ltd., presents
THE WAY TO TREAT A WOMAN.
By Walter Hackett.
MARION LORNE. C. AUBREY SMITH.
CATHLEEN NESBITT. GEORGE TULLY.
First Matinée, Mon. next, at 2.30. (Tem. Bar 5122.)

EMBASSY. (Pri. 2211.) 8.15. Mat., Thur., 2.30.
GERALD LAWRENCE SEASON.
THE MERCHANT OF VENICE.

EVERYMAN. 8.15. Thurs., Sat., 2.30
THE BLUE COAST.
KATHLEEN O'REGAN.
BALIOL HOLLOWAY. HUBERT HARBEN.

GARRICK. Tem. 8713. NIGHTLY, at 8.30.
Matinées, THURS. and SAT., 2.30.
RENEE KELLY in
"ALMOST A HONEYMOON."
THE DARING BUT REALLY FUNNY FARCE.

GLOBE. Gerrard 8724.
Charles B. Cochran's and Maurice Browne's
INTERNATIONAL SEASON.
To-night, at 8. Subs., 8.30. Mats., Thurs., Sat., 2.30.
LUDMILLA and GEORGES PITOEFF in
"ST. JEANNE."
By George Bernard Shaw.
Commencing Sat. Evening, June 14th,
in *"LA DAME AUX CAMELIAS."*
Commencing Thurs. Afternoon, June 19th,
in *"LE CADAVRE VIVANT."*

GRAFTON, Tottenham Court-road.
THE SEARCHER.
By VELONA PILCHER.
And UNUSUAL VARIETY, NIGHTLY, at 8.30,
WEDS., SATS., 2.30. Museum 1424. Café opens 6.30.

HAYMARKET. Regent 6030.
EVERY EVG., 8.30. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
THE FIRST MRS. FRASER.
A Comedy by ST. JOHN ERVINE.
MARIE TEMPEST and HENRY AINLEY.

HIPPODROME, London. (Gerr. 0648.)
EVGS., 8.30. Mats., Weds., Thurs. & Sats., 2.30.
"THE CO-OPTIMISTS OF 1930."
LAST TWO WEEKS OF LONDON SEASON BEFORE PROVINCIAL TOUR.

HIS MAJESTY'S.
Proprietor: Joseph Benson. Licensee: W. C. Gaunt.
NIGHTLY, at 8.30. Mats., WED. and SAT., 2.30.
12th Month of CHARLES B. COCHRAN'S Production
"BITTER SWEET."
An Operette by NOEL COWARD.

KINGSWAY. Hol. 4032. NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
Matinées, WED. and SAT., 2.30. LAST WEEK.
"LIBERTY HALL."
Deering Wells, Lawrence Hanray, Joan Maude, May Agate.

LONDON PAVILION. 8.15. To-day, Th., 2.30.
CHARLES B.
COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE.
"MR. COCHRAN'S BEST REVUE."—*Daily Mail.*

LYCEUM. TEMPLE BAR 7617.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
Mats., Weds. and Thurs., at 2.30.
A JULIAN WYLIE Musical Production.
"HERE COMES THE BRIDE."
CLIFFORD MOLLISON EDMUND GWENN
JEAN COLIN RICHARD DOLMAN
Vera Bryer, Maria Minetti, Albert Brouett, Howell, Harger, and Naldi.
SEATS BOOKABLE from 5s. (Unres., 2s. and 1s.)

LYRIC. POPULAR PRICES. Ger. 3686.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. MATS., WED. & SAT., 2.30.
"LILAC TIME."
A Play with Music by FRANZ SCHUBERT.

LYRIC, Hammersmith. Riverside 3012.
THE BEGGAR'S OPERA. (See under Opera.)

NEW. TO-DAY, 2.30, 8.30. Mat., Tu., Thur.
OWEN NARES in
THE LAST CHAPTER.
By Edith and Edward Ellis.

PLAYHOUSE. Evgs., 8.30. Ger. 5162.
GLADYS COOPER presents
"DISHONOURED LADY."
By Margaret Ayer Barnes and Edward Sheldon.
FAY COMPTON.
C. V. FRANCE. HARTLEY POWER.
NIGEL BRUCE. GEORGE CURZON.
ANNETTE BENSON. HAROLD HUTH.
Mats., THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 2.30.

PRINCES. Temple Bar 3633.
200th PERFORMANCE TUES., JUNE 17TH.
A WARM CORNER.
NIGHTLY, 8.30. Mats., Wed. & Thurs., 2.30.
HEATHER THATCHER.
CONNIE EDISS. AUSTIN MELFORD.
LESLIE HENSON.

THEATRES (continued)

PRINCE OF WALES. Gerrard 7482
Proprietor: Tonie Bruce. Lessee: Andre Charlot.
THURSDAY next, at 8.15. Subsequently at 8.30.
MAURICE BROWNE presents
"BADGER'S GREEN."
A New Play by R. C. Sherriff.
With HORACE HODGES.
The Play Produced by James Whale.
Mats., TUESDAY and THURSDAY, at 2.30.

QUEEN'S. Gerrard 9437.
NIGHTLY, 8.15. MATS. WED., SAT., 2.30.
MAURICE BROWNE presents
THE OLD VIC COMPANY in
HAMLET.
With MARTITA HUNT and JOHN GIELGUD.
POPULAR PRICES.

QUEEN'S. Gerr. 9437. TO-DAY, at 2.45.
Charles B. Cochran and Maurice Browne present
ANGNA ENTERS
In Episodes and Compositions in Dance Form.
Mats. at 2.45, June 10, 12, 13, 17, 19, 20, 24, 26, 27.

ROYALTY. Gerr. 2690. TO-MORROW, 8.15.
First Matinée, Tuesday, June 17, at 2.30.
THE BEAUX' STRATAGEM.
EDITH EVANS.
MILES MALLESON ERIC PORTMAN.
MARTIN WALKER. MARY MAYFREN.
GODFREY TEARLE.
Produced by NIGEL PLAYFAIR.

ST. JAMES'S. (Ger. 3903.) 8.30. Wed., Sat., 2.30.
LAST 2 WEEKS.
MICHAEL AND MARY.
By A. A. MILNE.
EDNA BEST. HERBERT MARSHALL

ST. MARTIN'S. Sole Lessee: B. A. Meyer.
EVGS., at 8.30. Mats., Wed. & Thurs., at 2.30.
PETTICOAT INFLUENCE.
By Nell Grant.
NIGEL PLAYFAIR, Robert Holmes, Morton Selten, Frank Allenby, Jane Millican, DIANA WYNYARD.

SAVOY. Temple Bar 8888.
Props.: Savoy Theatre, Ltd. Lessors: Exc. of H. B. Irving.
Lessees: Charles Egerton Killick & Victor Payne-Jennings.
MAURICE BROWNE presents
OTHELLO.
SYBIL THORNDIKE PEGGY ASHCROFT.
PAUL ROBESON.
EVGS., at 8.15. Mats., MON. and THURS., at 2.30.
"A GREAT & MEMORABLE PERFORMANCE." *M. Post.*

SHAFTESBURY. Prop., J. Benson. Smoking.
(Ger. 6666.) At 8.30. Mats., Thurs. and Sat., 2.30.
BASIL FOSTER and TOM MILLER present
"THE MIDDLE WATCH."
By IAN HAY and STEPHEN KING-HALL.

VAUDEVILLE. (Tem. Bar 4871.) At 8.45.
THREE WEEKS ONLY.
RUTH DRAPER.
ORIGINAL CHARACTER SKETCHES.
EVENINGS, at 8.45. MATS., Thurs. and Sat., 2.45.

VICTORIA PALACE. (Victoria 5282-4.)
8.15. Mats., WED., SAT., 2.30. (Reduced Prices.)
FOLIES BERGERE REVUE,
with CHARLES AUSTIN.

WINTER GARDEN. (Smoking.) Hol. 8881.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. Mats., WED., THURS., at 2.30.
THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT.
London's Greatest Light Entertainment.
CICELY COURTNEDGE and JACK HULBERT.
NORAH BLANEY and GWEN FARRAR.
Revolution in Prices, 7s. 6d. to 1s. (plus tax).

WYNDHAM'S. Lessee, Leon M. Lion.
(Tem. Bar 3028.) EVGS., 8.30. WED. & SAT., 2.30.
"ON THE SPOT."
By EDGAR WALLACE.
CHARLES LAUGHTON
GILLIAN LIND GLADYS FRAZIN
W. CRONIN-WILSON BEN WELDEN
BEN SMITH DENNIS WYNDHAM
EMLYN WILLIAMS ROY EMERTON

VARIETIES, &c.

COLISEUM. Charing Cross. (Tem. 3161.
THREE TIMES DAILY, 2.15, 5.15, 8.15.
CREFALO, THE MASTER ILLUSIONIST; LOUISE BROWN and The PARAMOUNT TILLER GIRLS; THEA PHILIPS; G. S. MELVIN; A. C. ASTOR; SANDY POWELL; MAGDA-PALERMO LILLIPUTIANS; DEL FONT BOYS; a Walt Disney SILLY SYMPHONY
British Movietone News.
Managing Director: SIR OSWALD STOLL.

HOLBORN EMPIRE. Hol. 5367. 6.30, 9.
Nellie Wallace; Randolph Sutton; Chaney and Fox; Nina Doria; Two Black Dots; Julian Rose; Brian Lawrence; Kirakou Bros.

MASKELYNE'S THEATRE, Oxford-circus.
(Lang. 1545.) 3 and 8. LOUIS NIKOLA, HERBERT MILTON, LA FLEUR, MUSICAL ROBOT, &c.
A really jolly show of Magical Variety.

PALLADIUM. Gerr. 1004. 6.30, 9. Mats. Tu., Th.,

Imperial and Foreign News

MALTESE CRISIS

LORD STRICKLAND'S REPLY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MALTA, JUNE 9

Lord Strickland's reply to the charges made against him by the Vatican in Number 20 of the Blue Book on Malta, is published in the Government *Gazette* to-day.

Lord Strickland says he observes that his faith and morals are not impugned; only his methods in administering self-government on English-Australian lines during the transitional period from autocracy to democracy, when ecclesiastical authorities experience greater difficulty than do civil rulers in fitting into the new order of things. The public appeal aspect of the accusations, Lord Strickland states, is negligible; his reply is made out of regard for the Maltese people and for his fellow-Catholics in the Empire.

When in Australia, the statement continues, he (Lord Strickland) was considered an exemplary Catholic. On his return to Malta Pope Benedict intimated that he would be *persona grata* as Minister to the Holy See. His Government in Malta never failed to support ecclesiastics in executing their holy office. Owing, however, to the juxtaposition of ecclesiastics and State officers, both in Parliament and in the Government, differences of opinion have arisen, but not differences affecting Catholic doctrine. Few of the King's servants in responsible positions for 43 years could look back without regret for some words spoken or left unsaid. He (Lord Strickland), being no exception, cordially expresses regret for any sentences which caused pain, but he offers a categorical denial to any charges of having followed an anti-Catholic policy. He was in fact on the best terms with the Bishops until the defeat of the Appropriation Bill in 1928.

PRIESTS AND POLITICS

The reply then deals with specific accusations in detail, of which the principal alone are here summarized.

Lord Strickland says that he has always repressed attacks against priests in general, but considered it his duty to denounce priests giving circulation to political scandal. As politicians they are neither infallible nor impeccable. When ecclesiastics are members of Parliament or occupy Ministerial offices, receiving salaries for their work, they are subject to criticism.

The curtailment of Parliamentary freedom of speech would be a grave breach of the fundamental privileges of a democratic Government. Ministers must defend themselves with weapons similar to those used against them. When an ecclesiastic denounces Lord Strickland as an excommunicated heretic he lays himself open to reprisals. In public meetings imputations, as that of Freemasonry, made against Ministers had to be contradicted. Lord Strickland says that he is ready to prove on oath all the statements he made against priestly politicians. If pressure were not brought on the Bishops to make an example of erring politicians anti-clericalism would become rampant in Malta.

Archbishop Caruana's imputation of Ministers organizing the utterance of blasphemous cries was unfounded; also the charge he made direct to the Governor that he (Lord Strickland) tampered with his letters when passing through the Post Office. In legal proceedings every Post Office employee swore that no letter had ever been opened during Lord Strickland's administration. He (Lord Strickland) had proposed the omission of the word "Roman" from the Catholic Church's title in Maltese law without intending to raise any question or contrast. Being accused of heresy he defended himself by referring to Cardinal Bourne's speech on Benedict XV.'s encyclical *ad beatissimi*. He called the Pope "Bishop of Rome" as taught in England in the Catholic catechism. He was prepared to apologize for saying that until the cardinals select an American or a Spaniard as Pope Italians are having undue weight against catholicity in the word's true sense. The King of Spain expressed the same view personally to his Holiness.

As to his opposing the Papal Titles Bill, laying down their legal Parliamentary recognition in Malta, Lord Strickland says that the King would have disallowed it, to the danger of the continuance of British diplomatic relations with Rome.

As to the Church's official language, the statement says that the people do not understand Italian. Certainly the use of Maltese in sermons and pastorals is not detrimental. The workers naturally oppose Italian, preferring an English education. The immorality of a large mass of Italian literature in Malta is shocking.

In ecclesiastical appointments paid from public funds the Government's practice is to select persons not objectionable canonically. Unlimited courtesy in this matter is extended to the Bishops. The charge that Lord Strickland authorized three English Protestant Bishops to give lectures in the Governor's Palace is unfounded, as the Palace falls within reserved matters beyond the responsibility of Ministers.

THE CARTA CASE

In regard to the Father Carta case, Lord Strickland says that his coming to Malta as visitor was not objected to. But he remained as ecclesiastical superior, setting aside the established routine by which Maltese superiors were periodically elected. When Father Carta ordered Father Micallef to leave Malta no boarding permit was ever solicited. When it was anticipated that a permit would be asked for, Ministers requested the Governor to see Archbishop Caruana personally to obtain an assurance that Father Carta would suspend proceedings, so as to give Mr. Chilton (British Minister to the Vatican) time to make representations at the Vatican. When Father Micallef, as a British subject, invoked the law entitling him to remain in Malta he was entitled to the same protection as any other subject. From the administrative standpoint it was his (Lord Strickland's) duty, as the King's Minister, to extend the protection of the laws equally to everybody.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS SOCIETIES

END OF GENEVA CONFERENCE

(FROM OUR LEAGUE CORRESPONDENT)

GENEVA, JUNE 9

The Conference of the International Federation of League of Nations Societies, at whose meetings the British League of Nations Union and other sympathetic British organizations have been strongly represented, ended to-day.

The conference passed a long resolution on the situation in Palestine, welcoming the statement of the representative of the British Government at the Mandates Commission of the League of Nations on June 4.—A resolution was also passed urging Governments to pave the way for a successful conference on the limitation of manufacture of narcotic drugs by notifying in advance, for a determined period, their requirements in opium or coca leaf derivatives; by stating from which country they will purchase their requirements; and by taking energetic steps to give administrative effect to all the international obligations regarding the suppression of the opium traffic. French support was given to a British suggestion that an exhaustive study should be made of the projected organization of a European federal union put forward by the French Government.

One resolution passed during the week-end calls on the League of Nations and the International Labour Office to study the industrial, economic, and financial aspects of unemployment.

The next plenary conference will be held in 1931 in Budapest.

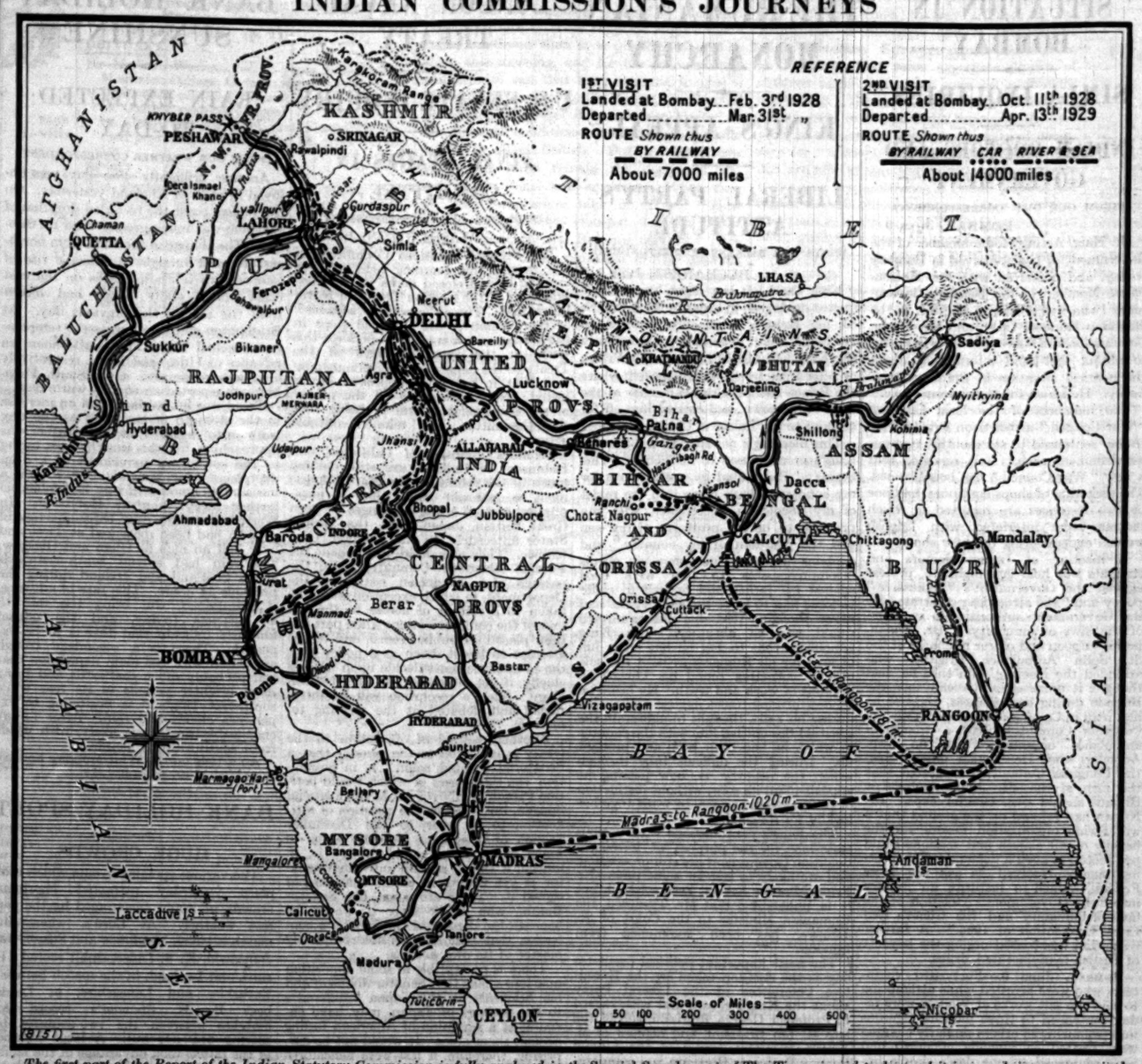
FEUD MURDER IN SIND

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KARACHI, JUNE 9

The Sufi Kalander Bux, a former member of the Legislative Council of Bombay, and two of his men were murdered in his village near Mirpurkhas on Saturday night. Another had his arms cut off from the shoulders. Last month the Sufi was acquitted of a serious charge by the Sessions Court at Hyderabad (Sind). It is alleged that the murder is due to a long-standing family feud. Excitement prevails as the Sufi had a large number of devout followers.

INDIAN COMMISSION'S JOURNEYS



The first part of the Report of the Indian Statutory Commission is fully analysed in the Special Supplement *of* The Times *issued to-day and it is more briefly summarized on the following page. The map above shows the routes followed by the Commissioners during their two visits to India. They arrived at Bombay on their first journey on February 3, 1928, and visited Delhi, Benares, Calcutta, Guntur, Madras, Tanjore, Madura, and, turning back to the north, Lahore. From Lahore some members went to Lyallpur, others to Gurdaspur, and others to Peshawar. They joined together again at Ferozepore and returned to Delhi and Bombay, departing for England on March 31, 1928. They travelled in all about 7,000 miles during this visit. On their second journey they arrived at Bombay on October 11, 1928, and visited Poona, Lahore, Sukkur, Karachi, Quetta, then (via Sukkur and Lahore), Peshawar, and the Khyber Pass. They then returned to Delhi and went on to Lucknow, Patna, Hazaribagh Road, Ranchi (by car), and Calcutta. Then they crossed by sea to Rangoon and went to Mandalay, Prome (by river), back to Rangoon, and by sea to Madras; then on to Bangalore, Mysore, Ootacamund (by car), Nagpur, Delhi, Baroda, and back to Bombay—in all a distance of about 14,000 miles. They left Bombay for England on April 13, 1929.*

REICH AND THURINGIA

POLICE SUBSIDY AGAIN STOPPED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, JUNE 9

As the Thuringian Government has refused to abandon its decision to appoint National Socialists (Fascists) to important posts in the State Police, Dr. Wirth, the Reich Minister of the Interior, has reimposed the ban on Reich subsidies for the upkeep of the State Police which his predecessor imposed and he himself raised in the hope of being able to reach a settlement by negotiation.

He has again explained that the Reich Government does not regard the appointment of political extremists compatible with the understanding that subsidized police forces shall be kept free from political influence. A payment of 250,000 marks due on May 26 was not made, and the next instalment, due on June 26, will not be made unless the Thuringian Government surrenders. The Thuringian Government has, however, some 70,000 marks to go on with, as it had already received an advance from the Reich, which, of course, it shows no disposition to refund. It intends to appeal to the Supreme Court at Leipzig.

Herr Frick, the National Socialist Minister of the Interior and Education in Thuringia, whose inclusion in the Government has caused all the trouble, is having a hard struggle with the University of Jena over his high-handed appointment to a professorial post of a well-known exponent of the racial theories to which the National Socialists are fanatically attached. The Senate challenged his right to make appointments without consulting them in accordance with an ancient privilege.

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARIES IN NORTH CAROLINA

SUPPORTER OF MR. HOOVER DEFEATED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, JUNE 9

The Democratic Party primary elections in North Carolina, held to decide the party candidate for Senator in the autumn elections, resulted in the defeat by a large majority of Senator Simmons, who had represented the State for 29 years, and the election of Mr. Josiah Bailey.

The election was fought almost exclusively on the issue raised in the Presidential elections of 1928 by Senator Simmons and other prominent Southern Democrats who supported Mr. Hoover instead of Mr. Smith, thus completely changing the political alignment of "the solid South." For 30 years Senator Simmons had exercised almost dictatorial control over the politics of North Carolina.

Mr. Bailey ran in the primary election with the avowed purpose of chastising Senator Simmons for his "irregularity" in this matter. His victory has greatly encouraged the "regular" Democrats of Alabama in their opposition to Senator Heflin, the Democratic Senator from that State, who, like Senator Simmons, supported Mr. Hoover in 1928. They have already succeeded in excluding Senator Heflin from the Democratic primaries, forcing him to run as an independent in the autumn elections.

KING ALFONSO AND THE ARMY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MADRID, JUNE 9

The battalion of cadets from the new General Military Academy of Saragossa, whom King Alfonso invited to Madrid for the purpose, took over the guard at the Royal Palace this morning for 24 hours, during which they will be the guests of his Majesty.

Yesterday there was a military review at Carabanchel Camp, near Madrid, where this year's recruits were sworn in, and at which the Royal Family assisted. During his journey in Catalonia the King inspected the garrisons and expressed great satisfaction at the bearing of the troops.

These ceremonies give the King an opportunity for renewing contact with the Army, and appear to be part of the policy of the new Government.

FRENCH AIR PAGEANT

PROGRESS IN 21 YEARS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JUNE 9

The two "national air days," which have now become a regular yearly event, were celebrated yesterday and to-day in the park of Vincennes. The glorious weather drew crowds estimated at over 30,000 on both days. Some 350 machines, civil and military, were engaged. The President, M. Doumergue, attended the meeting yesterday; to-day M. Laurent-Eynac, Minister for Air, presided.

Yesterday's programme included the start of a two-day race to Bordeaux and back for a prize given by M. Doumergue, the arrival of the South American air mail, combats between bombers and fighters, the destruction of an observation balloon, and a "fly-past" of machines dating from a 1909 Blériot to the latest types in use to-day. This last item particularly took the fancy of the crowd, and certainly no better means of showing the progress of 21 years could have been devised. A stiff breeze was blowing across the aerodrome, and the aged Blériot had the greatest difficulty in battling its slow way along, while its modern offspring flashed by at close on ten times its speed. Throughout the day various pilots gave exhibitions of aerobatics, the best displays being by Doret, Detroyat, and Sadi Lecointe in Dewoitine, Morane-Saulnier, and Nieuport Delage machines, but they were remarkable for daring rather than originality, and the outside loop, for example, was left severely alone.

The outstanding feature of to-day's programme, which concentrated on the military side of aviation, was the salvation by air of a beleaguered force in a Moorish fort.

A BEATIFICATION IN ST. PETER'S

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, JUNE 8

The series of solemnities which are to mark the close of the Pope's extended Jubilee Year began to-day with the beatification of Paola Frassinetti, the famous religious educationist, teacher of young girls and founder of those institutes of Santa Dorotea which are widespread throughout Europe and in both North and South America. The newly Beatified, who was born in Genoa in 1809 and died in 1882, came of a family distinguished for its piety, and her four brothers were all priests.

One exceptional feature of to-day's solemnities was the presence of two people who had benefited by two of the miracles which constitute arguments for Paola Frassinetti's beatification. One of them was the Dorotean sister Virgilia Casalin, who was immediately and completely cured of a purulent affection of the left ear. The other was Signor Vincenzo Giovagnoli, who as a small boy was cured of tuberculosis in the left instep by the application thereto of a handkerchief formerly belonging to the Beatified.

To-day's ceremonies followed the usual procedure, and were crowned in the afternoon by the presence of the Pope, who was borne into Saint Peter's in the *sedia gestatoria* and venerated the relics of the Beatified.

TITLES TO HONOUR

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, JUNE 9

A gracious little episode, which occurred when Signor Mussolini was in Florence the other day, and was giving a reception to the aristocracy and other notables, has just been made public. When some of the ladies were presented to the Duce they named themselves "Maria Teresa Ricasoli, six children," "Nora Giucciardini, seven children," "Maria Teresa Corsini, four children," instead of giving their titles of nobility.

This style of presentation is said to have been greatly appreciated by the Duce, who complimented the ladies in warm terms. The incident has also aroused much admiration in the Press, which declares that not long ago big families were not popular among the Italian aristocracy, and hopes that the nobility will now do as much as the middle and lower classes to make Italy "prosperous, powerful, admired, and feared."

The Greek Government has sent instructions to the Greek Minister in ANGORA to sign the Economic Agreement between Greece and Turkey.—*Reuter.*

POLITICAL ROWDIES IN GERMANY

ACTION BY THE STATE AUTHORITIES

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, JUNE 9

The movement to check the excesses of political extremists in the German streets is making progress. Bavaria took the initiative by prohibiting the wearing of uniforms by the political and semi-political organizations. The Prussian Minister of Justice has now circulated an order to Public Prosecutors and Magistrates which, if it is heeded, may be even more effective in discouraging the exploits of "political rowdies," as they are called here.

The mild judicial consequences of political crimes of violence have been regarded by the long-suffering public as one of the principal reasons why gangs of young Communists and Fascists attack with so little hesitation and discrimination each other, the police, members of more moderate political parties, and innocent bystanders, with revolvers, knives, knuckle-dusters, life preservers, lead piping, and other more or less disagreeable weapons. It is not easy for the police to run to earth the actual murderer among a gang, and when they do he can usually count, like the National Socialists (Fascists) who recently hunted a Communist relentlessly through the streets and stabbed him fatally, on a few years' imprisonment at the most.

The Minister of Justice calls attention to this state of affairs and tells Public Prosecutors and Magistrates that the interests of the State and the protection of the community in general require that adequate punishment should follow such crimes promptly. Above all he urges that the judicial procedure must be accelerated. In future many months must not elapse between the crime and the trial. The Public Prosecutors are instructed to press emphatically for sentences really commensurate with the seriousness of the charge and to see that they are properly carried out. The Magistrates are also instructed to pay special attention to the combating of political hooliganism through the Courts, and, if necessary, to apply for special assistance. In future the Minister requires a report on all cases in which the indictment has not been completed within a fortnight and the case heard within a month of the crime.

The Saxon Ministry of the Interior has also issued new regulations for the preservation of order at political meetings which the police are ordered to follow strictly. All persons who seek by force to prevent or break up a meeting or even threaten criminal activity with that purpose are to be arrested immediately.

The National Socialists are furious at the Bavarian ban on uniforms. On Friday six National Socialist members attended the Diet in their brown shirts and breeches and one spoke so violently that he was suspended. The President of the Diet said it was deliberate provocation and in future he would have members appearing in political uniforms thrown out.

The Prussian authorities are still considering the prohibition of uniforms. It is a measure which has its awkward side. It would, for instance, have to be applied to the Republican Reichsbanner organization as well as to the extremists. Moreover, as an ingenious writer points out in the newspaper *Tempo*, where is the line to be drawn? What is a uniform? What is to prevent all the "Nazis" (National Socialists) from ordering from their tailors grey check suits and from their hatters soft grey felt hats; or all the Communists from marching through the streets wearing black jackets, grey-striped trousers, and bowler hats?

N.Z. HYDRO-ELECTRIC WORKS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

WELLINGTON, JUNE 9

A new problem has arisen at the Arapuni hydro-electric works owing to an earth fracture in the bank of the overflow channel below the spillway. The Minister of Public Works, Mr. Taverner, states that there is no reason for public alarm, but the spillway is being drained to permit of a close inspection, and the generation of power will be temporarily suspended. The Government geologist states that the strata at the main dam and its vicinity are absolutely undisturbed.

NEW AIR RECORD

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, JUNE 9

The United States Bureau of Standards announced to-day that Lieutenant Apollo Soucek, of the United States Navy, had established a new world height record last Wednesday, when he reached 43,166ft. in his aeroplane, beating the record of Herr Neunhofer, of Germany, by over 1,000ft.

BRITISH POLICY IN PALESTINE

DR. SHIELS'S STATEMENT

(FROM OUR LEAGUE CORRESPONDENT)

GENEVA, JUNE 9

The Permanent Mandates Commission of the League of Nations, after studying the measures taken by the British Government to prevent a recurrence in Palestine of the events of August-September, 1929, examined to-day the policy which Great Britain intends to follow in the future for the carrying out of the Palestine Mandate.

According to the official *communique* issued this evening, Dr. Shiels, Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies, made the following statement on the policy to be pursued:—

His Majesty's Government stood now, he said, as at the beginning of its task, for the full Mandate. That policy would not be changed, but measures had been, or were being, taken with a view to making the application of the policy more effective, and utilizing the lessons of the past. The defence and police forces now gave a greater margin of safety. Press excesses and seditious propaganda would now be under greater control.

It was sometimes said that the British obligation to the Jews was a positive one and their obligation to the Arabs a negative one. This was a dangerous line of argument. It was in the best and ultimate interests of the Jewish National Home that the non-Jewish population should feel that the Mandatory Power was equally and actively solicitous for their welfare. The principles governing British policy in the British dependencies were peculiarly suitable for Palestine, where progress in a unique enterprise could only be made by the adaptation of lessons constantly being learned.

Success, however, ultimately depended not on machinery or on the attitude of Governments but on the willingness of the two peoples to cooperate. Without that, the Mandatory Power was constantly compelled to act as an umpire instead of as a coordinating agency. The Arab leaders must see that the scenes of last August were never repeated. The British Government was amenable to reason and argument, but not to actions abhorrent to the spirit of civilization and progress. While national independence was good the power of willingness to cooperate with another people was better.

The Jewish leaders, on the other hand, must see that more trust was shown in those who had undertaken solemn obligations. Persistent criticism of Government officials was unwise and often unfair. Efforts must also be made to see that Jews throughout the world knew that it was a Jewish home in Palestine, and not a Jewish State, that the Mandatory Power had undertaken to advance. Dr. Shiels added that he thought that on the whole there was reason for great hope.

Dr. Shiels thanked the Mandates Commission for the thoroughness and care with which they had investigated this difficult problem, and he trusted that the week's proceedings would contribute to the welfare of all sections of the population of Palestine.

THE FRENCH SOCIALIST CONGRESS

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

BORDEAUX, JUNE 9

This morning the French Socialist Congress, which is meeting here, discussed the general report and spent much time on the vexed question of a recent by-election at Bergerac, in which a Socialist stood against a Radical at the second turn, in spite of recommendations from headquarters, and won the seat.

In the afternoon the position of women in the Socialist federations was discussed. It was admitted by various speakers that the number of women was disappointingly low. The fact that women have not yet been enfranchised in France is an effect of their relative indifference to politics and also serves to perpetuate it.

Telegrams in Brief

The silver wedding of the former German Crown Prince was celebrated yesterday at the ex-Kaiser's house at DOORN.

An Alpinist of LAUSANNE, M. Reichard, fell 400ft. while coming down from the Trident in the Verraux, above Vevey, and was killed.

The death is announced at the age of 76 of Mr. William McAdoo, the chief city magistrate of NEW YORK, and a former police commissioner of the city.—*Reuter.*

The Swedish Crown Prince is going to ICELAND to represent Sweden at the thousandth anniversary of the establishment of the Icelandic Parliament.

Reuter reports from WELLINGTON that the Governor-General of New Zealand has approved the Commission which is to investigate all branches of the Railway Department's activities.

Two British excursionists at CHERBOURG, Mr. Samuel Salisbury and Mr. John Wills, both of Portland, have been knocked down and injured by a motor-car which ran on to the pavement.

Sir Reginald Stubbs, the Captain-General of JAMAICA, sailed yesterday from Kingston for home on four months' leave of absence. The Colonial Secretary, Mr. Jelf, is administering the Government.

Sir Ronald Macleay, the new British Ambassador to ARGENTINA, presented his Letters of Credence yesterday afternoon to President Irigoyen, who received his Excellency with the utmost cordiality.

Mr. Bavin, Premier of NEW SOUTH WALES, went into hospital yesterday owing to the recrudescence of an ailment for which he underwent an operation over a year ago. The treatment is expected to last two months.

A Reuter message from Bulolo, NEW GUINEA, says that a relief party has found the two airmen, Flight Lieutenant Thomson and Mr. McMurtrie, who had been stranded for over a week in dense bush near the source of the Bulolo river.

A BERLIN message says:—The log of the Graf Zeppelin shows that on her voyage to South and North America and back she covered 18,595 miles in 298hr. 32min.—an average speed of slightly over a mile a minute. —*Exchange.*

After presiding for two hours over a meeting of the Wafd on Sunday night, Mustafa Pasha Nahas, the Prime Minister of EGYPT, had a long conversation with Sir Percy Loraine, the British High Commissioner, at the Residency yesterday.

Miss Amy Johnson spent a quiet day in the mountains yesterday and attended a masonic ball in the evening. To-day she is going by a specially planned route through SYDNEY to the Randwick Soldiers' Hospital. This will be made the occasion of a public demonstration.

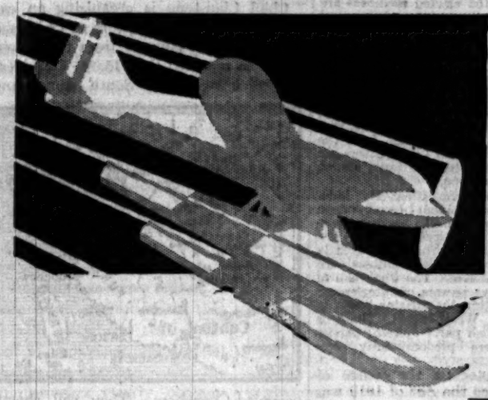
Signor Grandi, the Italian Minister of Foreign Affairs, arrived in WARSAW yesterday accompanied by Signora Grandi and will stay for two days. Signor Grandi is returning the visit paid to Rome last year by M. Zaleski, the Polish Minister for Foreign Affairs. Marshal Pilsudski left Warsaw on Sunday night for Druskieniki, his favourite watering-place.

The old British cemetery in Abdel Moneim-street, ALEXANDRIA, was deconsecrated on May 29 by the Right Rev. the Bishop of Egypt and the Sudan. The 11 bodies buried there were reinterred in the British Military Cemetery at Chatby. The Abdel Moneim cemetery was originally part of the garden attached to the house of Henry Salt, the British Consul-General in Alexandria, who twice explored Abyssinia in the early years of the nineteenth century.

Some physicians of Barcelona, jubilant over the King of SPAIN's promise to permit Catalonia to fly her regional flag, circularized all their colleagues in Spain in the Catalan tongue. The physicians of Malaga convened a meeting, and decided to reply to the circular in Romany, the Gypsy tongue, as being, as they explained, the best they could do to place themselves on a level with *confrères* who did not deign to use the tongue of Cervantes.—*Reuter.*

The funeral of Herr von Baligand, the German Minister to Portugal, who was assassinated on Saturday, was held in LISBON yesterday with military honours. All the Diplomatic Corps attended, as well as a large contingent of German sailors and representatives of the Portuguese Government, Army, and Navy. At the widow's request, and with the consent of the German Government, the body will be taken to-night on board the Königsberg for conveyance to Germany.

Other Foreign News on following page



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miles an hour!
Greatest Speed ever attained by man
was reached by Squadron Leader Orlebar on the same seaplane which won the Schneider Trophy for Britain, on specially prepared
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THE INDIAN REPORT

FIRST VOLUME ISSUED

UNANIMOUS VIEWS

TEN YEARS OF DYARCHY

Volume I. of the Report of the Indian Statutory Commission is published to-day as a Blue-book of over 400 pages (Cmd. 3568, price 3s.). This part of the Report contains a survey of present conditions in India; in Volume II., to be published on June 24, the Commissioners will state their recommendations. An exhaustive summary of Volume I., with a page map, appears in the *Special Supplement* which is issued gratis with *The Times* to-day.

The members of the Commission, which was appointed on November 26, 1927, are:—

The Right Hon. Sir John Simon, G.C.S.I., K.C.V.O., M.P. (Chairman).
The Viscount Burnham, G.C.M.G., C.H.
The Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal.
The Hon. E. C. G. Cadogan, C.B., M.P.
The Right Hon. Vernon Hartshorn, M.P.
Colonel the Right Hon. G. R. Lane Fox, M.P.
Major C. R. Attlee, M.P.

The two volumes into which the Report is divided correspond to the two parts of the task assigned to the Commission—(*a*) to inquire "into the working of the system of government, the growth of education, and the development of representative institutions in British India"; and (*b*) to report "as to whether and to what extent it is desirable to establish the principle of responsible government or to extend, modify or restrict the degree of responsible government existing."

TWO VISITS TO INDIA

The Commissioners paid two visits to India, the first lasting from February 3, 1928, until March 31, 1928, and the second from October 11, 1928, until April 13, 1929. During the first visit they travelled 7,000 miles; in the second visit they covered 14,000 miles.

The Report is "unanimous on all fundamental matters," and is without a dissenting minute. The Commissioners believe that, if the account of existing conditions given in Volume I. is "just and fair," the recommendations in Volume II. will be found to be "wise and necessary."

In an introduction to the volume the Commissioners state that the announcement made by Mr. Montagu in the House of Commons on August 20, 1917, "supplies the governing conditions to be observed and satisfied by any and every scheme for India's future constitutional progress." In that announcement Mr. Montagu said:—

> The policy of his Majesty's Government . . . is that of the increasing association of Indians in every branch of the administration and the gradual development of self-governing institutions with a view to the progressive relaxation of responsible government in India as an integral part of the British Empire.

The British Parliament, the Commissioners declare, "accepted the statement as made not merely by the particular Administration then in office, but as a pledge and assurance offered to India by Britain herself."

THE PROBLEM

Volume I. is divided into seven parts. In the first part the "Conditions of the Problem" are set out. The vast area of India is shown and its population, its races and religions, and its economic circumstances are described.

The more striking of the facts given may be summarized as follows:—

AREA AND LANGUAGE

India has a total area of 1,800,000 square miles—more than 20 times the area of Great Britain.

The largest of the nine "Governors' Provinces," Burma, is greater in area than France; Madras and Bombay are each bigger than Italy; the smallest of the nine Provinces, Assam, is as large as England. About one-third of the whole area of India lies within the boundaries of the Indian States. These number nearly 600, and vary in size from "Kashmir, or Hyderabad, the largest, with an area greater than England and Scotland, to properties of a few acres."

The last census (1921) showed that British India had a population of 247,000,000, and the States 71,900,000. The ancient social system of Hinduism, with its innumerable castes, continues, the Report says, to "control the lives and thoughts of more than 200 out of the 320 millions of the population of India with a persistence and authority undreamed of in the Western World."

In addition to the vastness of the area of the country, the size of the population, and the conglomeration of races and creeds, there is the complication of language. Two hundred and twenty vernaculars were enumerated in the last census. Hindustani is the language with the widest currency, but "it is far from being generally understood all over India." No single vernacular tongue has as wide a range as English, though the census showed that only 2,500,000 persons were literate in English.

THE RURAL POPULATION

The Commissioners point out with special emphasis that the population of India is "predominantly rural."

Seventy-one persons out of every 100 are given to agriculture or pasture, and only 18 to industry. In the South and East, holdings average five acres; elsewhere, not more than half of them are so large. Most of the 500,000 villages are isolated from metalled roads or railways, and any change from the "immemorial preoccupations" of the villager—crops and cattle, festivals and fairs, the weather and the dread of famine—must come "very slowly indeed."

HINDU AND MOSLEM

In a long chapter on the religious communities, the Commissioners discuss the antagonism between Hindu and Moslem.

There are 163,000,000 Hindus in British India, and 59,500,000 Moslems. The latter are in a majority in Bengal and the Punjab, but in the other seven Governors' Provinces they are in a minority. The religious differences are not analogous to those of rival denominations in Europe. There is a "basic opposition manifesting itself at every turn in social custom and economic competition, as well as in mutual religious antipathy." Hindu-Moslem rivalry and dissension are "one of the chief stumbling-blocks in the way of smoother and more rapid progress." The Commissioners declare, and they point to the "lamentable fact" that violent outbreaks have not diminished since the Reforms.

The Commissioners also discuss the caste system—which includes 2,300 different castes—and the disabilities of the "depressed classes."

THE INDIAN STATES

The principal physical, racial, and economic features of the nine Governors' Provinces are described at length in a chapter that gives a vivid picture of the Indian scene, and then the Report comes to the 562 States and their relations with British India.

"The future development of India," the Commissioners declare, "cannot be envisaged without bearing fully in mind their existence and influence, and the Crown's obligations in regard to them." The Report quotes the "extremely important conclusion" of the Butler Committee, which recently investigated the relationship between the Paramount Power and the Indian States, and recorded the "strong opinion" that the Princes "should not be transferred without their own agreement to a relationship with a new Government in British India responsible to an Indian Legislature."

THE ARMY

An important chapter is devoted to the Army in India.

India, the Commissioners point out, has to provide against actual dangers on her north-west frontier that are without parallel in any of the self-governing Dominions. In the past she has had to endure a series of foreign invasions, and it is the "difficult and necessary" role of the Army in India to guard against a repetition of these dangers. The "outstanding fact" is that the "urgency and extent" of the problem of defence in India "constitute a difficulty in developing self-government which never arose in any comparable degree in the case of the self-governing Dominions."

> The question of internal security also "makes the case of India unique." Most disturbances that call for military intervention have a "communal or religious complexion"; the British soldier is a neutral, and for this reason the proportion of British to Indian troops allotted to the duty of keeping order has risen in the last quarter of a century. A third circumstance that distinguishes the case of India is the widely different military capacity of the different races. The Punjab supplies 54 per cent. of the combatant troops in the Indian Army; if the Gurkhas recruited from the Independent State of Nepal be excluded, the Punjab supplies 62 per cent. The "peaceful unity" of a self-governing India would be "exposed to great risks" if it relied for the maintenance of order "solely upon Indian troops drawn from selected areas and special races, such as the Punjabi, the Pathan, the Sikh, the Mahratta, or the go outside India) the Gurkha." As for the Indianization of the Army, the change is bound to be slow, and it is "much more likely to come about smoothly and successfully if the difficulties are honestly faced."

EXISTING CONSTITUTION

Part II. explains the existing Constitutional structure. The Report describes the earlier system of government and the system set up by the Act of 1919, and gives an account of dyarchy, the system by which all subjects classed as provincial are divided into "transferred subjects"—that is, subjects placed under the control of Ministers responsible to a Legislature—and "reserved subjects," which are retained under the control of an executive independent of the support of the Legislature. Part III. describes the working of the reformed Constitution and reviews the political developments since 1920. The chief points to be noted in this part are:—

THE PROVINCES

> The Commissioners consider that it has proved impossible to translate into practice the theory of the reformed Constitution that Ministers, without being answerable for the reserved departments or for policy associated with the reserved side, are jointly responsible to the elected Legislature in regard to transferred subjects. The Commissioners doubt whether the object aimed at could be attained so long as both halves of Government have to present themselves before the same Legislature. The practical difficulty in the way of achieving the objective of dyarchy and of obtaining a clear demarcation of responsibility arises not so much in the inner counsels of Government as in the eyes of the Legislature, the electorate, and the public. The two halves of Government have been thrown into each other's arms through their relations with the Legislature no less than by the impossibility of conducting the administration in compartments. This impulse towards a unification of Government has probably been all to the good from the point of view of the efficient conduct of business, "but the underlying and fundamental conception of the dyarchic system—complete 'responsibility' of Ministers in a certain defined field, and in that field only—has become almost hopelessly obscured."
>
> Owing to administrative difficulties and the obstacles caused by illiteracy, the proportion of electors to population in the eight Governors' Provinces (excluding the ninth, Burma) is only 2.8 per cent.
>
> The various party groupings "have not often been on anything but communal lines."

THE CENTRE

> The working of the Centre shows the difficulties of applying the Western Parliamentary system to so vast a country and so diversified a population. Yorkshire, which has an area of 6,000 square miles, is represented by 37 members of Parliament. In the Indian Legislative Assembly 73 of the 105 elected members are returned by rural constituencies, and the rural constituencies, returning single members, are nowhere less than 6,000 square miles in extent. One of the three Mohamedan rural constituencies of Madras, each with a single member, is half as large again as Wales, another is half as large again as Scotland, and the third is half as large again as England. The inevitable result is the divorce of the representative, who has to travel all the way to Delhi, from the life of his constituency. The 105 members are returned by 1,150,000 voters scattered among a population of 240,000,000.
>
> The Central Executive is entirely independent of—and can seldom count on—a majority in the Legislature. In practice, however, in spite of the theoretical irresponsibility of the Executive, the Government is greatly influenced by the contact of its members with the elected representatives. The Chairman of the Assembly employs powers of interference far beyond those within the stricter limits of the Speakership at Westminster. There is nothing like the British party system; parties in the Assembly are predominantly communal groups.
>
> There is a chapter on the course of Indian politics since the Act of 1919 was put in operation, with a long account of the non-cooperation movement.

EUROPEANS IN INDIA

Part IV. deals with the administrative system. The Report brings out how small relatively are the numbers of Europeans in Government employ.

> The total number of members of the All-India Services and the Central services of equivalent standing is 5,350; of these 3,500 are Europeans. The higher rate of Indian recruitment introduced after the Lee Commission is constantly reducing the preponderance of Europeans. In the Indian Civil Service, for example, there were on January 1 of this year 894 Europeans and 367 Indians; by January 1, 1939, there will be 715 Europeans and 643 Indians. In the department known as General Administration there are at present 630 Europeans out of a total of 5,500, not counting the lower classes of subordinates.

In a section on "The Personal Touch" the Report says:—

> The isolation of the individual official—the sudden call for personal decision—the special knowledge of local conditions possessed by the officer on the spot—the trust of the mass of the population in the person they know—all these have made civil administration in India depend on the man, rather than on the machine. And so long as the officer had the confidence of his chiefs, he was left a very wide discretion. . . . The coming of the reforms and the growth of a public opinion, or a Press opinion, which is highly critical, have necessarily involved more control from headquarters. But centralized direction of skilled officials, devoted to their work and trusted by their district, can go too far. The great mass of the people desire personal rule, and we believe that for many years to come there can be no adequate substitute for it.

In Part V. there is a full account of present financial arrangements and conditions and a description of the "Meston Settlement" and its results.

Part VI. is devoted to education and its organization, primarily in relation to political and constitutional conditions.

In Part VII., in discussing public opinion in India, the Commissioners remark:—

> Political thought in British India to-day is derived from Europe. Down to 30 or 40 years ago India stood entirely outside the influence of the course of political ideas which at length produced democratic self-government in some other parts. But in the last generation she has been swayed, at one and the same time, by the force of several conceptions which in Europe had followed a certain sequence. . . . Ultra-democratic constitutions are propounded, although the long process which was a necessary antecedent to democracy in Europe—viz., the breaking down of class and communal and occupational barriers, has only just begun. Indian political thought finds it tempting to foreshorten history, and is unwilling to wait for the final stage of a prolonged evolution. It is impatient of the doctrine of gradualness.

¶ A large map showing the routes followed by the Commissioners during their two visits to India will be found on the preceding page.

SITUATION IN BOMBAY

SIMLA INQUIRIES

INDIAN DOCTORS AND GOVERNMENT

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, JUNE 9

Mr. Haig, Acting Home Member of the Government of India, arrived in Bombay to-day, and conferred with Mr. Hotson, Home Member of the Bombay Government [who was created a K.C.S.I. in the Birthday Honours List], and Mr. Healy, Commissioner of Police. Mr. Haig has come to obtain first-hand information about the political situation in Bombay Presidency. He leaves for Poona to-morrow.

The members of the local Congress "War Council" arrested on Friday were to-day sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment each. It is reported that a new "War Council" has been formed. The picketing of shops continues, and one or two instances are reported in which pickets have interfered with English women endeavouring to enter shops.

A meeting of Indian doctors and students was held last night to protest against the Government's "repressive" policy and "the atrocities perpetrated by the Government authorities in violation of the laws of humanity." Dr. Nunan, police surgeon and officer in charge of the St. John Ambulance Brigade, who attended the meeting, said that he had thought it unnecessary to call out the Brigade during disturbances, because he had read in Congress newspapers that the Congress Committee had a wonderful ambulance organization of its own. Actually, when Dr. Nunan offered help the Congress Committee suggested that the men of the St. John Ambulance Brigade should wear Gandhi caps. Dr. Nunan had refused on the ground that a world-wide organization meant for the benefit of all classes and sections could not accede to such a demand. The meeting finally resolved to ask the Swiss Federal Council to institute an inquiry into "the Government's violation of the laws of humanity and the Geneva Red Cross Convention of 1906." A further resolution was passed urging the boycott of British-manufactured drugs.

BOMBAY, June 9.—Forty-two volunteers who were arrested while attempting to raid the salt works at Wadala were to-day sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment, 36 others similarly charged were treated as juvenile offenders and were sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment, and 23, who pleaded that they were merely spectators and took no part in the raid, were acquitted.—*Reuter.*

BOMB EXPLOSION AT MEETING

LAHORE, June 9.—A bomb exploded at a public meeting at Lyallpur to-day when several police officials were present. No one was wounded. Twenty-four persons belonging to the Youth League Congress have been arrested.—*Reuter.*

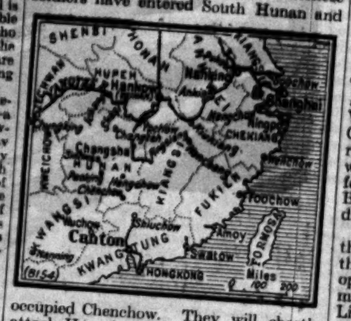
THE WAR IN CHINA

CANTONESE INVADE HUNAN

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

HONG-KONG, JUNE 9

Chan Chai-tong is organizing an expedition for the recapture of Changsha [the capital of Hunan] from the rebels, and it is reported that 15,000 Cantonese soldiers have entered South Hunan and occupied Chenchow. They will shortly attack Hengchowfu, which is now in the hands of the Kwangsi forces.



The Nanking Government has sent £30,000 to Canton to pay the expenses of this expedition, and in the meantime a large number of aeroplanes are being withdrawn from Kwangtung for use in the campaign. Chinese observers expect a decisive battle at Yochow between the Kwangsi "Ironsides" and the Nanking forces, and the Cantonese troops are evidently expected to create a diversion in the rear of the rebels.

A semi-official statement from Canton admits that a section of the "Ironsides" has reached Western Kiangsi and is now threatening Kiukiang. The Kiangsi authorities are taking measures to meet the menace.

THE DISTURBANCES IN INDO-CHINA

FRENCH OFFICIAL SHOT

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JUNE 9

A message from Hanoi states that M. Mazella, the French manager of the Yunnan Railway, was attacked in his house and shot several times in the chest by an unknown man to-day. He was taken to hospital in a serious condition.

Calm has been restored in Cochin-China and the authorities are questioning the men arrested during the recent disturbances in the hope of discovering the extent and origin of the movement. Among the prisoners is Ngo-Gia-tu, a Tongkingese, who had already been condemned to death for his part in the Yen Bay rising.

The Protectorate Council, meeting at Hanoi under the Resident of Tongking, has upheld 72 of the 84 death sentences passed at Phu-Tho on May 27.

LOWEST FREIGHT INDEX NUMBERS

Taking the average of the monthly freight index numbers of the Chamber of Shipping for 1913 as 100, the corresponding figure for May last is only 73.12, which compares with 83.03 for April, and 109.15 for May of last year. The figure for May last is the lowest since the Chamber began to prepare the figures 10 years ago, and the gravity of the low rates of this year is intensified by the estimate that working expenses remain at about 70 per cent. above the costs of before the War.

Further reference to the index numbers is made in our City Notes.

THE RUMANIAN MONARCHY

KING'S APPEAL

LIBERAL PARTY'S ATTITUDE

(FROM OUR BALKANS CORRESPONDENT)

BUCHAREST, JUNE 9

King Carol left last night by train for Curtea de Argesh in order to lay a wreath on his father's tomb and returned to Bucharest about noon to-day. Previously the King had visited his son, now Prince of Alba Julia, in the Villa Kisseleff, where the Prince resides with his mother at the edge of the town, and carried him off for an hour to the Palace of Cotroceni.

This morning's newspapers publish the King's proclamation to his people. This begins: "Penetrated by a great love for my country, I have come into the midst of my people, in accordance with my promise, to be the protector of my son and the guardian of my country," and explains that when, four years ago, means incomprehensible to him were used against his father and himself in order to force him to leave the country, he had never thought that his father's reign would end so abruptly. The King announces that to-day he has come full of love for all Rumanians, with the sole idea of collecting round his Throne all desirous of work and truth. He bears no shadow of resentment against those who, during his exile, thought to obliterate the spiritual ties uniting him with the country in which he had been born and brought up. During the difficult time through which the country is now passing he appeals to all its sons, without distinction of party, creed, or race, to work together loyally for its good.

The King's consultations with various statesmen for the purpose of forming a Coalition Government are still proceeding, and are likely to last for some time. No Prime Minister has yet been selected, but it is understood that Mr. Titulescu, the Rumanian Minister to the Court of St. James's, has been summoned from London.

The most important political event to-day is the decision taken by the Executive Committee of the Liberal Party about the King's return and with regard to Professor George Bratianu, son of the late M. Ion Bratianu, and nephew of M. Vintila Bratianu, leader of the Liberal Party. Professor Bratianu is a comparatively young man, and is a professor at the University of Yassy. He was entirely aloof from politics until his father's death; since then he has been regarded by many as the future head of the party. He has now taken his own line by rallying to the support of King Carol, and I understand that even before the departure from Paris he had intimated to the Prince his sympathy for his claims. On his arrival in Bucharest Prince Carol immediately sent for Professor Bratianu. After this conversation and others with his uncle, Vintila, and various friends Professor Bratianu appeared to hesitate; this morning, however, he sent Vintila a letter in which he defined his attitude, explaining that, as his father's son, he was bound to remain a loyal member of the party, but that he could not associate himself with a policy entailing national discord. For M. Vintila Bratianu the word compromise has no meaning; he answered his nephew in violent language. Professor Bratianu made one more attempt to reconcile his personal views with the family tradition. Visiting the offices of the party during the session of the Committee, he undertook to adhere to the policy of the party on the understanding that it did not adopt an attitude of definite hostility towards the new King. This did not help. The Committee accepted the manifesto drafted by M. Vintila Bratianu condemning Prince Carol's proclamation as King in the roundest terms as an unconstitutional act which the party could not accept, and followed this up by expelling Professor Bratianu from the party with only one dissentient vote.

This, it is safe to say, will not prevent the majority of the party from following the Professor's lead at the first possible opportunity. M. Vintila Bratianu is a man who wears political blinkers, and the Liberal Party only followed him last year after the death of his brother because of the immense prestige of the family name. Now that another member of the family has broken from his flock to follow a more reasonable line, M. Vintila Bratianu's leadership is finished and the Liberal Party, hitherto vowed to sterility, has an opportunity of reviving, a fact of great importance to Rumania.

PARIS, June 9.—The Rumanian Legation in Paris announces that M. Diamandy, the Rumanian Minister to France, has been instructed to return to Bucharest.—*Reuter.*

THE QUEEN MOTHER OF RUMANIA

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, JUNE 9

The Queen Mother of Rumania has arrived in Oberammergau and is staying with her sister, the Grand Duchess Cyril. Her Majesty has arranged to leave for Bucharest on Wednesday.

ITALIAN SATISFACTION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, JUNE 9

The return of King Carol to Rumania has on the whole been greeted with warm satisfaction in this country. In some quarters the view is expressed that his Majesty's personal friendship for General Averescu, who in turn is known for his friendship towards Italy, is a guarantee that the new King will pursue a policy favourable to Italy. The reported dissatisfaction of certain sections of the French Press is held to confirm this view, as the Liberals, who were the principal opponents of Prince Carol, are generally regarded as having been the chief supporters of French influence.

Apart, however, from these considerations, it is felt that Rumania could never settle down so long as the Carol question remained unsolved in the background, and therefore the solution of this problem is welcomed as introducing a further factor of stability both into Rumania itself and into the Balkans generally.

TELEPHONE TO CHILE

The Chilean Ambassador in London, Señor Don Antonio Huneeus, conversed with the President of the Republic at Santiago de Chile by wireless telephone shortly before 10 p.m. yesterday. The Minister informed *The Times* that transmission was unbroken, and that President Ibanes's voice was heard perfectly clearly, "as if he had been speaking from a telephone in London."

LONDON NAVAL TREATY

U.S. SENATE INQUIRY

FINAL STAGES IN COMMITTEE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

WASHINGTON, JUNE 9

The Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate this morning held its first meeting behind closed doors for the consideration of the London Treaty of Naval Limitation. These "executive sessions" of the Committee are the final steps in the process which is to end—perhaps this week—in the reporting back of the Treaty to the Senate with a recommendation that it be either approved or rejected. Notwithstanding all the pother of recent days, it is still probable that the Committee will take favourable action.

Senators Johnson, of California, and Robinson, of Indiana, are still making much of the refusal of the State Department to transmit more than a paraphrased portion of the exchanges between Great Britain, Japan, and the United States antecedent to the London Conference. They now desire to persuade the Foreign Relations Committee into the passage of a resolution criticizing the Department, in which exception would be taken to a refusal of access to the full text of the communications when part has been placed on public record, and to the attempt to lay it down as a policy that the Committee must decide upon treaties chiefly, if not altogether, on their terminology. Such a resolution will be introduced and debated at the meeting to-morrow.

Another method of opposition to the treaty is indicated in the rumour that a Senatorial "round robin" is in circulation the signatories of which would petition President Hoover not to call a special Session, but to allow the question of ratification to go over to the December Session of Congress. Nobody seems to know where the "round robin" is, if, indeed, it exists, and no individual Senator is yet willing to admit that he has signed it. There are some, like Senator Borah, who think that it would be beneath the dignity of the Senate, a confession that that body is not completely master of its own actions.

There is perceptible in some opposition quarters a fear that Senator Johnson and his Admirals, in their open indifference to the feelings of Japan, may have encouraged a revulsion of American feeling against themselves. It would not be surprising, therefore, if less were henceforth heard of the position of Japan under the Treaty and more about the alleged failure to secure parity with Great Britain. Any stick, of course, is good enough to beat the Treaty—or to belabour the President. When Mr. James Reed, a former Senator from Missouri, spoke to a wireless audience for a while the other night, he declared that no Briton "and no Quaker" should tell the United States what ships it might build. He can be franker in his expressed distrust of President Hoover than some Republican Senators who privately share it, and his remark is a straw showing which way some winds are blowing.

JAPAN AND THE TREATY

ADMIRALTY OFFICIALS RESIGN

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

TOKYO, JUNE 9

Vice-Admiral K. Yamanashi, Vice-Minister of the Navy, and Vice-Admiral N. Suyetsugu, Assistant Chief of the Naval General Staff, have resigned and are to be succeeded by Vice-Admiral S. Kobayashi and Vice-Admiral S. Nagano respectively. The officials who have tendered their resignation assume the responsibility for the recent quarrel over the London Naval Treaty and the Supreme Command issue.

Admiral Takarabe and Admiral Kato, Chief of the Naval General Staff, are drawing up a document setting forth future procedure in similar cases. The document states that the Minister for the Navy shall consult with, and obtain the consent of, the Naval General Staff before determining the peace-time strength of the Navy. This compromise is expected to end the dispute about the Treaty in Japan.

RELICS OF FRANKLIN AND SCOTT

FORTHCOMING BRITISH POLAR EXHIBITION

A British Polar Exhibition will be held by the Royal Geographical Society at the Central Hall, Westminster, from July 2 to 15. The exhibition will include the flag planted at the South Pole by Captain Scott, the camera with which the explorer and his party were photographed in the Polar regions, and the last diaries of Scott and Wilson. The Prince of Wales will be a patron of the exhibition.

Commander L. C. Bernacchi, the organising director, who accompanied Scott as his physicist in one of his earlier expeditions, stated yesterday that Admiral Sir William Goodenough, president-elect of the Royal Geographical Society, would be the president of the exhibition. It was hoped that Mr. Baldwin would open the exhibition, which would be the first of its kind held in this country. It would be entirely British in character, and would illustrate the achievements of our explorers from the earliest times, including Franklin and Shackleton.

The exhibition, Commander Bernacchi added, would be of scientific, geographic, economic, and general interest. There would be two tableaux, one of Arctic Canada, in which the Hudson's Bay Company was participating, and the other of a typical Antarctic camp, with one of Captain Scott's original tents. A painted panorama of Mount Erebus and the great ice barrier would act as a background. There would also be an exhibit of whaling research and oceanographic work.

The Hull Corporation were sending exhibits in connexion with old Arctic exploration and whaling, and from the Polar Research Institute, Cambridge, was coming an exhibit of modern Polar exploration. In a room allocated to precious exhibits would be shown early Arctic relics belonging to the Royal Geographical Society. Franklin relics from the Royal Naval College, Greenwich, never before lent to any exhibition, would also be on view.

BIRTH OF NORWEGIAN PRINCESS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

OSLO, JUNE 9

The Crown Princess of Norway has given birth to a daughter; both are doing well.

The baby is the first Princess to be born in Norway since the birth, in 1301, of Princess Ingeborg, the daughter of King Haakon V. She married Eric of Sweden and became mother of King Magnus Smaek, who was King of Norway as Magnus II., Magnus VII. and of Sweden as Magnus II., and summoned the first Swedish Riksdag in 1359.

SIR FREDERICK ECKSTEIN

The condition of Sir Frederick Eckstein was stated yesterday to be most serious. Last night he was very weak.

BANK HOLIDAY SUNSHINE

RAIN EXPECTED TO-DAY

(FROM OUR WEATHER CORRESPONDENT)

Another brilliantly fine day was enjoyed in most of England yesterday. On the Sussex coast the recorded duration of sunshine was much greater than on Sunday. The change in the wind from north-east to west brought a welcome rise of temperature to those places on the east coast where chilly winds had blown from the sea on the previous day. At Bridlington and Cleethorpes the temperature reached 73deg. in the afternoon, an advance of 11deg. and 12deg. respectively on Sunday's figures. Only South Farnborough reported an equally warm day.

There was little apart from an increase in the strength of the wind as the day wore on to suggest that bad weather was approaching, but this was the case, owing to the southward movement of a deep depression over Iceland. By 7 p.m. a measurable amount of rain had fallen no farther away than at Holyhead. In Western Scotland over three-quarters of an inch had been measured at Tiree and over half an inch at Oban and Glasgow. The rain had spread south-eastwards across Scotland and Ireland during the previous 24 hours. This rate of advance, if maintained, will bring the rain to all districts to-day, and the official forecasts indicate that this is to be expected. There is a secondary trough associated with the main depression that will probably move eastwards and bring some brighter periods in its rear while south-east England is beginning to experience clouds and rain. After to-day changeable weather is likely, with winds from south-westerly points.

An article on the Whit Monday holiday is published on page 9.

BANK HOLIDAY SPORT

HUGE CROWDS

The various sporting events which took place yesterday attracted enormous crowds, no doubt encouraged by the perfect weather. At Lord's, where the match between Middlesex and Sussex was continued, K. S. Duleepsinhji scored 116 runs, and Leyland, in the match between Yorkshire and Lancashire, at Leeds, beat R. H. Spooner's record for matches between the two counties by scoring 211 not out. A large number of the public took advantage of the facilities offered by the Hurlingham Club to watch the trial polo match, in which the team which will, it is understood, attempt to regain the Westchester Cup at Meadowbrook later in the season drew with a Hurlingham team, each side scoring six goals. The British Games were held at Stamford Bridge yesterday, when Lord Burghley set up a new British record for the 120 Yards Hurdles, 14⅕sec., as against the previous best of 14 4-5sec. At the same meeting Paavo Nurmi, the Finnish athlete, beat the existing six miles record of Alfred Shrubb by 23 seconds in the remarkable time of 29min. 36 2-5sec. and he appeared to finish quite fresh. J. E. London was rather surprisingly beaten in the 100 yards by W. J. Simmons, whose time was 10⅕sec. The International Triangular match of 10 events resulted in an easy victory for the Achilles Club with 72, as against the 40 points of the Stade Français and the 34 of the combined Berliner and Deutscher clubs. Great Britain were beaten by Australia in the third round of the lawn tennis Davis Cup competition at Eastbourne.

POLISH COAL FOR SWEDEN

BRITISH FAILURE DUE TO HIGH PRICES

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NEWCASTLE, JUNE 9

The seasonal order for 200,000 tons of steam coal for the Swedish State Railways has been entirely lost to this country except for a trifle of 2,000 tons ordered in Scotland. The main order has gone to Poland.

Six months ago, Northumberland, Durham, and Yorkshire were successful in competing for a similar contract. There was at that time a much better demand for coal than there is to-day. Poland has now cut in sharply to secure the business. The average price at which the contract has been placed is understood to be 18s. 9d. a ton, c.i.f. Swedish ports, and deliveries must be completed before November 1. Allowing about 4s. 9d. a ton for freight, the Polish f.o.b. price must have been approximately 11s. 9d. or 12s. a ton. For comparable coal the minimum Northumberland price is 13s. 6d., and the Durham price 14s. 6d. or 15s.

The loss of the contract, which is severely felt here, has given rise to certain questions of commercial advantage. It is pointed out that this country is a good customer of Sweden's for wood pulp, pit props, and timber of all kinds as well as for some foodstuffs, whereas Poland imports very little Swedish produce. There are regular lines of steamers from the Tyne and the Humber to Swedish ports. It is felt here that the advantages of reciprocal trade might have induced the Swedish railway authorities to give better consideration to the British tenders. If, however, that suggestion be set aside as "sentimental" and not business, then nothing can be said but that the contract was lost for no other reason than that of price.

DEATH OF SIR HERBERT WARREN

We announce with great regret that SIR HERBERT WARREN, who was President of Magdalen College, Oxford, from 1885 to 1928, died suddenly in Oxford yesterday at the age of 76. He had not been in good health for some time. Yesterday, when walking a short distance from his home in Woodstock-road, he became faint, but managed to reach the house of a friend, where he died in a few minutes.

We also regret to announce that Mr. H. D. Roome, the well-known Treasury counsel, died in Retford (Notts) Hospital on Sunday evening of injuries caused by a motor-car accident which occurred on Friday while he and his wife were on a Whitsun holiday tour. Mr. Roome was driving his own car when, apparently as a result of a burst tire, he and Mrs. Roome were flung into the roadway. The car was found overturned some distance away. A passing motorist found Mr. and Mrs. Roome unconscious by the roadside, and they were taken to Retford Hospital, about six miles away. On Saturday an operation was performed on Mr. Roome, but he died on Sunday night. Mrs. Roome is progressing favourably.

Memoirs appear on p. 14.

PRICE OF WHEAT

MR. BALDWIN'S PROMISE

MEASURES AGAINST OAT DUMPING

An important statement of Conservative agricultural policy was made yesterday by Mr. Baldwin, who addressed an audience of over 10,000 at an open-air meeting at Glemham Park, Suffolk. While ruling out a policy of protection, Mr. Baldwin said it was only fair that some of the revenue to be derived from safeguarding should be used to benefit agriculture, and went on to promise a guaranteed price for milling wheat. This price would be worked out in consultation with the industry, and would be firm for a period of years. Mr. Baldwin also undertook, when returned to power, to stop the importation of bounty-fed or dumped oats either by prohibition or countervailing duty, and added that, if found necessary, existing treaties would be denounced so that he might have a free hand. A duty on imported barley and assistance for milk producers were also foreshadowed.

The following are the chief points from the speech:—

> We wish more use could have been made of the Housing (Rural Workers) Act. Next year, if not renewed, the Act expires. It is likely that this Government will let it expire. But if they do we shall certainly take steps to renew it when we go back.
>
> What the farmer wants is remunerative prices, and you can only get remunerative prices by higher prices or lower costs.
>
> Safeguarding at any time won't give him lower costs. Protection, to be of any use to the farmer, must give him higher prices, but you have a predominant urban area in England to-day, and it would be madness to dream at the present time of getting the industrial districts to vote for such protection for agriculture as would enable agriculture to prosper by means of higher prices. We have to rule that right out.
>
> Fortunately, by safeguarding, we shall be able to get a fresh revenue, and it is only fair that some of that revenue should be used to benefit agriculture in the only way in which I consider agriculture can be benefited. That will be her form of safeguarding.
>
> The key to the situation in agriculture lies in wheat. If we can recover even a portion of our old wheat acreage we can get the whole farming system of this country on to a sounder basis, and indirectly help the dairy farmer, the sheep farmer, the grower of oats and the grower of potatoes.
>
> I have come to the conclusion that the first thing to be done is to give you an undertaking that one of the first things we do on coming into office is to fix a guaranteed price for wheat of milling quality at a price sufficient to enable wheat to be produced remuneratively on ordinary wheat land.
>
> I consider it a question of such vital importance to the whole industry that I want to arrange a figure and the best method with agriculture itself. I ask them for their co-operation.
>
> Remembering the fate of the Corn Production Act, it is of the utmost importance to make this firm for a period of years, and to make it so firm that it will be almost impossible for any Government to interfere with it after we have done.
>
> There is no reason why you should not stop the importation of bounty-fed and dumped oats into this country. That I propose to do, either by prohibition or countervailing duty, and, if I find we are so tied up by any existing treaty that neither of these courses is possible, then I am prepared to denounce those treaties so that I may have a free hand to deal with dumped and bounty-fed oats.
>
> I am quite willing to try a duty on imported barley, and I am quite willing in that respect also to consult with the trades affected when the time comes for the imposition of the duty.
>
> If the milk producers can only organize themselves as is done in some other countries so that they may have control of their own production and surplus, and put up a watertight scheme for utilizing that surplus, I will undertake to help to get the capital to realize that scheme if they can show me a business-like proposition supported by their own people.

*** The speech is reported at length on page 17

SIR JOSEPH WARD

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

WELLINGTON, JUNE 9

Sir Joseph Ward is reported to have much improved in health. He is leaving Rotorua to-day to return to Wellington.

ENTERTAINMENTS INDEX

(For details see page 19)

OPERA

Covent Garden	MADAMA BUTTERFLY	8.15
Lyric, Hammersmith	THE BEGGAR'S OPERA	8.15

THEATRES

Aldwych	A NIGHT LIKE THIS	8.15
Ambassadors	THE CONFEDERATES AND THE MAN IN POSSESSION	2.30 & 8.30
Apollo	INSULT	2.30 & 8.40
Comedy	THE SILENT WITNESS	2.30 & 8.30
Criterion	NINE TILL SIX	2.30 & 8.30
Daly's	THE COMMAND TO LOVE	2.30 & 8.30
Dominion	SILVER WINGS	8
Drury Lane	THE THREE MUSKETEERS	8.15
Duchess	THE PLOUGH AND THE STARS	8.15
Embassy	THE MERCHANT OF VENICE	8.30
Everyman	THE BLUE COAST	8.15
Garrick	ALMOST A HONEYMOON	8.15
Globe	ST. JEANNE	8.30
Grafton	THE SEARCHER	8
Haymarket	THE FIRST MRS. FRASER	8.30
Hippodrome	THE CO-OPTIMISTS OF 1930	8.30
His Majesty's	BITTER SWEET	8.30
Kingsway	LIBERTY HALL	8.15
London Pavilion	COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE	2.30 & 8.15
Lyceum	HERE COMES THE BRIDE	8.15
Lyric	LILAC TIME	8.15
New	THE LAST CHAPTER	2.30 & 8.30
Playhouse	DISHONOURED LADY	8.30
Princes	A WARM CORNER	8.30
Queen's	ANGNA ENTERS HAMLET	2.45 8.15
St. James's	MICHAEL & MARY	8.30
St. Martin's	PETTICOAT INFLUENCE	8.30
Savoy	OTHELLO	8.15
Shaftesbury	THE MIDDLE WATCH	8.30
Vaudeville	RUTH DRAPER	8.45
Victoria Palace	FOLIES BERGERE REVUE	8.15
Winter Garden	THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT	8.15
Wyndham's	ON THE SPOT	8.30

VARIETIES

Coliseum	2.15, 5.15, & 8.15
Holborn Empire	6.30 & 9
Maskelyne's Theatre	3 & 8
Palladium	6.30

THE TIMES

TUESDAY, JUNE 10, 1930

	PAGE
Indian Report: Supplement	**i.-viii.**
Special Articles:	
The Gladstone Papers: Conclusion	13 & 14
Cars of To-day: Mercedes-Benz	8
Weeds	15
Obituary: Sir Herbert Warren	14
Plan:	
Indian Commission's Journeys	11
Books of the Day:	
Queen Caroline; Leon Trotsky; Joseph Pennell's Life and Letters	20
Illustrations:	
Polo at Hurlingham	16
Correspondence:	
The Unfit (Professor E. W. MacBride)	13
Home-Grown Wheat (Sir Douglas Newton, M.P.)	13
Orford Castle (Mr. Howard Hodgkin)	13
The Black Prince (Canon Blake)	13
The Bath Road in Wiltshire (Mr. W. Rees Jeffreys and Mr. A. H. Harris)	8
Medieval English Art (Mr. C. F. Annesley Voysey)	8
The Church in Tanganyika (Bishop of Central Tanganyika)	8
Country Slums (Mr. H. G. Griffin)	8
Bananas from Jamaica (Mr. P. P. Olley)	8
International Council of Women (Lord Aberdeen)	8
R.S.P.C.A. Accounts (Lord Banbury of Southam)	8
A Country School (Rev. R. J. Lubbock)	8
The Battle of Leipzig (Major E. W. H. Fyers)	8
The Thotnas Splint	8
Points from Letters:—The Church and Divorce; Maternal Mortality; Income-tax and Employment; Interest on French Loans; Blackcap and Garden Warbler; Oranges in England; The London Squares; Longer at School; A Floral Sanctuary; Steam Trains in London	8

Arrangements	15	Law Notices	4
Art Exhibitions	10	Mails & Shipping	20
Auction Summary	21	Naval, Military, and Air Force	20
Broadcasting	20	News in Brief	9
Court News	15	Obituary	14
Crossword Puzzle	5	Sporting	4, 5, 6 & 7
Ecclesiastical	15	State of Trade	20
Estate Market	21	*The Times* of 1830	20
Finance	18 & 19	Wills and Bequests	15
Home News	9		
Imperial & Foreign	11		

Weather Forecast

ENGLAND, S.E.—Wind south-west to west, moderate or fresh; cloudy, occasional rain; moderate temperature.

Further Outlook for the British Isles.—Rather unsettled, but considerable fair periods in the South. (p. 14)

TO-DAY'S NEWS

HOME

Mr. Baldwin spoke at Glemham Park, Suffolk, yesterday, on the Conservative agricultural policy. He promised that one of the first acts of his party on returning to office would be to fix a guaranteed price for wheat of milling quality. He proposed to stop the importation of bounty-fed and dumped oats either by prohibition or by a countervailing duty. (pp. 12 & 17)

In the brilliant sunshine yesterday was mainly an open-air holiday. In London there were large crowds in the parks, the Crystal Palace, and other outdoor places of amusement, the attendances in the museums being smaller than usual. Thousands of holiday-makers visited Regent's Park for the annual cart-horse parade. (p. 9)

Draft conventions on hours of work in coal-mines, forced labour, and hours of work of salaried employees, will come before the International Labour Conference which opens at Geneva to-day. (p. 9)

On the occasion of the opening of the new building of the Chicago Board of Trade Association, yesterday, congratulatory messages were sent by Transatlantic telephone from the Liverpool Corn Exchange. (p. 9)

The engine and tender of a goods train crashed through some buffers on the L.M.S. railway line at Barrhead, near Glasgow, yesterday. The tender fell down an embankment on to a road. (p. 14)

At the conference of the National Association of Head Teachers at Scarborough yesterday a resolution was carried asking that the provision of nursery classes or schools should be made compulsory. (p. 17)

Seven new types of aircraft have been entered for the King's Cup air race to be flown from Hanworth Park on July 5. (p. 9)

The British Legion conference at Cardiff yesterday passed a resolution expressing the fullest confidence in Lord Jellicoe, Colonel Crosfield, and the Council of the Legion. (p. 17)

A British Polar Exhibition, to be held in London next month, will illustrate the achievements of our explorers from the earliest times, including Franklin and Captain Scott. (p. 12)

The tourist third cabin, which was introduced as an experiment by the White Star Line, is becoming increasingly popular. (p. 9)

A number of awards of school scholarships and exhibitions are announced. (p. 9)

The Royal Choral Society yesterday gave the first two of the series of dramatic performances of Coleridge-Taylor's *Hiawatha* which will occupy them during the next fortnight. (p. 10)

IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN

The first part of the Report of the Indian Statutory Commission, a survey of present conditions in India, is published to-day. An exhaustive summary of this survey appears in a *Special Supplement* of *The Times*, and a shorter summary on page 12.

Mr. Haig, Acting Home Member of the Government of India, arrived in Bombay yesterday to make a personal inquiry into the political situation in the Presidency. (p. 12)

The Executive Committee of the Liberal Party in Rumania has issued a manifesto denouncing the proclamation of Prince Carol as King as unconstitutional, and has expelled from the Party Professor Bratianu, son of the late Prime Minister, and nephew of the present leader of the Party, M. Vintila Bratianu, for having decided to support the King. (p. 12)

Our Washington Correspondent states that the Foreign Relations Committee of the United States Senate held its first "executive session" yesterday for the consideration of the London Naval Treaty. These sessions are, he says, the final steps in the process which is to end, perhaps this week, in the reporting back of the Treaty to the Senate with a recommendation that it be either approved or rejected. (p. 12)

It is reported that 15,000 Cantonese soldiers have entered Hunan and occupied Chenchow. They intend to attack Hengchowfu, which is now held by the Kwangsi forces. Many aeroplanes have been withdrawn from Kwangtung to assist in the campaign. (p. 12)

Efforts are being made by the German authorities to check political rowdyism in the streets of the cities. The Prussian Minister of Justice has addressed an order to Public Prosecutors and Magistrates requiring that prompt action should be taken against persons accused of engaging in feuds in the streets, and urging that adequate punishment should fall on those found guilty. (p. 11)

An exhibition of works by Flemish Old Masters was opened in Antwerp on Saturday.

Dr. Shiels, Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies, made a statement yesterday to the League Mandates Commission on British policy in Palestine. (p. 11)

OBITUARY

Sir Herbert Warren, for 43 years President of Magdalen College, Oxford, and a former Vice-Chancellor of the University, died suddenly at Oxford yesterday, aged 76. Mr. Arthur St. John Adcock, poet and journalist, also died yesterday at the age of 66. (pp. 12 and 14)

SPORT

The Penrhyn Cup was won at Hurst Park yesterday by Mr. W. M. Cazalet's Paradine, and the Davis Stakes by Mr. H. P. Nickalls's Noble Star. (p. 5)

The Australians declared their innings against Cambridge University yesterday with the score of 504 for eight wickets, W. M. Woodfull making 216; and Cambridge, in their second innings, lost three wickets for 42 runs. (p. 6)

Australia beat Great Britain in the Davis Cup lawn tennis competitions at Eastbourne yesterday by four matches to one. (p. 7)

In the fifth international polo trial match at Hurlingham yesterday England drew with The Rest, each side scoring six goals; the Australian Goulburn team won the Whitney Cup, beating Bridge House by seven goals to 4½. (p. 7)

P. Nurmi created a new record for six miles at the British Games at Stamford Bridge yesterday. (p. 4)

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

In "City Notes" comment is made on:—An Eventful Week; Anglo-Persian Balance-Sheet; New Zealand Banking Profits; Crosse and Blackwell Accounts; A Guide to Investors; Lowest Freight Index Numbers; and German Insurance Results. (p. 18)

THE IMPORTANCE OF UNANIMITY

The first fact to be noted in the Report of the Indian Statutory Commission, of which the preliminary portion is published this morning, is that it is unanimous. "It will be found to be "without dissenting minute." That in itself is an astonishing achievement—on the part most conspicuously of the CHAIRMAN, who deserves all the credit due to the captain of a brotherly team, but also of every member of the Commission who contributed to it. It is also an achievement of real public service, especially so far as this particular volume of the Report is concerned. The recommendations which are to follow will properly be subject to amendment or rejection. Nothing must be allowed to detract from the essential freedom of discussion in open Conference which has been offered to the representatives of British India and of the Indian States. Nothing can impair the ultimate responsibility for legislation which rests with His MAJESTY'S Government and in the last resort with the Imperial Parliament. The Commissioners themselves are careful to remind us, in the words addressed two years ago to the VICEROY, that "they are not "an executive or legislating body, authorized "to pronounce decisions about the future "government of India." But their unanimity should mean that at least their picture of the situation is proof against criticism. These seven men, drawn from all three parties in Parliament and by no means unrepresentative of strong party feeling, were appointed primarily to inform their colleagues at home of the present state of the greatest and most difficult of British responsibilities overseas. For two and a half years they have lived in the atmosphere of the Indian problem. They have travelled together, talked together, had access to every expert opinion worth having, seen things for themselves, been subjected to every kind of influence, encouragement, and abuse. If at the end of it all they are agreed in their view, then it is safe to say that no one else is likely to differ. The unanimity of the Commission should mean that there is no divergence in this country about the essential features of the problem to be solved.

It was an unusual, but a wise, precaution which allotted an interval between the statement of the case and the recommendations for its solution. The conclusions would be meaningless without some knowledge of the basis on which they were framed, and it is to be hoped that every one who cares to understand what is coming will find time within the next fortnight to read the whole of Volume I. of the Report (published at 3s.). Those who cannot may content themselves with the careful abridgment (amounting to about one quarter of the original) which is published and distributed gratis as a Special Supplement of *The Times* to-day. That treatment seems for the moment to be the best service which *The Times* can render to the formation of an informed public opinion in this vast and crowded field; but the Government, who have already reduced the price of the Report to the lowest figure which they consider reasonable, might well consider its reduction in a second edition to a third of its present price. For the story hangs together and the Commissioners have wasted no words in telling it. There is nothing superfluous, for instance, in their initial statement of the goal prescribed to them by good faith and history, for even in these days there is extraordinary and sometimes wilful misunderstanding of the policy declared by a British Parliament, and embodied ten years ago in the KING-EMPEROR'S Instructions—the policy, that is, of "the pro-"gressive realization of responsible government "in British India . . . to the end that British "India may attain to its due place among Our "Dominions." That policy stands. SIR JOHN SIMON and his colleagues are working within its limitations. The sole question set for answer in the present volume is that of the facts of the Indian situation and of the progress which has been made in what after all is an infinitesimal period in the life of a nation or, as in this case, of a whole continent of nations.

And the answer, though necessarily detailed, is neither weak nor obscure. There are no purple patches in it, but there are also no vague generalities. It examines with sympathy, but without shirking unpalatable facts, the whole constitutional system of British India and its relation with the India Office; the administration of the Centre and of the Provinces; the Judiciary; the methods of public finance and of education; the political movements and religions of its peoples, which are hardly to be separated; and finally, and indeed throughout the volume, the extent of political consciousness which can fairly be attributed to them after the changes of the last decade. Two chapters of supreme importance stand rather apart from this general survey, though they are rightly embedded in "the Con-"ditions of the Problem." In the first place a serious attempt—indeed the first authoritative attempt, for the Montagu-Chelmsford Report did little more than indicate the difficulties—is made to grapple with the permanent considerations of defence and security. In the second place the Indian States are introduced into the picture as an essential element in the main problem. Both of these chapters require much fuller treatment than it is possible to give to them this morning, and for the moment it is sufficient to say that they combine to give a breadth and a reality to the Report which would be lacking altogether if it had been limited to the internal conditions of that part of India which is called British. But the conditions of British India remain the dominant factor in the immediate situation. What view do the Commission take of them? How far have they been changed, for the better or the worse, by the Reforms of 1919? Are there defects to be remedied in the machine or in its handling? Does the picture suggest satisfaction with the progress made on the present lines or a case for change in direction? Is it possible to form any clear-cut impressions at all from so vast and variegated a canvas? Some attempt must be made to deal with these questions in the article which follows, but it is on the document itself that the public must be urged once again to form their views.

Three Main Impressions

The first impression, no doubt, which is left by the Report is simply that of staggering size and complexity. The Commission are surveying a densely populated country of 1,800,000 square miles. Of its nine "Governors' Provinces" one is larger than France, two are larger than Italy, the smallest is larger than England. British India alone contains two and a half times as many people as the whole of the United States. More than one Province contains more people than Great Britain. "The ordinary cultivator on his tiny "plot," poor, ignorant, shrewd, and narrow, makes up the great bulk of the population. The number of vernacular languages spoken reaches a total of no fewer than 222; but, while English is the one common means of intercourse, not more than sixteen in every thousand males and two in every thousand females are "literate" in that language. Add to the confusion of peoples and languages an "almost infinite diversity" of religions—a diversity, moreover, which amounts to the most violent antagonism and is always at hand to stimulate other feuds—and it is possible to form some conception of the obstacles which confront "the progressive "realization of self-government."

Yet a large measure of self-government, progressive for many years past and greatly accelerated by the latest Reforms, is in existence already, not merely locally or in the Provinces, but at the Centre. The Commissioners describe in detail the methods of communal representation (which they regretfully but clearly regard as still inevitable), the balances and checks, the powers held in reserve, which have been framed to avoid the oppression of minorities and the complete collapse of the whole edifice. Let no one suppose that Indian self-government is democracy in the Western sense, or that the British model, so strangely dear even to politicians who profess their detestation of every British influence, is necessarily the best fitted to a national Parliament for India. In the Central Legislative Assembly at Delhi 105 members are returned by rather more than a million voters out of a population of 240 millions represented. No rural constituency returning a single member is smaller in size than Yorkshire, which returns fifty-seven, while the most rural equivalent English area returns twenty-three. Perhaps this travesty of direct representation matters the less since the average Indian politician is hardly more remote from his constituents than he is from a sense of historical evolution. In a passage which deserves particular attention the Commissioners point out that a whole sequence of movements which occupied centuries of time in Europe—the religious struggles, the growth of nationalism, the spread of toleration, the controversies of Socialism—have been compressed in India within a single generation. "Indian political "thought finds it tempting to foreshorten "history." Full value is given in the Report to the critical and amending functions of the Central Indian Legislature and to the orderly conduct of debates both here and in the Provinces; but it is impossible to avoid the conclusion that the whole conception of a single responsible government of the Western type—based, that is, upon the direct representation of so vast and scattered a population—is utterly ruled out by the conditions of the case. It would be as easy—from some points of view far easier, for the religious difficulties would be less formidable—to legislate for all Europe by direct election to a Parliament at Budapest.

The second main impression that emerges from a study of the Report is that progress in self-government, though partial and uneven, has on the whole been far more effective in the Provinces than at the Centre. It was in the Provinces that the Montagu-Chelmsford Reforms rightly saw the best hopes of teaching the lesson of political responsibility, and it was with this purpose that they introduced the ingenious conception known as dyarchy which divided the sphere of administration between Members of Council and elected Ministers. There have clearly been startling divergences, both of method and of success, in working this system as between one Province and another. The wave of unrest in which it was established varied in intensity from place to place, and produced different varieties first of "non-"cooperation" and then of organized paralysis. The growth of political parties was complicated by every conceivable distribution of races and religions. Thus in Madras, where there are few Moslems, there has been a division from the outset between Brahmins and non-Brahmins: in Bengal, where the Swarajists have perpetually obstructed progress, the true cleavage is perhaps between town and country: towards the North-West the Moslems, by far the largest minority religion, begin to enter the political field as equals: in the Punjab their rivalry with Hinduism is complicated by the spasmodic incursions of a third element in the Sikhs. Madras seems to be the only Province where there has at times been something like a "Govern-"ment party" and an approach to Ministerial responsibility. It is a hopeful sign of a different kind that in Bombay, where industrial disturbances of the most violent kind have been added to religious feuds, there has been a real attempt to concentrate public interest on local needs, and that at no time has the Legislature failed to vote the necessary measures—including those for the preservation of law and order—proposed by the Government. On the other hand the Central Provinces have frankly failed to work dyarchy at all.

One crucial test of the working of the Reforms is the comparative growth of education, which is not merely a Provincial but a "transferred" subject. The Commission, greatly assisted by SIR PHILIP HARTOG'S Committee, devote a good deal of space to this question, and are able on the whole to pay tribute to the enthusiasm of Ministers and to the interest of the electorate. But some significant statistics go to prove that mere aggregate figures of children under instruction may be profoundly misleading. The bald fact that, of some 3½ million boys in British India beginning the four years of elementary education considered necessary for "literacy," little more than half a million are able to stay that short course, suggests that a vast preponderance of Indian parents still regard the schoolhouse less as a place of education than as a *crèche*. Still, the Commissioners find "ground for hope and encouragement." In this as in other respects the Provincial Councils are learning. "They have worked better than "many anticipated, though not entirely in the "manner in which the authors of dyarchy in-"tended." The real defect of the system, as many thought at the time, is that, having gone so far, it stopped short too soon. The constant dependence of Ministers on the official *bloc* in the Council, the easy excuse for shortcomings that the "nation-building" services are starved by comparison with the rest, the difficulty of fixing complete responsibility where it belongs—all this sets an obvious term to the usefulness of dyarchy. There will be no real development of political consciousness in India till its peoples, within manageable limits of space and population, can fix the blame for their discontents fair and square upon the shoulders of their own leaders.

And—if a third main impression may be selected as standing out from among so many—let it be that of the supreme importance attaching in India to this matter of individual leadership. At every point in the Report—from the account of the VICEROY'S high and heavy responsibilities down to the description of the daily life of the district officer—the same moral crops up that it is the man who counts. In a country where the bulk of the population is scattered in villages and illiterate, where the Press (on which the Commission have some pertinent comments) is almost wholly hostile to Government, it is literally impossible to exaggerate the importance of the personal touch which is traditional in India between the rulers and the ruled. That does not for a moment imply that the rulers are necessarily, or to any considerable extent, Europeans. Have those who sometimes prate of tyrannous Imperialism, or those others who shake their heads over "Indianization" as though it were something novel, any conception how infinitesimal is the band of Englishmen who share, and have always shared, the burden of administration with vastly greater numbers of Indians? Out of a total of 5,500 posts in the higher grades of General Administration 630 in all these hundreds of millions of Indian peoples are held by Europeans. In the Police Service 600 officers and 800 sergeants are Europeans in a total of 187,000. The Education Service, the Forest Service (which is far more congenial to Europeans than to Indians), even the Judiciary (where European Judges form less than 10 per cent. of the various Benches) show the same disproportion.

Nevertheless the Englishman has, and will long continue to have, his essential place in this devoted hierarchy. Apart from any question of training and character he owes his importance, in a land ridden with religious rivalries, to the very fact that he is neutral. It is his detachment that enables him not merely to deal with troubles of racialism when they arise, but to prevent their occurrence beforehand. From the old Civil Service, adapting itself loyally to conditions and duties which are unknown to the Civil Service in this country, derives such momentum as the Reforms have so far achieved, and the Commissioners plainly feel that further progress depends in the main upon its assistance. Their Report points out some of the inevitable effects of modern changes in weakening the influence of the individual—"the centralized direc-"tion of skilled officials, devoted to their "work and trusted by their district, can "go too far"—and a peculiarly interesting chapter on local self-government shows how efficiency has suffered through the substitution of elected Chairmen of District Boards for the Civil servants who were once not merely the Chairmen but the chief executive officers of these bodies. There is no suggestion on that account, either here or elsewhere, that a far-reaching experiment in Provincial and District self-government should be revoked. On the contrary, the Commissioners clearly contemplate its extension. But they will not read the Report amiss who add the importance of maintaining the *moral* of the Public Services as a third main point to those other obvious convictions of SIR JOHN SIMON and his colleagues: first, that the circumstances of the case rule out direct election to a national Parliament, and, second, that the great Indian Provinces—unevenly progressing under dyarchy and not necessarily the most convenient units of administration—require more and not less responsibility for their own affairs if the ideal of a self-governing India is to be translated into reality.

Whitsuntide

It would take a long memory to recall finer Whitsuntide weather than has been enjoyed all over the country this year; but had it been less perfect, they would still have reason who declare Whitsuntide to be the best of all the annual public holidays. It partakes in almost equal measure of performance and of promise. At Whitsuntide, especially when, as in this year, it falls late, the English country is at its most beautiful: it is more beautiful even than it is in the autumn glories or in those subtler, fainter delicacies of fine winter weather which the true country-dweller loves better than all others. The lilac and the bluebells, indeed, were past their prime, and in some places out of bloom altogether; but in wood and in garden the holiday found colour enough and to spare.

And still the summer is not at its height. There is nearly a fortnight before the longest day. The year is still in the ascendant; and there is no foretaste of that declension into autumn which in the holidays of August and September arouses in grown people the uneasy feeling that it will soon be time to go back to school. This is the time of year, whether in sunshine or in rain, of which those whose work for the Government or for the trade of the Empire keeps them in far countries think with the greatest longing. It has not the risks of the cold and dark of the winter, nor any unpleasant resemblance to the great heat of the tropics and of the East. It can be, at its best, the perfection of temperate weather, warming yet refreshing, rich in colour and odour, but new every day through the coolness of the short and balmy nights. It is the reward of patient endurance of the long, cold spring, and a smiling rebuke to those who had given up hope.

THE UNFIT

CLAIMS ON INSURANCE FUNDS

A GROWING BURDEN FOR INDUSTRY

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—You were good enough a short time ago to publish some comments of mine on the grave condition of unfitness in the population, to which attention had been directed through the announcement by Mr. Shaw in Parliament of the necessity of lowering the standard for recruiting in order to secure sufficient men, and in that letter I made some reference to unemployment.

Again you are doing a public service by giving publicity to the more intricate, difficult aspects of the unemployment problem, and, with all serious citizens, I cherish the hope that popular opinion on this matter will thereby be enlightened. May I, however, call the attention of your readers to the fact that under the present system no differentiation is made in our figures between the genuinely economically unemployed, and those persons so gravely unfit, either physically or mentally, or both, as to be virtually unemployable in the modern industrial world?

It is not necessary to recapitulate in detail the figures I gave previously. I would only repeat the assessment arrived at by the recent Inter-departmental Committee and included also in the "Health of the School Children" (the annual report of H.M. Chief Medical Officer of Health), that 10 per cent. of the population are intellectually and temperamentally subnormal. Add to this the assessment of the Ministry of National Service that only one in four of the male population is perfectly fit and healthy, and it becomes mere common sense to insist that some assessment of capacity and virility should be demanded for unemployment insurance. One other notorious fact should be mentioned—namely, the rise in benefits given in National Health Insurance, this rise being partly in numbers and partly in longer periods of benefit allowed.

I submit that this differentiation is needed on the following grounds:—

(1) Fairness to the genuinely unemployed insured person.

(2) For any accurate evaluation of the economic problem. (In those few trades which flourish, employers are not infrequently faced with a shortage of labour of the type and standard they require, and constantly affirm that their needs are never supplied on application to the employment bureaux.)

(3) For a true ascertainment of the burdens borne by the productive industry of the country. (It has been estimated by a competent authority that every six persons productively employed in the country are carrying one should-be wage-earner, in addition to the normal burdens of youth and age.)

An answer to the question "What are we going to do about it?" will, by the wise, be deferred until all the facts are before us. The machinery of National Health Insurance, school medical examinations, &c., could, with little cost, be enlisted to provide the data we require.

Yours truly,
E. W. MAC BRIDE,
Vice-President, Eugenics Society.
43, Elm Park-gardens, S.W.10.

HOME-GROWN WHEAT

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The sad plight of the arable farmer has long been a subject of sympathetic reference in your columns, so a brief account of the working of the new German Milling Act, which has done much to mitigate the hardships of German farmers, may not be without interest.

The Act was brought into operation last August, and requires that at least 30 per cent. of any wheat milled must be home grown. Power is given to the Minister of Agriculture, in consultation with others, to vary this quota with a view to stabilizing price at a reasonable level, and the quota has in fact been increased to 50 per cent., the governing principle being to stabilize the price of home-grown wheat in face of world speculation and fluctuations.

It was said at the time when the Bill was before the Reichstag that, owing to the costly administrative machinery required to prevent evasion, the Act could not work in practice, but it has proved otherwise. There are 28,000 large and small mills in Germany, but of these some 200 only are affected by the scheme, and in them a large percentage of the total wheat supply of the country is milled. Control has been effectively exercised by four inspectors, who constantly travel about the country. There have been so far two convictions only for evasion of the law, the penalty for infraction of which is high, being a fine of as much as £50 for each 200lb. of wheat milled.

The law, which was experimental and temporary, will shortly come up again for reconsideration. In the opinion of Dr. Schindler and other eminent German economists, it is assured of re-enactment. By it farmers are guaranteed a reasonable market for their wheat, and workers a reasonable wage for their labour. It costs the millers nothing, and the administrative charges payable by the State are negligible, while the price of bread is maintained at a stable level.

The scheme has many advantages. It has proved its value in Germany, and is well worthy of a trial at home.

Yours, &c.,
Berlin, June 7. DOUGLAS NEWTON.

ORFORD CASTLE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—At the opening of Orford Castle, as reported in your issue of June 7, Lord Ullswater stated that he had stormed the castle but had never been able to get into it. He was evidently ignorant of one means of access, as I was when making the attempt about 40 years ago. For, mentioning my visit there to a friend, he told me that once on a holiday he arrived at Orford in the evening, and failing to find a bed applied to a policeman, by whom he was told that the castle was used as a lock-up and that if he chose to commit a small offence, such as breaking a window, he could be arrested and locked up. And so my friend spent the night in the castle.

Your report also mentions that Orford was once entitled to send two members to Parliament. This was so till 100 years ago. The "History of Boroughs" (1794 edition) states that the right of election is in the corporation, which is chiefly composed of the sons and relations of the Earl of Hertford, the owner of the borough, and therefore "the usual mode of canvassing is laid aside, and the election made among themselves without trouble or expense." It also states that Orford sent three ships and 62 men to the siege of Calais, that it was "formerly a town of great commerce, but it is now only a decayed village, owing to the sea having for some time past withdrawn itself from it."

Yours truly,
HOWARD HODGKIN.
Benwell, Godalming.

THE BLACK PRINCE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Your article on the Black Prince brings to my remembrance an interesting letter written by him to the Chancellor of England, Brian, or Reginald de Brienne (as he calls him), Bishop of Worcester. The letter in French, written on October 20, 1356, was brought to Alvechurch on December 1, "by our most dear knight Roger de Cotteford." After telling of the victory at Poitiers the letter ends with a list of prisoners and slain. Of the prisoners of course the French King and his son come first, and 40 of the nobility and 1,933 common men. "Rejoice in the Lord alway," and of the slain 19 of the nobility and 2,426 common men. "Again I say rejoice." Bishop Brian died at Alvechurch of the plague on December 10, 1361.

Yours,
B. H. BLAKE.
The Commandery House, Worcester.

THE GLADSTONE PAPERS

VIII.—CABINET PRACTICE

DISRAELI

This is the last article in the series based on the Gladstone papers at Hawarden, which Mr. H. N. Gladstone is handing over to the British Museum as a gift to the nation.

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The historic interest of the following letters from Lord Grey, son of the Prime Minister, justifies their being given at length. To him Mr. Gladstone had written (June, 1892):—

Your recollection of Cabinet practice goes further back than that of any other living man, and on this account I take the liberty of asking whether your memory serves you as to any particulars in connection with the form of what is called a minute of Cabinet? In particular, is it signed by Ministers? This form of document has gone very much out of use, but it appears to have some recommendation for exceptional cases, and thinking so, I take the chance of being enabled by your courtesy to make up the deficiencies in my own records by an appeal to yours.

To this Lord Grey replied:—

I have received your letter this morning. I believe that in old times, especially while George the Third was able to perform his duties, it was the practice invariably to record all the important decisions of the Cabinet in Minutes which were submitted to the King. I am under the impression that after the beginning of the regency this practice gradually fell into disuse, but I cannot quote any authority for this impression. When my father came into office in Nov., 1830, he acted upon the rule to which he had been accustomed in Lord Grenville's administration of 1804, which he considered it (as I think justly) very important to observe, of embodying all important decisions of the Cabinet in Minutes which were at once sent to the King. These Minutes were usually written in the Cabinet room by my father himself and read over by him to his colleagues before they separated. The original Minute in my father's handwriting was generally sent to the King, but if alterations had been made in it a fair copy was made for him by my father's private secretary. Occasionally, when there had been differences of opinion in the Cabinet, these were recorded in the Minutes. . . .

These minutes were considered strictly confidential and one copy only was made; the original minute, or if it had been necessary to make a fair copy, this copy was retained by the King, the other by the Minister.

MELBOURNE'S WAY

When Lord Melbourne came into office the practice was different: you know he disliked trouble and did not attach the same importance as my father to regularity and adherence to established forms in doing business, and during the time I was a member of his administration I remember only one instance in which a formal Cabinet minute was drawn up and submitted to the Queen. This was when we agreed to resume office after our resignation in 1839 in consequence of the difference that had arisen between H.M. and Sir R. Peel to the appointment of the ladies of the household. On that occasion a minute was drawn up at my instance in order to record the fact that while I would not refuse to acquiesce in the decisions of the Cabinet, I was strongly of opinion that we ought, before we determined to resume our offices, to seek an explanation with Sir R. Peel as to what was the extent of the demand he had made for power to make changes in the Royal Household—because I believed (as it afterwards turned out correctly) that there had been some misunderstanding between the Queen and Sir R. Peel as to the extent of the power he asked for, and I considered it to be our duty to ascertain whether this was the case and whether, if so, the misunderstanding could not be removed before we resolved on carrying on the Government by an administration confessedly too weak to do so with advantage.

A few days later he again wrote:—

Cabinet minutes were never signed. At the head of them, there was always a list (as you may observe in those I have printed) of the Ministers present, and they were all considered as being concerned in the decisions recorded, except in those cases in which the minutes contained a statement of the dissent of any members of the Cabinet from the opinion of the majority, and in these cases the dissentients were held to be equally responsible with their colleagues for decisions in which they had acquiesced without approving them. It was also held to be a point of honour not to allow the existence of any differences to become known, and it is very remarkable how little knowledge of the differences, which of course, existed on various points during the two stirring years of the Reform discussions, leaked out.

My father's usual practice was, as soon as he left the Cabinet, to write a short account (and sometimes a long one) to the King or to Sir H. Taylor, enclosing the Minute which had been drawn up of the proceedings. He often preferred writing to Sir Herbert Taylor, as he could do so with somewhat more freedom and more quickly than he could write in the formal style of letters to the King, and it was practically the same thing.

Of course, it was only the important decisions of the Cabinet which were recorded in minutes, and from what I saw of the proceedings of the Cabinet of Lord Melbourne and Lord J. Russell, I was strongly of opinion that it was a mistake to have discontinued the practice of recording important resolutions in formal minutes.

I must be permitted to doubt whether now or at any other time there has been a greater pressure of important and difficult business upon the Government than during the battle of reform in 1831 and 1832, when, in addition to domestic affairs, foreign and colonial affairs caused extreme anxiety.

A FINAL GLANCE

Little more than a fringe of the manifold interests of the Muniment Room has been touched, but space is limited, and a final and rapid glance at some of its other treasures and curiosities must now be made. We find Bismarck writing in 1875: "It affords me a deep and hopeful gratification to see the two nations, which in Europe are the champions of liberty of conscience, encountering the same foe (*i.e.*, Vatican), stand shoulder on shoulder in defending the human race (*sic*)." In a trembling hand comes the last letter from Cardinal Newman: "It is a great kindness and compliment, your wishing to see me. I have known and admired you so long. But I cannot write nor talk nor walk and I hope you will take my blessing, which I give from my heart." Garibaldi sends a note: "En me séparant de vous veuillez accepter un mot de reconnaissance pour toutes les bontés dont vous m'avez comblé—et pour l'intérêt bien généreux que vous avez manifesté en tout temps pour la cause de mon pays."

Li Hung Chang, in a eulogistic letter, asks to be allowed "to present in person the respectful homage of his respects before returning to China." Cetewayo and Mr. Gladstone exchange photographs:—"The thought that he will be able to look at the great man who was so good to him makes his [Cetewayo's] heart light." Moltke, in 1870, prophesies conscription for England in the event of her being drawn into a European war. The varied languages of Mr. Gladstone's post-bag puzzle even Max Müller. "The language of the letter, so far as I can see, is Finnish, but I am sorry to say I cannot make it out, nor do I know anyone in England who can." Leighton implores Mr. Gladstone to secure for the nation "the central piece and capital attraction of the Castellani collection, a colossal bronze female head of extraordinary grandeur."

J. H. Shorthouse and Mr. Gladstone are at one in their love of Wordsworth. "For many years," says the former, "I have read the Excursion always once, and often twice a year, and the *invariable* and continuous effect has been that of sabbatical calm." Sir Edwin Arnold sends his "Light of the World," as a "poor and humble token that, among men of letters, although you may have antagonists, you cannot have enemies." G. J. Holyoake writes, "When the Bible had ceased to be in my eyes what it once was, I continued to read it to my mother, and sent her one in larger type, that she might read it herself when her eyes grew dim."

In reply to a letter of sympathy on the death of his wife, Disraeli writes, "I trust, I earnestly trust, that you may

be spared a similar affliction. Marriage is the greatest earthly happiness when founded on complete sympathy. That hallowed lot was mine, and for a moiety of my existence, and, I know, it is yours. With sincere regard, D." Four years later Sir Arthur Godley (Lord Kilbracken), then one of Mr. Gladstone's secretaries, records that "Sir N. Rothschild said that Lord B.'s last days were free from any great discomfort, but that he constantly said, 'Monty, I cannot collect my thoughts—that drives me mad.' On Monday night, he said to Baum, his servant, 'The gazette comes out to-morrow, and you will see some bad news in it.' The servant made some remark, upon which Lord B. said, 'Ah I have been dreaming—I cannot command my thoughts'—and those were his last words. The servant says, what was known to nobody else, that his last two speeches were made with the greatest difficulty, after doses of lobelia and inhalations of some powder which were just calculated to carry him through three hours without difficulty and no more."

In 1880 Mr. Gladstone attacked Austria in a speech in which the words "Hands off, Austria," were used. In 1896 a quaint incident is recounted by a Serbian correspondent :—

I must recount to you a little incident that happened this afternoon at Negotin. I was dining with the Under-Secretary for Agriculture, when the parish priest of Buckhovo proposed the usual toast of "England," and alluded to you as "Handorff Gladstone." I was amused to have "handorff" translated into "hands off" and to be told that it was by these words, used long since in connexion with Austria, that you were best known in Servia and that hundreds of articles had appeared in the Servian Press under the heading "Handorff Gladstone."

DICKENS'S THUMB

Mr. Gladstone, Tennyson, and Professor Blackie were born in 1809. On his 80th birthday Blackie sends greeting :—

Bless thee brave year—thou well deserv'st my benison
Who Gladstone brought to light and Tennyson,
And Blackie too—all three with wisdom weighty,
But light as larks beneath the load of eighty!

Oliver Wendell Holmes sends a book on trees. "I know," he writes, "that you are a lover of trees, though you have laid many of them low, and have often dropped a tear in the wound your axe has made." The first postcard ever dispatched through the post was sent by Lord John Manners, then Postmaster-General, to Mr. Gladstone, in December, 1874. On it was written, "These—your cards—will be issued to the public on Feb. 1st, 1875. I hope you will like them, and live long and happily to use them." Herbert Spencer's health in 1896 "is so greatly shaken that what work I do has to be done by dictating from bed ten minutes or so at a time, and reading tells upon me as much as dictating." Charles Dickens cancels a dinner engagement :—"An injury to the right thumb obliges me to keep it poulticed in an unseemly bundle not in the least adapted for presentation anywhere but at the fireside. My doctor only allows me to remove it to write this note, which I do with some difficulty." Sir Edwin Landseer asks "the honour of a visit" to his studio to see the Trafalgar-square lions. "Colossal statues cannot well be moved. Otherwise the lions would have waited on you." James Russell Lowell hears a gramophone record of Mr. Gladstone's voice, and writes from Cambridge, Mass. :—

My own ears have happily often borne witness to the marvellous carrying powers of the most eloquent voice of our time, but I never dreamed that it could ever make itself audible across the ocean with all its compass of persuasive intention. Surely there is no greater wonder of human invention than this which we owe to the genius of Edison.

A WILD GIRL

Sir Henry Taylor sends a copy of "a letter written by Southey the other day to a wild girl" who had sent some of her writings to him for criticism. The girl was Charlotte Brontë. A child princess writes in 1894, "I am so glad to have seen you at Windsor, and will try and remember you all my life." Irving sends word that "Your own seat will be prepared as before in the corner of the stage behind the proscenium arch," and Ellen Terry implores him to come to *Romeo and Juliet*. "My 'benefit' at the Lyceum. . . . I should feel prouder of your presence than that of any other Englishman." Sir William Fraser lights on a piece of family history in the shape of a "curious contract of marriage between the Scotts of Buccleuch and the Gladstones of Lochlaw, in Roxburghshire, containing the peculiar provision that, if the Scott lady should die before her marriage, the young Gladstone was obliged to marry any of her sisters who survived."

Tom Taylor sends an old account of a quondam landlord against Sheridan, and wonders was it ever settled. Near the Sheridan document is a broadsheet issued on the death of the Prince Consort. The last verse, which is typical of the whole, runs :—

May God give thee comfort, Victoria, we pray,
Bless and protect thee, by night and by day;
Cheer up thy spirits, be happy, not weep,
And wipe the salt tears from thy heavenly cheek.

NOTHING TO HIDE

In the Muniment Room also have been preserved as curiosities some of the anonymous letters which seem to have amused Mr. Gladstone and which are docketed in his own hand. As usual with this class of letter, all shades of feeling, from scurrilous abuse to the most fulsome adulation, are shown. They may be addressed either to "The Right Horrible W. E. Gladstone" or to one "whose name is a mixture of Joy and Strength." Nor are they confined to semi-illiterate writers. Men and women of culture join in the fray and proceed, under the veil of anonymity, to express approval or disapproval of Mr. Gladstone in well-turned Greek or Latin verse or drawings of considerable skill. Yet another aspect of human nature is evidenced by the scramble for advancement. Here all classes take part. The applicant for a humble clerkship jostles the peer who in letter after letter presses his claim to get another step in the peerage. But, fortunately, there is also the other side, and we find the Garter being refused because it is "beyond my deserts," and a duke declining the same offer at the age of 53 because he is "too near the end of life to care for even so great a distinction."

When the news of Mr. Gladstone's death reached G. F. Watts, the artist placed under the portrait, which is now in the National Portrait Gallery, a paper on which he had written :—

Whatever record leaps to light,
He never shall be shamed.

These words might well be applied to the papers in the Muniment Room at Hawarden. There is nothing to hide. In the rich store of as yet unwritten history will be found no *Chroniques scandaleuses*. They are the records of one of whom it has been said, "Nobody ever had fewer secrets, nobody ever lived and wrought in fuller sunlight."

(Concluded)

Previous articles appeared in *The Times* of May 27, 28, and 30, and June 2, 5, 6, and 9.

MAN KILLED BY SWING BOAT

A man believed to be named Leonard Lee, aged 30, employed as a casual hand at the ex-Service men's sports ground, Cambridge-avenue, Malden, Surrey, was struck on the head yesterday afternoon by a swing boat and killed.

Obituary

SIR HERBERT WARREN

A GREAT OXFORD "HEAD"

We record with much regret that Sir Herbert Warren, who was President of Magdalen College, Oxford, from 1885 to 1928, died at Oxford yesterday at the age of 76.

For many years the President of Magdalen had been about the best known figure in Oxford. His long tenure of his office, 43 years, his great experience of University business, his wide circle of friends and acquaintances both in Oxford and in the outer world, the many spheres of his interests, and the versatility of his talents, all contributed to make him conspicuous, and many generations of undergraduates, whose acquaintance with heads of houses is not large, will reckon "the Pre" among their lasting recollections of Oxford. His resignation of the Presidency, which took effect in October, 1928, was felt to be no ordinary loss both to the College and the University. On his retirement he went to live in the Woodstock-road.

Thomas Herbert Warren was born at Bristol on October 21, 1853, the second son of Algernon William Warren, J.P., a Bristol business man; his mother was the sister of Christopher Thomas, a prominent citizen, who became Mayor in 1878, and was greatly respected not only for his ability but for his high integrity of character. To him the President owed his first Christian name, and, as he often admitted, much in the way of precept and example. When he was already 15 he entered Clifton College, which had then been open for six years under the rule of its first and most famous headmaster, Dr. Percival. Warren soon made his mark, entered the VI. Form in 1869, became Head of the School, won his "cap" for Rugby football, and gained a Balliol scholarship in 1871.

What Warren owed to his headmaster, and to Clifton, he has described in Bishop Temple's "Life of Dr. Percival," and his loyalty to the school continued throughout his life. He was elected a member of the Council in 1882, and some 30 years later succeeded Dr. Percival as its Chairman. It is an open secret that he was pressed on one occasion to take the headmastership; he might easily have been a great schoolmaster, for the bent of his mind was paedagogic, as his conduct of his college from first to last demonstrated. Had it not been for his excellent temper and instinctive respect for collegiate constitutional tradition, he might easily have had difficulties similar to those which befell Dr. Percival when he went from Clifton to be President of Trinity College.

At Balliol—he went up in 1872, soon after Jowett became Master—Warren obtained an unusual number of classical distinctions, including first classes in Moderations and *Lit. Hum.*, the Hertford and Craven Scholarships, and the Gaisford Prize for Greek Verse. He was also a member of the college Rugby XV. and played occasionally for the University, while he won the University prizes, both single and double, for fives, a game which he continued to play exceedingly well for many years even after he became President. He spoke, too, at the Union, and was its librarian in 1875-6.

Shortly after he took his final schools he was elected a Fellow of Magdalen, and became Classical Tutor in 1878. He proved indefatigable both in lecturing and in tuition, giving his pupils far more attention than the letter of the law demanded. If the persistence of his efforts to improve their intelligence and morals sometimes wearied them, the obvious genuineness of his personal interest and his real appreciation of the individuality of each won their confidence. By cultivating relations with the great public schools, he laboured incessantly to improve the type of undergraduates sent to Magdalen; and schoolmasters began to speak of the college as "Warren's."

In 1885, on the death of the President, Dr. Bulley, Warren, then at the age of 32, was elected by a large majority of the Fellows to succeed him—a striking testimony to his reputation as a tutor and to the expectations which his colleagues had formed of him. He now redoubled his efforts to raise his college into the front rank. Taking a keen interest in its successes on the river and in the football field, and above all having a real knowledge of his men and a sincere interest in their careers, both at Oxford and afterwards, he almost of his own act gave the college a peculiar character and stamp which it retained throughout his Presidency. His memory was extraordinarily retentive and his capacity for work very great. More than most heads of colleges, he made himself responsible for all the activities of his society; and himself directed in every branch the development of Magdalen. Naturally he encountered some opposition in its governing body, which was apt to be impatient of the President's prolixity and love of periphrasis. But his patent devotion to the interests of the college won him his way.

The Royal Commission of 1878 had assigned to Magdalen, as one of the more wealthy colleges, the duty of providing Fellowships for certain Professors and of encouraging post-graduate work. That this was successfully done for many years, and that the diverse and sometimes conflicting interests of the Fellows were brought into harmony, was not a little due to the President's tact and judgment. In his selection of undergraduates Warren was popularly supposed to have a weakness for "blue blood" and a desire to make Magdalen rival Christ Church as the college of the aristocracy. But his attitude to the great, whether by birth or by office, was largely governed by a sense of duty to enlist for his college every possible powerful influence. Both as President and as a man of letters, he almost saw himself as an Elizabethan when dealing with exalted personages. It was without a doubt a sincere pleasure to him when the King in 1912 selected Magdalen as the college of the Prince of Wales.

But, though Magdalen was always his primary care, it was not to be supposed that a man of Warren's ability would escape duties in a wider sphere. Besides being a member of the Hebdomadal Council for a long period, he was curator of the Botanic Garden and of the Taylorian Institute, a perpetual delegate (till the abolition of the Delegacy in 1922) of the University Museum, a delegate for military instruction, for the examination of schools, of non-collegiate students, for forestry, and for rural economy—a list which alone shows the width of his interests and knowledge. Outside the University, too, his judgment and experience were highly valued; the Treasury made him a departmental commissioner to inspect the university colleges of Great Britain, the Board of Education made him a member of its Consultative Committee, he was for some years a governor of St. Paul's School as well as of Clifton College, and the University of Bristol secured his services on its Council. To each and all of these duties Warren brought courtesy, tact, and judgment. A Liberal in University politics and an old-fashioned Liberal in public policy, he was yet peculiarly affected by old ties and customs, and preferred gradual reforms to "leaps in the dark": his instinctive respect of persons, too, made it difficult for him to throw in his lot with drastic change. Although brought up a Non-conformist, he became in early manhood so earnest a Churchman that many of his friends wondered why he never took orders; it is certainly an irony of fate that his election to the Presidency in 1885 should have been opposed by members of the Church party in his college.

From 1906 to 1910 Warren was Vice-Chancellor, and to him it fell to initiate Lord Curzon to the Chancellorship, and to receive and to submit to the University's consideration the new Chancellor's proposals for academic reform. Throughout the full period of his office he showed tact and unwearying patience, and left it in a more important and more dignified position than he found it. Had he felt justified in delegating his presidential duties to a subordinate, he might have been one of the members for the University after his Vice-Chancellorship.

With all this interest in affairs, Warren was also a man of letters. Not merely was he a brilliant classical scholar, with all the old-world love of the apposite quotation, but he had a wide knowledge of English literature and a genuine passion for it. His poets were the Victorians, especially Tennyson, into whose spirit he entered perhaps more fully than any of his generation. His only contribution to classical learning was a small but well-known edition of the first five books of Plato's "Republic," which was first published in 1888, and ran through several editions—an admirable example of the useful and readable commentary. Later on he published volumes of his own verse, "By Severn Sea," in 1897, and "The Death of Virgil" in 1907; both of these show the work of a scholar and much true feeling. He was a friend of poets, of Robert Bridges in particular, of whom he published a study in 1913.

In 1911, after the termination of his Vice-Chancellorship, he was elected Professor of Poetry, and in his five years' tenure of the chair both the War and the Empire afforded him magnificent opportunities, of which he made full use. His lectures showed the wide range of his reading, informed by a rich gift of criticism. It fell to him, too, as Professor, to deliver on several occasions the Latin speech at the Encaenia, and here he was in his element—the fluency of his Latin, the neatness of his epigrams, and his facility for hitting off character reminded his hearers of his great predecessor in the *rostra* of the Sheldonian, Dr. Merry. In public speaking in English he was less successful, owing to an inability to be direct and a tendency to diffuseness.

Warren was one of the promoters and always a strong supporter of the *Oxford Magazine*. His felicity of expression was often seen there in notes of congratulation, and perhaps especially in the obituaries of Oxford men who had been his friends. The same talent appeared in later years when he became the University Correspondent of *The Times*, and it is no secret that many of the most striking biographies of Oxford characters published in our columns were from his pen. Warren's literary abilities were recognized outside Oxford by the conferment on him of the honorary degrees of LL.D. of Birmingham and D.Litt. of Bristol. He was made an honorary D.C.L. at Oxford at the first Encaenia held by Lord Curzon, and was created K.C.V.O. in 1914 when the Prince of Wales left Magdalen. He had also received the Legion of Honour and the Italian Order of the Crown. Among the many gifts which 1928 brought him must be mentioned the admirable portrait painted by Mr. Glyn Philpot, R.A., and presented to him by nearly 700 Magdalen men.

Through all the earlier part of his life Warren was physically strong and active, and even after he gave up football and fives he took to golf and a bicycle; of late years, however, he had been much crippled by arthritis. His many activities brought him into contact with a large number of people, and perhaps his chief characteristic as a man was his loyalty in friendship. All Magdalen men were his friends for life, and he always followed their careers with genuine interest. But many outside his college experienced the same constant kindness. Habitués of Convocation were sometimes amused by the President's references in speeches to his "old" friends; but the habit was the expression of a true feeling.

Throughout life he pushed consideration for the feelings of others to a point which those who knew him little were apt to misunderstand. But he was a sincere and naturally courteous man, who always felt that something more than civility was expected of him. Guests of any member of his Common Room were always treated by him as if he were their proper host, and few "strangers" who dined at Magdalen in his company have finished the evening without experiencing attention from the President, and realizing what a sympathetic and well-furnished mind was his. Oxford has lost in him, not only a dignified figure and a courtly personality, but one who made for unity in controversies and held men together by his own sincere interest in them.

Sir Herbert married Mary Isabel, daughter of Sir Benjamin Brodie; as hostess at Magdalen she showed a devotion to the college not less than his own.

MR. ST. JOHN ADCOCK

Mr. Arthur St. John Adcock, novelist, essayist, poet, and journalist, died yesterday at his home at Richmond after a short illness, at the age of 66. His elder daughter, Mrs. Marion St. John Webb, author of "The Littlest One" and other stories, died a month ago, and he felt this bereavement severely.

Born in London on January 17, 1864, he did not finally abandon the law, for which he had been educated, until he was nearly 30. In 1908 he was made acting editor of the *Bookman*, and succeeded to the editorship in 1923. His numerous short stories and his several novels were mostly concerned with life in London, and he also wrote books dealing with literary associations of various parts of London. But he was perhaps best known as a poet, and at the end of last year he received the honour of a collected edition. In his three long satirical poems the satire is most sustained in "The Divine Tragedy," showing how a vicar, and certain of his flock, receive a carpenter whose claim to be the Christ returned to earth has caused much excitement. In "Tod MacMammon Sees His Soul," the satire alternates with earnest affirmations of Christian values, while "Exit Homo" is more a soliloquy on the mystery of life and death than a criticism of contemporary manners. In fact, Adcock was too kindly and humorous, and too essentially humble to be a true satirist. In his shorter poems both his talent and his humanity were less effectively displayed; his style was sometimes too facile, and while the neatness of his rhyming gave vivacity to his verse, there were times when it only tempered a fluent discursiveness of thought. As an essayist, Adcock was in much request and had many admirers.

The funeral will be at Richmond Cemetery on Thursday at noon.

SIR KHUDA BAKSH KHAN

The death is announced in a Reuter telegram from Lahore of Nawab Malik Sir Khuda Baksh Khan, Tiwana, from heart failure.

He was a prominent landowner at Shahpur, in the Punjab, and as recently as last Wednesday he led a deputation of 30 leading Punjab Moslem zamindars (landowners) to the Viceroy at Simla. From May, 1894, he officiated at intervals as extra assistant judicial commissioner in the Punjab, until November, 1900, when he was confirmed in the appointment. In October, 1903, he was appointed British Agent at Kabul, and in December, 1916, revenue member of the Council of Regency, State of Bahawalpur. He was made O.B.E. in 1918, C.I.E. in 1919, and K.C.I.E. in January, 1923. He retired in September, 1923.

Sir William Allardyce, at one time Governor of Newfoundland, died last night.

MR. H. D. ROOME

TREASURY COUNSEL

The Bar suffers the loss of an able and popular lawyer by the death, recorded on page 12, of Mr. Henry Delacombe Roome, the well-known Treasury counsel, at the age of 48.

The eldest son of Henry Abercrombie Roome, he was educated at Winchester and at Merton College, Oxford, where he won the Stanhope Historical Essay Prize in 1904. Three years later he was called to the Bar by the Middle Temple. He was a pupil of Sir Archibald Bodkin, lately Director of Public Prosecutions, for whom he devilled for some years, and his progress was rapid. In 1914 he was appointed Counsel to the Crown at Middlesex Sessions, and six years afterwards he became Junior Crown Counsel at the Central Criminal Court. He was promoted to be Third Senior Prosecuting Counsel two years ago.

He was never a brilliant advocate, but he was acknowledged to be one of the soundest criminal lawyers at the Bar. Among the notable trials in which he prosecuted were those of Vaquier, the French poisoner, of Clarence Hatry and his associates, and of the men Browne and Kennedy, who murdered an Essex policeman in 1927. Mr. Roome edited a number of editions of Archbold's "Criminal Practice," and he was also the author of a work on indictments and another on Criminal Offences in Bankruptcy. Apart from these books on law he published a study of James Edward, the Old Pretender. In politics Mr. Roome was a Liberal, and he contested Reading unsuccessfully in 1922.

Our Chess Correspondent writes:—Among his other activities Roome found time for playing chess occasionally, and he seldom failed to appear in the annual match between past members of the Oxford and Cambridge Universities. Last December he was seventh board for Oxford "Past," and lost to P. I. Wyndham; in December, 1928, he played in the same position, winning then against H. J. Snowden. He appears in the photographs of the Oxford University teams of his period, which are on the walls of the University club rooms at Oxford, having played in the Inter-University match on several occasions.

COUNTESS MUTSU

Our Tokyo Correspondent telegraphs :—

The death has occurred of Countess Iso Mutsu, the English-born wife of Count Kokichi Mutsu, formerly Japanese Ambassador to Belgium. The Countess was a noted authority on the history of Kamakura, having written a book thereon. After her husband's diplomatic career abroad, the Countess led a retired life at Kamakura, interesting herself in scholastic research and the promotion of the education of Japanese women. She had a large circle of foreign and Japanese friends. She is survived by her husband and her son, Yonosuke, now a student at Oxford.

THE CANADIAN GENERAL ELECTION

MR. FERGUSON'S INTERVENTION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

OTTAWA, JUNE 9

On Saturday at the Conservative Convention which nominated the recently sitting member for the Grenville-Dundas constituency, Mr. Howard Ferguson, the Premier of Ontario, entered the electoral fray with a vigorous attack upon Mr. Mackenzie King's Government. He defended his intervention in the Federal General Election on the ground that as a citizen of the Dominion he had the right to exercise his own judgment in voting, and Mr. Mackenzie King had challenged that right by his declaration that, unless people voted Liberal, they would get no consideration at Ottawa, and had pronounced for a policy of discrimination between the Provinces. He declared that Mr. King's Ministry had provided the greatest political merry-go-round that any circus had ever produced.

He said, "They just wait for the right horse on the merry-go-round to come along, and then jump on it. They are ready to jump on any horse to retain power, but are we not entitled to expect in our Government, honesty, sincerity, and consistency of purpose?" The Premier ridiculed the extensions of preference on British goods as "the greatest piece of camouflage," and argued that the best way to strengthen the British Empire was to strengthen the Canadian arm of it, as the Conservative policy proposed to do. He also drew a dark picture of unemployment and business stagnation throughout the country. Mr. Ferguson will speak frequently during the campaign, and has made arrangements to employ all the resources of his Provincial electoral machine to assist Mr. Bennett, the Conservative leader.

MISS ENGLAND II. TO BE TESTED TO-DAY

PRECAUTIONS TO ENSURE CLEAR COURSE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KENDAL, JUNE 9

Sir Henry Segrave, with his engineers and mechanics, spent to-day making the final preparations for his attempt in Miss England II. to break the world's water speed record on Windermere. Work will proceed until late to-night in order that the boat may be taken out to-morrow for a test run if the weather is suitable. The first rain for 21 days fell to-day, and there were high winds on the lake, appearances suggesting a break in the summer-like conditions.

Major Pattinson, clerk of the course for the official trial, stated that after the experience of last Thursday, when the crowd of pleasure boats prevented Sir Henry Segrave from opening out his engines after the boat had been launched, special measures were being taken to keep a stretch of lake about four miles in length clear to-morrow. Ten fast police launches will patrol the section and proprietors of pleasure craft have been asked to instruct all persons hiring boats and launches to keep well to the Westmorland shore.

The official course is on the Lancashire side of the lake, rather more than a quarter of a mile from the shore, and over the deepest portion of water. Sir Henry Seagrave has nearly a mile-and-a-half take-off on both the north and south sides of the measured mile, and the whole course has been buoyed. He will do the course from north to south and *vice versa*, and take a mean of the runs.

Major Pattinson said that the object of the test to-morrow would be to discover if the boat has the necessary speed. Provided the test is satisfactory, Sir Henry Segrave will probably make a trial run in both directions on Wednesday, and have the times recorded. If this is satisfactory and the weather suitable, he will possibly take Miss England II. out on Thursday and attempt to break the record.

DISTURBANCE AT HERNE HILL

A divisional police call was sent out for reinforcements at Herne Hill last night to quell a disturbance in which a crowd of about 300 or 400 people were involved outside a hotel. The dispute, it is understood, started in an argument about the Dublin-Cork hurling match at Herne Hill track.

Seven men were taken to the police station, and they will appear at Lambeth Police Court to-day.

A CRIMEAN VETERAN

The death is announced at Southsea at the age of 96 of Mr. G. Weeks. A native of Chichester, he joined the Navy when 21 and served throughout the Crimean War, being awarded the Baltic, Crimea, and Turkish medals and a Sebastopol clasp. After leaving the Navy he became a blacksmith at Portsmouth Dockyard, retiring 30 years ago. Only two sons survive from nine children. He had been a widower since 1898, and had lived nearly 40 years in the same house.

NEWSPAPER PRESS FUND

The sum of £900 was handed to Mr. Gordon Bobbins, chairman of the Council of the Newspaper Press Fund, as a result of a greyhound race meeting held in aid of the fund by the directors of the Greyhound Racing Association at the White City yesterday. The cups presented by the *Daily Mail*, *News of the World*, and Mr. W. J. Smith were handed to the winners by Mr. Robbins.

HAMPSHIRE PAGEANT

BRILLIANT SCENES AT MERDON CASTLE

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

WINCHESTER, JUNE 9

A pageant more than many other entertainments depends for its success upon the weather. The best organized will be ruined when rain sends spectators scurrying to shelter, generally found only with difficulty, and reduces the high drama on the stage to sorry and saturated farce. Happily nothing of the sort happened to-day at Hursley Park, near Winchester, when a series of dramatic and romantic episodes in the history of the county of Hampshire were played by members of Hampshire Women's Institute and some men of the county.

It was essentially a county affair, the performers having come from towns and villages all over Hampshire to take part in what was an entirely admirable entertainment, produced by Mrs. Robert Weir, the book having been written by Mr. F. E. Stevens. In Hursley Park is Merdon Castle, or at least a ruin of a part of it, standing on a low eminence surrounded by the steep-banked depression which was once a moat. The ground, now richly covered with grass and studded here and there with clumps of trees, is moulded into a series of low hillocks, and it was on a flat sward in the midst of these that the action took place. A fairer spot or one better suited to the bright business of the day it would have been difficult to find in Hampshire, or perhaps even in England.

Thousands of people came to see the show. It was opened by the herald, Captain Montgomerie, whose voice on parade must be the envy of non-commissioned officers. He rode into the arena and introduced the first scene, a task he repeated before each succeeding one. Then presently there was unfolded, in dumb show, but very colourful dumb show, an episode in the life of Queen Elfrida at Andover in 965. This was the affair of the treacherous Ethelwold, Earl of Hampshire, who was sent to woo the lady by King Edgar on that monarch's behalf. The Earl, like other deputies before and since his day, supplanted his master, but only to become the object of swift and complete vengeance.

A century and a half slipped by, and Princess Matilda was at Romsey, sought by Rufus, but concealed from him by the nuns of the convent in which her mother, Queen Margaret, had placed her. Thence Rufus, disappointed, pushed on to the New Forest to meet the fatal arrow. But Prince Henry, who had accompanied him on his fruitless visit to the convent, had not forgotten Princess Matilda—it would have been surprising if he had—and we saw him return and bear her triumphantly away to be his Queen.

Next Richard I., after his second Coronation at Winchester in 1194, came to Waltham, where he was royally and loyally acclaimed, and hardly had the last of his crusading knights passed from the amphitheatre when the arms of Queen Elizabeth preceded her to Elvetham Hall, where the Earl and Countess of Hertford awaited her. The Queen, who rode with sufficient regal dignity in a carry-chair, drew half the countryside to see her in what one thought to be possibly the most brilliant of many brilliant scenes. There was much revelry and singing among the villagers and a pavane was danced by the Royal party; while in the entertainment devised for the Queen's pleasure she found as much delight in the fairy dance as did the spectators in modern dress.

A more sombre note was struck in the grim and shameful episode of the arrest and execution for high treason of Dame Alice Lisle, who sheltered the King's enemies at Moyles Court after Sedgemoor. But we were spared the final moment of the block. Very suitably in such weather, the pageant closed with a Hampshire maying of 1804. Such mayings were held regularly at Whitsun under the patronage of the Duke and Duchess of Buckingham at Avington Park, and if this representation was a faithful one, as no doubt it was, then very jolly affairs they must have been. On this occasion, there was an added interest in the unexpected arrival of George IV. and Mrs. FitzHerbert, to watch the dancing of The Triumph, one of the King's favourite country dances.

The pageant was excellently dressed and arranged, and the players had evidently taken their rehearsals seriously. Some pleasant music was played by an orchestra directed by Mr. Guy Warrack and Mrs. Arthur Hoare, and a ladies' choir in costume sang very sweetly. Two performances were given, and the institute must have gathered valuable financial help to assist it in prosecuting its admirable programme in the county.

AIR PAGEANT NEAR READING

A RACE TO LONDON AND BACK

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

READING, JUNE 9

The Berks, Bucks, and Oxon Aero Club held a successful air pageant at Woodley Aerodrome, near Reading, to-day. A race to London and back was won by H. R. A. Edwards, the Oxford rowing Blue, with Lieutenant-Colonel L. A. Strange second, and Lady Bailey, the only woman competitor, third. The display included an exhibition of aerobatics by Captain Blake, of the Blackburn Aeroplane Company, who thrilled the crowd with daring tricks in a single-seater fighting aeroplane. There was an aerobatic competition for private owners, and this was won by Mr. M. Bainbridge. A number of club pilots of the club gave a display of formation flying and Mr. John Tranum made a parachute descent.

A replica of a level crossing had been erected in the centre of the ground, and this was bombed by Flying Officer Cubitt, who secured a direct hit. Captain J. B. Wilson, the club manager and Chief Pilot, showed how not to fly—making all the mistakes usual to beginners, but ending with a perfect landing. The prizes were presented by the president of the club, Sir Leslie Wilson, ex-Governor of Bombay.

ROAD ACCIDENTS

LORRY PASSENGER KILLED NEAR DOVER

One man was killed and another was seriously injured in a collision between an omnibus and a lorry yesterday on the Eastry to Dover road near the village of Tilmanstone. William Ballard, of Prospect-place, Dover, who with five others was on the tail-board of the lorry, was thrown on to a grass bank and killed instantly. Frederick Stevens, of Dover, who was also on the lorry, was injured. The other men were thrown into a field of clover but were uninjured. Passengers in the omnibus escaped with slight cuts and bruises.

A motor-coach containing Polytechnic Touring Association tourists toppled from a bridge into a small stream on the Glasgow-Inverness road yesterday. The three more seriously injured, who were taken to hospital with head injuries, were Miss Tulloch, a nurse from a Plaistow hospital, and two South Africans, Miss Paterson and Mrs. Kernick. Last night it was reported that they were progressing favourably, and that Miss Tulloch and Miss Paterson had returned to their hotel. The remainder of the party, which numbered 40, suffered from shock and minor injuries.

Returning from Weymouth to his home after a sea trip, Frank Henry Dodge, of Princes-street, Dorchester, who was driving a motor-cycle and sidecar, came into collision late on Sunday night with an omnibus just outside Weymouth and was killed.

Frederick Slaughter, of Sycamore-crescent, a corporation tramcar driver, died at Victoria Hospital, Southend, yesterday afternoon from injuries caused by being knocked down by a motor-car when he was crossing from one tramcar to another.

In a collision between a saloon car and a two-seater car on the Great North Road near Potters Bar yesterday, the two-seater was overturned, the driver, Mr. John Stroud, of Union-street, Barnet, and his wife being thrown out. Mrs. Stroud died later in hospital and late last night it was reported at Wellhouse Hospital that Mr. Stroud was still unconscious.

James O'Neil, of Fifth-avenue, Blyth, who was cycling to Newcastle to spend a holiday, was killed in collision with a motor-omnibus at Gosforth yesterday.

SCOUTS' PRESENTATION TO LORD ASHCOMBE

Nearly 2,000 Scouts from all over Surrey spent the week-end in camp on Ranmore Common, near Dorking, as the guests of the Lord Lieutenant of the county, Lord Ashcombe, who is president of the Surrey Boy Scouts' Association. The Chief Scout wired "Best wishes for jolly and successful camp." The chief event was the presentation to Lord Ashcombe of the coveted Scout honour, the silver wolf. The County Commissioner, Lieutenant-General Sir Edmond R. Elles, made the presentation. Lord Ashcombe has been president of the County Association since it was formed in September, 1910.

THE WEATHER

CLOUDY, SOME RAIN

Meteorological Office, June 9

GENERAL INFERENCE FROM OBSERVATIONS AT 7 P.M.—A deep depression is centred over Iceland and a secondary trough will move eastward across the British Isles, with unsettled weather generally, though bright intervals are probable in the North and in Ireland.

Forecasts for To-day

LONDON, ENGLAND, S.E., E., MIDLANDS, E.—Wind south-west to west, moderate or fresh; cloudy, occasional rain; moderate temperature.

ENGLAND, S.W., MIDLANDS, W., WALES, S.—Wind south-west, veering west, moderate or fresh; cloudy, some rain, improving later; moderate to rather low temperature.

ENGLAND, N.W., N.E., MIDLANDS, N., WALES, N.—Wind west, moderate or fresh; rain early, then showers and bright intervals; cooler.

SCOTLAND, ISLE OF MAN, ORKNEYS AND SHETLANDS, IRELAND.—Wind west, moderate or fresh, strong at times locally; showers and bright intervals; cooler.

FURTHER OUTLOOK.—Rather unsettled, but considerable fair periods in the South.

SEA PASSAGES

ENGLISH CHANNEL.—Wind south-west to west, moderate or fresh; cloudy, occasional rain; mist locally; sea moderate.

IRISH SEA.—Wind west, moderate or fresh, strong locally; showers and bright intervals; visibility good; sea moderate or rather rough.

FLYING PROSPECTS

AIR ROUTES (London - Paris - Brussels - Cologne - Amsterdam).—Winds south - west to west, 15-20 m.p.h. at the surface and 25-30 m.p.h. at 2,000ft. Cloudy with low cloud and rain spreading eastwards during the day; fair near Paris and Cologne in the morning. Visibility 2-4 miles, but less than 500 yards at times over high ground in South-east England.

Sun rises, 4.46 a.m.; sets, 9.13 p.m. Moon sets, 3.41 a.m.; rises, 9.11 a.m. Full moon 7.11 a.m. to-morrow.
Lighting-up time, 10.13 p.m.
High water at London Bridge, 1.55 a.m. and 2.17 p.m.

LONDON OBSERVATIONS

KENSINGTON PALACE, JUNE 9, 7 P.M.—Bar., 1015.6mb. (29.99in.), falling slowly; temp., 67deg.; humidity, 53 per cent.; wind, S.W., moderate; weather, fair.

Sunday, 7 p.m., to Monday, 10 a.m.—Min. temp., 45deg.; rainfall, nil.

Monday, 10 a.m. to 7 p.m.—Max. temp., 73deg.; rainfall, nil.

Sunshine at Kew, 11.8 hours.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT NEAR GLASGOW

FALL OF ENGINE TENDER DOWN EMBANKMENT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

GLASGOW, JUNE 9

A remarkable accident occurred on the London Midland and Scottish railway line at Barrhead, near Glasgow, to-day. A heavily laden goods train, consisting of about 40 wagons, crashed through the buffers of a dead end just outside Barrhead Station, the engine running tender first. The tender crashed down an embankment and came to rest on the roadway at the point where it passes under the railway bridge and forms the entrance to Messrs. Shanks and Co.'s tubal works.

The engine remained propped up at an alarming angle on the embankment, and seven of the leading wagons were telescoped. The driver and fireman, when they saw that a crash was inevitable, jumped clear and escaped with a severe shaking.

A carter who was leading two horses and carts under the bridge had a narrow escape. The force of the collision dislodged a piece of coal from the tender, which struck one of the horses, causing both animals to jump forward. The result was that when the tender crashed down on to the roadway immediately afterwards the carts had got clear. Fortunately there was no one else on the road at the time.

HEALTH RESORTS

The following reports of weather at health resorts yesterday were received last night. The rainfall is for 24 hours up to last evening :—

Stations	Sunshine	Rainfall	Temp. Min.	Temp. Max.	Weather (Day)
	Hrs.	Mm.	Deg.	Deg.	
Lowestoft	11·2	—	43	59	Bright.
Dovercourt	11·7	—	44	62	Bright.
W'ls'n-on-S.	11·3	—	43	63	Bright.
Maldon	11·6	—	44	70	Bright.
Southend	11·9	—	48	68	Bright.
Margate	11·8	—	47	63	Bright.
Ramsgate	10·8	—	47	61	Bright.
Deal	11·5	—	42	65	Bright.
Dover	11·6	—	43	63	Bright.
Folkestone	11·1	—	45	65	Bright.
Hastings	12·5	—	45	62	Bright.
Bexhill	11·3	—	44	62	Bright.
Eastbourne	11·9	—	46	63	Bright.
T'bridge W.	12·3	—	38	68	Bright.
Brighton	12·5	—	44	61	Bright.
Worthing	12·1	—	45	61	Bright.
Littl'h'mpt'n	12·8	—	42	59	Bright.
Bognor Regis	12·6	—	44	60	Bright.
Southsea	12·6	—	45	65	Bright.
Sandown	12·3	—	45	65	Bright.
Ventnor	12·2	—	47	62	Bright.
Bournemth.	12·0	—	44	68	Bright.
Jersey	7·3	—	50	65	Fine.
Weymouth	11·8	—	44	65	Bright.
Sidmouth	11·5	—	44	62	Bright.
Torquay	11·8	—	47	67	Bright.
Penzance	11·8	—	48	66	Bright.
St. Ives	10·8	—	46	63	Bright.
Newquay	10·1	—	41	63	Bright.
Bude	12·2	—	40	60	Bright.
Ilfracombe	12·0	—	50	61	Bright.
Weston-s-M.	11·5	—	49	65	Bright.
Bath	11·5	—	44	69	Bright.
Tenby	10·8	—	50	60	Bright, dull later.
Cheltenham	11·9	—	50	68	Bright.
Malvern	12·4	—	50	70	Bright.
Leamington	11·8	—	48	69	Bright.
Yarmouth	11·5	—	45	60	Bright, squally.
Felixstowe	11·1	—

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SPANISH HONOUR FOR BRITISH SEA CAPTAIN

The King of Spain has conferred on Captain Charles John Pirie, master of the steamship Greldon, owned by the Derwent Shipping Company, of Cardiff, the Order of Naval Merit of the first class. Captain Pirie, who is a native of Macduff, Banffshire, and whose wife and child live at Newport, is at present on a voyage to Montreal. The decoration has been conferred in recognition of his prompt action, in June of last year, in sending a wireless message giving the location of the Spanish seaplane Dornier Sixteen, which was in distress. The message enabled Spanish naval craft to rescue the crew of the seaplane.

Notices of Forthcoming Marriages and other Society Announcements on this page are inserted at the following rates: Three guineas for five lines or less, and twelve shillings and sixpence for each additional line. A line consists of about six words. Announcements, which are subject to editorial revision, should be addressed to the Manager, Private Announcement Department, "The Times," London, E.C.4. Block letters should be used for names and addresses.

Court News

The Hungarian Minister and Baroness Rubido-Zichy will return to London on Sunday from the Continent.

The Rumanian Minister returned to London last Friday evening from Bucharest.

The Marchioness of Huntly will return from Paris on Friday.

Viscountess Massereene and Ferrard will return to 53, Rutland-gate to-morrow from Scotland.

Lord and Lady Balniel have left London for Haigh Hall, Wigan.

Lady Mabel Hamilton-Stubber will return to 9, Southwick-crescent to-day from Marston Hill, Fairford.

Lord and Lady Harlech returned to 17, Lowndes-square yesterday from the country.

Lord and Lady Sydenham will return to 101, Onslow-square to-day from The Priory, Lamberhurst.

Lord and Lady Templemore expect to return to 26, Norfolk-crescent about the middle of the month from Upton House, Alresford.

Lady Stanley of Alderley returned to 1, Gloucester-square yesterday from Alderley Park.

Lady Ludlow will return to Bath House, Piccadilly, to-day from Luton Hoo, Bedfordshire, where she has been spending Whitsun.

The Hon. Lady Miller has arrived at the Connaught Hotel, Carlos-place, until the middle of July.

The Hon. Mrs. Berkeley of Spetchley gave birth to a daughter on June 6 in London.

Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Archibald and Lady Weigall will arrive at 39, Hill-street to-day from Petwood, Woodhall Spa.

Major Sir Nevile and Lady Beatrix Wilkinson have returned to 6, Duchess-street from Salisbury.

Sir Robert and Lady Kindersley will return to 11, Grosvenor-square to-day from Plaw Hatch, Sharpthorne, Sussex.

Mrs. Dawes, wife of the American Ambassador, has left London on a motoring tour.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. Balfour Paul wish to express their grateful thanks for the many messages of sympathy which they have received in their recent loss, and which they hope to acknowledge in course of time.

Major Alfred Menzies, representing Merton College, Oxford, and Dr. J. Herbert Menzies were among those present at the funeral of Mr. W. Algernon Locker.

The Highland Home Industries Sale of Tweeds organized by the Countess of Dunmore is being held this year at 27, Grosvenor-square, W. (kindly lent by Mrs. Robert Fleming) on Tuesday, June 24, from 11 to 6 p.m., instead of Wednesday, June 25.

FUNERAL

PILOT OFFICER G. VILLIERS

The funeral of Pilot Officer George Villiers will take place at Salisbury Cathedral at 11 a.m. to-morrow. The train which leaves Waterloo at 8.40 a.m. and arrives at Salisbury at 10.30 a.m. will be met.

MEMORIAL SERVICE

DR. A. GASTER

A memorial service for Dr. Anghel Gaster was held on Sunday evening at 33, Devonshire-place, W. The Rev. David Bueno de Mesquita, of the Lauderdale-road Synagogue, officiated, and an address was delivered by Haham Dr. M. Gaster, brother of Dr. Gaster. In addition to Mrs. A. Gaster (widow), Mr. Percy Gaster (son), Miss Gaster (daughter), and Mrs. Moses Gaster, others present included:—

Mr. Edward Mocatta, Mr. Neville Laski, K.C., and Mrs. Laski, Mr. Fred Nathan, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Mosley, Mr. and Mrs. Davis, Dr. Hirschfeld, Mrs. A. Model, Dr. and Mrs. Benaccry, Mr. and Mrs. I. Phillips and Miss Phillips, Mr. Charles Simons, Mr. H. L. Mocatta and Miss Mocatta, Mr. Vivian Gaster, Miss Gaster, Mr. Theodore Gaster, Mr. and Mrs. Julius Ullman, Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Spero, Mr. J. Elton, Mr. A. Junter, Mr. Fred and Miss Clarice Davidson, Mr. Geoffrey Hillier Holt, Mr. J. Blum, Mr. C. Cohen, Mr. W. Rose, Mrs. J. Samuel, Mrs. Theomin, Mr. Arthur Meyer, and Mrs. Barkoff.

NATIONAL COUNCIL OF GIRLS' CLUBS

PLANS FOR ANNUAL CONFERENCE

The National Council of Girls' Clubs' annual national conference for club workers will be held at the Central Hall, Westminster, from June 27 to 30. The programme embraces many aspects of club work and should be specially interesting to the outside public this year because of the national appeal which is being made for all girls' clubs.

The speakers and chairmen include, among others:—

Mr. E. Salter Davies (Director of Education for Kent), Mr. G. H. Gater (Education Officer, L.C.C.), Sir William Furse, Dame Meriel Talbot, Miss Lily Montagu, Mrs. Reid (Bedford College for Women), Miss Wicksteed (president, Ling Association), Miss Eckhard (London School of Economics), Miss Jebb (principal, Bedford College), Mr. B. E. Astbury, Captan J. G. Paterson, Mrs. Renton, Mrs. Patrick Grean, Miss Lilian Mainprice, and Lady Eleanor Keane (chairman, N.C.G.C.).

Miss Eleanor Plumer has consented to act as hostess to the conference.

Application for programmes and conference fee forms should be made immediately to the Secretary, National Council of Girls' Clubs, 3, Bloomsbury-place, London, W.C.1.

COWES

Many well-known people were at Cowes during the week-end. The Commodore (Sir Richard Williams-Bulkeley), who has been cruising in the Mediterranean in his steam yacht Andria, was back at the R.Y.S. Castle, where other fresh arrivals included the Vice-Commodore (Marquess Camden), who received a salute of nine guns on joining his steam yacht Yarta. The Earl and Countess of Shaftesbury were guests of Sir Thomas Lipton in his steam yacht Erin. The Earl of Normanton, who was accompanied by his daughter, Lady Rosemary Agar, and Mr. Jeffreys, joined his steam yacht Siren. Lord Wolverton, Sir Hercules Langrishe, the Hon. George Colville, Colonel R. Charteris (who was joined by Mrs. Charteris), and Mr. Charles Drummond were staying at the R.Y.S. Castle. Many members and their friends landed from the yachts and visited Squadron lawn. Lord and Lady Camrose entertained in their yacht Sona. Lady Mary Hope was with Colonel and the Hon. Mrs. John Gretton in their ketch Cariad; Lord and Lady Glentanar were cruising in their schooner Elk. Viscount Gort, V.C., arrived in his cutter Thanet. Other Squadron yachts on the station, with their owners on board, included Sir Walter Preston's Norada, Sir Alan Garrett Anderson's Harbinger, Major-General Sir Geoffrey Feilding's Rosemary IV., Sir W. H. Dyke Acland's Adastra, Captain Cecil W. P. Slade's Diane, Colonel Æ. M. B. Gage's Amphitrite, Mr. Henry Cecil Sutton's Moonbeam, Captain J. C. Gerard Leigh's Vanda, Mr. H. A. Sanderson's Isola, Mr. Frank Chaplin's Coral, Major H. F. Parbury's Amasis; Major A. W. Foster's Brynhild, Mr. A. A. Paton's Lulworth, Major W. T. Towers-Clark's Varuna, Mr. Edward D. Guinness's Avocet, and Colonel E. J. Holloway's Cyra.

Other yachts at Cowes included Lord Invernairn's Zaza, Sir Howard Frank's Astra, Sir Richard Cooper's Alice, Sir Walter Runciman's Sunbeam II., Sir Harold Bowden's Maid Marion, Colonel R. S. Millard's Adventuress, Mr. Hugh F. Paul's Sumurun, Colonel J. W. Abraham's Zanita, and Mr. Lloyd Edlin's Azur.

Mr. Lloyd George, accompanied by Dame Margaret Lloyd George, crowned the Welsh "Rose Queen" in the grounds of Conway Castle yesterday in the presence of a large assembly.

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

MR. E. G. WALDY AND MISS ROCHE

The engagement is announced between Edward Garmondsway, only son of Mr. and Mrs. William Waldy, of Green Park, Darlington, and Helen Patricia, daughter of the Hon. Mr. Justice and Lady Roche, of Chadlington, Charlbury, Oxon.

CAPTAIN A. CURRY AND MISS ASHWORTH

A marriage has been arranged, and will take place on July 8, at St. Mark's Church, North Audley-street, between Captain Alan Curry, R.A.S.C., attached Sudan Defence Force, Khartoum, youngest son of the late Mr. Richard Price Curry and Mrs. Curry, of Liverpool, and Sybil Mary Ashworth, of 3, Cork-street, W.1, second daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Ashworth, of Avenue-road, Regent's Park.

CAPTAIN V. IRWIN AND MRS. H. THOMPSON

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, very quietly, between Captain Valentine Irwin, of Mount Irwin, Tynan, Co. Armagh, and Mrs. Harold Thompson, of Westerton House, Bridge of Allan, Stirlingshire.

THE REV. C. H. A. BAGSHAW AND MISS D. M. BEEBY

The marriage arranged between the Rev. C. H. A. Bagshaw, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Bagshaw, of Hunstanton, and Miss D. M. Beeby, daughter of the late Mr. W. A. Beeby and Mrs. Beeby, of Peterborough, will take place quietly at St. Remigius' Church, Water Newton, Hunts, on Tuesday, June 24.

DR. W. E. CHIESMAN AND MISS F. RENNIE

The marriage arranged between Dr. Walter Eric Chiesman and Miss Feodora Rennie will take place at Holy Trinity, Brompton, on Saturday, July 12, at 2.15 o'clock.

MR. A. M. BOASE AND MISS FORSTER

The engagement is announced between Alan Martin Boase, only son of Mr. and Mrs. W. Norman Boase, of The White House, St. Andrews, and Grizelle, elder daughter of Professor and Mrs. E. S. Forster, of 1, Oriel-road, Fulwood, Sheffield.

MR. R. J. F. SULIVAN AND MRS. CARROLL

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between Raymond J. F. Sulivan, of Bombay, eldest son of the late Colonel E. F. Sulivan, C.B.E., and of Mrs. Sulivan, of Wilmington, Woking, and Sylvia Arden, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Croker Fox, of Falmouth.

MR. R. A. HEMELRYK AND MISS FULLER

The engagement is announced of Richard Astley Hemelryk, second son of Colonel P. H. Hemelryk, T.D., J.P., and Mrs. Hemelryk, of Christleton Hall, Cheshire, and Ione (Peggy), only child of Colonel and Mrs. A. C. Fuller, of 9, Elm Park-gardens, Chelsea.

WILLS AND BEQUESTS

ESTATE OF CAPTAIN HUGH GROSVENOR

CAPTAIN the HON. HUGH RAUFE GROSVENOR, of Warsash House, Southampton, only son and heir of Lord Stalbridge, A.D.C. to Sir Alexander Hore-Ruthven, Governor of South Australia, who was killed with two companions while flying in Australia on January 6, aged 25, left estate of the gross value of £145,280, with net personalty £138,084.

The RIGHT HON. WILLIAM HUSTON DODD, of Leeson Park, Dublin, Judge of the High Court of Justice in Ireland, 1907-24, who died on March 17, aged 85, left personal property in England valued at £10,945.

The REV. CANON RICHARD DAWSON SWALLOW, of South-square, Hampstead, N.W., rector of St. Mary Abchurch with St. Lawrence Pountney, E.C., for 34 years headmaster of Archbishop Harsnett's School, Chigwell, Essex, Hon. Canon of St. Albans from 1905 to 1914, Hon. Canon of Chelmsford from 1914, and Rural Dean of West City from 1917, for 15 years a member of the L.C.C. Education Committee, who died on May 7, aged 82, left estate of the gross value of £3,123, with net personalty £1,425.

Mr. WILLIAM HENRY CHAMBERS, of Clayworth Hall, Retford, Notts, a mining engineer, managing director of the Denaby and Cadeby Main Collieries, Limited, near Rotherham, a director of the Lincolnshire Boring Syndicate, who died on January 10, aged 76, left estate of the gross value of £58,558, with net personalty £54,981.

Mr. EDWARD WILLIAM MELLOR, J.P., F.R.G.S., of Fairlawn, Lytham St. Annes, late a director of the Southern Railway Company, of J. and J. Mellor, Limited, chairman of the Seabrook Estate Company, Limited, treasurer of the Royal Photographic Society, died on March 18, leaving estate of the gross value of £197,483, with net personalty £194,973. He gives:—

A sum equal to his subscriptions to such charitable institutions to which he had within the 12 months preceding his death subscribed.

All his shares in the Manchester Geographical Society Building Society to the Manchester Geographical Society.

£300 to his chauffeur, Ernest Whittam; £200 to his gardener, Thomas Cross; and £200 to his butler, Daniel Durrant.

Subject to these and other bequests, his residence and furniture is to be offered to John Heys, Hester Molesworth, Alfred Watkin, and Geoffrey Robert Mellor in the order in which their names are placed, and £1,000 a year is to be paid to each acceptor.

£2,000 to the Central Board of Finance of the Church of England; £1,000 each to Bury Grammar School, Bury Infirmary, the National Benevolent Institution, King Edward VII. School, Lytham, the Manchester Diocesan Society for Home Missions, the National Society for the Education of the Poor in the Principles of the Church of England, the Royal Photographic Society, the Police Court and Prison Gate Mission, and the Queen Victoria Clergy Fund.

Mr. ROBERT FENTON MILES, of The Old Bank, Bristol, banker, one of the last survivors of the famous Gloucestershire Eleven between 1870 and 1880, who died on February 26, aged 84, left estate of the gross value of £69,166, with net personalty £54,127. He left:—

£1,000 for charitable purposes in connexion with St. Raphael's Church, Bristol, including the maintenance, improvement, or endowment of the almshouses connected therewith or the augmentation of the income of the clergy of the said church or other parochial purposes.

Other latest wills include the following:—

	Gross value
BELL, Mr. William Henry (64), of West Lawn, Sunderland, solicitor (net personalty £16,245)	£36,384
BERGIN, Mr. William Marmaduke, M.B., B.S., F.R.C.S., of Hanbury-road, Clifton, Bristol, director of Ashley Down Orphan Homes ..	307
CREAR, Mr. James Campbell, of Kenmore, Linkt, Leven, retired bank agent (personal estate)	34,429
DAWSON, Canon James Edward Le Strange, of The Rectory, Chislehurst, hon. Canon of Rochester (net personalty £2,294)	2,479
GOUGH, Mr. John Henry, of Lansdown-place, Clifton, Bristol, formerly managing director of Messrs. John Bland and Co., Limited, timber importers, and the Western Counties Timber Importers Association (net personalty £11,010)	12,402
GROSVENOR, Mr. Esmond Thomas (56), of Northolme-road, Highbury, N., sole surviving partner in Messrs. Knight, Fletcher and Co., stockbrokers (net personalty nil)	2,600
HARDY, Mr. John Francis Llewellyn (69), of The White House, Marlborough, formerly for 35 years assistant master of Marlborough College (unsettled) (net personalty £6,180) ..	12,172
HEATON, Mr. James Power (69), of Doehurst, St. Bernards-road, Olton, Warwick, a director of Ash Brothers and Heaton, Limited, tinplate workers, and chairman of Abingdon Works, Limited, manufacturers of motor parts (net personalty £15,003)	16,190
JACKSON, Mr. Edward Ernest (68), of Hillbrow, Crediton, Devon, managing director of Ernest Jackson and Co., Limited, manufacturing chemists (net personalty £4,601) ..	7,008
KIRK, the Rev. Henry, M.A. (77), of Cambrian-road, Richmond, Surrey, for 30 years secretary of the Bishop of London's Fund (net personalty £5,647)	5,647
MARTIN, Mr. Thomas Johnstone, M.A. (79), of Auchanross, Craigmore, Rothesay (personal estate)	99,241
RYDER, Mr. John (64), of Yarburgh House, Withington-road, Whalley Range, Manchester, and of Thomas Ryder and Co., engineers (net personalty £22,890)	24,028
SECKHAM, Mr. Gerald James Thomas, J.P. (62), of Beauchamp-avenue, Leamington, joint managing director of the Northampton Brewery Company (net personalty £17,471)	20,049
SMITH-WARNER, Commander John Harold Smith, R.N. (retired), of Bacombe Rise, Wendover, Bucks (net personalty £1,338)	4,001
TROWSDALE, Mr. John William (60), of The Saltwells, near Brierley Hill, Staffs, managing director of the Earl of Dudley's Round Oak Works, Limited (net personalty £17,065) ..	19,951
WARBURTON, Mr. Joseph (68), of Farndale, Tarleton, near Preston, draper (net personalty £8,477)	11,087
WILFORD, the Rev. Robert Crone (87), of Thornholme, Harrogate (net personalty £8,806)	25,473
WILKINSON, Mr. Sidney, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (62) (net personalty £4,934)	5,219
YOUNG, Mr. Alexander, of Argyle-crescent, Joppa, Edinburgh, solicitor (personal estate)	3,177

The Duke of Gloucester will open the Bernhard Baron St. George's Jewish Settlement, in Berners-street, Commercial-road, E., on Monday, June 30, at 8.30 p.m.

SERVICE DINNERS

THE SEASON'S LIST

We give below a list of Service dinners which have been arranged to take place during the season. The list will be revised and repeated from time to time.

TO-NIGHT.—The King's Shropshire L.I., Army and Navy Club, 8.

TO-MORROW.—Royal Fusiliers, Trocadero Restaurant, 8.
The Royal Warwickshire Regiment, Army and Navy Club, 8.
The "First Army Dinner Club," Ritz Hotel, 8.
The Kumaon Rifles, Hotel Metropole, 8.
The Queen's Bays (2nd Dragoon Guards), Cavalry Club.
Queen Victoria's Rifles, 56, Davies-street, Berkeley-square, 8.
Punjab Frontier Force, Trocadero Restaurant, 8.
1st Punjab Regimental dinner, Hotel Victoria.
Royal Signals Dinner Club, Royal Adelaide Gallery, 8.

JUNE 12.—The Royal Dublin Fusiliers, Army and Navy Club, 7.45.
Gurkha Brigade, May Fair Hotel, 7.45.
The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles), Trocadero Restaurant, 8.
Indian Civil Service, Trocadero Restaurant, 8.
Oxfordshire Hussars, Cavalry Club.

JUNE 13.—Royal Army Service Corps (At Home and dinner), Grosvenor House.
Army Dental Corps, Connaught Rooms.
The Royal Scots Fusiliers, Claridge's.
8th King's Royal Irish Hussars, Claridge's.
5th Inniskilling Dragoon Guards, Cavalry Club.
XXth Minden Club (Lancashire Fusiliers), Army and Navy Club.
The King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry, Savoy Hotel, 7.45.
4th Battalion, The Hampshire Regiment, Royal Adelaide Gallery.
56th Infantry Brigade, Hotel Jules, 7.45.
28th Division, Trocadero Restaurant, 8.
The Suffolk Regiment, Trocadero Restaurant, 8.

JUNE 14.—Guards Divisional Artillery, Hyde Park Hotel, 7.30.
Aden Field Force, Trocadero Restaurant, 8.

JUNE 16.—13th/18th Hussars, Savoy Hotel, 8.
The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, Army and Navy Club, 8.
The King's Own Scottish Borderers, May Fair Hotel, 8.
Officers of the R.A.M.C., Trocadero Restaurant.
11th The Devonshire Regiment (1st and 2nd Battalions), Trocadero Restaurant.
The Gordon Highlanders, Hotel Metropole.
The Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders, May Fair Hotel, 8.

JUNE 17.—14th The West Yorkshire Regiment (Prince of Wales's Own), Claridge's.
16th Punjab Regiment, Metropole, 8.
The Leicestershire Regiment, Army and Navy Club.
The Gold Coast Civil Service, Hotel Victoria.

JUNE 18.—3rd Carabineers (Prince of Wales's Dragoon Guards), Claridge's, 8.
The Buffs, Claridge's.
23rd The Royal Welch Fusiliers, Savoy Hotel.
The King's Own Royal Regiment (Lancaster), Hotel Metropole, 8.
The Worcestershire Regiment, Hotel Victoria, 8.
4th/7th Dragoon Guards, Cavalry Club, 8.
The Durham Light Infantry, Hans Crescent Hotel.
9th Jat Regiment, Café Royal.
Nigeria Dinner Club, Waldorf Hotel.
Manchester Regimental Dinner Club (63rd and 96th), Army and Navy Club, 8.
Indian Political Service, Trocadero Restaurant, 8.
Indian Police, Trocadero Restaurant, 8.
Indian Medical Service, Trocadero Restaurant.

JUNE 19.—The King's Regiment, Café Royal, 8.
14th (King's) Hussars, Cavalry Club, 8.
The Green Howards, Army and Navy Club.
20th Burma Rifles, Trocadero Restaurant, 7.30.
East Surrey Regiment, Trocadero Restaurant, 8.

JUNE 20.—Salonika Army and Black Sea Forces, Café Royal.
The Seaforth Highlanders (Cuidich n Righ Club), Claridge's, 8.
The Royal Sussex Regiment (35th and 107th Regiments), Trocadero Restaurant, 8.
The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry, Hotel Metropole, 8.
The Bedfordshire and Hertfordshire Regiment, Piccadilly Hotel, 8.
Royal Irish Fusiliers, Trocadero Restaurant, 8.
The Loyal Regiment (North Lancashire), Trocadero Restaurant, 8.
The Hampshire Regiment Officers' Dinner Club, Army and Navy Club, 8.
The South Staffordshire Regiment, Hotel Victoria, 8.

JUNE 21.—O.C.A., King's Dragoon Guards, Imperial Hotel, Russell-square, 6.45.

JUNE 23.—The King's Company Dining Club (Grenadier Guards), Claridge's.
Third Guards Club (Scots Guards), Savoy Hotel, 8.
The Dogra Regiment, Army and Navy Club.

JUNE 24.—The Heavy Brigade, Army and Navy Club.

JUNE 25.—The Middlesex Regiment (Duke of Cambridge's Own), Junior United Service Club, Charles-street, 7.45.
Sudan Club, Hotel Victoria, 8.
East Africa dinner, Grosvenor House.
The Lincolnshire Regiment (10th Foot), Army and Navy Club.
17th Cavalry I.A., Cavalry Club.

JUNE 26.—The Royal Ulster Rifles (83rd and 86th), Army and Navy Club, 8.
The East Lancashire Regiment, 1st (XXXth), 2nd (LIXth), 3rd, 4th, and 5th Battalions, Trocadero Restaurant, 8.
The Royal Scots (The Royal Regiment), May Fair Hotel, 8.30.
174th Infantry Brigade, Trocadero Restaurant, 7.45.

JUNE 27.—R.A.F. Dinner Club, Connaught Rooms, 8.
The Royal Munster Fusiliers, Army and Navy Club, 8.
XIXth Corps Headquarters, Café Royal.
Q.V.O. Madras Sappers and Miners, Hotel Victoria.
The Army Educational Corps, Park Lane Hotel.

JUNE 30.—The Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, Army and Navy Club.

JULY 2.—Mahratta Light Infantry, Trocadero Restaurant, 8.

JULY 3.—The Sikh Brigade, Hotel Metropole, 8.

JULY 4.—10th Baluch Regiment (King George's Own), Café Monico.
Central India Horse, Cavalry Club.

JULY 8.—Egyptian Army and Sudan Defence Force, Claridge's.

JULY 9.—The Staffordshire Militia Brigade, Trocadero Restaurant, 7.45.
74th (Yeomanry) Division, Piccadilly Hotel.

JULY 10.—Warwickshire Yeomanry, Cavalry Club.

JULY 11.—Hyderabad Contingent and 19th Hyderabad Regiment, Trocadero Restaurant, 8.

JULY 15.—The Essex Regiment (44th and 56th), Hotel Metropole.
The Hampshire Yeomanry, Cavalry Club.

JULY 18.—The Queen's Own Royal West Kent Regiment, May Fair Hotel.

JULY 25.—H.M.S. Britannia, Term Dec., 1890-Dec., 1892, Army and Navy Club, 8.

CANTERBURY CATHEDRAL FESTIVAL

SCENES FROM SHAKESPEARE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CANTERBURY, JUNE 9

An ancient city wall and bastion with a stone staircase leading on to the stage, and a gnarled old pear tree, formed an ideal setting for scenes from *Henry the Fourth*, which were presented in the Deanery garden by Sir Philip Ben Greet and his players this afternoon in connexion with the Canterbury Cathedral festival of commemoration. There was a large audience.

The choice of play was specially appropriate, as Henry's tomb is on the north side of the Trinity Chapel of the Cathedral, while during his lifetime this King was a great benefactor of the Cathedral.

Russell Thorndike played the part of Falstaff, W. E. Holloway that of Henry, Peter Dearing that of the Prince of Wales, Philip D. Barry that of the Lord Chief Justice, Edwin Adler that of Bardolph, Thea Holme that of Doll Tearsheet, and Clare Greet that of Mistress Quickly. Ben Greet himself played Mr. Justice Silence.

In the evening the Players presented scenes from *Henry the Fifth*, Russell Thorndike playing the name part and Ben Greet that of the Archbishop of Canterbury.

ROYAL ASCOT

HOUSE PARTIES FOR THE WEEK

The King and Queen will have their customary Ascot party at Windsor Castle this year, and will once more open the meeting, which begins on June 17, by riding along the course, with their guests, in semi-State. Last year, it will be remembered, the King was not strong enough to be present, and there was no procession, but it is hoped that if the weather is fine a procession will take place on each of the four days. There will be seven open landaus in the cavalcade, each drawn by four horses, with outriders and postilions in the Ascot livery.

This year, for the first time, the Prince of Wales will have a house of his own in the neighbourhood, and at Fort Belvedere, near Sunningdale, he will entertain a number of his friends for the week. The Duke of Connaught will be in residence five miles away at his country seat, Bagshot Park, where he will have staying with him Prince and Princess Arthur of Connaught and Commodore the Hon. Alexander and Lady Patricia Ramsay.

Other well-known residents in the district will have parties, and entertaining will apparently be on much the same scale as has become customary since the War, although a few of the big houses which are usually let for the week have not, as yet, found tenants. The Earl of Lonsdale has taken The Grange, where he will again stable his celebrated yellow coach; Sir Samuel Scott will once more be at Huntington, a house overlooking the west side of the course, belonging to Mrs. Norman Hunter; Hersey, Marchioness of Linlithgow, has let Swinley Hurst, South Ascot, to Mrs. Muriel Dodge; and Mrs. F. A. Keating has let King's Beeches, Sunninghill, to Captain Cecil Slade. Lady Maud Warrender will be at Pembroke Lodge, Sunninghill; Mr. John Denison-Pender at The Links, Ascot; Mr. and the Hon. Mrs. Victor Gilpin at Sunninghill Vicarage; Mr. Martin Smith at Torwood, and Mrs. Inge at Tetworth, the residence of Captain Henry Beaumont. Two of the largest estates in the district have been let upon extended leases, Captain Alistair Mackintosh having taken Sunninghill Park, with its lake and extensive grounds, while Lord Calthorp has let Kingswick to Captain Cartwright, R.N.

Among the residents who prefer not to let their houses, but will themselves entertain, are the Earl and Countess of Derby, who will be at Coworth Park, Sunningdale; Colonel Draffen, who will have Captain Draffen, Mr. Philip Kaye, and Major and Mrs. Palmer staying with him at The Lodge, Ascot; and Mr. and Miss Wedderburn Wilson, whose guests at Hurley Bushes, Ascot, will include Major and Mrs. Duncan Wilson, Miss E. Perry, Miss E. Rate, Mr. T. G. Lindsay, Mr. J. Bartlay, and Mr. J. Hankey. Brigadier-General Hopwood and Mr. D. J. Riddiford will be with Dr. and Mrs. A. P. Hurst at Heath End, Ascot; and Major and Mrs. Wrangham with Mr. E. S. Wade at Swinley Birches, South Ascot.

Others who will have parties include Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Martin and Lady Archer-Shee at Ashurst Lodge, Sunninghill; Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Ayscough at Wilbury, Sunningdale; Mr. and the Hon. Mrs. Percy Crutchley at Sunninghill Lodge, Sunninghill; Mrs. Rokeby at The Towers, South Ascot; the Rajah and Ranee of Sarawak at Ascot Hill, Ascot; Mr. and Mrs. Noel Trotter at Frognal, Sunninghill; Lieutenant-Colonel the Hon. Maurice and Mrs. Brett at Chilston, Windsor Forest; Mr. and Mrs. Nevil Tufnell at Fairfield, Sunninghill; Mr. and Mrs. Carlos Clarke at Welton, Sunninghill; Mr. A. P. Shaw at Burfield Lodge, Old Windsor; Major Claude Hay at Barton, South Ascot; Lady Howard-Stepney at Wood End, Sunninghill; and Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Whigham at Queen's Hill, Ascot, who will entertain Prince Ali Khan, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Little, Miss Molly Vaughan, Miss Sonia Converse, Mr. Clarence Moore, and Mr. Michael Gold.

ECCLESIASTICAL NEWS

FINANCIAL HELP FOR CURATES

The annual meeting of the Curates' Augmentation Fund will be held in the Church House, Westminster, on June 23, under the presidency of the Bishop of Stepney. The annual report attributes a deficit of £784 to the loss of subscribers by death, to the reduction of individual subscriptions, and to the withdrawal of old subscribers on the ground that, owing to the increased burden of expenditure generally, they cannot afford to continue their subscriptions. But the chief falling off is under the head of legacies. "It seems probable," says the report, "that the habit of leaving large sums of money by will for charitable purposes is on the decline. In view of the uncertainty as to the amount which the State may levy in duties, this decline is not surprising. . . . In the future the fund will have to depend more and more upon the living hand rather than the dead hand. This is by no means a cause for regret."

Reference is made to a recent leading article in *The Times* on the disturbing shrinkage in the number of candidates for ordination. The report quotes a statement in that article that the average age of the clergy of the Church of England at the present time is 57 years, and draws the "obvious inference" that "there must be a larger proportion among assistant curates of men who have been in holy orders for upwards of 15 years, that is to say, those whom the fund exists to help financially." During the year £5,858 was distributed to 119 assistant curates, £723 more than in the previous year. In addition to the usual grant, the Council again paid the pension premiums for their beneficiaries for the year, but they point out that this additional benefit can only be temporary, and its continuance must depend on the state of the income of the fund from year to year.

NOTES

The REV. H. M. BIDDELL, vicar of St. Stephen's, Cinderford, Gloucestershire, has been appointed vicar of Christ Church, Sandown, Isle of Wight—patrons, the Church Patronage Society.

The Archbishop of Huron (Dr. Williams) is unable to attend the forthcoming Lambeth Conference for reasons of health. The Archbishop of Rupert's Land, Primate of All Canada (Dr. Matheson), who is 77 years of age and will retire in September, will also be unable to attend the Conference.

"THE TIMES" SOCIAL BUREAU

For the convenience of readers of *The Times* a Social Bureau has been established at 72, Regent-street (one minute from Piccadilly-circus), the West End office of the paper. The purpose of the Bureau is to supply information to prospective hostesses, societies, dining clubs, and others about the dates which have been selected for social gatherings of every kind and to assist them in making their own arrangements.

A register of addresses of visitors from overseas and the temporary addresses of English travellers is compiled at this office, and is available for reference at any time either by telephone, or, preferably, by personal call. Will travellers, either leaving England or returning, kindly co-operate in this scheme by sending all news of their movements immediately on arrival or departure to the Manager, *The Times* Social Bureau, 72, Regent-street, Piccadilly-circus, W.1 (Telephone, Regent 2273)?

No charge will be made for services rendered in this way.

A TRIBUTE TO DR. NANSEN

The Committee for the Preservation of the Fram, of which Lord Cecil is president, has adopted the following resolution, a copy of which has been sent to Mrs. Nansen:—"The committee desires to convey to Mrs. Nansen its profound sympathy with her and her family in their sorrow. The committee believes that Dr. Nansen's memory will live as one of the great inspiring forces of the world. His indomitable will and high courage in every adventure, his work as an explorer, the originality of his methods, his contributions to scientific knowledge, his great moral earnestness, and the vast humanitarian services which he rendered to the post-War world through the League of Nations have secured for him the homage of mankind."

WEEDS

MEDITATIONS ON A LAWN

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

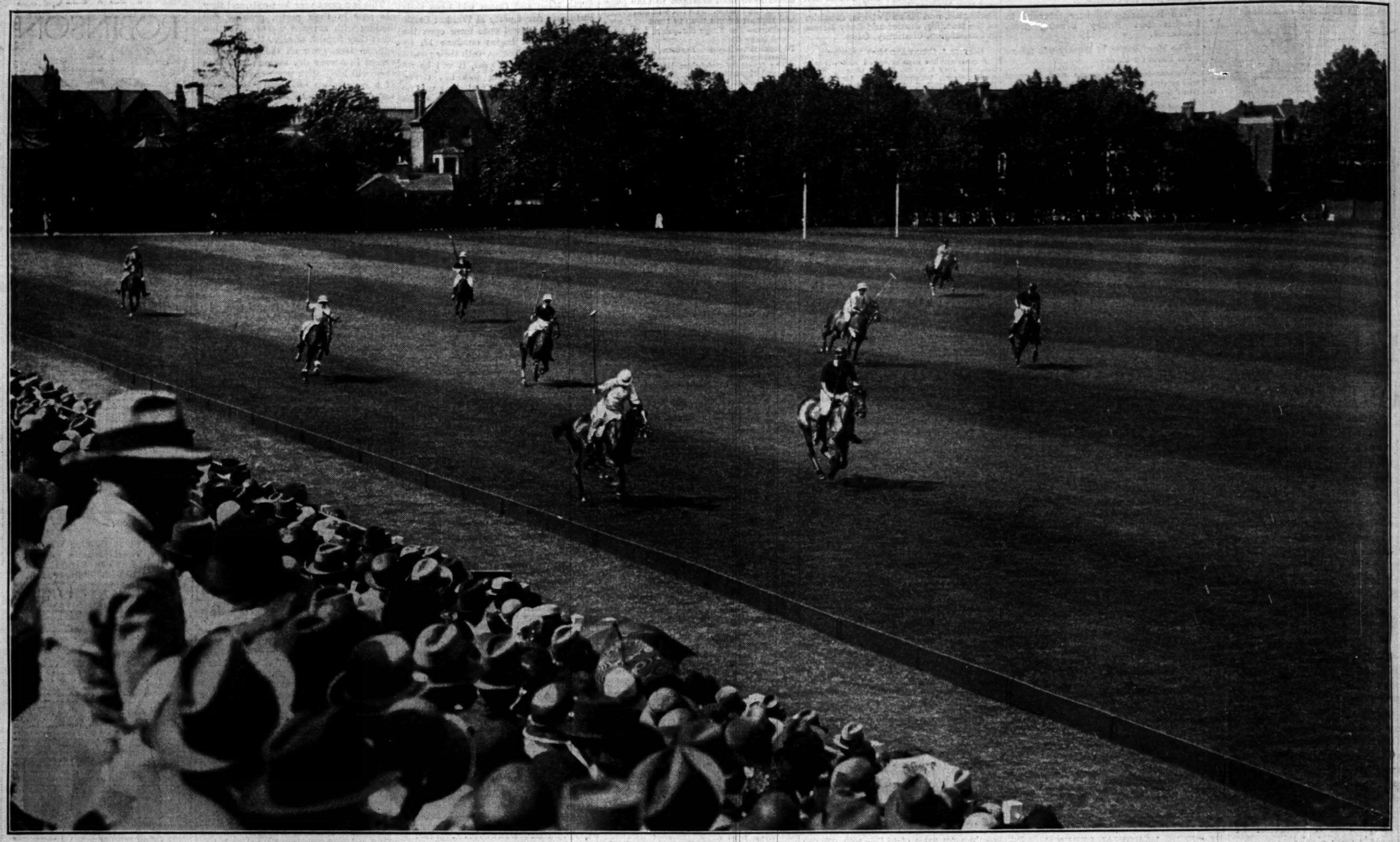
This is a great year for weeds, and they are now in their prime, growing and seeding with extreme vigour. Not but what they flourish at other times. Some will, in fact, grow all the year round, except in a very dry season; and then they will keep alive when anything else of a comparable kind will die without water. Still they acknowledge the seasons, and this is the time when they really spread themselves. They are doing it with unusual profusion, like everything else, in the present remarkable year. We have had an abundance of rain, and it is rain that makes things grow in the spring. Everything—grass, vegetables, flowers, and fruit—is doing marvellously well, but above all, weeds. They like rain and cannot have too much, wherein they differ from the rest of the vegetable world. For too much rain will spoil many good things. They need a judicious mixture of sun, but that is not necessary for weeds; or if there are some which need the sun for full fertility there are plenty of others which seem to revel in a wet and sunless atmosphere.

They interest me. People generally take them for granted, but I should like to know more about them. I do not mean botanically. No doubt there are botanists who could give a name to most weeds—"What is it? A learned man could give it a clumsy name"—and discourse on the anatomy of the species. Nor do I aspire to understand them "root and all and all in all," like Tennyson and the weed he plucked from its cranny. But there are one or two harmless questions that I should like to have answered.

First, the name—weed. What does it mean? It is an odd word. Neither the Teutonic nor the Latin tongues have anything like it, I believe. The dictionary will probably give it an Anglo-Saxon root; but what does it mean and where does it come from? Is it Scandinavian? Has it anything to do with weeds in the sense of clothes, as "widow's weeds"? Or is that expression mere slang? The Bible just mentions them, but it has another word—tares. This appears to be of Dutch origin, but to be confined to a particular weed, that grows among corn. Will someone learned in etymology enlighten my ignorance?

The next thing I should like to know is how they plant themselves. Where do they come from? The ordinary theory that the seeds are blown on to fresh ground or that they are carried by birds seems unsatisfactory. That some things, such as thistles and dandelions, are blown about is true, and buttercups are, I believe, carried by birds; it is the only explanation of the buttercups I find dropped on my lawn. But what of the weeds that do not seed and spread along the ground by suckers or otherwise? And what of new kinds which suddenly make their appearance? I have noticed that on my lawn, which was originally a piece of meadow and a regular carpet of weeds. By strenuous labour I have got rid of them

POLO AT HURLINGHAM: INTERNATIONAL TRIAL MATCH



ENGLAND VERSUS THE REST.—The fifth of the polo trial matches which are being played with a view to deciding upon the side which will challenge the United States for the Westchester Cup in September was played at Hurlingham yesterday. A big crowd saw a very close match of six chukkers, the result being six all. The England side was: L. L. Lacey, No. 1; G. Balding, No. 2; Captain C. T. I. Roark, No. 3; and Aidan Roark, back. For The Rest (in white) Captain R. George was No. 1; the Marquis of Villabragima, No. 2; Colonel P. K. Wise, No. 3; and J. A. E. Traill, back. Our photograph shows J. A. E. Traill taking the ball down and G. Balding riding to head him off. Behind to the left are L. Lacey and the Marquis of Villabragima.

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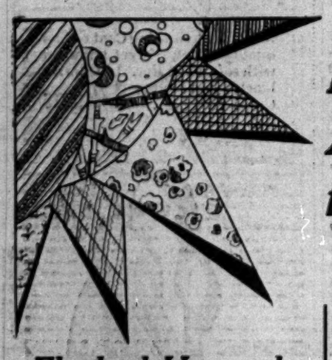

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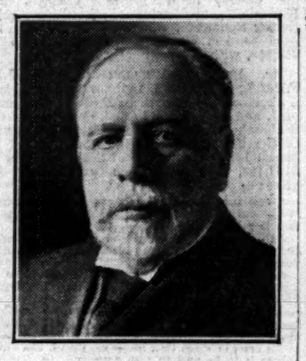
A BRITISH WIN.—R. L. Rinkel (left) winning the 100 yards race at Stamford Bridge yesterday, one of 10 events in the international match between the Achilles Club, Stade Française, and a combined team of the Berliner and Deutscher Clubs. Time, 10 seconds.



SIR HERBERT WARREN, who has died, aged 76. He was President of Magdalen College, Oxford, 1885-1928, Vice-Chancellor of the University, 1906-10, and Professor of Poetry, 1911-16.

SIMON COMMISSION REPORT.—The first part of the Report of the Indian Statutory Commission is made public to-day. Above is a photograph of the members of the Commission. Left to right: Major Attlee, Colonel Lane-Fox, Lord Burnham, Sir John Simon, Mr. Vernon Hartshorn, Lord Strathcona, and Mr. Edward Cadogan.

THE HAMPSHIRE PAGEANT.—A scene in the Pageant of Hampshire History, presented by the Hampshire Women's Institutes at Merdon Castle, Hursley Park, yesterday. The incident photographed is the return of Richard I. to Bishops Waltham after the third Crusade.

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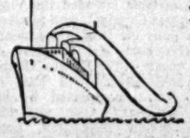

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The Times TRADE AND ENGINEERING SUPPLEMENT

AGRICULTURAL POLICY

GUARANTEED PRICE FOR WHEAT

MR. BALDWIN'S PROMISE

Mr. Baldwin outlined the agricultural policy of the Conservative Party in an address to an audience numbering over 10,000 at an open-air meeting held at Glemham Park, near Wickham Market, Suffolk, yesterday. Many hundreds of farmers were present.

CAPTAIN IVAN COBBOLD said that the agricultural district in which they met had been hit harder than any other district in the British Isles. He wished to pay tribute to Lord Beaverbrook, believing that he was actuated by a sincere and honest desire to do his best for the country and the Empire. He asked Lord Beaverbrook to use his influence and undoubted ability to cooperate with the Conservative Party in attaining the object which they both desired. (Cheers.)

Mr. BALDWIN, who had an enthusiastic reception, referred to the increase of unemployment. He said:—

We all of us know there is no magic cure for unemployment, and anyone who tells you he can right it in six or 12 months is deceiving himself and deceiving you. The whole object and aim of any Government which follows this one must be to try to restore prosperity to productive industry, and by productive industry I mean the industry of town and country alike. Nothing must be allowed for one moment to give place to that. Agriculture is still our greatest industry. The best market for agriculture is our industrial districts; the best market for our industrial districts lies in rural districts, and they are linked together by indissoluble bonds that nothing can sever, although very often we do not realize it. There is a greater need to-day than there ever was for town and country alike to understand and sympathize with each other's problem. The ignorance in the towns of your problem is colossal, and one of the great difficulties we are always up against is that the weight of the electorate is now industrial. They understand their own problem well enough—at any rate, they know where the shoe pinches—but they do not realize it with regard to agriculture.

VARYING INTERESTS

I have often urged agriculturists to get into the industrial regions and make them understand what wants doing. I think there is more sympathy than there was, and I think people are learning. I think it may well be that when the whole country has gone through these critical years we shall find more sympathy and understanding between the different parts of the country. The towns are beginning to realize this as they never did before. Now, because it touches them closely that a dwindling agriculture means more surplus labour seeking work in the towns, that is why it has been brought home to them. They are then led to ask questions why agriculture should be in such an unhappy position to-day.

One of the difficulties which we all know here about is that it is not like any business—the steel trade, the cotton trade, or the coal trade. Agriculture exists by a score of different businesses, all with differing interests. That is why it has always been so difficult for the agricultural community to go to any Government and say, "Here is one thing, and if you will do it for us we will do the rest." The interests of agriculture vary in different parts of the country, in different counties, in different parishes, and even on the same farm. There is nothing similar in any other industry. People in England do not realize that the majority of the farmers in this country are small men. Their businesses are scattered. Three-quarters of the farmers at home farm less than 100 acres. Another thing they do not realize in the towns is the skill inherited and acquired by the agricultural labourer. (Cheers.) The agricultural labourer is about the last surviving specimen of the skilled craftsman in this country. One of the really satisfactory things of the crisis passing over agriculture is, I think, that it will bring together the farmers and the labourers in a way never before achieved, and make them realize that their fortunes are bound together in a way as closely as the masters and men in any industry. Agriculture is suffering from a fall in world prices and the over-production in certain countries of the world.

THE CONSERVATIVE RECORD

Mr. Baldwin then referred to the record of his last administration with regard to agriculture. He said:—

I don't want to say for one moment that we were perfect. We were not; nor is any Government. We did a great deal for agriculture. To say that we did nothing is not telling the truth, and is not helping to make a forward step. We tried to help in the directions we thought would be of use, first of all by removing burdens, and, secondly, by inaugurating new methods to meet new conditions. We removed the entire burden of the rates. Many people have talked about it, but we did it. Nobody said "Thank you," but then nobody said "Thank you" when we left office. (Laughter.) I only remind you of it. We did it. I do not want thanks. I only want justice. (Cheers.) In railway rates we gave considerable relief amounting to £750,000. We gave more to rural roads than has been given before. We passed the Credit Facilities Act, by which £5,000,000 have been borrowed—not bad for an Act only passed two years ago. For smallholdings and allotments we did something. We carried on the sugar beet industry too, and to afforestation, drainage and research we gave more than any Government has given before.

Take the Housing (Rural Workers) Act. It was one in which we took a great deal of interest. One of the great difficulties about houses in the country has been to get new houses at a rent which people could pay. It is not easy in the towns, but it is very much more difficult in the country. Mr. Neville Chamberlain, who has the subject closely at heart, devised a scheme for the repairing and renewing of cottages in the country, whereby such work could be done and the rents hardly, if at all, increased. Our experience has been that where that Act has been utilized by the county councils it has worked very well. Roofs have been repaired, increased accommodation and water supplies provided, and the cottages have been brought up to modern requirements, while the men have continued to have the use of their old homes with their garden or field. We wish more use could have been made of that Act. Next year, if not renewed, the Act expires. It is likely that this Government will let it expire; they like building new houses at high rents. But if they do we shall certainly take steps to renew it when we go back, so that its benefits should not be lost to agricultural workers.

"FROM BAD TO WORSE."

Mr. Baldwin then asked, "What has the Government done for agriculture?" The Prime Minister had said that farming must be made to pay, but it was perfectly obvious when he said those words that he had not the least idea in his mind how he was going to carry them into effect. The Government had been in office for a year, and had done nothing. Until the other day not a single day had been set aside to discuss the most important subject of farming. There was no doubt that during the last year things in agriculture in many parts of the country had gone from bad to worse. The price of wheat had fallen to an extraordinary level. There were great stores of wheat unsold in the world. There was bounty-fed stuff coming in from some countries, and America was contemplating a fresh invasion of cereals. The industry altogether was threatened with a more serious situation even than agriculture had had to face when he was a small boy in the seventies, bad as it was then.

There was one radical difference. Fifty and sixty years ago there existed in this country a class which did not exist to-day. That was the class of the wealthy landlord. There were many more farmers now owning their own land; many of the wealthy landowners had sold their land, and many of them were poor. There were still some left, but there were not many, and what it was possible to do in the seventies was impossible now. Landlords in the seventies were able to hold up their tenants. That could not be done on any great scale to-day, and unless something was done for a good many farmers there would lie before them before long the alternative of either getting out or going under. That was bad, and they had got to see if something could not be done.

It was becoming difficult in some parts of England to pay the wages under the Agricultural Wages Board. Where wages could not be paid unemployment, hitherto a rare thing—almost an unknown thing—in agriculture, might become a feature in agriculture as it was in other industries. That was a very terrible thing to contemplate for the welfare of this country. He knew there were very few farmers in this country who would like to see the labourers getting lower wages. There might be some, because there were always advocates of lower wages to be found among all classes; but, speaking generally, he thought it was correct to say they did not want to see them getting lower wages. But no Government could guarantee employment if the industry could not find the wage. They had to get that firmly fixed in their minds. In industry they were going to grapple with the great problems by safeguarding, but there was a fundamental difference between the economics of the farm and the economics of the factory. Safeguarding, if it was successful, led to increased output, and increased output meant less overhead charges. There was no analogy with farming, because no safeguarding that could be devised was going to give the farmers two crops a year or make their cows calve twice a year. (Laughter.)

Therefore (Mr. Baldwin proceeded) we have to look in another direction. What the farmer wants is remunerative prices, and you can only get remunerative prices by higher prices or lower costs. Safeguarding at any time won't give him lower costs. Protection, to be of any use to the farmer, must give him higher prices; but there again you have, as I have said, a predominantly urban area in England to-day, and you cannot—it would be madness to—dream at the present time of getting the industrial districts to vote for such protection for agriculture as would enable agriculture to prosper by means of higher prices. We have to rule that right out.

So you come down to some other form of assistance. Fortunately by safeguarding we shall be able to get a fresh revenue, and it is only fair that some of that revenue should be used to benefit agriculture in the only way in which I consider agriculture can be benefited. That will be her form of safeguarding.

A GUARANTEED PRICE FOR WHEAT

It always seems to me—although I am well aware it is of greater importance in some parts of the country than in others—that the key to the situation in agriculture lies in wheat. When wheat land drops out a good many things might happen to it. It may come out of cultivation altogether; it may become poor pasture and rear poor stock; it may turn a wheat farmer to dairy work in some places, and bring him into competition with dairy farmers. He may devote more attention to potatoes, which will bring him into fresh competition there. He may, all unconsciously, help to produce a glut in some article of agricultural produce which until recently has been fairly balanced by supply and demand. But I am convinced that, unless wheat survives, agriculture cannot survive. If we can recover even a portion of our old wheat acreage we can get the whole farming system of this country on to a sounder basis, and indirectly help the dairy farmer, the sheep farmer, the grower of oats, and the grower of potatoes.

Mr. Baldwin said that the Socialists had talked about an Import Board. It was a very difficult thing to devise any scheme that was going to work. If they were going to make a scheme of that kind work they could not stop until they had found they had nationalized the whole food trade from the farmer to the bakehouse. He added:—

In my view we had enough of food control in the War. We don't want any more. Therefore I have come to the conclusion that the first thing to be done is to give you an undertaking that one of the first things we do on coming into office is to fix a guaranteed price for wheat of milling quality at a price sufficient to enable wheat to be produced remuneratively on ordinary wheat land. (Cheers.) I am not going to mention a figure to-day, for this reason: I consider it a question of such vital importance to the whole industry that I want to arrange a figure and the best method with agriculture itself. I ask them for their cooperation, and to work with me for the agricultural industry. In the second place, remembering the fate of the Corn Production Act, it is of the utmost importance to make this firm for a period of years, and to make it so firm that it will be almost impossible for any Government to interfere with it, after we have done.

With regard to oats, which was what brought down the Corn Production Act, there is no reason why you should not stop the importation of bounty-fed and dumped oats into this country. That I propose to do either by prohibition or countervailing duty, and, if I find we are so tied up by any existing treaty that neither of these courses is possible, then I am prepared to denounce those treaties, so that I may have a free hand to deal with dumped and bounty-fed oats. (Cheers.)

Mr. Baldwin pointed out that the last Government had had to consider the question of a duty on malting barley. He proceeded:—I am quite willing to try a duty on imported barley, and I am quite willing in that respect also to consult with the treaties affected when the time comes for the imposition of that duty. I invite again the cooperation of all who are concerned, and, if I can get an agreement as nearly unanimous as may be, I will put into effect the resuts of that agreement. (Cheers.)

I pay a great deal of attention to whatever may be decided by that non-party agricultural conference which has been sitting, and which, I understand, has been considering, but has not yet come to a conclusion on, the difficult questions in respect of milk, potatoes, and hops. Those are questions to which the farmers' organizations in England, certainly in Scotland, have been giving a good deal of attention. There is no doubt that with regard to all of them it is the industry itself which must take the first steps. I know quite well how difficult those steps are. Suggestions have been made for cooperative marketing organizations, partly with a view to getting in the closest touch with what has been produced, and partly with a view of deciding how best those surpluses that sometimes arise may be dealt with.

Whenever you study those questions you come up against a difficult problem. Are you going to exercise compulsion over the minorities who will not cooperate? That is a question no Government can deal with. It is a question for the industry itself, and I know the National Farmers' Union have had interesting discussions with regard to it, and have regarded it as of so great importance that they decline, and properly decline, to come to any conclusion until they have referred the whole matter back to their county branches. I hope the farming industry itself will pursue their investigation, because I am convinced with regard to these subjects that the lines on which they are now working and exploring are the right lines, which must be pursued, and upon which conclusions must be reached before action can be begun. Our experience in this country of cooperation has not been pre-eminently successful so far, and yet the ugly fact stares us in the face that one of the greatest difficulties from which your industry suffers is that the industry buys retail and sells wholesale. Till you can cure that you will allow to run into other hands money that ought to be yours.

AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS

Mr. BALDWIN said he would ask the farming industry some questions. We were importing annually about £50,000,000 worth of pig products, about £24,000,000 worth of eggs and poultry, and about £67,000,000 worth of butter and cheese. The best farmers in this country were as good as any in the world. The best stock was probably better, and agricultural markets lay at their doors. He proceeded:—

"What about organization? I remember well when a young man I used to go to the farmers' club and dinner in Worcestershire, and I remember how the old farmers used to laugh at the words science and research. There is not a farmer worth his salt to-day who does not know what science and research have done, are doing, and will do for agriculture. The problem is yours, and it is a problem that every big industry—cotton, steel, and coal—has to face. They are revolutionizing their methods at last. They are beginning, and agriculture cannot lag behind. It is vital to the small man, vital to the industry, vital to the small man, but the movement must come from the industry, and if there is anything I can do to help I will back you to the utmost.

"With regard to milk, this ought to be the finest dairy country in the world. Yet we have milk imported into this country in various forms. If I were a Mussolini I would stop that milk coming in. I am not, and I cannot. (Laughter.) It is one of the things you cannot stop by protection, because the towns will not let you. It ought not to be impossible to control these imports. Our surplus ought to be better handled. Here, again, organization must be provided by the industry. Let me say that if the milk producers can only organize themselves as is done in some other countries so that they may have control of their own production and surplus, and put up a watertight scheme for utilizing that surplus, I will undertake to help to get the capital to realize that scheme if they can show me a business-like proposition supported by their own people.

Progress will lie upon that road of cooperation between the industry and the Government. The Government and the industry must be in the closest touch. I am ready to stand by you in a time of unparalleled difficulty for yourselves. I do want your assistance. I do want to promote cooperation and standardization. We have helped you with the Acts we have passed, but much of the help must come from yourselves. Perhaps there has not been in recent years that close touch between the Government and the agricultural organizations which there ought to have been. I do not know. There may have been faults on one side or the other. I am here neither to blame nor to apologise. I am here to offer my hand frankly to the industry. I will do all I can. I ask you to help me to help you. (Cheers.)

Conferences

BRITISH LEGION

ST. DUNSTAN'S SHARE IN POPPY DAY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CARDIFF, JUNE 9

The following telegram from the King was read at to-day's resumed conference of the British Legion at Cardiff, in response to a message sent from the conference yesterday:—

"I am commanded to thank you for the greeting which you have forwarded to his Majesty on behalf of the delegates assembled in British Legion conference. The King much appreciates the good wishes and loyal assurances to which your telegram gives expression.—Private Secretary."

Colonel Crosfield again presided.

On consideration of proposed amendments to the charter, Mr. MARTIN (Newquay) moved an addition to Clause 7 (a) to include coast watchers who were paid by the Admiralty during the War, and who were unfit for service or over military age. The amendment was lost, as was also an amendment moved by the same delegate to include the eldest sons of men killed, or who died of wounds on active service.

A Prestwich delegate, on behalf of the North Western Area, moved an amendment to include the sons of ex-Service men. They had heard the Conference singing "Old Soldiers Never Die," he said, but 24,000 pensioners faded away last year and he wondered how many who were not pensioners faded away. During the discussion it was pointed out that if the amendment was carried there would be nothing to prevent conscientious objectors becoming members of the Legion.

The amendment was lost.

CONFIDENCE IN COUNCIL

Mr. PERCY BARTON (Plymouth), chairman of the South Western Area, moved a resolution expressing the Conference's fullest confidence in Admiral of the Fleet Lord Jellicoe, Colonel G. R. Crosfield, and the Council of the Legion, and unhesitatingly condemning "the unwarrantable attempt on the part of a Sunday newspaper to interfere with the democratic control of the British Legion," regarding "such interference as inimical to the best interests of the War disabled and bereaved."

The resolution was carried with acclamation, and LORD JELLICOE, who was received with a great demonstration of enthusiasm, briefly acknowledged the vote.

A delegate asked whether the newspaper in question was going to pay the full cost of the inquiry and the report.

The CHAIRMAN said that if certain information came into the possession of the newspaper then, in fairness to the organization, it should have gone to the officers first to find out whether there was any truth in it. (Cheers.)

A resolution moved by COLONEL JOHN BROWN, on behalf of the Executive Council, laid down that poppies should only be sold in the streets on Remembrance Day, November 11; that when November 11 fell on a Sunday the previous day should be deemed to be Remembrance Day, and that poppies should be sold in the streets on that day, but that if, for exceptional reasons, it was not possible for a branch to organize its poppy day collection on November 11, permission might be granted for another date after November 11, but within the same week.

Many objections to confining street sales of poppies to one day were urged during the discussion, but COLONEL BROWN said that the course suggested by the executive was the one likely to cause the least harm to the greatest number of branches.

The resolution was carried.

CARE OF THE BLIND

The conference gave a sympathetic hearing to the appeals of two blind ex-officers, Captain Appleby and Captain Ian Fraser, in support of a resolution submitted by the National Executive Council that, on the termination of the present agreement, whereby St. Dunstan's receives five per cent. of the net profits of Poppy Day, the agreement be revised in order that in future St. Dunstan's shall receive four per cent. of the net profits, with a maximum fixed at £15,000, and that, in view of the loss occasioned to St. Dunstan's by the reduction of the percentage and the fixing of a maximum, the council be authorized to enter into an agreement as indicated for a period of 10 years.

CAPTAIN APPLEBY, in moving the resolution, said they had in St. Dunstan's a living memorial of the Great War. For many of them, when the War closed peace came, but for those of them who were blind, deaf and dumb, and tuberculous, they were still fighting day in and day out to keep their places in the industrial market and in trade and commerce, and they wanted the help of the Legion.

The resolution was seconded from the body of the hall, and CAPTAIN IAN FRASER, in supporting, said that St. Dunstan's were caring for all blinded soldiers in the United Kingdom, and affiliated organizations cared for blinded soldiers in the Dominions. No blinded soldier whose health allowed had been denied an opportunity of learning a trade, handicraft, or profession at which he could earn a good living, or at least find an occupation which would add something to his pension. No blinded soldier was in necessitous circumstances, nor would they find one living or dying in a public institution. (Cheers.) In 14 years no blinded soldier had been seen begging in the streets of this country, and none had died but that every arrangement had been made to give him a proper funeral and care taken of his widow. (Loud cheers.)

The resolution was carried without opposition.

A resolution from the north-eastern area that November 11 be constituted a public holiday was defeated.

The conference adjourned till to-morrow.

MANCHESTER UNITY OF ODDFELLOWS

EFFECTS OF UNEMPLOYMENT

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

PLYMOUTH, JUNE 9

The annual conference of the Manchester Unity of Oddfellows Friendly Society was opened in the Guildhall, Plymouth, this morning.

Mr. AMOS CULPAN, of Halifax, Grand Master, presided, and in his address said that after a year of abnormal industrial depression their position gave rise to great satisfaction. Numerically and financially Oddfellowship had made remarkable progress.

The lament of the Ministry of Health as to excessive sickness, so far as National Health Insurance was concerned, was not a matter that could be regarded lightly. They advised their members, in the early days of Health Insurance, that at the least sign of indisposition it was their duty to see the doctor. It would oftimes prevent a breakdown, or save a long illness. With better housing, more up-to-date sanitation, a higher standard of living, they expected different results.

Many factors had intervened which could not be foreseen. The Great War and its legacies were the main causes. Unemployment had been the greatest "sickness." Approved Societies had had to meet, not only directly by excess claims but by loss of contributions and interest income. In addition they had robbery, under a plea of national economy, which could not be made good except by further national taxation.

"I desire," he said, "to express emphatically that the continued industrial depression, which has made havoc of unemployment insurance will, in my opinion, ultimately cripple health insurance." Like all approved society officers administering the Act he found certificates granted for longer periods in seemingly minor ailments than he could accept without explanation, and if such was not forthcoming then there was an alternative. He had not, however, yet arrived at the conclusion that all doctors in his area were incompetent, on the grounds that they had given certificates to insured persons whom a referee had declared fit for employment. With the special supervision they were to adopt, the penalties they must promise panel doctors, and the guillotine of the referee, whom they expected to score well, the lot of insured persons was not a happy one.

He warned them that the forthcoming health insurance valuations were unlikely to disclose disposable surpluses to the same extent as formerly. An examination of the Unity's sickness experience showed that they had not been unduly excessive, considering the effects of the influenza epidemics, but losses of contribution and of interest were bound to have an adverse effect. Personally he should welcome the time when certain of the more essential non-cash benefits became statutory benefits, whatever effects it might have upon surpluses. The Act was intended to be a health measure to secure proper treatment as a first essential and secondly to provide monetary benefits. (Cheers.)

GENERAL WORKERS' UNION

MR. WILL THORNE ON DUTY OF THE GOVERNMENT

Mr. WILL THORNE, M.P., in his report to the National Union of General and Municipal Workers at the Congress opened in Belfast yesterday, said:—"During the life of the present Government it has been found that there are a small number of Labour members who think that they can do the job better than the various Cabinet Ministers. To my mind they appear to be absolutely individualists when it comes to a question of discipline and believers in collectivism on all other questions." They hoped in the not far distant future to be nearer their Mecca of complete industrial organization which would give them a controlling voice in matters of wages and working conditions.

Trade depression had caused the income and membership of various unions to suffer severely, but their own union stood to-day in a very healthy and strong position, and they had weathered the storm as well as any other union. The drop in membership during 1926, 1927, and 1928 had been arrested, and for the last three-quarters of 1929 increases were recorded. The serious depletion of union funds during the coal dispute of 1926 had been made good. The total membership at the end of 1929 was 290,877, an increase on the previous year of 6,971.

The operation of the Trade Disputes Act had not been so effective as the instigators of this "piece of partisan legislation" anticipated. The trade unions generally, although put to a considerable amount of trouble, had suffered little impoverishment on the political side of their accounts. While appreciating all that has been done, they felt that the Government should have given priority to some industrial measures such as a Factories Bill, the repeal of the Trade Disputes and Trade Unions Bill, or a Bill to amend the Workmen's Compensation Act during the present session. Their executive had expressed the hope that the Government would not overlook the great interest of organized labour as represented by the trade union movement.

Mr. Thorne expressed the view that it was impossible to prevent rationalization in industry. It was plain that the big industrialists had found out how foolish it was to compete one against the other, nationally and internationally, and had at last come to the conclusion that it was much better to centralize the methods of production. The Economic Committee of the T.U.C. was doing all it could for the workmen displaced by securing some form of compensation adequate to their loss of employment.

COOPERATIVE MOVEMENT

CALL FOR "WHOLE POLICY OF RATIONALIZATION"

At the Cooperative Congress at York yesterday the report of the central board stated that it was probable that cooperation now represented a majority of the people within the State. Experiences during the year had made it abundantly clear that Parliamentary vigilance could not be laxed during the reign of a Labour Government, particularly a minority Government.

Mr. H. J. MAY, the retiring president, said the Labour Government's first year had been barren of results to the cooperative movement, because they had allowed their resources and interests to be subordinated to the purposes of a particular party. Cooperative members of Parliament had failed to state the consumers' case on the Coal Mines Bill and had supported the Local Authorities (Enabling) Bill, which the movement ought to resist with all its power, and had let the Industrial and Provident Societies Amendment Bill be lamely withdrawn.

Mr. T. LIDDLE (Hartlepool), in his presidential address, said that membership and sales had rapidly increased even since 1928, when the capital invested in cooperative undertakings totalled £113,000,000, and the turnover reached £334,000,000. On all sides, manufacturers and traders were declaring that times were never worse, yet the cooperative movement was still advancing, and at a more rapid rate each year. In many areas societies were recognizing the wisdom of amalgamating, and the movement was generally aspiring to greater efficiency, but loyalty was not as strong as in former years.

The time had come when the whole cooperative policy of rationalization, which was organization of production for use and not for profit, ought to be unhesitatingly applied. They dared not look on inactive while their chief competitors reorganized their business systems. He was convinced that the demand for cooperative productions would be greatly stimulated if the policy of price-fixing were considerably extended. A national system of fixing prices for cooperative productions would encourage retail societies to embark on big ventures fearless of the competition of the combines.

Mr. P. J. AGNEW, for the Publications Committee, moved a resolution calling the attention of the Government Committee on Trade Restricting Practices to the "complete boycott of cooperative trade in newspapers," and requesting prompt legislation. "If you had a cooperative daily newspaper to-morrow," he said, "you would not be allowed to sell it in a single cooperative store. We are beginning the battle and the end will be the defeat of the Retail Newsagents' Federation." The resolution was unanimously adopted.

DEMAND FOR NURSERY CLASSES

HEAD TEACHERS AND BACKWARD CHILDREN

At the conference of the National Association of Head Teachers, at Scarborough, yesterday, a resolution was passed asking the Board of Education to make the provision of nursery classes or schools compulsory. The equipment of the nursery classes, it was urged, should be equivalent to that of nursery schools. The Board was also asked to appoint a departmental committee to report on the education of children of from two to five years.

Miss F. W. BROCK (Southampton), who moved the resolution, said that the child had to cultivate its own inhibitions, and it was in early years that evil habits, which were most difficult to eradicate, were formed. The establishment of properly organized classes, wings, or schools would also bring children of from two to four years under efficient medical supervision.

Another resolution was carried approving the policy of the Board of Education that children under eight should be organized in separate departments under their own head teachers. Miss W. J. WALMSLEY (Birmingham) said that children under eight needed different treatment and atmosphere from older children.

There were several resolutions on the agenda dealing with mentally defective children, and a motion was carried urging that the ascertainment of the number, character, and requirements of the sub-normal children in an area should be an essential consideration in schemes of reorganization, and that the education provided should have particular regard to the large number of such children in the schools.

Mr. F. ASHWORTH (Lancashire and Cheshire Federation) said that the number of backward children in the schools was now known to be greater than had been suspected. The bright child was being given too much consideration in schemes of reorganization.

Miss WALMSLEY suggested that the figures were high in Lancashire probably owing to the stress of industry. It was, she said, probably just as well that there was insufficient room for these children in the segregation schools. It was often the fault of the person who judged them that they were labelled mentally deficient, because they were not brilliant at school.

The conference passed resolutions asking that head teachers should have a voice in the selection of their staffs, and that, in view of the importance of education, the Board of Education should be made one of the major posts in the Government.

SCHOOL AGE IN SCOTLAND

Mr. HUGH B. GUTHRIE delivered an address, as retiring president, at the annual meeting of the Educational Institute of Scotland in Edinburgh on Saturday. Speaking of the Bill for raising the school age, he said it had one provision that he hoped to see copied in the Scottish Bill—namely the clause that forbade any exemptions from 13-15 years.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT OFFICERS

SUPERANNUATION DELAY

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

LOWESTOFT, JUNE 9

The annual conference of the National Association of Local Government Officers, which was resumed and concluded to-day under the chairmanship of Mr. A. P. Johnson, discussed various questions, including salaries, tenure of office, and status.

In the first place the conference briefly reviewed the negotiations which had resulted in amalgamation with the National Poor Law Officers' Association. SIR TOM PERCIVAL, till lately clerk to the board of guardians at Tynemouth, said he did not think the country at large had realized the wonderful feat by which the huge machine of poor law administration had been transferred from one authority to another. The change had been revolutionary, and the smoothness with which it was made had been almost incredible. This was a testimonial, not only to the efficiency of the machinery which was transferred, but to the efficiency of the new bodies which were taking it over. (Cheers.)

The question of salaries was then considered on a motion submitted by the Dumbartonshire branch, the effect of which was an instruction to the National Executive to endeavour to secure a uniform national scale. After some discussion the view of the Executive was expressed by Mr. F. MARSDEN (Bradford), one of the vice-presidents, who pointed out that repeated consideration had led to the conclusion that a uniform national scale was an absolute impossibility, because the conditions in large populous areas were widely different from those in rural districts. If a national scale were set up some people might be glad in some cases of the opportunity of reducing existing salaries.

The motion was rejected by an overwhelming majority.

The conference passed unanimously resolutions urging local authorities to give effect to the recommendations of the Royal Commission on Local Government, that public discussion on the salaries and promotion of officials ought to be minimized as they tended to be detrimental to the service.

TENURE OF OFFICE

The subject of the tenure of office by local government officials was introduced by Mr. C. E. MULHOLLAND, who proposed, on behalf of the Leeds branch, a motion expressing dissatisfaction with the inconclusiveness of the recommendations of the Royal Commission, and urging the Executive to press for contracts of employment providing reasonable notice of termination of engagement, statutory protection for those whose duties endangered their tenure of office, and the establishment of a suitable Court of Appeal for officers. He said the motion was not meant to imply that the Executive had not done all they could, but to strengthen their hands and urge them to further effort.

The motion was passed unanimously.

A discussion took place on the educational policy of the association. The annual report recalled that the association had decided to take an important step in the education of local government officers by holding a summer school at Keble College, Oxford, in August, for the study of the basic principles of local public administration. The main object would be to broaden the outlook of the students on their work in relation to the scheme of local government.

Mr. E. W. B. ABBOTT (Maidstone), chairman of the education committee, said it was desired to give the young men in the local government service some insight into university life and a wider outlook on their duties. Many changes had taken place in local government during the last decade, and many more would take place during the next.

A motion was proposed on behalf of the Southwark branch to provide for exemption being given for a limited period from the association's preliminary and intermediate examinations to senior officers who desired to proceed direct to the final examination, provided their standard of education was equal to that set in such examinations.

Mr. ABBOTT appealed to the conference not to pass this motion, which, he said, would mean a reversal of the association's educational policy. What was desired was that the clerical side of local government service should have a hall-mark which would be comparatively equal to that of their colleagues on the professional and technical side. The service of the country was greater than the association, and if the status of the local government service were raised the status of the officers would be raised.

SUPERANNUATION BILL OFFERED

The motion was rejected.

SIR HERBERT NIELD, M.P., addressing the conference, said it seemed to him to be appalling that no fewer than 600 urban and 482 rural local authorities still remained outside the Superannuation Act, thereby placing their officers in an invidious and unfair position when they moved elsewhere to get promotion. The powers that be were very much to blame for not giving the association greater assistance in this matter. They set up a departmental committee which recommended compulsory superannuation, but no action was taken by the Ministry on the ground that it was necessary to wait for the report of the Royal Commission on Local Government. The Commission had recommended the compulsory method. The time had come when there should be no further delay and if the association desired it he would introduce a private member's Bill under the 10 minutes rule to make superannuation compulsory.

Mr. ISAAC FOOT, M.P., said it ought to be a test of a man's fitness to be a member of Parliament that he should have served in local government. When the Royal Assent was given to an Act of Parliament the troubles of members ended, but those of local government officials began. This passage by Joseph Conrad should be hung in the office of every local government authority:—"An Act of Parliament has not any sense of its own; it has only the sense that is put into it, and that is precious little sense sometimes." (Laughter.)

Mr. H. M. GIBSON, M.P., also addressed the conference, which, after transacting business relating to rules, concluded.

SHEPHERDS' FRIENDLY SOCIETY

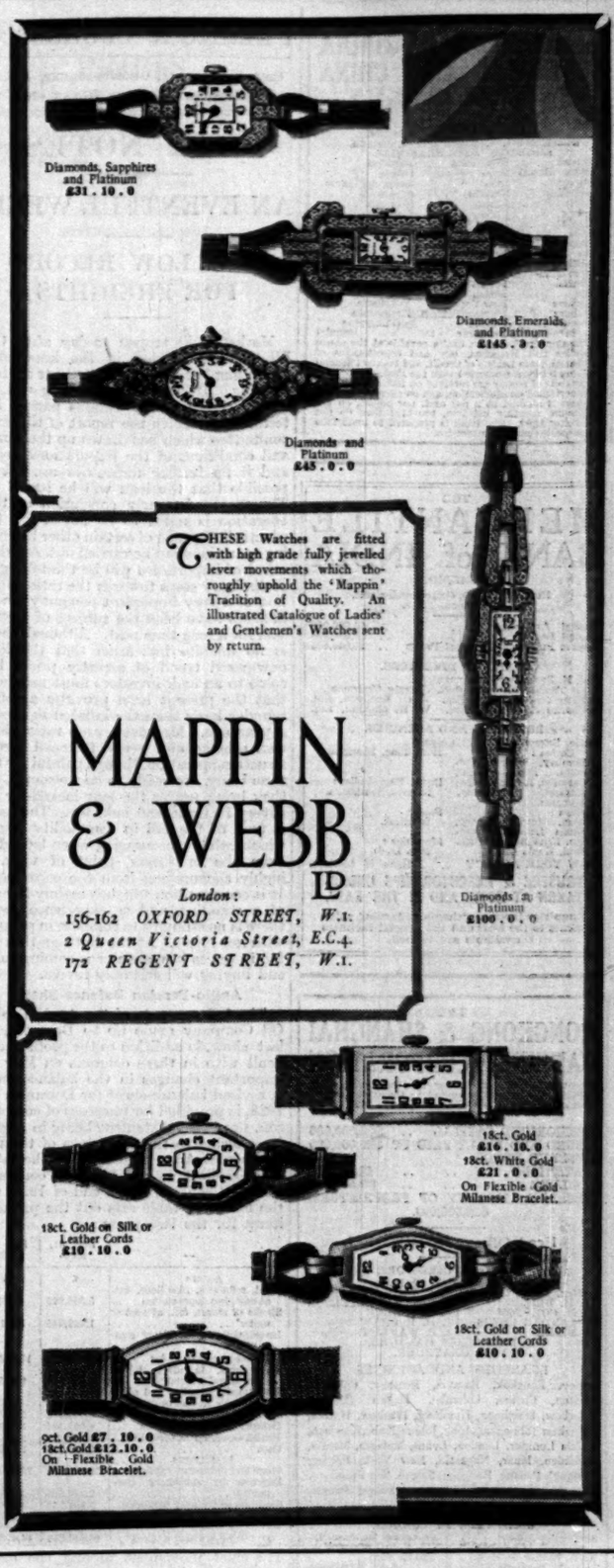
In his presidential address to the annual conference of the Ashton Unity of Shepherds' Friendly Society at Great Yarmouth yesterday, Mr. A. H. PLUMMER, of Bristol, Chief Shepherd, said that foremost among the problems of national interest affecting friendly societies was the alarming increase of unemployment and under-employment. In the past it was found possible by a small contribution to a subsidiary fund to pay the contributions of unemployed members, but the position had now grown to such colossal proportions that even those lodges who still continued these out-of-work funds had found it necessary to limit the amount of contributions that could be paid to any member in one year, and unless the member was able to pay some portion of his contributions it was not possible to keep him in benefit. To-day they had to face not only ordinary periods of unemployment caused by slackness of trade in a particular industry, but an all-round slackness that affected the whole country.

Increased trade was the real remedy, and he was glad to see indications that all the political parties might yet get together and make a joint contribution to the effort to find a solution. He was distressed when he thought of the privations caused by unemployment, and wished that some solution could be found other than the "dole" or payment from public assistance committees. Men and women wanted work; it was necessary for their well-being and happiness. There was nothing so disastrous to the moral of men and women as long periods of unemployment. It was disheartening when they tried to imagine what would be the effect on boys and girls from 14 to 18 years of age who had never yet been able to start work in regular employment and at the outset of their career were forced to depend on unemployment benefit to keep them.

Mr. J. E. SAUNDERS (general secretary) reported that the adult voluntary membership was 142,263, an increase of 291 on the year; and the juvenile membership, 120,201. The funds amounted to £2,200,110—an increase of £35,034. The National Health insured membership was 193,933.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS

Speaking at the conference of the United Commercial Travellers' Association of Great Britain and Ireland at Blackpool yesterday, the retiring president, Mr. W. H. SLACK, of Hull, said it was a thousand pities that commerce and politics were so closely associated, and if measures to bring about the much-needed revival of trade at home and abroad, and throughout the Empire, were to be decided on strictly party terms the outlook was not pleasant. Mr. W. S. ASHTON, of Blackpool, was elected president, and in his address said that more efficient advertising of British goods would help to revive trade. Commercial travellers were vitally interested in things that would tend to a revival in British industry, and no one was more eager to assist in that revival than the "ambassadors of commerce."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CITY NOTES

AN EVENTFUL WEEK

NEW LOW RECORD FOR FREIGHTS

Markets will reopen to-day after the Whitsuntide holiday in the knowledge that a number of important events are impending. To-day a full meeting will be held in Paris of the various parties interested to receive the report of the subcommittee which has drawn up the terms and conditions of the Reparations Loan, and if no further difficulties arise it is possible that the loan will be issued on Thursday. An early conclusion of this operation is much to be hoped for, for when it is disposed of certain other borrowing operations can be carried out. Another event of importance will be the taking of preliminary steps towards the rationalization of a very important company whose finances have been the subject of discussion for a long time past. Although there is no definite indication that the long downward trend of security prices has come to an end, investors must recognize that the present level provides a much sounder basis than the inflated figures of a year ago. Moreover, each rationalization scheme and every financial reconstruction operation, though painful for the time being, are really to be welcomed, for they bring nearer the long-looked-for recovery in trade and industry. The same is true of the fall in commodity prices, which, while discouraging when looked at from the producers' point of view, is highly encouraging from the consumers'. It is consumption which is mainly in need of a stimulus, and as experience shows there is no stimulus to compare in potency with low prices. At the first sign that the fall in prices has come or is coming to an end buying will certainly revive.

Anglo-Persian Balance-Sheet

The full accounts of the Anglo-Persian Oil Company made up to December 31 last show, in addition to the profit figures dealt with in these columns on May 31, important changes in the balance-sheet. A revised balance-sheet for December 31, 1928, is provided for purposes of comparison, the latest statement being in altered form owing to the provisions of the new Companies Act. The total of the latest balance-sheet is £48,840,000, compared with £44,345,000 at the end of 1928, and the following table sets out the principal items for the two years:—

—	Dec. 31, 1929	Dec. 31, 1928
	£	£
ASSETS		
Land, refineries, pipe lines, &c., at cost, less depreciation ..	5,533,968	5,924,942
Stocks of stores, &c., at cost or under	1,349,045	1,181,588
Investments in subsidiary companies:—		
Shares at cost or under ..	15,426,329	15,003,656
Advances, including debentures and secured notes ..	8,815,018	9,095,401
Investments in allied and other companies, at cost or under ..	4,081,414	883,043
Stocks of crude oil, &c. ..	4,180,162	3,893,319
Debtors and debit balances ..	4,065,694	3,309,305
British Government securities ..	3,270,503	2,784,887
Cash	2,120,118	2,196,176
LIABILITIES		
Share and debenture capital ..	29,229,500	29,050,000
Deposits by subsidiary companies	2,361,205	1,451,213
Creditors and sundry liabilities ..	5,984,354	3,036,902
Reserves	7,908,129	6,108,129
Total of balance-sheet ..	48,840,253	44,072,317

The chief movement among the assets is the large increase in the investments in allied and other companies; this may be partly connected with the policy of collaboration between oil enterprises which has received the warm support of the Anglo-Persian board. Expanding business is reflected in the large sums due from debtors. The total of the floating assets is £13,635,000, which is about £5,000,000 in excess of the current liabilities. Reserves have been appreciably strengthened during the year.

Production from a New Field

An important development disclosed by the report of the Anglo-Persian Oil Company is the first delivery of oil from the new Haft Kel field. The pipe line linking this field with the main delivery lines to the refinery at Abadan was completed last November, and in December oil was delivered from Haft Kel. The directors speak optimistically of the prospects for the new field in view of the extent of the proved structure and the high productivity of the wells. That economies have contributed to the favourable results obtained for 1929 is indicated by the statement that excellent results, financial and otherwise, have attended the substantial additions made to the general equipment in Persia and elsewhere. Further extensions of refinery plant are in course of erection. It is interesting to note that in the experience of the Anglo-Persian Company prices were more stable last year. A further extension of the distributing organization was accompanied by an expansion in sales.

New Zealand Banking Profits

Results of the Bank of New Zealand for the 12 months ended March 31 compare favourably with the figures for previous years. It will be seen from the following comparison that net earnings again increased:—

—	Year ended March 31, 1930	1929	1928
	£	£	£
Net profit	948,534	912,954	841,878
Provision previously made for certain doubtful advances no longer required..	—	212,005	—
Surplus on realization and on maturity of securities ..	—	—	73,510
Brought forward ..	617,591	582,525	584,656
Available	1,566,125	1,707,484	1,500,044
Distribution on Mortgage and Preference shares	280,468	277,392	255,844
Dividend and bonus on Ordinary	537,500 (14½%)	537,500 (14½%)	537,500 (14½%)
To reserve fund ..	125,000	275,000	124,175
Carried forward ..	623,157	617,592	582,523

New Zealand has naturally been adversely affected by the fall in prices of her wool and other staple exports, and in the circumstances the figures are decidedly encouraging.

Crosse and Blackwell Accounts

Results of Crosse and Blackwell for 1929 were similar to those for 1928, net profits being £211,204, compared with £202,081. The directors are again able to pay the fixed dividend on the £2,250,000 of Seven-and-a-Half per Cent. Cumulative Participating Preference capital, but no dividend is declared on the Ordinary capital of £264,248. The state of trade, states the board, necessitates the conservation of the company's resources, and it is accordingly proposed to transfer £50,000 to reserve and to carry forward the balance of £52,525. The reserves are quite small, amounting, with the present addition, to £262,996, while the total of the balance-sheet is £4,055,624. Moreover, the report shows that £25,000 placed to reserve last year was ultimately appropriated for the purpose of writing off expenditure on the development of companies recently acquired. Last November the company issued £1,500,000 of Six-and-a-Half per Cent. First Mortgage Debenture stock, and provision has yet to be made for writing off the expenses of that issue, which, including the discount on the Debentures, amounted to £123,929. The company is further extending its operations. During 1929 it acquired the vinegar businesses of Champion and Slee and of Sarsons, and economies resulting therefrom are expected to be obtained in the current year. Last month an amalgamation was also arranged by which the business of Plaistowe and Co. comes under the control of Crosse and Blackwell. An amalgamated balance-sheet of the company and its subsidiaries is published showing the position on December 31 last. The total of the assets is £6,031,123, of which £1,458,000 represents properties, £657,416 machinery, &c., and £1,022,414 stock. Sums due by debtors and on bills receivable were £699,423, and the other floating assets were cash, £60,906, and payments in advance, £138,188. Current liabilities included £112,500 on mortgages, £452,765 on loans from bankers, and £762,454 due to sundry creditors. Conditions were not favourable to the company's business in the latter part of last year.

A Guide to Investors

"Public Companies and the Investor" is the title of a book written by Mr. A. E. Cutforth, a well-known accountant, and published by G. Bell and Sons at the price of 10s. 6d. net. The object of the book is to provide a simple explanation for the benefit of the average investor of balance-sheets, prospectuses, rights of security holders, directors' duties, articles of association, and other matters connected with joint stock companies. The author deals with the highly complicated questions of accounts with commendable lucidity. Considerable space is devoted to balance-sheets, which, as Mr. Cutforth rightly observes, provide the investor with the most important information regarding his securities. He describes the principles upon which balance-sheets are drawn up, the information they give, and limitations to which they are subject. Sometimes the limitations imposed by the directors on the informativeness of the accounts render them almost valueless. The author shows the investor what to look for in a prospectus, and how to discover its weak and strong points. Mr. Cutforth reminds us that a full profit and loss account is rarely submitted to the shareholder, the reason generally given by directors for this omission being that the information might be very valuable to competitors. But this reason, as the author no doubt realizes, is sometimes an excuse for withholding information, for he points out that after making full allowance for any possible harm that might result from competitors, some companies are unduly reticent about their affairs. Competitors, in fact, usually have better information than that afforded by a profit and loss account.

Capital and Profits

In a very interesting chapter on balance-sheets the author points out that the law draws a clear distinction between depreciation of fixed assets (land, buildings, &c.) and the depreciation of floating assets that are the assets in which the company is trading, such as stock. It is illegal to pay dividends out of capital, but for various reasons both the legislature and the Courts have refrained from making the distinction between capital and profits as clear as it should be. The Courts have decided that in arriving at profits available for the payment of a dividend diminution in the values of floating assets during the year must be taken into account, but not necessarily diminution in fixed assets. Mr. Cutforth points out, however, that true profits can be computed only after allowing for depreciation of assets, floating or fixed, such as the depreciation of, say, a leasehold property. It is normally wrong to distribute profits as profits unless the capital of a company is intact. Disaster rarely fails sooner or later to overtake companies which omit to allow for depreciation of a leasehold property or, in fact, of any wasting or wasted asset. In any case companies which fail to make annual provision for such depreciation should disclose the fact in their unsound balance-sheets.

German Insurance Earnings

The Allianz und Stuttgart Verein, which holds a leading position among German insurance companies and, it will be remembered, took over the affairs of the Frankfurt General Insurance Company last year, refers, in its report for 1929, to a trustworthy estimate placing the total premium income of the German limited liability insurance companies last year at over £130,000,000, as compared with £118,000,000 in 1928 and £101,000,000 in 1927, and the directors add that the volume of German life assurance has now recovered to the level of before the War. The company, whose premium income last year increased from £8,903,000 to £9,378,000, reports a profit in all departments for 1929, except those for weather and water conductors. The most remunerative was the accident department, which yielded a surplus of £80,440, as will be seen from the following table:—

—	1929	1928
	£	£
Total premiums	9,378,000	8,903,000
Net premiums	5,738,000	5,476,000
Result from—		
Marine	+ 15,450	— 77,470
Fire	+ 12,570	— 36,660
Accident	+ 80,440	+ 47,160
Burglary	+ 30,950	+ 29,650
Motor and air vessels ..	+ 44,840	+ 14,420
Glass	+ 14,090	+ 11,470
Weather and water-pipes ..	— 40,180	+ 18,690
Life reassurance	+ 29,040	+ 28,100
Other departments	+ 22,480	— 6,350
Written off investments, &c.	131,303	28,830
Total net profit	199,720	194,540

The increase in the premium income was due only in part to the company's newly acquired interest in the Frankfurt company's business, which was arranged partly by direct transfer and partly by the formation of a new Frankfurt company in which the Allianz has a 62½ per cent. interest. Out of the net profit, which represented 3½ per cent. of the net premiums, the directors are repeating the previous year's dividend of 12 per cent., while they again devote £30,000 to paying up uncalled capital. The total resources of the company, including £5,738,000 insurance reserves and £3,000,000 share capital (29 per cent. paid), amount to £10,350,000. Risks written last year included the insurance of the Graf Zeppelin.

Lowest Freight Index Numbers

The index number of shipping freights for May, prepared by the Chamber of Shipping, shows, at 17.11, a decrease of 11.94 per cent. on the month and of 33.01 per cent. on the figure for May of last year. The Chamber has again to state that the number is the lowest since it began to compile the figures 10 years ago. The European Waters group index number for May represents an increase of 1.03 per cent. on the month, but a reduction of 15.34 per cent. on the figure for May, 1929. The rate for the voyage from Australia to the United Kingdom was higher on the month by 3.05 per cent., but was 4.15 per cent. lower than the figure for May, 1929. The index number for the Argentine-Uruguayan group was lower on the month by 18.11 per cent., and was below that for May of last year by as much as 51.66 per cent. The United States group number declined on the month by 3.64 per cent., while the figure for May, 1929, was based on only one quotation. In the route from Canada to the United Kingdom the index number during May last declined by 12.10 per cent. and was 34.1 per cent. lower than the rate for May, 1929. The time charter rate,

(Continued at foot of next column)

at 19.90, was the same as for April last, but represented a decline of 20.72 per cent. on the figure for May of last year.

Comparisons with Last Year

If the average of the general index number for 1913 be taken as 100, the index number for May was only 73.12, and the corresponding figures for the first five months of 1930 and of 1929 are as follows:

Month	1930	1929
January	83.59	121.97
February	80.98	120.73
March	77.56	113.12
April	83.03	111.20
May	73.12	109.15

Quite lately vessels have been ordered home from the United States to this country in ballast, indicating an unprecedented state of affairs. All the figures for this year are, it will be observed, much below those for the first five months of last year and the gravity of the present conditions for the shipping industry is indicated further by the estimate of the Chamber that working costs remain at about 70 per cent. above the level before the War.

COMPANY RESULTS

CROSSE AND BLACKWELL

Thames Grit and Aggregates.—Final dividend 10 per cent. on the Ordinary shares, making 15 per cent. for the period ended March 31.

Polyphonwerke Aktiengesellschaft.—Holders of London unit certificates to bearer will receive payment in cash on June 18 after surrender of coupon No. 1 at the office of the Union Corporation of the dividend as follows:—Dividend of 20 per cent., less German tax, equals 3s. 6.25d. per unit, less British tax at 4s. 6d. in the pound, 9.506d. per unit, or a net dividend of 2s. 8.744d. per unit. A statement regarding the Polyphon Holding Company appears on page 19.

MILTON PROPRIETARY

Interim dividend of 5 per cent. in respect of year ending September 30 next on the Ordinary shares, payable July 1.

BADEK RUBBER ESTATE

The directors of the Badek Rubber Estate announce a profit of £19,178 for 1929 (compared with £16,701 for the previous year). The dividend is to be maintained at 10 per cent., and £5,000 is again to be transferred to taxation reserve, leaving £23,407 (against £21,732) to be carried forward. Meeting, June 25.

BARNAGORE JUTE FACTORY

The accounts of the Barnagore Jute Factory show that for the year to March 31 the profit fell from £237,356 in 1928-29 to £139,937. The dividend is to be reduced from 75 per cent. to 35 per cent., leaving £41,144 to be carried forward (compared with £7,456 for the previous year, when £25,000 was placed to reserve). Meeting, June 18.

SUNGEI KRIAN RUBBER

The Sungei Krian Rubber Estate announces a profit for 1929, subject to audit, of £22,785 (against £18,972 for 1928). A dividend of 4 per cent., less tax, is recommended, making 10 per cent. for the year (unchanged), and £2,145 is to be transferred to general reserve (against £2,342). The carry-forward is £29,441 (against £23,646). Meeting, July 2.

BESOEKI PLANTATIONS

Profit of the Besoeki Plantations for 1929 amounted to £13,787, compared with £24,560 for 1928, to which is added £8,557 brought forward. The directors recommend that after paying a final dividend of 5 per cent., making 8 per cent. for the year (against 15 per cent.), the balance be carried forward. Last year £7,000 was placed to reserve. Meeting, June 20.

BRITISH ASSAM TEA

The report of the British Assam Tea Company states that the profit for 1929 amounted to £8,117 (against £13,583 for 1928). Garden managers', &c., commission absorbs £641 (against £1,103), directors' extra remuneration takes £112 (against £187), and £107 (against £111) is added to staff provident fund. The dividend is to be reduced from 25 per cent. to 15 per cent., £750 (against £2,000) is to be transferred to income-tax reserve, and £905 against £2,017) is to be written off block account, leaving £682 (against £788) to be carried forward. The crop for the year amounted to 961,248lb. (compared with 775,432lb.). Meeting, June 17.

JAVA UNITED PLANTATIONS

Profits of the Java United Plantations for 1929 amounted to £22,125 (compared with £36,163), from which is deducted expenses in connexion with the issue of Debenture stock, increase of capital, and provision for the redemption of Debenture stock, leaving £17,594, to which is added £9,525 brought forward. An interim dividend of 3 per cent. was paid last January. The directors propose, in view of the continued fall in the price of rubber, the uncertainty in the coffee industry, and the prospects of low coffee crops for 1930, to carry forward the balance of £22,619. For the previous year a total dividend of 15 per cent. was paid and £12,000 was added to reserve. Meeting, June 20.

BANK OF NEW ZEALAND

The Bank of New Zealand have received a telegram from their head office in Wellington stating that the profits for the year ended March 31, 1930, after providing for expenses of management and all necessary appropriations, are £969,733 (against £934,153 for 1928-29), from which has to be deducted interest on guaranteed stock, £21,199, leaving balance of profit for the year of £948,534 (against £912,954). After adding the balance brought forward from last year, £617,591, and deducting the dividend on Preference "A" shares, £50,000, and the interim dividends, £316,276, there remains available for distribution £1,199,849. This the directors propose should be disposed of as follows:—Dividends on "C" Long-term Mortgage shares at 6 per cent. per annum, £7,081; dividend on "D" Long-term Mortgage shares at 7½ per cent. per annum, £17,578; dividend on Preference "B" shares, £120,833 (making £162,500 for the year); bonus on Preference "B" shares, £18,750; dividend on Ordinary shares at 1s. 4d. per share, £250,000 (making 2s. 8d. per share for the year); bonus of 1 per cent. on Ordinary shares, £37,500; transfer to reserve fund (making £3,550,000), £125,000; and balance carried forward, £623,157. The distribution on the Ordinary shares for 1928-29 was the same, and the allocation to reserve fund was £375,000.

ITABIRA IRON ORE

The report of the Itabira Iron Ore Company for the nine years ended June 30, 1929, states that during the period the work of proving the company's available ore reserves has been carried on within the limits of its cash resources on all the estates, and in particular Cabec, on which it is anticipated that mining operations will be chiefly concentrated at the beginning of commercial development. Concessions have been secured from the Federal Government of Brazil and from the Government of the State of Minas Geraes. The former of these permits the complete reconstruction of the Victoria a Minas Railroad and its connexion by branch lines with the company's mineral properties at Italiro and with the new Port of Santa Cruz. The latter concession fixes for 30 years the rates of export tax on minerals shipped by the company from Brazil, and is conditional upon the company erecting smelting works and manufacturing a stipulated minimum quantity of finished steel within the country. The syndicate in New York, which holds an option from this company on terms approved by shareholders in general meeting last year, is actively engaged in the endeavour to bring to a satisfactory conclusion arrangements for the finance of the project. The accounts show a loss for the period of £266,937, which increases the debit to administration account to £602,531. The subsidiary company incurred a loss of £4,670 for 1928, increasing the total debit to £16,876; no provision has been made in these accounts for the proportion applicable to this company's holding. Meeting, June 12.

CROSSE AND BLACKWELL

The accounts of Crosse and Blackwell, Limited, manufacturers of preserved provisions, show a total income for the year ended December 31, 1929 (after charging depreciation and providing for Preference dividends on the shares of subsidiary and associated companies not held), of £287,510 (previous year £272,612). Sundry expenses and directors' fees absorb £33,011 (against £38,056), and interest £43,294 (against £32,475), leaving £211,205. After adding £60,070 brought forward and deducting £84,375, Preference share dividend to June 30, 1929, there is a balance of £186,899, from which the further six months' Preference dividend has since been paid. The directors recommend that £50,000 be transferred to reserve account (against £25,000), leaving £52,524 to be carried forward. No dividend has been paid on the Ordinary shares since 5 per cent. was distributed on account of 1920-21. During the year the company acquired the vinegar business of Champion and Slee, Limited, and Sarsons, Limited, and by the issue of Ordinary shares acquired the shares of Chocolat Tobler, Limited, as well as the rights of manufacture in Great Britain and Irish Free State. A controlling interest has been acquired in the Sweet Cake Flour Packing Company, Limited, of Cape Town. This company will manufacture the more important products of Crosse and Blackwell for the Union of South Africa. The fusion of the subsidiary in France with S.A. Rode et Fils Frères and Dandicolle and Gaudin, S.A., is proceeding. The report states that the sum of £25,000 placed to reserve in 1928 has been used for the purpose of writing off expenditure on the development of companies recently acquired. The assets and liabilities of Crosse and Blackwell, Inc., U.S.A., Crosse and Blackwell (Canada), Limited, Champion and Slee, Limited, Sarsons, Limited, Chocolat Tobler, Limited, S. A. Crosse and Blackwell (Argentina), Limitada, and the Sweet Cake Flour Packing Company, have now been included in the amalgamated balance-sheet. The Preference share capital of Crosse and Blackwell, Inc., and Champion and Slee, Limited, is included under the heading of shares in subsidiary and associated companies not held by Crosse and Blackwell, Limited," which stands in the balance-sheet at £845,383 (against £266,499). Among assets, stock stands at £1,022,414 (against £766,873); cash at £60,906 (against £28,980), and goodwill, trade marks, premiums on shares, &c., at £1,654,569 (against £1,450,000). Expenses in connexion with the issue of £1,500,000 Six-and-a-Half per Cent. First Mortgage Debenture stock made in November last stand in the balance-sheet at £123,929. The purposes of the issue were for redeeming the three-year Registered Secured Notes, repaying bankers' loans, and for general development of the company. Included among the liabilities are sundry creditors, &c., standing at £762,454 (against £501,465), and bank loans at £452,765 (against £316,044). Meeting, June 20.

ENGLISH ELECTRIC DIRECTORATE

Mr. F. Massingberd Rogers, of Greater London and Counties Trust, Sir Edward Hilton Young, P.C., M.P., Mr. Percy Horsfall, of Messrs. Lazard Brothers and Co., and Colonel Wade Hampton Hayes, of Chase Securities Corporation, have joined the board of the English Electric Company, and, in accordance with the scheme for reorganization of the capital of the company, the following directors have resigned, viz.:—Sir Charles E. Ellis, Sir John A. F. Aspinall, and Lieutenant-Colonel Sir John H. Mansell.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

SHARP DECLINES

NEW YORK, June 9.—Vigorous "bear" drives featured trading to-day, sellers being active throughout the session, the total sales reaching 4,638,000 shares, the largest turnover for over a month.

A substantial accumulation of selling orders over the week-end resulting from margin calls, together with professional selling pressure, made the opening barely steady. "Bears" were utilizing the pessimistic atmosphere engendered by the sharp falls on Saturday to launch renewed drives against standard issues. But the offerings were well taken on the decline, and the appearance of investment accumulation induced some "bear" covering and caused quick rebounds in a few stocks. Concentrated "bear" pressure, however, soon extinguished sectional resistance, and the list declined.

Vigorous drives were made against prominent issues, such as Westinghouse Electric, on reports that, in view of the falling off in current earnings, the second quarter is not likely to exceed the earnings in the first quarter of the year, and Montgomery Ward on reports that a number of the company's retail stores have been closed owing to business depression. Several issues registered new low levels for the current year, including Steel Common at 163¼ and International Telephone and Telegraph at 57¼.

The success of the morning drives emboldened professionals to renew aggressive selling in the afternoon, and following a short period of backing and filling, the list declined sharply. The fall subsequently uncovered substantial investment accumulation, attributed to banking and investment companies, but the rally was short-lived, support being withdrawn on the resumption of selling pressure.

EXCHANGE	Method of Quoting	Parity	June 9	June 7
MONTREAL on—			$	$
London, cables	£1	4.86⅔	4.85⅞	4.85⅞
NEW YORK on—				
London, sight	£1		4.85 11/16	4.85 11/16
Cables	£1	4.86⅔	4.85 29/32	4.85½
60 days' sight	£1	—	4.85 13/32	4.85 13/32
Grain bills, sight	£1	—	4.85 5/16	4.85 5/16
Seven days	£1	—	4.85	4.85
Paris, short sight	100f.	3.91¾	3.92¼	3.92¼
Rome, cables	100l.	5.26	5.23⅞	5.23⅞
Amsterdam, short sight	100fl.	40.20	40.16	40.16¼
Oslo, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.76½	26.76½
Stockholm, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.84½	26.84½
Copenhag'n, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.75¾	26.75½
Prague, cheques	100kr.	2.96	2.96¼	2.96¼
Berlin, short sight	100mk.	23.80	23.86	23.86
Brussels, cables	100bel.	13.90	13.95¼	13.95¼
Berne, cables	100f.	19.30	19.36¼	19.36¼
Madrid, cables	100pes.	19.30	12.10	12.12½
Vienna, cables	100sch.	14.07	14.11	14.11
Budapest, cables	100pengo	17.49	17.49	17.49
Belgrade, cables	100din.	19.30	1.76⅞	1.76⅞
Athens, cables	100dr.	1.30	1.29¾	1.29¾
		Cents	Cents	Cents
B. Aires	1 peso	42.54	37.99	38.03
Rio, cables	1 mil.	32.45	11.72	11.71

RAILWAYS

—	Closing Prices June 9	June 7	—	Closing Prices June 9	June 7
Atchison	218	221½	Int.C.Amer	—	25
Atl. Coast	165	165	KansasCity	71	71
B. & O.	108½	110	Louisville	134	132
Do., Pref.	82¼	82¼	Minn. S.P.	23	23
Brooklyn M. T'sit	67⅞	68½	Miss. Pac.	72½	73⅛
Can. Pac.	197	198¾	Do., Pref.	125	129½
Cent. N.J.	251¼	265	N.Mex.I Pf	1⅛	1⅞
Ches. & O.	205	204	Do., 2 Pf.	⅞	⅞
Ch. G.W.	12	12½	N.Y. Cent.	166	169
Ch. Mil.	45	45	Nflk. & W.	232½	236
Ch. N.W.	76	77	N. Pacific	77½	80⅝
Ch.Mil.St.P.	17¼	18⅜	Penn'ylv'a	47½	47¾
Ch.Rock.Isl.	109¼	109¼	Reading	111	110
Del.& Hud.	167¼	169½	S.L. & S.F.	102	106
Del., Lack.	118	120	S.L. & S.W.	64	67
Erie	42	42	S. Pacific	116⅛	119
Do, 1st Pf.	65¼	65¼	Southern	105	105½
G.N., Pref.	86	87	U. Pacific	220½	222⅛
Ill. Cent.	124	127	Do., Pref.	86⅜	86⅛
Interboro' Rapid Tr.	27	28½	Wabash	41	44½
			Do., Pf. A	78	78

INDUSTRIALS

Air Reduct	139	141½	Int. Paper	24	23
AlliedChem	285	295	Int. Tel.	56	58¾
Am. Agric. Ch., Pref.	29	30⅛	Kennecott	44½	45¾
Am. and F. Pwr.	74	76¾	Kresge S.S.	30	30⅝
Am. Can.	132½	137⅛	K'ger. 5%	28⅝	30
Am. Locomo.	55⅛	55	Liggett& M	97	101
Am. Rolling Mills	63⅛	63¼	Loose Wile	60¼	63½
Am. Smelt.	68¾	69⅛	MackTrcks.	66½	69¾
Am.Sug. R.	60	60	Montg'y W.	40⅜	42
Am. Tel.	220	224	Nash Mtrs.	38	39⅛
Am. Tob.,	240	247½	Nat. Bisct.	84½	86⅞
Am. Wool'n	12⅝	13	Nat.CashR.	56½	60
Anaconda	55⅛	55⅝	Nat. Dairy	55⅜	57¼
Armour D. As.DryGds.	80	82	N. Amer.	113¾	117¼
Ad'tic Ref.	38¼	40½	Packard	15⅝	16
Baldwin	24¼	25½	Pan. Am. Pet.	58	59½
Barnsdall A	25¼	30¼	Pub. Ser. N.J.	103½	107¼
Beth. Steel	90½	92	Pull

COMPANY MEETINGS

JOHN BROWN & COMPANY

ARMAMENT FIRMS' DIFFICULTIES

FEWER ORDERS

THE CAPITAL REORGANIZATION SCHEME

SHAREHOLDERS' APPROVAL

VIEWS OF LORD ABERCONWAY AND SIR EDWIN CORNWALL

The ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of John Brown and Company, Limited, was held on Friday last at the Central Hall, Westminster, London, S.W.

The RIGHT HON. LORD ABERCONWAY, P.C., chairman of the company, presided.

The SECRETARY (Mr. J. F. Bridge) having read the notice convening the meeting and the report of the auditors,

The CHAIRMAN said:—Ladies and gentlemen,—The changes that have come over the three great trades in which we are interested—viz., shipbuilding, heavy steel and engineering, and coal—have, as you are aware, made it necessary in the interests of the holders of the various classes of our stock to revise the financial position of the company. All the other great armament firms have already done this on a most drastic scale, and several of the largest steel and colliery concerns have followed a similar course.

The primary object of this scheme is to write down the value of the capital assets to something like their utility value to-day, but this does not alter the actual value of these assets—it enables the revenue earned by the company to be applied to the purpose of building up reserves and making a fair distribution among the shareholders instead of for the purpose of writing down important sums by way of annual depreciation.

WAR-TIME EXPENDITURE

Great sums were spent by the armament firms during the War on plant for Government requirements which is now no longer likely to be of use, and owing to the incidence of excess profits duty most of these firms, including ourselves, were unable adequately to write down their capital expenditure out of the revenue then earned. In association with another large Sheffield firm this company a few years before the War established the Coventry Ordnance Works, which brought us large orders to Sheffield and also proved to be of incalculable value to the country during the War. After the War, when there was no further demand for armament manufactures, the English Electric Company was formed, which took over the Coventry works, among others, in exchange for shares, and some 600,000 shares of various classes were allotted to John Brown and Company, Limited, as representing their interests in Coventry. During the past few weeks the English Electric Company has been reconstructed, and we are compelled to write off a large sum against this investment. Our investment in the ordinary shares of Harland and Wolff, the great Belfast shipbuilders, has also been of great value to us in Sheffield, but having regard to the existing situation and to the amount of preference capital that has now been placed in front of the ordinary shares, we cannot regard them as worth their original value and again writing down is involved. Of course, our company is in no sense responsible for the depreciation in value of these two investments.

THE WASHINGTON AGREEMENT

With regard to the earning capacity of our company, it must be remembered that the Washington Agreement in 1922 suspended all capital shipbuilding for nine years, except for the Rodney and the Nelson, and a large battle cruiser that had just been started at Clydebank was withdrawn. Since then our company has only had two large warships—viz., the cruisers Australia and Canberra—and four destroyers to occupy what might be called the Admiralty section of our yard, which in other days used to represent nearly 50 per cent. of our shipbuilding orders.

This situation has been accentuated by the London Naval Conference just concluded, which further postpones any prospect of orders for large warships.

Again, there has been a great reduction in the number of passenger vessels ordered in this country by foreign owners, who now, through Government subsidies, are able to get their ships built in Continental yards. The warship orders from the smaller States are now going largely to Italian yards, where subsidies are provided by the Government against which we cannot compete. It might well be said that instead of devoting millions of money to out-of-work relief it would pay us to vote moneys for similar purposes here, and so not only maintain many thousands of men at work, but also preserve our national prestige as shipbuilders.

Then the number of high-class passenger vessels built for British owners has decreased because the French, the Italians, and the Germans, helped by their Governments, are turning out high-class liners which take a large slice of the ocean traffic from our British shipowning firms. For what orders there are here competition is fierce, and prices are quoted far below the economic level by firms who cannot face having their shipyards empty and their technical staffs reduced; even overhead charges are not covered, and profits can hardly be expected.

I am glad to remind you, however, that shipbuilders are trying to bring about a better state of affairs by the formation of the National Shipbuilders' Security, Limited, which is proposing to raise large sums for purchasing and dismantling some of the redundant shipyards of the country. Substantial progress has been made with this company's operations which deserve our heartiest support.

DIMINISHED ORDERS

The consequences of all this have been felt quite as keenly at our steel works in Sheffield owing to the diminution of orders for armour plate, gun forgings, and all the other high-class steel forgings and castings that were required for warships and big passenger liners, and their machinery and equipment. The quantity of armour required in recent years has been very small, and last year less than 50 tons were ordered by the Admiralty. It is obvious that this costly and most efficient plant can only be said to have value so far as it can produce work, but if you are faced with an almost total cessation of orders you may consider this value to be comparatively small.

It is true we have received some valuable help from the Admiralty towards the heavy cost of upkeep and maintenance, but this is of minor importance compared to the former profitable operation of the plant. We did not write down this plant so long as there was any possibility of large orders for heavy armour and armament work, but since the recent Naval Conference in London, where a further long postponement of capital ship construction has been agreed, your directors are convinced that we ought at once to deal with the financial situation. All of the five great armament firms have taken the same view, and their shareholders have supported it by their vote. We have held out to the last, partly because we relied a good deal on our collieries, but since the strike of 1926 and the partial collapse of the coal trade in this country, we feel that the situation must be faced in regard to all our great departments.

THE COLLIERIES

With regard to our collieries, apart from the fall in prices, we have been subject to high taxation for what are called social services and local rates. In one of our collieries these charges amounted to £25,000 in 1913, but last year they amounted to not less than £78,000, all of which has to be earned before profits can be thought of.

We have, however, I am glad to say, gained largely by the great combination started two years ago, known as the Five Counties Scheme, which by allocating quotas to the participating collieries, and thereby reducing outputs largely in excess of market requirements, raised prices by one or two shillings a ton, and thereby turned annual losses into profits, while, aided by a further scheme, under which coal for inland markets contributed a levy of 3d. a ton to a central fund for subsidizing coal for foreign export, the coal exports of the country in 12 months were increased by 10,000,000 tons. The Government Bill now passing through Parliament is intended to consolidate this position, and it will, I believe, do much to restore prosperity to the Midland coal trade.

THE NEW CUNARDER

Though we are doing a large business at the Atlas Works in heavy steel forgings and have also a considerable volume of general and railway work in hand, all this is being taken at competitive prices. I cannot say that there is much immediate prospect of an improvement in the iron or steel trades, but with regard to shipbuilding I may remind you that we have succeeded in the competition for the construction of a magnificent express steamer for the Atlantic service of the Cunard Line, and that the order will be placed with us when the owners have completed certain negotiations on other vital matters which are necessary before they can enter into the contract for construction. This will be the largest ship ever built in the British Isles, and will ensure continuity of work at Clydebank for some years. We highly appreciate the confidence that the Cunard Company has again given to our company, and we hope to renew the pleasant associations of the years in which we built for them the Lusitania and the Aquitania and many other fine ships of their fleet. This work is following upon the Empress of Britain for the Canadian Pacific Steamships, which is the biggest vessel now building in the country. His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales will honour Clydebank by another visit on Wednesday next to launch this great ship, and we can be proud of the fact that Clydebank still retains its position in the forefront of the British shipbuilding industry.

You will remember that we are the owners of 850,000 shares out of the 1,000,000 issued Ordinary shares of Thos. Firth and Sons, Limited, that highly successful, well-managed, and profitable company engaged largely in the lighter steel trades of Sheffield, and negotiations are now proceeding for a merger or closer cooperation of part of the plants and businesses of these two companies, which is intended to have the effect of large savings in cost and of adding greatly to the value of the shares of John Brown and Company, Limited, and also to the security of the Debenture-holders.

RESIGNATION OF CAPTAIN TRESIDDER

In conclusion I desire to express the regret of the Board at the resignation of Captain Tresidder, who has been a director of the company for 36 years, and has been of great value to us in his technical connexion with armour and gunnery.

I do not propose at this meeting to deal with the scheme of arrangement for the reorganization of the capital of the company because it will be the subject of special meetings which are to be held later to-day. I therefore now beg to move that the report of the directors, accounts and statement in compliance with the Companies Act, 1929, be received and adopted, and I will ask Sir Charles Ellis to second that motion.

SIR CHARLES E. ELLIS, G.B.E., K.C.B., seconded the resolution, and after some questions had been answered by the CHAIRMAN, it was carried unanimously.

The formal business was duly transacted.

MEETINGS OF DEBENTURE-HOLDERS

Separate MEETINGS of the holders of (*a*) the First Mortgage Debentures and (*b*) the Second Mortgage Debentures were then held to consider the scheme of arrangement.

The RIGHT HON. SIR EDWIN CORNWALL, Bart., P.C., D.L., J.P., the chairman appointed by the Court, who presided, said:—You have received full particulars of the scheme showing how it affects all classes of holders of Debentures and shares in the company, and also a circular signed by the chairman dealing at some length with the position of the company and the reasons which have prompted the directors to put forward the scheme. You will have seen in the letter addressed to you by Lord Aberconway, the chairman of the company, that the board have taken all the best advice available to them before submitting their proposals to you.

EXPERT ADVICE

The board consulted Sir Gilbert Garnsey, K.B.E., F.C.A., of the firm of Messrs. Price, Waterhouse and Co., and Mr. William Mackinnon, C.A., of the firm of Messrs. Alfred Tongue and Co. (the company's auditors), with a view to the preparation of a scheme for reorganizing the capital position of the company and writing off from the balance-sheet the capital which is not represented by property or assets at present-day values. The recommendations of Sir Gilbert Garnsey and Mr. Mackinnon are contained in their letter and the scheme of arrangement, which together with a *pro forma* balance-sheet of the company after effect has been given to the scheme, accompanied this letter.

The principal bankers of the company are willing, if the scheme of arrangement becomes effective, to continue and extend financial facilities to the company on terms which the directors consider reasonable.

As will be seen from the accompanying letter Sir Gilbert Garnsey and Mr. William Mackinnon consider that the terms of the scheme are fair and equitable to the holders of all classes of securities concerned, and that it is in the interests of all parties to carry the scheme into effect. They therefore recommend it for approval.

The board strongly advise the adoption of the scheme, which is formulated in the interests of the Debenture-holders and shareholders alike, with a view to maintaining the eminent position and reputation which the company's business enjoys.

THE COMPANY'S SUGGESTIONS

The company asks first that the terms of the Debentures should be prolonged until December 31, 1965, that the interest should be fixed at 6 per cent. per annum for the First Debentures, and 6½ per cent. for the Second Debentures; that the Debentures should be redeemed by means of a cumulative yearly sinking fund commencing in 1935, and calculated to redeem the whole of the Debentures at the due date; that the sinking fund should be applied in purchasing Debentures on the market at or below par plus accrued interest or by drawings at par; that the company shall have power to redeem the Debentures at an early date at a premium of 3 per cent. during the first year, 2 per cent. during the second year, and 1 per cent. during the third year or at par thereafter; that all Debentures redeemed are to be cancelled and cannot be reissued. Secondly, that the company be authorized to transfer the Atlas Works and the Scunthorpe Works to any other company or amalgamation of companies freed from the Debentures, and that the shares, securities and/or other consideration received in respect of any such transfer shall be allotted or transferred to or charged in favour of the respective trustees for the holders of the Debentures and form part of the specific security in their favour. And thirdly, that the company be at liberty to charge its floating assets but not the specifically mortgaged property to secure loans from bankers or others in the ordinary course of business, or to secure guarantees or undertakings given by or on behalf of the company in favour of any Government or other customers of the company for the due performance of contracts undertaken for them.

ORIGIN OF THE DEBENTURES

It is necessary for me to explain how the present type of Debentures came into existence, and are now out of date as a method of financing an important industrial business of the kind carried on by this company. Many years ago it was the custom to issue short term loans for three, five, seven, or 10 years at the option of the lenders and up to some eight years ago, when trade conditions were good, this method provided a regular and reliable channel of ready money for financing the company. The Debentures are not quoted on any Stock Exchange and the market in them is therefore much restricted, and no provision is made for regular sinking fund payments which could be utilised for purchases of Debentures on the market, thereby maintaining a market value. The change with which you will be mainly concerned is that which provides for redemption by means of a cumulative sinking fund, and it is the intention of the board if the scheme is adopted and sanctioned by the Court to apply for a quotation of the Debentures on the Stock Exchange, London, and on the Stock Exchanges in the provinces. With a security such as this carrying interest at what is to-day a high rate—namely, 6 per cent. per annum for the First Debentures and 6½ per cent. for the Second Debentures—there is little doubt that a market value approximating to par should be reached and maintained so soon as the security becomes widely known.

The First Debentures now outstanding amount to £561,821, being part of an authorized issue of £1,000,000, and the Second Debentures amount to £425,668, part of an authorized issue of £1,000,000. These Debentures were not, however, all issued at the same time. It has been the practice of the company to issue Debentures from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the trust deed as and when funds were required. These Debentures were issued for short terms of varying length and at various rates of interest. They are renewable at maturity and generally it has been the custom of the company either to renew Debentures as they fell due or if it was not found possible to renew with existing holders, to reissue to new holders, probably at a different rate of interest.

A FAIR AND PRACTICAL SCHEME

It has been found that the repayment of Debentures in large amounts each year is restricting the power of the company to finance large shipbuilding contracts, and when the position was considered by Sir Gilbert Garnsey and Mr. William Mackinnon, the experts who were called in, they advised that the present scheme was a fair and practical way of dealing with the situation.

The suggestion has been made that a Conversion Loan should have been issued, and the present Debentures paid off or the holders given the right of converting into a new issue. In the first place, it is not practicable to make an issue of this kind on reasonable terms in the present depressed state of the industry, but the scheme before you is in the nature of an offer for conversion, and one which is recommended by Sir Gilbert Garnsey and Mr. William Mackinnon and the directors of the company as being fair and equitable to the holders of all classes of securities concerned. It is intended to protect primarily the security of the Debenture-holders.

AMPLE SECURITY

As regards security, the First Debentures are now secured by a first specific mortgage and the Second Debentures by a second specific mortgage on practically the whole of the freehold and leasehold lands, properties, fixed plant and machinery, minerals, &c., of the company, and also a floating charge on the company's undertaking and all its assets, other than uncalled capital. These specific charges will remain, but you are asked under the scheme to authorize the company to transfer, if thought desirable, the Atlas Works at Sheffield and the Scunthorpe Works at Scunthorpe to any other company or amalgamation of companies on such terms as the directors may arrange, freed and discharged from the existing mortgages. In place thereof you will, of course, have specific charges on the consideration received for the transfer of these assets.

It will be seen from the *pro forma* balance-sheet which accompanied the chairman's circular that after reduction the Debentures are still covered by assets and the same can still be said if Atlas and Scunthorpe are eliminated entirely. These works have been written down to a very low value in the reorganization. On the other hand it must be taken into account that at present you have no charge on the uncalled capital, but your security will, in future, be increased by the capital which is to be called up under the scheme and the asset position improved by more than £300,000 in cash.

AN IMPORTANT POINT

I have dealt with two of the proposals which affect the Debenture-holders in the scheme and I will now take the third and last one. The deeds under which these Debentures are secured were drawn up many years ago and do not permit of the company competing on equal terms with similar important undertakings in the same line of business and in which rationalization in some form or other has taken place and facilities given for improving the profit-earning possibilities of the company. Industrial works which are unproductive of profit are a liability and not an asset, and every potential customer looks to the financial stability of the company to which he contemplates giving a large order. It is, therefore, of the utmost consequence to the welfare all the works and assets upon which you have a mortgage should be made as productive and profit-earning as possible. To achieve this object and to put the company on an equality with its competitors the company should be able to secure its bankers and others from whom it receives loans in the ordinary course of business and the Government and other customers for which it undertakes the execution of works or the supply of material. The Debenture-holders are therefore asked to give this power which will not however affect the fixed mortgage which would remain after the proposals are adopted.

COMPANY'S FINE RECORD

The company has a very fine record to look back upon. It has never made a loss. It has one of the best equipped and finest shipyards in the country at Clydebank and very large interests in collieries which are improving. It has also a large majority of the Ordinary shares of Thos. Firth and Sons, Limited, the highly successful company engaged largely in the lighter steel trades of Sheffield.

It can hardly be expected that such proposals as those now being made to you should be passed without comment, and it is the wish of the board as well as its being my duty to afford every relevant facility to the Debenture-holders to express their views and give their votes freely after full consideration of the proposed scheme of arrangement. It should, however, be borne in mind that what is best for this great company as a whole is of paramount importance.

Before submitting the form of resolution for the adoption of the scheme, I should be pleased to receive any question or observation you may wish to address to me and which I shall ask Sir Ernest Roney, the solicitor, to assist me in dealing with.

After discussion it was agreed at each meeting that it should be adjourned until June 20, at the same time and place to enable the company's advisers to confer with representatives of the Debenture-holders.

MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS

MEETINGS of the holders of (*a*) the Preference and (*b*) the Ordinary shares of the company followed.

The RIGHT HON. LORD ABERCONWAY, the chairman appointed by the Court, said that the causes which had led up to the present proposals were briefly set out in his circular. The company was one of the last of the great armament and shipbuilding companies to reorganize its capital structure with a view to the rationalization of its business. He expressed regret that owing to the legal requirements of the readjustments of capital it had been found necessary to call up the 5*s.* per share on the partly paid Ordinary capital. The working capital thus obtained would not only benefit the company, but would, they believed, make the shares, when fully paid, more marketable than they were with the uncalled liability. The Preference dividend had always been paid until June 30, 1929.

He then explained the effect of the scheme on the Preference shares and Ordinary shares, and went on to say that an endeavour had been made to treat both classes of shareholders on a perfectly fair basis having regard to their relative situations. Sir Gilbert Garnsey and Mr. Mackinnon stated that after careful consideration of the position of the company as shown by the detailed accounts submitted, and the information supplied to them by the directors, they were of opinion that the terms of the scheme were fair and equitable to the holders of all classes of securities concerned, and it was in the interest of all parties to carry the scheme into effect, and they therefore recommended it for approval.

RELATIVE POSITIONS OF THE CLASSES OF SHARES

The arrangement in regard to the Preference shares was set out clearly in the scheme, and the points which the Ordinary shareholders had to bear in mind were that while the capital of the Preference shares was not preferential in a liquidation to the Ordinary share capital, the interest on the Preference shares was cumulative. The scheme had therefore been devised in order to arrive at what was considered to be an equitable arrangement in regard to the modification of the rights of the Preference shareholders.

It was obvious that the great burden of the reduction in values of the assets of the company must fall upon the Ordinary shareholders, and it was in the order of things that taxation burden imposed by the last Budget has done much to retard the upgrowth of confidence and enterprise.

At the meetings of shareholders a card vote was taken, and in each case the CHAIRMAN announced that the resolution had been carried by an overwhelming majority and that the result would be reported to the Court in due course.

THE FINANCIAL TIMES

POSITION WELL MAINTAINED

THE YEAR'S ACTIVITIES

LORD CAMROSE'S REVIEW

The SECOND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of The Financial Times, Limited, was held on Friday last at the registered offices of the company, 72, Coleman-street, E.C.

The RT. HON. LORD CAMROSE (chairman of the company) presided.

The SECRETARY (Mr. H. A. Randall, F.C.I.S.) having read the notice convening the meeting and the report of the auditors,

The CHAIRMAN said:—Gentlemen,—I assume you will take the course usual on these occasions and take the report and accounts as read. (Agreed.)

Turning to the report, you will see that after payment of directors' fees, making full allowance for depreciation and full provision for income-tax, the profit for the year amounts to £131,336 15*s.* 2*d.* Adding to this the amount brought forward from last year gives a total of £154,152 9*s.* 4*d.* After deducting Preference dividend, absorbing £56,000; interim dividend on the Ordinary shares of 7½ per cent., less tax, paid last May, £30,000; and £10,000 placed to capital reserve account, there remains the sum of £58,152 9*s.* 4*d.*

We recommend that this sum should be dealt with in the following way:—

To general reserve, £10,000, raising that item to £91,964 5*s.*; to payment of final dividend on the Ordinary shares of 2½ per cent., less tax at 4*s.* 6*d.*, making 10 per cent. for the year, leaving to carry forward £38,464 19*s.* 4*d.*, as against £22,815 14*s.* 2*d.* brought in. We are carrying forward some £16,000 more than last year, and this sum would have provided nearly an additional 5 per cent. on the Ordinary shares had times been more propitious.

Finally, we propose taking £31,964 5*s.* from the general reserve and writing this amount off preliminary expenses, thus reducing that item to £50,000 and leaving the general reserve at £60,000.

Owing to requirements of the Companies Acts, 1929, you will note certain alterations in the presentation of the accounts. "Plant, machinery" disappears altogether, and "Stock in trade" is £487 13*s.* 9*d.*, as against £21,815 17*s.* 3*d.* last year; but these are now included in "Investments in subsidiary companies," standing at £481,634 15*s.* 1*d.* These assets are all practically held by the St. Clements Press, the entire share capital of which is owned by this company. Against "Sundry trade creditors and provision for income-tax "—£74,911 18*s.* 2*d.*—there are "Sundry trade debtors, loan, prepayments and cash," totalling £214,919 10*s.* 4*d.*

The experience of the past year illustrates the timeliness of the reminder I gave in my address a year ago that the business of finance, like any other, has its ups and downs. From the profit-earning point of view, the past year was not so good as the record set up by its predecessors. The earlier months, as I explained, promised excellently. Subsequent events, which nobody could hope to control, must be held accountable for the reduction of profit. In all the circumstances, the figures presented in the report will not be accounted unsatisfactory.

THE PAPER'S LEADING POSITION

You will want to know—and this is the acid test of the vitality of the business—whether, relatively to other journals, *The Financial Times* has maintained that outstanding position which it had held over a period of many years. I am able to assure you, with the utmost confidence, that we maintain in every respect our proud position as the pre-eminent newspaper for investors and the best-used medium for those who desire to appeal to them or elicit their support.

It was true of the past year, and it is equally true of the current period, to say that in respect of prospectus advertising, the publication of company meetings, and other financial announcements *The Financial Times* has carried, as is customary, the highest proportion of any newspaper in the country. The total number of prospectus advertisements inserted in *The Financial Times* during this period was 405, occupying space to the amount of 637 columns. The total amount involved was approximately £306,770,000. No other journal in the country equalled this total, either in number of prospectuses or in number of columns occupied.

In the same period *The Financial Times* contained reports of the meetings of 2,007 companies, occupying 2,149 columns of space. These figures are far in excess, both in number of meetings and columns, of the record of any other newspaper in the country.

Nor do its trade advertisements reveal any lack of vitality; the growing number of commercial houses who utilize its columns recognize that the direct appeal which they are offered to a moneyed public places *The Financial Times* among the most effective vehicles of publicity.

The fact that we continue to command in so remarkable a degree the confidence of the business world is in no small part the outcome of a constructive policy. As their reception has shown, the various special supplements published, to which I will make more detailed reference later, have made a real contribution to the promotion of intercourse between this and other countries, Empire and foreign.

FINANCIAL INQUIRIES

Not least in importance among the features of *The Financial Times* is its daily column of answers to inquiries on problems of investment. Again, during the past year some tens of thousands of queries were answered. If the questioner has not always received advice as bullish as he hoped, he has, at any rate, been able to rely upon both disinterested and balanced replies from a staff which has no end to serve except that of the readers of the paper. There is one index to the quality of the advice given which I may be permitted to mention. It is this: a very large number of correspondents, drawn alike from those who have many investments and those who are concerned to secure sound guidance on the safe placing of small amounts of capital, return repeatedly to us for advice.

A year of marked changes in financial conditions embraced the commencement of the new Companies Act. That measure was fully discussed in our columns, which welcomed the best provisions, many of which it had urged for a long time, and had something to say of the weaker features of the instrument.

While on the question of safeguarding the investor, it might be well to recall that *The Financial Times* was always among the leaders in the struggle to eliminate the less desirable features of company promotion and share vending in the years before Government addressed itself to the task of tightening up the law. Many are the financial adventurers, of both home and foreign extraction, who have had their wiles exposed in our columns and a period put to their harmful activities. *The Financial Times* stands as the pre-eminent investors' journal for dealing through properly organized and controlled bodies and will continue to expose those who do not conform to the high standards requisite to safe dealing and the protection of the public.

GENERAL CONDITIONS

We meet, unfortunately, this year under conditions of almost unexampled difficulty for the trade of the country. The abnormal relationship between production and consumption is an international phenomenon of magnitude, the correction of which is not yet in sight. While foreign affairs, like the slump on Wall-street, must be held responsible in part for the current depressed conditions at home, it is true also that amelioration of working conditions for capital, which is essential to the recovery of prosperity, is slow to come. It is not surprising, perhaps, that the nation should show signs of turning from its old fiscal faith of unrestricted imports as the result of its anxious examination of ways and means to keep up the standard of living in this country. We have to reckon, too, with the Coal Mines Bill as an uncertain factor, while other legislation contemplated by Government threatens to raise fresh obstacles to industrial and financial recovery. There can be no doubt that the addition to the taxation burden imposed by the last Budget has done much to retard the upgrowth of confidence and enterprise.

The general prospect lacks clarity; but while recognizing the imperfections of the moment we are not pessimists with regard to the future of *The Financial Times*. Its financial position is sound, its organization excellent, and the confidence it commands among both readers and advertisers undiminished. This is true both at home and abroad. Overseas, the number of special correspondents retained at the service of the paper has grown, since our assumption of proprietorship, from three to nearly 40. The latest news and views from all the leading centres abroad thereby made available daily to the readers of *The Financial Times* play no small part in the maintenance of that outstanding position which we are fully determined to retain.

SPECIAL SUPPLEMENTS

The special supplements we issue from time to time—especially those of international scope like the Banking Supplement—exemplify the world-wide ramifications of *The Financial Times* and the position it has attained as a journal of the highest standing. A striking feature of the Banking Supplement is the array of distinguished contributors, these including many of the world's leading bankers, statesmen, diplomats, and economists. Their collaboration is proof positive of the high estimation in which the paper is held in most influential quarters, for no journal is favoured to anything like the same extent.

We have also to acknowledge our indebtedness to the foreign Embassies and Legations, to the High Commissioners of the British Overseas Dominions, and the Agents-General of States and Provinces for their aid in enabling us to compile statistical tables. They have spared no pains in complying with our requirements and have, when necessary, cabled to their Governments to expedite the receipt of the latest and most reliable data not otherwise obtainable in this country.

Our Banking Supplements, therefore, may be regarded as semi-official, and they are filed not only in banks throughout the world, but also in the commercial bureaux of foreign Governments.

The printing of outstanding articles in French, German, Spanish, and Italian, as well as in English, is a much appreciated feature, and it has led to extensive quotation in the columns of many foreign journals, so that *The Financial Times* gets the benefit of a really extraordinary amount of publicity abroad. Moreover, thanks to the inclusiveness of our publishing arrangements, there is no country, however remote, in which *The Financial Times*, containing our Banking Supplements, cannot be purchased.

"CANADA'S RESOURCES"

Our Canadian Supplements can be obtained in every fairly populous centre throughout the length and breadth of the Dominion. The sixth of the series, which has been appearing at half-yearly intervals, was published only this week, and the interest these series have excited in Canada and here, since they started three years ago, is undiminished. On the contrary, it has greatly grown, and in view of that interest and the support we are receiving we have decided to continue the series instead of finishing with six issues, as originally contemplated. When it began, the magnificent resources of Canada, her amazing progress in recent years, the importance she has attained among the producing and exporting nations of the world, the opportunities she offers to British capital and enterprise and the risks that might attend continued neglect of these opportunities were very imperfectly understood in this country. But it is now acknowledged in Canada that, thanks in no small measure to our persistent advocacy, British capital and enterprise are no longer so indifferent, and that there is a clearer perception than there was of the Dominion's assured greatness. In accordance with our policy of supplying only authoritative information, the facts and figures in our Canadian Supplements have been furnished and vouched for by Dominion statesmen, bankers, and industrialists, who have readily collaborated with *The Financial Times* in presenting a thoroughly reliable and up-to-date survey of conditions in the Dominion.

Both from Canadian interests here and from leading spokesmen of Canada we have been congratulated on the excellence and success of our efforts and urged to persist in what they are pleased to call an Imperial service of the highest value. Our desire to render Imperial service is not limited to Canada, and when opportunity offers and circumstances justify we shall be glad to do the like for other Dominions of the Empire.

In the interests of British trade and industry we have not been unmindful of the opportunities for mutually advantageous trading relations with foreign countries, and we have published supplements with a view to fostering them. In such cases we have had the collaboration of Premiers, Finance Ministers, Ministers of Commerce, and other authorities writing under their own names and with a full sense of responsibility.

STATUS OF "THE FINANCIAL TIMES"

It will be seen, therefore, that both at home and abroad *The Financial Times* has attained a status and a recognition which are, perhaps, unique, and that it can everywhere rely on appreciation and good will.

Finally, I should like to express on behalf of directors and shareholders alike our feelings of gratitude to the staff for the work they have done during a very trying period. It is no idle boast to say that the staff of *The Financial Times* is unique in its capacity to render service to the investor. Of the highest integrity, they deal in a thoroughly efficient manner with all the problems which arise almost every day in the world of finance, and we have every reason to be proud of the manner in which their work is performed.

I beg to move: "That the report of the directors produced, together with the annexed statement of the company's accounts at December 31, 1929, be now approved and adopted."

Mr. R. J. BARRETT (managing editor) seconded the resolution, which was carried unanimously.

SIR EDWARD M. ILIFFE, C.B.E., proposed the re-election of the retiring directors, Sir J. Gomer Berry and Mr. H. A. Randall.

Mr. R. J. BARRETT seconded the motion, and it was unanimously approved.

The auditors, Messrs. Price, Waterhouse and Co. and Messrs. Arthur J. Davis and Co., were reappointed.

On the motion of Mr. M. S. MYERS, a hearty vote of thanks was unanimously accorded to the chairman and directors, and the proceedings terminated.

BARCELONA TRACTION ORDINARY DIVIDEND

The directors of the Barcelona Traction, Light, and Power Company have declared a dividend of 50 cents per share on the Ordinary shares of no par value, payable on June 30, 1930. This dividend is the first to be declared since the unification of the share capital, and in future the board proposes to make a payment on account of dividend (provided the situation of the company justifies it) every four months—namely, in February, June, and October in each year.

Holders of old Preference share warrants now representing six Ordinary shares of no par value, and holders of old Ordinary share warrants now representing one Ordinary share of no par value, on detaching Coupon No. 24 from the old Preference share warrants and Coupon No. 7 from the old Ordinary share warrants and lodging the same in Brussels, will receive in exchange on and after June 30, 1930, the equivalent in Belgian currency of $3.00 for Coupon No. 24 and $0.50 for Coupon No. 7, both in Canadian currency, calculated at the rate of exchange ruling on the date of payment. Holders of the share warrants prior to lodging their coupons for encashment must present their warrants at MM. Henri Wauters et Cie., for the purpose of having endorsed thereon a memorandum relating to the unification of the share capital.

TRADE OF JAPAN

The monthly commercial cable received at the Japanese Embassy from Tokyo shows:—Exports, May, 115,000,000 yen (April, 117,000,000); imports, 155,000,000 yen (April, 148,000,000); excess of imports, 40,000,000 yen (April, 31,000,000). Total excess of imports for the year up to the end of May is 196,000 yen, a reduction of 69,000,000 yen on the figure at the same date last year.

Exports of raw silk, cotton piecegoods, and silk piecegoods declined, and, with the exception of crude and heavy oils, articles of import showed a decrease.

The efflux of gold and silver bullion during May was 21,000,000 yen, making the total since January 220,000,000 yen. It has been decided to curtail production in the cotton industry by a further 10 per cent., as from June 17.

Raw silk stocks have increased, and prices are lower, due to the cheapness of new crop cocoons. Anticipating a heavy spring cocoon crop, it was decided to reduce working time in spinning by one hour a day as from June 1.

Cotton yarn business is at a standstill, affected by the continued decline in silver and the temporary suspension of buying from India.

STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES

For the convenience of our readers we reproduce below the Stock Exchange closing prices of last Friday, with changes since Thursday.

SETTLEMENT DATES

Ticket ..	June 24	July 8	July 22
Pay-day ..	June 26	July 10	July 24

BRITISH FUNDS, &c.

Highest and Lowest, 1929	Name of Security	Closing Prices	Rise or Fall
56⅝ 52	Consols, 2½% ..	55⅛ 55⅜	+⅛
88⅛ 81⅝	Do., 4% ..	88 88⅛	+⅛
103¼ 99⅛	War Loan, 5% ..	102⅝ 102⅝	+¼
101⅞ 99½	Do., 4% ..	101 101¼	+⅛
91⅜ 82½	Fdg. Loan, 4% ..	89¼ 89½	+⅛
95½ 90	Victory, 4% ..	94 94¼	..
95⅝ 90	Do., Nat. Bds. ..	94⅛ 94⅜	..
80¼ 72⅛	Conversion, 3½% ..	77⅞ 77⅞	+⅛
100 93	Do., 4½% ..	98½ 98¼	+⅛
.. ..	Do., 5% ..	103¼ 103½	+⅛
101⅜ 97½	Treas. 5% '33-35	102⅝ 102⅝	..
100 96½	Do., 4½% '30-32	100⅜ 100⅜	-⅛
98⅛ 94⅞	Do., 4% '32-34	101¼ 101½	-⅛
97½ 93⅜	Do., 4% '31-33	100 100¼	-⅛
60¼ 55	Irish Land, 2½% ..	58 59	..
66 60¼	Do., 3% ..	63¼ 64⅛	..
65⅛ 60	Local Loans, 3% ..	64⅛ 64⅝	..
84¾ 80	Do., 2½% ..	81 83	..
266 259	Bank of England	250 253	..
82⅞ 77¼	Egyptian, 7% ..	81 83	..
71⅞ 60	India, 5% ..	60 61	..
61⅛ 50½	Do., 4% ..	51 52	..
51½ 44	Do., 3½% ..	42 44	..
101⅞ 98	Do., 5% ..	101¼ 101¾	..
92¼ 80¼	Do., 4% '50-55	82½ 83½	..
109 103⅛	Sudan, 5% ..	106¾ 107¾	..
66⅝ 60	Ldn. Cty., 3% ..	63 64	..
76¼ 70	Do., 3½% ..	74¾ 75¾	..
104⅝ 99¼	Do., 5% '40-60	101 102	..
104¼ 100	Corp. of Ldn., 5%	105 106	..
63¾ 59	Met. Water, "B"	66 67	..
67 58¾	Do., "A" ..	64½ 65½	..
85½ 81	Met. Cons., 3%	86 87	..
73½ 67½	Do., 2½% ..	71 72	..
64 58	Pr. of Lond., 3%	.. ..	..
.. ..	" A" ..	60 61	..
83¼ 76¼	Do., 4% "B" ..	80½ 81½	..
100¾ 93	Do., 4½% ..	95 96	..

DOMINION AND COLONIAL

103½ 98	Aust., 6% '31-41	98¼ 99¼	..
99¼ 90½	Do., 5% '45-75	86¼ 87¼	..
91¾ 86¼	Can., 4% '40-60	90½ 91	..
83¾ 78⅝	Do. 3½% '30-50	82¾ 83¼	..
95¼ 91⅛	Cape, 4% '16-36	95 95½	..
82⅝ 78¼	Do. 3½% '29-49	81¾ 82¼	..
81⅞ 78¼	Do., 3% '33-43	83 83½	..
113¾ 108½	G.C.'at.-6% '45-74	109½ 110	..
104¼ 99	Kenya 5% '46-58	102 102½	..
85½ 81⅝	N.Z. 4½% '34-44	85½ 86	..
76⅞ 72½	Do., 3% '29-49	75¾ 76¼	..
88 83⅛	N.S.W. 5% '35-45	84 84½	..
77 69⅛	Do. 3½% '30-50	66¼ 66¾	..
94⅛ 90½	Do., 4% 1933	91¾ 92¼	..
99½ 88¼	Do., 5% '45-65	87¼ 87⅝	..
102 92	Do., 5½% '47-57	88⅝ 89¼	..
104 98¼	N.Zeal., 5% '46	100¼ 100⅝*	..
97⅞ 91⅞	Do., 4½% '45	95¾ 96¼	..
89⅛ 82⅛	Do., 4% '43-63	85½ 85	..
88⅝ 84⅞	Do., 3½% '40	88½ 89	..
80¾ 75	Do., 3% 1945	79¾ 80¼	..
104½ 98½	Nig., 5% '47-57	102½ 103	..
100 89	Qld., 5% '40-60	85½ 86	..
84 73⅜	Do., 4% '50-75	75¼ 75¾	..
104¼ 98⅞	S. Af., 5% '45-75	99 99½	..
90 81½	Do., 4% '43-63	86 86½	..
99⅜ 89	S.A.'st., 5% '45-75	85½ 86	..
102¾ 97⅞	S. Rd., 5% '34-49	101¼ 101⅝	..
85⅞ 79½	Tas'a., 3½% 1940	79 79½	..
99½

Broadcasting

THE PROGRAMMES

OPERA FROM COVENT GARDEN

The third act of Puccini's *Madame Butterfly* will be relayed from the Covent Garden Opera House and broadcast to-night at 10.15 from the London Regional transmitter. Earlier in the evening there will be given a variety entertainment, to which Miss Irene Russell, Miss Desirée Ellinger, Mr. Leslie Henson, and Jack Payne and his B.B.C. Band will contribute.

BROADCAST HISTORY LESSONS

The first publication of the Central Council for School Broadcasting, now issued, shows that the Council is already taking steps towards the discharge of one of its important functions—the assessment of the value of the various lessons broadcast under its supervision.

Inquiry Pamphlet No. 1 contains "The Evidence Regarding Broadcast History Lessons," compiled by the History Sub-Committee of the Council. It consists of an account of five different attempts to collect material which might be used as a guide in determining the type of broadcast lesson likely to be of value in the teaching of history. It is a pamphlet written by the expert for experts. Attention is called to the defects as well as to the merits of past courses as shown by the evidence, and the value of the evidence itself is carefully analysed. The pamphlet will be circulated by the Council to suitable educational bodies, with the request for their considered opinion as to whether the evidence may be deemed sufficient, or whether the collection of further data is desirable. No pretension is made, however, that the evidence allows for the formulation of a final verdict on school broadcasting.

PROGRAMMES

The broadcasting arrangements for to-day, June 10, are as follows:—

NATIONAL PROGRAMME (1,148kc.) (261.3m.) (193kc.) (1,554.4m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30**:—Time Signal from Greenwich; Weather. **10.45**:—Other People's Lives, 3—The Land Worker's Wife, by Mrs. Titcumbe. **11-11.30 (261·3m. only)**:—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Sound). **12**:—Olive Jenkin (soprano); John Coast (baritone). **12.30**:—Organ Recital. **1**:—Orchestra from the Piccadilly Hotel. **2.5-2.30**:—Gramophone Records. **4**:—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. **4.30**:—Orchestra from the Brixton Astoria.

5.15:—Children: Songs by the Temple Quartet; the Story of the White Pasha (Percy A. Clarke); The Princess's Handwriting, from Funny Stories (Egon Hillgenborg), translated from the German by May Jenkin. **6**:—A Series of Readings, by Peter Creswell. 1—Dauber, by John Masefield. **6.15**:—Weather; News. **6.40**:—Mozart's Pianoforte Duets, played by Ethel Bartlett and Rae Robertson. **7-7.20**:—Hints on Sport. 1—Some Golfing Hints, by Mr. Bernard Darwin. **7.25**:—The Making of a Personality, 7—The Nervous System, 3—The Brain, by Professor G. Elliot Smith.

7.45:—Pipe Music by Seton Gordon, with illustrations by Pipe-Major Robert Reid, from Glasgow. **8-8.30 (1,554.4m. only)**:—The Study of the Mind, 7—Psychological Experiment, by Dr. Cyril Burt. **8**:—The Wireless Orchestra, conducted by John Ansell; Wilhelmine Coudray (soprano). **9**:—Weather; News; London and New York Stock Exchange Reports; Shipping Forecast and Fat Stock Prices (1,554.4m. only). **9.25**:—The Progress of Music, by Dr. George Dyson. **9.45**:—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. **10.45**:—Band, from Grosvenor House. **11.15-12**:—Band, from Ciro's Club. **12-12.20 (261.3m. only)**:—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Sound).

LONDON REGIONAL PROGRAMME.—842 kc. (356.3m.).

11-11.30 a.m.:—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Vision). **12**:—Elsie Rist (soprano); The Georgian Trio. **1**:—Organ Recital. **2-3**:—Midland Regional programme. **5.15**:—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. **6.15**:—Weather; News. **6.40**:—Midland Regional programme. **7.15**:—Irene Russell, at present appearing in The House That Jack Built; Desirée Ellinger, at present appearing in Silver Wings; Leslie Henson, at present appearing in A Warm Corner; Jack Payne and his B.B.C. Dance Orchestra; Zara, a Viennese Operetta; Book by Leonora Wodehouse and C. Denis Freeman; Lyrics by P. G. Wodehouse; Music by Tony Lowry and Douglas Brownsmith. **8.30**:—Modern Aspects of Finance, 1—Money and Prices, by Mr. F. W. Hirst. **9**:—News. **9.5**:—Reginald King's Orchestra; Hardy Williamson (tenor). **10**:—Weather; News. **10.15-10.50**:—Madame Butterfly, Act 3 (Puccini), relayed from the Royal Opera House, Covent Garden. **12-12.20**:—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Vision).

MIDLAND REGIONAL PROGRAMME.—626kc. (479.2m.).

12:—London Regional programme. **2-3**:—The Midland Wireless Orchestra, conducted by Frank Cantell. **5.15**:—Children: Tales out of School, by Auntie Tiggie of the Tuck Shop. Songs by Cuthbert Ford (baritone). Musical Selections by the Norris Stanley Sextet. **6**:—London Regional programme. **6.15**:—Weather; News. **6.40**:—Organ Recital, by Dr. Harold Rhodes, relayed from Coventry Cathedral. **7.15**:—London Regional programme. **9**:—News. **9.5**:—The Band of the 11th Hussars, conducted by T. Stenning. Leicepl. G. Quick and Bandsman G. Hall (xylophone duet), relayed from the Pump Room Gardens, Royal Leamington Spa. **10**:—Weather; News. **10.15-10.50**:—London Regional programme.

ABERDEEN (995kc.) (301.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30**:—National programme. **11-12**:—Gramophone Records. **2.40**:—See Glasgow. **6.15**:—National programme. **7**:—See Glasgow. **7.25**:—National programme. **7.45**:—See Glasgow. **9**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-12**:—National programme.

BELFAST (1,238kc.) (242.3m.).

10.15-10.30 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **4**:—The Radio Quartet: David Jones (oboe), Hugh Carson (baritone), John Hartley (cor anglais and oboe). **5.15**:—Children. **6**:—Stoo Pros. **6.15**:—National programme. **7**:—Mr. J. C. Orr: Memories of Old Belfast. **7.15**:—Music. **7.25**:—National programme. **8**:—The Belfast Symphony Orchestra, conducted by Vincent O'Brien; Philip Whiteway (violin); Linda Seymour (contralto). **9**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-12**:—National programme.

BOURNEMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **12-1**:—National programme. **4-12**:—As National programme.

CARDIFF (968kc.) (309.9m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **2.5-2.30**:—National programme. **4**:—The Special Orchestra of Wales (Leader, Louis Levitus), conducted by Warwick Braithwaite; Constance Astington (soprano). **5.15**:—Children. **6**:—The Luns of South Wales and their Songs, by Mr. J. Jones Fletcher: Saklpian and other lins. **6.15**:—National programme. **7**:—Mr. Iorwerth Peate: Life in Byrone Wales—Transport. **7.25**:—National programme. **8**:—Ronald Frankau's Cabaret Kittens; Gwen Alban; Ronald Frankau; Cynthia Reece; Maitland Moss; Ernest Bertram; Renee Roberts, relayed from the Grove Park, Weston-super-Mare. **9**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-12**:—National programme.

DUBLIN—Call 2RN (413m.), 1kw.

1.30:—Time Signal, Weather, Stock Report, and Gramophone Concert. **5**:—Gramophone Concert. **6.15**:—Children. **7**:—Gramophone Records. **7.15**:—News. **7.30**:—Time and Leigheacht Gaedhlge. **7.45**:—Talk. **8**:—Concert—The Station Orchestra; Edie O'Dwyer (soprano); The Orpheus Repertory Company in a Play; Variations on Ballad Themes; John Lynaker (baritone); Annie Fagan (harpist); the Station Orchestra. **10.30**:—Time Signal, News, and Weather.

DUNDEE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

EDINBURGH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30**:—National programme. **11-12**:—See Glasgow. **2.40**:—See Glasgow. **6.15**:—National programme. **7**:—See Glasgow. **7.25**:—National programme. **7.45**:—See Glasgow. **9**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-12**:—National programme.

GLASGOW—752kc. (398.9m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30**:—National programme. **11-12**:—Gramophone Records. **2.40**:—For the Children—Mr. Jean-Jacques Oberlin, Elementary French—7, Poetry Reading. **3.5**:—Music. **3.10**:—Mr. Alexander L. Taylor.—Myths of the Norsemen in English Poetry and Folk-lore—7, Loki: the Evil One. **3.30**:—The Octet; Queenie Arthur (soprano). **4.30**:—Orchestra. **5**:—Nora K. Mitchell (reciter). **5.15**:—Children. **5.57**:—Weather for Farmers. **6**:—Mr. Robert Rowand.—Photography: The Choice of Subjects. **6.15**:—National programme. **7**:—Dr. A. P. Laurie.—Art Forgeries (from Edinburgh). **7.25**:—National programme. **7.45**:—Seton Gordon.—Pipe Music, with illustrations by Pipe-Major Robert Reid. **8**:—The Octet; Anne Ballantine (contralto); John MacArthur (violin); George Hutchison (entertainer); Frank Gordon (bass-baritone). **9**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-12**:—National programme.

MANCHESTER—797kc. (376.4m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **12**:—Gramophone Records. **1-2**:—National programme. The Band of the 2nd Battalion the Queen Gordon Highlanders (The 92nd), conducted by Mr. A. H. Macpherson; S. Drought (piccolo solo); Band-Sgt. A. Fuller (trombone solo); relayed from the West End Bandstand, Morecambe. **3**:—Gramophone Lecture. **5.15**:—Children. **6**:—Mr. J. Edward Mason.—The Schoolboy in Literature. **6.15**:—National programme. **7**:—Major W. Gwynn.—How the Flemish Weavers came to Lancashire. **7.25**:—National programme. **7.45**:—The Halle Orchestra, conducted by Sir Hamilton Harty; Dyra Labette (soprano), relayed from the Free Trade Hall, Liverpool. **9**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-12**:—National programme.

PLYMOUTH—1,040kc. (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **12-1**:—National programme. **4**:—As National programme. **5.15**:—Children. **6**:—National programme. **7**:—Early Romances of the West Country.—I.—Miss Margaret E. Kilgour.—King Arthur in Fact and Fiction. **7.25**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-12**:—National programme.

SWANSEA—1,040kc. (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **2.5-2.30**:—National programme. **4**:—See Cardiff. **6.15**:—National programme. **7**:—See Cardiff. **7.25**:—National programme. **8**:—See Cardiff. **9**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-12**:—National programme.

RELAY STATIONS.—**LIVERPOOL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), LEEDS-BRADFORD (1,500kc. and 1,040kc.) (200m. and 288.5m.), NEWCASTLE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), SHEFFIELD (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), HULL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), STOKE-ON-TRENT (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).**

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **12**:—See Manchester. **1-2**:—National programme. **4**:—See Manchester. **6.15**:—National programme. **7**:—See Manchester. **7.25**:—National programme. **7.45**:—See Manchester. **9**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-12**:—National programme.

FOREIGN STATIONS

NOTE.—Hours of Transmission are British Summer Time. Hours are p.m. unless otherwise stated:—

BARCELONA (Radio Barcelona)—Call EAJ1 (349m.), 8kw.—7:—Talk for Women. **7.30**:—Trio Music and News. **9.30**:—Elementary English Lesson. **10**:—Chimes, Weather and Exchange Quotations. **10.5**:—Humorous Review of the Week's Events in Verse. **10.20**:—Concert. **11**:—News. **11.5**:—Orchestral Concert, followed by Exhibition Notes.

BELGRADE (432m.), 2.5kw.—6:—Gramophone Records. **7.30**:—Talk. **8**:—Programme (not yet announced) relayed from Zagreb (308m.). **10**:—Time and News. **10.15**:—Recital of Yugoslavian Songs.

BERLIN (Kaiserswerberstein) (1,635m.), 2kw.—**4.30**:—See Leipzig. **5.30**:—Talks. **6.40**:—Elementary French Lesson. **7.5**:—Talks. **7.55**:—Weather for Farmers. **8**:—See Berlin (Witzleben). **8.30**:—See Langenberg. **9.30**:—Trio in D Minor for Pianoforte, Horn and Clarinet (Rüegely), followed by Political Press Review and News from Berlin (Witzleben).

BERLIN (Witzleben) (418m.), 1.5kw.—**7.5**:—Recital from the Works of Beethoven. **7.30**:—Recital for two Pianos. **7.55**:—Labour Market Report. **8**:—Topical Talk. **8.30**:—Little Revue (Zyrzian and Sylvester) Music by Allan Gray, followed by Political Press Review, Time, Weather, News and Sports Notes.

BERNE (460m.), 1kw.—**7.58**:—Time and Weather. **8**:—Talk. **8.30**:—Song Recital from the Works of Schubert and Beethoven. **9**:—Orchestral Concert. In the interval at 10:—News and Weather.

BRATISLAVA (279m.), 12.5kw.—**7.35**:—Reading. **8**:—See Prague. **9**:—Popular Orchestral Concert. **10**:—See Prague. **10.15**:—Orchestral Concert. **10.55**:—Programme Announcements.

BRESLAU (325m.), 2kw., and GLEIWITZ (253m.).—**7.5**:—Weather for Agriculturists. **7.7**:—Orchestral Concert from the Works of Tchaikovsky. **8**:—Weather. **8.2**:—Talk. **8.30-10.25** (approx.):—See Berlin (Witzleben). **10.26**:—News. **10.50**:—Report of the Silesian Amateur Wireless Society. **11**:—Orchestral Concert and Dance Music.

BRUNN (342m.), 2.4kw.—**7.5**:—Talk on Music. **7.15**:—Reading. **7.30**:—See Prague. **7.35**:—Sports Notes. **7.45**:—Talk. **8**:—See Prague. **9**:—Orchestral Concert, from the Works of Richard Strauss. **10**:—See Prague. **10.15**:—Programme from Bratislava. **10.55**:—News and Theatre Review.

BRUSSELS (508.5m.), 1kw.—**5**:—Concert of Trio Music. **6**:—French Language Lesson. **6.30**:—Gramophone Records. **7.30**:—Le Journal parlé. **8.15**:—Gramophone Records. **8.20**:—Talk: **8.30**:—Concert arranged by the Royal Choral Society of the Val-St.-Lambert Glass Factories. In the interval at **8.50**:—Talk on the Choral Society of the Val-St.-Lambert Glass Factories. **9.15**:—Topical Talk. **9.20**:—Orchestral Concert. **9.30**:—M. Badin—One Act Comedy (Georges Courteline). **9.45**:—Dance Music. **10.15**:—News.

BUDAPEST (550m.), 20kw.—**7**:—French Language Lesson. **7.40**:—Selections by a Tzigan Orchestra. **8.40**:—Vocal and Instrumental Concert. **10.10**:—Concert from the Café Ostende.

COPENHAGEN (281m.), 0.75kw. and KALUNDBORG (1,153m.), 7.5kw.—**6.50**:—Weather and News. **7.15**:—Time Signal. **7.30**:—Talk. **8**:—Town Hall Chimes. **8.2**:—Orchestral Concert.—Persian March (Joh. Strauss); Ball Scene on a Violin Etude for Strings (Helmesberger); Viennese Song, Noch einmal fahr' mit mir hinaus (May); Donner und Blitz (Joh. Strauss); **8.30**:—A Comedy in Three Acts (Ladislaus Fodor). Danish by Agnes Dans. **10**:—News and Report of the Danish Radio Club. **10.20**:—Chamber Music Concert—Trio for Strings op. 9, No. 3 in C minor (Beethoven); String Quartet in E flat major (Haydn).

CRACOW (313m.), 1kw.—**7.10**:—Agricultural Report. **7.20**:—Talk. **7.50**:—An Opera Relay—After the Opera and Gramophone Concert.

FRANKFURT (390m.), 1.5kw. and CASSEL (246m.).—**7**:—Time and Economic Notes. **7.5**:—See Stuttgart. **7.30**:—Wind Instrument Concert. **8.30**:—Choral and Instrumental Concert from the Works of Alexander Friedrich von Hessen. **9.30**:—A Relay from the Stadtwald. **10.30**:—News, Sports Notes and Weather. **12.30 a.m.** (Wednesday) (Frankfurt only):—Concert of Songs and Pianoforte Music by Franz Schubert.

HAMBURG—Call ha (in Morse) (372m.), 2kw. and BREMEN (315.8m.), 1.7kw. (950m.); HANOVER (560m.); KIEL (232.2m.).—**7**:—Agricultural Talk. **7.25**:—Talk. **7.50**:—Exchange and Weather. **8**:—Can you believe it? Play in Four Scenes (Theodor Kemmer). **9.15**:—From Foreign Men and Foreign Lands—Concert conducted by Horst Platen; Wireless Suite, James Cook (Platen); Hiawatha (Coleridge-Taylor); African Suite (Lacome). **10.15**:—Talks, News, Weather, Sports Notes and Miscellaneous Announcements. **10.35**:—Dance Music.

HILVERSUM (298m.), 8.5kw. After 5.40 p.m. on 1,071m.—9.40 a.m.:—Time and Daily Service. **11.40**:—Quintet Concert. **1.40**:—Gramophone Records. **2.40**:—Talk. **3.40**:—Ballad Concert. **5.10**:—Orchestral Concert, relayed from the Café Moderne, Amsterdam. **5.40**:—Time Signal. **5.41**:—Concert. **6.10**:—Exchange Quotations. **6.15**:—Gramophone Records. **6.40**:—Talk. **7.10**:—Gramophone Records. **7.40**:—Time Signal. **7.41**:—Gramophone Records. **7.55**:—Orchestral Concert—Overture, Egmont (Beethoven); The Fifth Symphony, op. 95 (Dvorak); Suite from Peria (Delibes); Symphonic Variations for Piano and Orchestra (Franck); Les Préludes (Liszt). **10.10**:—Gramophone Records.

HUIZEN (1,875m.), 6.5kw.—**7.55 a.m.**:—Gramophone Concert. **11.10**:—Divine Service. **11.40**:—Police Notes. **11.55**:—Trio Concert. **12.55**:—New Gramophone Records. **1.40**:—Programme for Women. **2.40**:—Relay of the Ceremony of the Unveiling of the Dr. Cuypers Monument at Roermond. **4.40**:—Soloist Concert. **5.40**:—Sports Talk. **5.55**:—Gramophone Concert. **6.25**:—Lesson in Ecclesiastical Latin. **6.55**:—Talk. **7.25**:—Police Notes. **7.40**:—Time Signal. **7.41**:—Vocal and Orchestral Concert. **10.40**:—Gramophone Records.

LAHTI (1,800m.), 40kw.—**6.15**:—Humorous Talk. **6.40**:—Talk. **7**:—Choral Concert from the University. **8.45**:—News in Finnish and Swedish. **9.15**:—Military Music from the Kasvesli Restaurant.

LANGENBERG (473m.), 60kw. and AIX-LA-CHAPELLE (463m.); COLOGNE (277m.):—**MUNSTER (234m.).**—**7**:—Economic Notes, Weather, and Sports Announcements. **7.15**:—French Conversation. **7.40**:—Talk. **8**:—Orchestral Concert, followed by News and Sports Notes.

LEIPZIG (259m.), 1.5kw. and DRESDEN (319m.).—**4.30**:—Orchestral Concert. **5.55**:—Economic Notes, Weather and Time. **6**:—Talk. **6.30**:—French Conversation. **7**:—Talk. **7.40**:—Hungarian Music by the Station Orchestra. **8.45**:—The Family Album, Radio Sequence (Ilse Kammitzer and Ernst Stockmeyer). **9.30**:—Instrumental Concert. **10.15**:—Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes and Gramophone Dance Music.

MADRID (Union Radio)—Call EA.J7 (424m.), 2kw.—**8**:—Chimes, Exchange, and Programme for Children. **8.30**:—Dance Music. **9.25**:—News and Announcements. **11**:—Chimes, Time and The Swallows, Opera (Usandizaga), on Gramophone Records. **1 a.m. (Wednesday)**:—Chimes, News, and Dance Music.

MILAN—Call IMI (501m.), 7kw.—**7.15**:—Variety Music. **8**:—Announcements; Weather. **8.10**:—News. **8.20**:—Literary Review. **8.30**:—Time Signal. **8.32**:—Concert of Chamber Music. **9.15**:—Symphony Concert.

MUNICH (533m.), 1.5kw., and AUGSBURG (560m.), KAISERSLAUTERN (270m.), NURNBERG (259m.).—**7**:—Talk (or Weather). **7.30**:—English Language Lesson. **8**:—Orchestral Concert. **9**:—Days in the Allgäu, a relay from Kempten. **9.35**:—Pianoforte Recital by Bruno Steinbach. **10.20**:—News.

OSLO (493m., 60kw., and FREDRIKSSTAD (360m.), HAMAR (587m.), NOTODDEN (447m.), PORSGRUND (453m.), RJUKAN (447m.).—**7.30**:—English Language Lesson. **8**:—Orchestral Concert. **9.35**:—Weather and News. **9.55**:—Topical Talk. **10.10**:—Programme to be announced.

PARIS (Radio Paris)—Call CFR (1,725m.), 12kw.—**12.30**:—Gramophone Concert. In the intervals at 1:—Exchange Quotations and News, and at **1.30**:—Exchange Quotations. **2**:—Exchange; Market Prices. **3.30**:—Exchange Quotations. **3.45**:—Concert—Orchestral Selection from The African Bush (Percy-Yoshitomo); Violin Solos—(a) Chanson Louis XIII. et Pavane (Couperin-Kreisler), (b) Polonaise in A (Wieniawski); Waltz from the Choreographic Suite (Zoutsloff); Pianolphre for Piano (Vellones); Orchestral Selection, Le Farandole (Pilipsoci); 'Cello Solos (Schumann)—(a) Abendlied, (b) Nocturne, (c) Die Quelle; Orchestral Selection, Scènes Algériennes (Gregh-Chapelier). **4.55**:—News and Exchange Quotations. **5.30**:—New York Exchange Rates. **6.35**:—Agricultural Report and Racing Results. **7**:—Exchange Quotations. **7.25**:—Reading. **7.45**:—Commercial Prices, Economic and Social Notes and News. **8**:—Pagliacci, opera (Leoncavallo), by Soloists, Choir, and Orchestra. In the intervals at **8.30** (approx.):—Talks, News, and at **9.15**:—Press Review, News and Time Signal. **9.30**:—Concert—Concerto for Violin and Orchestra (Beethoven); Schubert Waltz (Schubert, arranged by Bleot).

PRAGUE (487m.), 5kw.—**7.30**:—News. **7.35**:—Talks. **8**:—Concert of Madrigals and Songs of the 16th and 17th Centuries. **9**:—Selections for Two Pianos, followed by Gramophone Records of Folk Songs. **9.45**:—Light Programme. **10**:—Time, News, and Sports Notes. **10.15**:—Programme from Bratislava. **10.55**:—Announcements. **11**:—Theatre Review, and Programme Notes. **11**:—Time Signal.

ROME—Call 1RO (441m.), 50kw.—**8.5**:—Lesson in Morse. **8.20**:—Giornale parlato; Announcements and Sports Notes. **8.30**:—Exchange, Weather, News, and Press Review. **9**:—Time Signal. **9.2**:—Concert—Selection from La cambiale di matrimonio (Rossini); Romance in A Minor for Violin and Pianoforte (Cantarini); Soprano Solo, Solveig's Song (Grieg); Vocal and Instrumental Selections from Madame Butterfly (Puccini); Overture, The Bartered Bride (Smetana); Dance Music; News after the programme.

STOCKHOLM—Call SASA (436m.), 1.5kw., and MOTALA (1,346m., 30kw., BODEN (1,200m.), GOTEBORG (322m.), HORBY (287m.), OSTERSUND (770m.), SUNDSVALL (542m.).—**7**:—Cabaret Programme. **7.45**:—The Riksdag Chronicle. **8.15**:—Concert. **9.40**:—Review of Literature, relayed from Göteborg. **10.10**:—Light Music.

STUTTGART (360m.), 1.5kw., and FREIBURG (570m.).—**7**:—Time Signal. **7.5**:—Local Talk. **7.30-10.30**:—Programme from Frankfurt. **10.30**:—News.

TOULOUSE (Radio-Sonic du Midi) (381m.), 8kw.—**7**:—Vocal Dances. **7.15**:—Violin Recital. **8**:—Exchange Quotations. **8.15**:—Song Recital, followed by Pianoforte Solos. **8.55**:—Fashion Talk. **9**:—Time Signal. **9.2**:—Concert or Opera Music. **10.15**:—North African News.

TURIN—Call ITO (291m.), 7kw.—**7**:—Lesson in Esperanto. **7.15**:—Concert of Light Music. **8**:—Exchange Quotations, Weather. **8.10**:—News. **8.20**:—Literary Review. **8.30**:—Time Signal. **8.32**:—Concert of Chamber Music. **9.15**:—Symphony Concert.

VIENNA (516.8m.), 15kw., and GRAZ (352.8m.), INNSBRUCK (283.5m.), KLAGENFURT (453.2m.), and LINZ (248.9m.).—**5**:—Talk. **6.30**:—Agricultural Talk. **7**:—French Language Lesson. **7.35**:—English Language Lesson. **8**:—Time, Weather, and Programme Announcements for the following Day. **8.5**:—Readings. **9.5**:—Symphony Concert of Classical Viennese Music.

OTHER FOREIGN STATIONS

The following stations will also broadcast varied programmes beginning at the times stated:—

KATOWICE (468.7m.), 10kw.—11.58 a.m. KONIGSBERG (276m.), 3kw.—6 a.m. LAUSANNE—Call HB2 (680m.), 1.5kw.—6.45 a.m. LYONS (Radio Lyon) (296m.), 15kw.—9.30 a.m. PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Call KDKA (306m.), 25kw.—1 p.m. Programme relayed at intervals on 25m. from 11 p.m. SCHENECTADY, N.Y.—Call WGY (379.5m.), 50kw.—11.45 a.m. Relayed by 2XAF on 31.46m. from 11.30 p.m.—6 a.m. WARSAW (1,411m.), 16kw.—11.30 a.m. ZAGREB (307m.), 0.7kw.—12.30 p.m. ZURICH (459m.), 0.65kw.—12.30 p.m.

From The Times of 1830

THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1830. Price 7d.

Accounts of bites from dogs are daily brought to the Justice-room [at the Mansion House]. Yesterday one of the parish-officers waited upon the Lord Mayor, and informed him that several persons had lately been bitten by truck-dogs, which started suddenly from beneath the trucks and fastened their teeth in passengers. He requested to know whether his Lordship could not oblige the owners of trucks to have their names and addresses painted on the trucks, in order that they might be made responsible for any mischief committed by their dogs.

The Lord Mayor.—I would have you not to be over-nice on the subject at all. If you have the least suspicion that a dog is mad, kill it. I shall be answerable for the consequences. I wish it to be known as publicly as possible, and do not care a pin who is the owner. The accounts I receive are dreadful, and I know of only one way of checking so horrible an evil.

[*] The papers of this time are full of letters, articles, and paragraphs on hydrophobia and its cure. This same day "a bill for abating the cause of the frightful calamity of canine madness" was read a first time in the House of Commons.]

Mails and Shipping

OUTWARD MAILS

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES

Mails will be dispatched from London to the destinations shown.

The times given are the latest hours for posting at the General Post Office, King Edward-street, London, E.C.1. In some of the district offices collections will be closed earlier.

NOON.—To China (all parts)*, Japan*, United States*, Bahamas, Bermuda, Central America (British Honduras, Guatemala, Honduras Republic, Nicaragua, Panama, Salvador), Cuba and Mexico, Chile (North), Colombia (exc. Santa Marta), Ecuador, Peru (exc. Iquitos), West Indies (Leeward Islands).
6 P.M.—To China (all parts)*, Dutch East Indies, Egypt, Palestine and Syria, Straits Settlements*.

TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY)

2 A.M.—To Canada (all parts)†, Costa Rica, Jamaica, Newfoundland†, Venezuela, West Coast of Africa (Sierra Leone, Liberia, Gold Coast, Nigeria, Gambia, Ivory Coast, Dahomey, British and French Togoland, British and French Cameroons, Fernando Po, and Spanish Guinea), United States†, Bahamas, Bermuda, Central America (British Honduras, Guatemala, Honduras Republic, Nicaragua, Panama, Salvador), Cuba and Mexico, Chile (North), Colombia (exc. Santa Marta), Ecuador, Peru (exc. Iquitos), West Indies (Leeward Islands).
9 A.M.—To Egypt, Palestine and Syria.
NOON.—To China (all parts)*, Japan*.
1.30 P.M.—To Dutch East Indies.
6 P.M.—To Egypt (exc. Port Said) and Sudan.
8 P.M.—To Brazil (Pernambuco and Bahia), Canary Islands.

FULL LIST OF DISPATCHES

In the following table are shown the main oversea mails, other than daily, including those set out above, to be dispatched shortly from London:—

Destination	Posting at G.P.O., London	
ARGENTINE, BOLIVIA, CHILE (exc. North), PARAGUAY AND URUGUAY: B. Star (Andalucia Star)	June 12	7.30 a.m.
B. Star (Andalucia Star)	June 12	6 p.m.
Nelson (Highland Brigade)	June 14	7.30 a.m.
Nelson (Highland Brigade)	June 14	6 p.m.
ASCENSION AND ST. HELENA: U.-Castle	June 26	7.30 a.m.
AUSTRALIA: P. & O. (Malwa and Balranald)	June 12	6 p.m.
P. & O. (Raiputana and Cathay)	June 19	6 p.m.
AUSTRALIA (Adelaide, &c.) AND AKL.—EASTERN STATE CITIES: Air Mail‡	June 12	6 p.m.
BAHAMAS, BERMUDA, PERU (exc. Iquitos): Via N.Y. (France)	June 10	Noon
BRAZIL (Pernam, Bahia): Du. pkt. (Zelandia)	June 11	8 p.m.
(Rio, Santos): B. Star (Andalucia Star)	June 12	7.30 a.m.
(Para, Manaos): Booth (Aldan)	June 12	6 p.m.
(Rio, Santos): B. Star† (Andalucia Star)	June 12	6 p.m.
(Pernam, Bahia): Du. pkt.† (Zeelandia)	June 13	6 p.m.
(Rio, Santos): Nelson (Highland Brigade)	June 14	7.30 a.m.
(Rio, Santos): Nelson† (Highland Brigade)	June 14	6 p.m.
(Para, Manaos): Booth† (Aldan)	June 14	6 p.m.
CANADA (all parts): Via N.Y. (Olympic) (exc. Quebec City, &c.): Via N.Y. (Berengaria)	June 11	2 a.m.
(Quebec City, &c.): Direct (Emp. of Japan)	June 14	2 a.m.
(Mag. Post) (all parts): Direct (Emp. of Japan)	June 14	2 a.m.
CANARY ISLANDS (all parts): Du. pkt. (Zeelandia)	June 13	5.30 p.m.
(all parts): U.-Castle†† (Dunbar Castle)	June 11	8 p.m.
(all parts): Du. pkt.† (Zeelandia)	June 13	6 a.m.
(Teneriffe): E.D. (Ezba)	June 13	6 p.m.
(all parts): Nelson (Highland Brigade)	June 14	2 a.m.
(all parts): Nelson† (Highland Brigade)	June 14	7.30 a.m.
CAPE VERD IS.: B. Star (Andalucia Star)	June 14	6 p.m.
B. Star (Andalucia Star)	June 12	7.30 a.m.
CENTRAL AMERICA (Honduras, Guatemala, Honduras Republic, Nicaragua, Panama, Salvador), CUBA AND MEXICO: Via N.Y. (France)	June 12	6 p.m.
CEYLON: P. & O. (Malwa and Balranald)	June 10	Noon
P. & O. (Raiputana and Cathay)	June 12	6 p.m.
CHINA (all parts): Via Siberia*	June 19	6 p.m.
(all parts): Holt* (Rhexenor)	Daily	Noon
(Hong-kong, S. China): Via Suez and Bombay (Malwa)	June 10	6 p.m.
(all parts): Via Vancouver (Emp. of France and Emp. of Russia)	June 12	6 p.m.
COLOMBIA (exc. S. Marta), CHILE (N.): Via N.Y. (France)	June 14	2 a.m.
(S. Marta): 12, E. F. (Coronado)	June 10	Noon
COSTA RICA: Via N.Y. (Olympic)	June 11	2 a.m.
E. & F. (Cavina)	June 14	7.30 a.m.
DUTCH EAST INDIES: Du. pkt. (P. C. Hooft)	June 10	6 p.m.
Du. pkt. (P. C. Hooft)	June 11	1.30 p.m.
P. & O. (Malwa)	June 12	6 p.m.
EAST AFRICA (Kenya, Uganda, Zanzibar and Tanganyika): P. & O. (Malwa)	June 12	6 p.m.
Fr. pkt. (Lis. de Lisle)	June 18	6 p.m.
ECUADOR: Via N.Y. (France)	June 10	Noon
EGYPT, PALESTINE AND SYRIA: Ital. pkt. (Esperia)	June 10	6 p.m.
Ital. pkt. (Esperia)	June 11	9 a.m.
EGYPT (exc. Port Said) AND SUDAN: Ital. pkt. (Vienna)	June 11	6 p.m.
EGYPT (exc. Port Said): Ital. pkt. (Vienna)	June 12	9 a.m.
EGYPT, CYPRUS, SUDAN, PALESTINE, &c.: P. & O. (Malwa)	June 12	6 p.m.
EGYPT, SUDAN, PALESTINE, &c.: Air Mail‡	June 14	6 a.m.
FALKLAND IS.: Via M'video (Andalucia Star)	June 12	7.30 a.m.
FIJI: Via Vancouver (Duchess of Richmond and Niagara)	June 13	6 p.m.
Via Vancouver* (Berengaria and Niagara)	June 14	2 a.m.
GUIANA (Br.): E. & F. (Cavina)	June 14	7.30 a.m.
Ger. pkt. (Orinoco)	June 17	8 p.m.
INDIA, ADEN, PERSIA (exc. North) (Abadan, Bushire and Mohammerah): P. & O. (Malwa)	June 11	2 a.m.
IRAQ, PERSIA (Abadan, Bushire and Mohammerah): P. & O. (Malwa)	June 12	6 p.m.
JAMAICA: Via N.Y. (Olympic)	June 11	2 a.m.
E. & F. (Coronado)	June 13	7.30 a.m.
Via N.Y. (Berengaria)	June 14	2 a.m.
JAPAN: Via Siberia*	Daily	Noon
Via Vancouver (Emp. of France and Emp. of Russia)	June 14	2 a.m.
MADEIRA: U.-Castle (Edinburgh Castle)	June 13	11.30a.m
E.D. (Ezba)	June 14	2 a.m.
MAURITIUS: Via Beira (Edinburgh Castle)	June 13	11.30a.m
NEWFOUNDLAND: Via N.Y. (Olympic)‡	June 11	2 a.m.
Via Canada (Emp. of Japan) (Mag. Post): Via Canada (Emp. of Japan)	June 14	2 a.m.
NEW ZEALAND: Via Vancouver (Duchess of Richmond and Niagara)	June 13	6 p.m.
Via Vancouver (Berengaria and Niagara)	June 14	2 a.m.
PERU (Iquitos): Booth (Aldan)	June 12	6 p.m.
Booth† (Aldan)	June 14	6 p.m.
PORTUGUESE EAST AFRICA: U.-Castle (Edinburgh Castle)	June 13	11.30a.m
SOUTH AFRICA (Port Elizabeth, East London, Durban, &c.): Air Mail‡	June 13	11.30a.m
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST AFRICA (Union Provinces, Rhodesia, Nyasaland, Bechuanaland, &c.): U.-Castle (Edinburgh Castle)	June 13

The Estate Market

A REBUILT HOUSE

INVESTMENTS

Although the auction of Norfolk House has been postponed for a fortnight, as announced in *The Times* last Friday, work in the St. James's-square office of Messrs. Hampton and Sons will be very heavy during the next week or two. The firm has issued illustrated particulars of scores of country houses, some at "upset" prices. Among those for sale on June 17 are a freehold of four acres at Berkhampstead; Austen Mead, an acre at Gerrards Cross; Warren Hill, in Epping Forest, 16 acres; The Spinney, Addington; 15 acres near Rye; The Mount House and 12 acres, near Newbury, with Messrs. Thake and Paginton; Frankleigh House, 50 acres at Bradford-on-Avon; and, at an "upset" price of £5,500, Clumber House and six acres, in Enfield; as well as a large property at Plympton. Next month they will offer Wilmer House, and nine acres on Ham Common.

Carvers, Haslemere, is a sixteenth-century Sussex house that was rebuilt on its present site, with modern luxury of equipment. Messrs. C. Bridger and Son (Haslemere) have issued illustrated details.

Investments of great value will come under the hammer of Messrs. Farebrother, Ellis and Co. (Fleet-street) on July 8 at the Mart, by order of the late Mr. G. J. Cawthorne's executors. There are many lots of freehold premises and sites in Westminster, Holborn, Notting Hill-gate, and Camberwell, and a few leases. Details appeared in *The Times* last Thursday (p. 27).

The late Sir Hamo Thornycroft, R.A., lived and worked in Melbury-road, and his house, studios, and picture gallery; a freehold in Edwardes-square; and a house in Evelyn-gardens, will be sold at the Mart on June 19, by Messrs. Chesterton and Sons (Kensington, Sloane-street, and Queen-street).

Land held by the National Trust adjoins a house and 61 acres, between Oxted and Sevenoaks, for sale for £11,500 by Messrs. Baxter, Payne and Lepper (Bromley). Large freeholds in Keston and Hayes are offered, the price of one, in the sale of which Messrs. Alfred Savill and Sons (Lincoln's Inn Fields) are jointly concerned, being £11,000.

The Duke of Richmond and Gordon has land at East Wittering on the Sussex coast, which is for sale in lots to suit buyers at "merely nominal prices." Details can be had from Messrs. Jackson Stops (Queen-street, Mayfair).

Witcombe Park, on the slopes of the Cotswolds at Birdlip, a few miles from Cheltenham and Cirencester, 292 acres, can be bought for £14,000, or taken on a tenancy at £275 a year, through Messrs. Bruton, Knowles and Co. (Gloucester).

Brighton properties, producing £1,560 a year, are for sale, on June 19 locally, by Messrs. Wilson and Co. (Mount-street). A large parcel of freehold ground rents with reversions 32 years hence to Battersea premises, will be sold on June 17 by Messrs. Herring, Son and Daw (Queen Victoria-street). On the same day Messrs. Hunter and Hunter (Southampton-street) will sell shops in Fulham-road and elsewhere.

Sales by Messrs. Edgar Giles and Emery (Vigo-street) include freeholds, Highfield, Northchurch Common, Berkhampstead; Warden, High Barnet; and The Bee Hive, Burnham; and leaseholds, No. 107, Richmond-road, Thornton Heath; 14, Lodge-lane, North Finchley; and 44, Cranbourn-street, Leicester-square.

AUCTION SUMMARY

PROPERTY (TOWN, SUBURBAN, AND COUNTRY)

SALES THIS DAY

Auctioneers	Place of Sale	Description
Knight, Frank and Rutley	20, Hanover-square, W. (2.30)	Country properties
Gilbert, Robertson and Lacey	Winchester House, E.C. (2.30)	Freehold property
Mr. H. C. V. Webb	Dovey Hotel, Aberdovey (3.0)	Aberdovey Property

FURNITURE, WORKS OF ART, &c.

SALE THIS DAY

Knight, Frank and Rutley	Hotel Cecil, Strand, W.C. (11.0)	Choice Wines and Spirits

BUILDING MATERIAL PRICES

By the courtesy of the *Builder* we are able to give the average prices prevailing during the week ended June 6 for some of the principal materials used in the erection of houses, and to compare them with the prices charged before the War and those in operation at the beginning of 1923:—

Materials	Aug., 1914	Jan., 1923	June 6, 1930
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Bricks, per 1,000			
Best stocks	1 16 0	4 2 6	4 3 6
Flettons	1 14 0	3 1 0	2 12 3
Gilaud	1 3 0 0	22 0 0	20 10 0
Thames ballast, per yard	5 9	13 6	9 9
Thames sand, per yard	7 3	10 0	12 0
Stone (Kelm., per yard	—	14 0	11 6
Portland cement, per ton	1 18 0	3 3 0	2 6 0
Coarse stone lime	1 8 0	2 16 6	2 10 9
Grand line lime	1 0 0	2 18 6	1 17 6
Bath stone, per ft. cube	1 7½	2 11	2 10
Portland stone	2 4½	4 7	4 4½
Good sound building timber, per standard:			
4×11in.	16 10 0	34 0 0	27 10 0
8×7in.	—	22 10 0	22 0 0
9×7in.	—	22 10 0	21 0 0
9×11in.	15 0 0	22 10 0	21 0 0
9×11in.	—	32 10 0	28 0 0
9×4in.		21 0 0	21 0 0
Slates, per 1,000 of 1,200—			
28in. × 12in.	—	41 17 0	31 0 0
22in. × 12in.	—	38 0 0	27 10 0
20in. × 12in.	13 17 6	33 8 3	24 7 6
18in. × 16in.	15 2 6	28 11 6	20 17 6
16in. × 16in.	13 5 0	23 12 0	17 5 0
16in. × 8in.	—	19 16 0	14 14 6
12in. × 6in.	10 5 0	15 8 3	11 5 0
Lead, milled sheets, per ton	9 9 10 0	12 0 0	12 10 0*
Lead, drawn bars, per ton	9 0 0	12 10 0	11 0 0*
Mild steel bars, per ton	9 5 0	12 0 0	10 0 0*
Steel bars	9 5 0	12 0 0	9 10 0
Mild nails	11 10 0	21 10 0	16 0 0*
Sheet lead	22 15 0	35 10 0	27 0 0
Raw linseed oil, per gallon	2 4	3 7	3 11
Turpentine, per gallon	2 6	3 9	3 10
Genoa English white lead, per ton	30 5 0	55 5 0	51 0 0
White lead paint, per ton	—	77 10 0	70 10 0
Red lead	28 10 0	39 0 0	39 0 0
Glass :—			
16oz. sheet, per ft.	2	2½	2½
21oz. sheet, per ft.	3	4½	3½
26oz. sheet, per ft.	3½	5½	4½

* Lowest price.

PROPOSED CIVIC AERODROME AT WEST HARTLEPOOL

A preliminary step towards the provision of a civic aerodrome has been taken by the West Hartlepool Corporation, which has appointed a special committee to consider the question. A great deal may depend on the success of the Bill promoted by the corporation to secure an extension of the town boundary towards Greatham Creek, for it is in this area that the suggested site lies. Just beyond Seaton Carew there is a tract of land which was used during the War as an R.A.F. aerodrome. This district, with its fine bay and low hinterland, is suitable for flying. In recent years there has been considerable industrial development in the area, with a consequent great increase in the population. It is pointed out that at Grays-thorpe a seaplane base could easily be formed in conjunction with the suggested aerodrome.

Mr. Herbert Fairhurst, senior geography master of Bec School, London, has been appointed headmaster of Windsor County Boys' School, in place of Mr. S. Gammon, who has been appointed headmaster of the Beckenham County Boys' School.

COMPANY MEETING NOTICES

4 *lines* 20*s.* (*minimum*)

PREUSSISCHE ELEKTRIZITÄTS-AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT.
(Prussian Electric Company.)

Notice is hereby given that a GENERAL MEETING of the holders of the 6% 25-year Sterling Bonds of the Company secured by a Trust Deed (hereinafter called "the Principal Trust Deed"), dated 29th day of November, 1928, and executed in favour of the Royal Exchange Assurance as Trustee, will be held at Cannon-street Hotel in the City of London, England, on Wednesday, the 18th day of June, 1930, at 12 o'clock noon for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit, passing as Extraordinary Resolutions binding upon all the Bondholders whether present or not at the said Meeting, Resolutions which will be submitted to such Meeting:—

(a) Amending Clause 19 (c) of the Principal Trust Deed so as to provide that "an event of default," within the meaning of the Principal Trust Deed shall not occur if the State of Prussia ceases to own directly or ceases to be registered as the holder of at least 51 per cent. of the voting share capital of the Company provided that the State of Prussia owns all of the voting share capital of a Company which owns directly and is registered as the holder of at least 51 per cent of the voting share capital of the Company and making suitable corresponding amendment in Clause 12 (j) of the Principal Trust Deed.

(b) Waiving the breach of the Principal Trust Deed which has been committed by reason of the fact that the State of Prussia has transferred the share capital of the Company owned by it to Vereinigte Elektrizitäts-und Bergwerks-Aktiengesellschaft, a Company of the whole of whose voting share capital is owned by the State of Prussia.

(c) Authorizing the Trustee to concur with the Company in executing such supplemental Trust Deeds and other documents as it may consider necessary to give effect to any resolutions passed at the said Meeting.

Under Regulations made by the Royal Exchange Assurance as the Trustee of the Principal Trust Deed, Bondholders desiring to attend the meeting without producing their Bonds at the meeting may deposit their Bonds with any responsible Bank, Trust or Finance Company (to be approved on behalf of the Trustees by the Chairman of the meeting) and will receive in exchange, Voting Certificates which will enable the bearer thereof to attend and vote at the meeting in the same way as if he were the owner of the Bonds referred to in the Certificate.

Bondholders who will not be able to attend the meeting in person are invited to obtain Voting Certificates as above mentioned and to send the same to Messrs. Higginson and Co., at 80, Lombard-street, London, E.C.3, or Messrs. Brown Shipley and Co. at Founders Court, Lothbury, London, E.C.2, or Messrs Harris Forbes and Co., Ltd., at 77, Cornhill, London, E.C.3, who will vote in favour of the Resolutions submitted to the meeting subject to any amendment that may be agreed to at the meeting unless otherwise expressly instructed by the Bondholders depositing the Voting Certificates.

Copies of the letter above mentioned forms of Voting Certificate and forms for deposit of the Bonds may be obtained from and copies of the Regulations made by the Royal Exchange Assurance, of the Principal Trust Deed, of a Draft Supplemental Trust Deed and of the Resolutions to be submitted to the meeting, may be inspected at the undermentioned depositories, viz.:—Messrs. Higginson and Co., 80, Lombard-street, London, E.C.3, Messrs. Brown Shipley and Co., Founders Court, Lothbury, London, E.C.2, Messrs. Harris Forbes and Co., Ltd., 77, Cornhill, London, E.C.3, Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappy, N.V., Amsterdam, Mendelssohn and Co., Amsterdam, Amsterdam, Handel-Maatschappy H. Albert de Bary and Co., N.V., Amsterdam, R. Mees and Zoonen, Rotterdam, Pierson and Co., Amsterdam, Proehl and Gutmann, Amsterdam, Rotterdamsche Bankvereeniging N.V., Amsterdam, on any week-day previous to the day of the meeting between the hours of 10.0 a.m. and 12.0 noon on Saturdays and 10 a.m. and 3.0 p.m. on any other week-day.

ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE,
Trustees for the Bondholders.

THE MALTA and MEDITERRANEAN GAS COMPANY, Limited.
To the Shareholders.

Notice is hereby given that the ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Offices, 59 and 60, Gracechurch-street, London, E.C.3, on Tuesday, the 24th June, 1930, at 11.30 a.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Accounts for the Year ended the 31st March, 1930, the declaration of Dividends, the remuneration of the Auditors, and for the transaction of the general business of the Company.

One of the Directors, Mr. Ernest Lionel Burton, F.S.A.A., retires from office, and offers himself for re-election.

The Auditors, Mr. William Cash, F.C.A., and Mr. Hyde Clarke Burton, F.C.A., retire, and offer themselves for re-election.

The Transfer Books will be Closed from the 11th day of June until the day of the Meeting, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
C. J. DAUN, Secretary.
59 and 60, Gracechurch-street, E.C.3, 27th May, 1930.

DECLARATION OF DIVIDENDS

4 *lines* 20*s.* (*minimum*)

BANK OF NEW ZEALAND.

Notice is hereby given that subject to confirmation at the Annual General Meeting to be held in Wellington on 20th June, 1930, a DIVIDEND of 1s. 4d. per share, making 3s. 8d. per share for the year, and a bonus of 1 per cent. for the year, on the Ordinary Shares, and the half-yearly dividend on the D Long-term Mortgage Shares at the rate of 7½ per cent. per annum (both less British Income Tax) will be PAID on 21st inst.

BARCELONA TRACTION, LIGHT and POWER COMPANY, Limited.
(Incorporated under the Laws of Canada.)
NOTICE OF PAYMENT OF DIVIDEND.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Directors have declared a DIVIDEND of 50 cents per share on the Ordinary Shares of no par value of the Company PAYABLE on the 30th June, 1930, to all shareholders of record at the close of business on the 20th June, 1930.

The dividend now declared is the first since the unification of the share capital, and in future the Board proposes to make a payment on account of dividend (provided the situation of the Company justifies it) every four months, namely, in February, June, and October in each year.

Holders of old Preference Share Warrants now representing six Ordinary Shares of no par value and holders of old Ordinary Share Warrants now representing one Ordinary Share of no par value on detaching Coupon No. 24 from the old Preference Share Warrants, and Coupon No. 7 from the old Ordinary Share Warrants, and lodging the same in Brussels at one of the Banks mentioned below will receive in exchange for such Coupons on and after the 30th day of June, 1930, the equivalent in Belgian currency of 3 dollars ($3.00) for the said Coupon No. 24, and 50 cents ($0.50) for the said Coupon No. 7, both in Canadian currency, calculated at the rate of exchange ruling on the date of payment.

Holders of the above Share Warrants prior to lodging their coupons for encashment must present their Warrants to Messrs. Henri Wauters et Cie., for the purpose of having endorsed thereon a memorandum relating to the unification of the Share Capital of the Company.

Holders lodging the above coupons in Toronto will receive Canadian currency at the respective rates hereinbefore specified.

Dated at Toronto, Canada, 10th June, 1930.

R. H. MERRY, Secretary.

BANKS AT WHICH COUPONS MAY BE LODGED FOR PAYMENT:—

BRUSSELS—
Banque de Bruxelles.
Caisse Générale de Reports et de Dépôts.
Nagelmackers Fils et Cie.
Henri Wauters et Cie.
Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Société Générale de Belgique.
Société Française de Banque et de Dépôts.
TORONTO—
Canadian Bank of Commerce.

NOTE.—The Transfer Agents of the Company are National Trust Company, Limited, Toronto, Canada.

The London Agents of the Company are Canadian and General Finance Company, Limited, 3, London Wall Buildings, E.C.2.

NEW STATE AREAS, Limited.
(Incorporated in the Union of South Africa).
SIX PER CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE DEBENTURES.

Notice is hereby given that holders of DEBENTURES to BEARER will receive PAYMENT of the half-year's INTEREST due 30th June, 1930, on presentation of Coupon No. 15 at the London Office of the Company, No. 10-11, Austin Friars, E.C.2, on and after the 30th June, 1930. Coupons must be left four clear days for examination.

Notice is also hereby given that the Debenture Register will be Closed from the 17th June to the 30th June, 1930, both days inclusive.

Warrants for payment of the half-year's interest on the Registered Debentures will be posted on the 28th June, 1930.

By Order,
JOHANNESBURG CONSOLIDATED INVESTMENT Co., Ltd., London Agents.
T. HONEY, Secretary.
10-11, Austin Friars, London, E.C.2, 10th June, 1930.

THE NORTHAMPTON BREWERY COMPANY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the Directors have DECLARED an interim DIVIDEND on the Ordinary Shares of this Company of One Shilling per Share free of tax.

Notice is also hereby given that the Transfer Books of this Company relating to the 1896 Debenture Stock and to the Ordinary Shares will be Closed from the 17th June to 30th June, both days inclusive, for the purpose of making up the interest on the Debenture Stock to the 30th June, 1930, and the Interim Dividend on the Ordinary Shares.

Warrants will be posted on June 30th, 1930.

By Order of the Board,
PERCY F. HANAFY, Secretary.
Bridge-street, Northampton, May 21st, 1930.

CELANESE CORPORATION OF AMERICA.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Directors of this Company has this day declared a QUARTERLY DIVIDEND of 1¼ per cent. on the 7 per Cent. Cumulative Series Prior Preferred Stock of the Company, PAYABLE July 1st, 1930, to holders of said stock of record on the books of the Company at the close of business June 16th, 1930.

LEE CADIEN, Secretary.

180, Madison-avenue, New York City, U.S.A.
June 6th, 1930.

CELANESE CORPORATION OF AMERICA.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Directors of this Company has this day declared a SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND of 2½ per cent. on the 7 per Cent. Cumulative First Participating Preferred Stock of the Company, PAYABLE June 30th, 1930, to holders of said stock of record on the books of the Company at the close of business June 16th, 1930.

LEE CADIEN, Secretary.

180, Madison-avenue, New York City, U.S.A.
June 6th, 1930.

GREEK FIVE per CENT. LOAN of 1890 (Piraeus Larissa Railway).

The COUPONS falling due on the 16th June, 1930, on these Bonds may be presented for PAYMENT between the hours of 10 and 3 (Saturdays excepted) at the Hanseatic Bank Ltd., 41, Bishopsgate, E.C.2, for payment of 14s per cent. in Gold of their face value in accordance with instructions received from the International Financial Commission, Athens.

Lists may be obtained and coupons must be left three clear days for examination.

41, Bishopsgate, E.C.2, 10th June, 1930.

INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM COMPANY, Limited
(Incorporated in the Dominion of Canada).

Notice is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of 25 cents, United States currency, per share, equivalent at par of exchange to 1s. 0½d. per share, has been declared, and that the same will be PAYABLE at the above rate of exchange on and after the 16th June, 1930, with respect to the shares specified in any Bearer Share Warrants of the Company of the 1929 issue within three days after delivery of Coupon No. 25 at the following Banks:—

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK of NEW YORK, 36, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2.
THE ROYAL BANK of CANADA, King and Church Street, Branch, Toronto, Canada.
CITY BANK FARMERS' TRUST COMPANY, 42, Exchange-place, New York, N.Y., U.S.A.

Or at the Offices of
INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM COMPANY, Ltd., 56, Church-street, Toronto, Canada.

The payment to shareholders of record whose shares are fully paid up at the close of business on the 31st May, 1930, and whose shares are represented by registered certificates of the 1929 issue will be made by cheque mailed from the offices of the Company on the 14th June, 1930.

The Books of the Company will be Closed from the 2nd June to the 16th June inclusive, and no Bearer Share Warrants will be split during that period.

By Order of the Board,
J. E. CLARKE, Secretary.
56, Church-street, Toronto, Canada, 27th May, 1930.

TRANSFER BOOKS

4 *lines* 20*s.* (*minimum*)

ALLIED IRONFOUNDERS, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the 7 per Cent. PREFERENCE SHARE REGISTER will be CLOSED from the 11th to the 25th June, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Dividend Warrants, payable 26th June; also that the REGISTER of CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURE STOCK will be CLOSED from the 14th to the 30th June, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Interest Warrants, payable 1st July, 1930.

By Order of the Board,
GEORGE MUIRIE, Secretary.
Registered Office:—76, Wells-street, London, W.1.

BOMBAY, BARODA and CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Capital Stock of the Company will be CLOSED from the 23rd June to the 13th July, 1930 (both days inclusive), for the preparation of half-yearly interest and dividend warrants, which will be forwarded on the 17th July, 1930, to the Stockholders who are registered in the Company's books on the 21st June, 1930.

S. G. S. YOUNG, Secretary.
Company's Offices: The White Mansion, 91, Petty France, S.W.1, 6th June, 1930.

CHARLES KINLOCH and COMPANY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 17th June to 30th June, 1930, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Dividend Warrants to Shareholders on the Books on the 16th June, 1930.

MONTAGUE HOBSON, Secretary and Manager.

FORSTER'S GLASS Co., Ltd.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the ORDINARY SHARES will be CLOSED from 10th to 18th June, 1930, both dates inclusive.

By Order of the Board.
NEVILL BRUCE, Secretary.
Atlas Glass Works, St. Helens, Lancs.

MAYPOLE DAIRY COMPANY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the PREFERENCE and PREFERRED ORDINARY SHARE REGISTERS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 16th to the 28th inst., both dates inclusive, for the purpose of preparing the Dividend Warrants for the current half-year, payable 1st July next.

By Order,
S. WATSON, Secretary.
179-180, City-road, London, E.C.1, 10th June, 1930.

RAPHAEL TUCK and SONS, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the PREFERENCE SHARE REGISTER of this Company will be CLOSED from June 17th to 30th, both days inclusive, for the preparation and payment of the dividend on the Preference Shares.

By Order,
A. G. JACOBS, Secretary.
Raphael House, Moorfields, E.C.2, 7th June, 1930.

SHROPSHIRE BEET SUGAR COMPANY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from Wednesday, the 11th June, 1930, until Wednesday, the 25th June, 1930, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
C. W. NEWSTEAD, Secretary.
81, Great Tower-street, E.C.3.

THAMES GRIT and AGGREGATES, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the SHARE REGISTERS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 20th to 30th June, 1930, both days included.

By Order of the Board,
A. J. CUNNINGHAM, Secretary.

THE DORADA RAILWAY COMPANY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the 5 PER CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE DEBENTURE STOCK will be CLOSED from 23rd to 30th inst., both days inclusive, for the preparation of the Warrants for the half-yearly interest due 1st July, 1930. The Warrants will be posted on Monday the 30th inst., and Stockholders are requested to notify at once any change of address.

By Order,
T. LEE C. PILCHER, Managing Director.
Offices: Moorgate Hall, London, E.C.2, 6th June, 1930.

THE FREDERICK HOTELS, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the FOUR per CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE PERPETUAL DEBENTURE STOCK of this Company will be CLOSED from the 17th to 30th day of June, 1930, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Interest Warrants.

By Order of the Board,
HAROLD MAUDUCHY, Secretary.
Hotel Russell, Russell-square, London, W.C.1.
6th June, 1930.

THE GLASS HOUGHTON and CASTLEFORD COLLIERIES, Ltd.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the 6 per cent. First Mortgage Debenture Stock of this Company will be CLOSED from the 17th to the 30th June inclusive, for the preparation of Interest Warrants payable 1st July next.

By Order,
JOHN JORDAN, Secretary.
11-12, Pall Mall, S.W.1.

MISCELLANEOUS FINANCIAL

4 *lines* 20*s.* (*minimum*)

POLYPHONWERKE AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT
(Incorporated with Limited Liability in Germany).
NOTICE to HOLDERS of LONDON UNIT CERTIFICATES to BEARER.

The attention of holders of the above mentioned Unit Certificates is drawn to the announcement already made in the Press relating to the formation in Switzerland of a holding company under the name of "Polyphon-Holding A.G."

The Unit Corporation Limited have been notified that shareholders of the Polyphonwerke A.G. have been given the right to acquire, at the price of R.M. 80 per share, one fully paid share of 1000 Swiss francs in the Polyphon-Holding A.G. for each R.M. 1,000 nominal of Polyphonwerke A.G. shares held by them.

London Unit Certificate holders of certificates are accordingly notified that, under the provisions of Clause 10 (6) of the Deed of Covenant dated the 1st October, 1928, they are entitled, subject to their complying with the conditions set out below, to require the Union Corporation Limited to apply on their behalf for one of such "A" shares of 1000 Swiss francs in the Polyphon-Holding A.G. for each complete 50 units held by them.

Those London Unit Certificate holders who desire to exercise this right must on or before the 20th June, 1930, give notice in writing to that effect to its offices, Princes House, 95, Gresham-street, London, E.C.2:—

(a) The London Unit Certificates held by them, duly listed on the requisite forms.

(b) A form of authority authorising the Union Corporation Limited to apply for the number of the above mentioned shares in respect of which the London Unit Certificate holder desires to exercise his right.

(c) A sum of £3 10s. for each of the above mentioned shares so to be applied for.

The necessary form of authority mentioned in (b) and the form of lodgment mentioned in (c) above can be obtained at the offices of the above mentioned offices of the Union Corporation Limited.

Where Unit Certificates are lodged for the purpose of the exercise of the foregoing rights, they will be duly endorsed, dated and signed by the lodger for lodgment, and, if it is desired that they shall be returned by registered post, they will be so posted at the holder's risk.

Arrangements will in due course be made by the Union Corporation Limited under the provisions of Clause 10 (7) of the said Deed of Covenant to deal with any unexhausted part of the total right of the Unit holders to acquire the above mentioned shares, and London Unit Certificate holders will, as soon as these arrangements be notified as to the moneys (if any) to which they will be entitled as a result.

NOTE.—The following information has been given to the Union Corporation Limited:—The Polyphon-Holding A.G. in Bale has been formed to co-ordinate the foreign manufacturing and trading interests of the Polyphonwerke A.G. It has a nominal capital of 4,500,000 Swiss francs, divided into 1,000 "A" shares of 100 Swiss francs each and 16,000 "B" shares of 250 Swiss francs each. 22,500 of such "A" shares are fully paid, the remainder being 25 per cent. paid up. The whole of the "B" shares are fully paid up. The fully paid "A" shares are entitled to dividends on the net profit available after the payment of a preference dividend of 6 per cent. on the amount paid up on the "B" shares, and the Polyphonwerke A.G. guarantees to the Polyphon-Holding A.G. for its fully paid "A" shares (up to a limit of 45,000 of such "A" shares) that the dividend payable on such fully paid "A" shares for any financial year shall be at a rate per cent. which is not less than the rate per cent. payable by the Polyphonwerke A.G. for the same financial year on its own Ordinary shares.

A syndicate has agreed to bear the whole cost of the Polyphon-Holding A.G., as well as the incidental expenses connected therewith, and to take up 2,250,000 Swiss francs of "A" shares at par, of which 1,706,000 Swiss francs are reserved for the offer now being made to the shareholders of the Polyphonwerke A.G. The remaining 2,250,000 Swiss francs of "A" shares and the "B" shares will remain for the time being in the Polyphonwerke A.G.

UNION CORPORATION, Limited
(Incorporated in the Union of South Africa).
per J. H. JENNINGS.
Princes House, 95, Gresham-street, London, E.C.2, 7th June, 1930.

POLYPHONWERKE AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT.
(Incorporated with Limited Liability in Germany.)
LONDON UNIT CERTIFICATES.
COUPON No. 1.

Holders of London Unit Certificates to Bearer are informed that they will RECEIVE PAYMENT in cash on and after 18th June, 1930, after surrender of Coupon No. 1 at the office of the Union Corporation Limited, Princes House, 95, Gresham-street, London, E.C.2, of the Dividend as follows:—

Dividend of 20 per cent. less German tax, equals	... ...	3/6.25 per unit
Less British Income Tax at 4s. 6d. in the £	... ...	9.506 "
Net dividend	... ...	2/8.744 "

Coupons must be left three clear days for examination, and may be lodged any day on and after 12th June, 1930, between the hours of 11 and 3 (Saturdays excepted), accompanied by Listing Forms, which may be obtained on application.

UNION CORPORATION Limited
(Incorporated in the Union of South Africa).
per J. H. JENNINGS.
7th June, 1930.

THE EAGLE OIL TRANSPORT COMPANY Ltd.
400,000 PREFERENCE SHARES of £5 EACH.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the Notice advertised in December last that Cia. Mexicana de Petroleo "El Aguila" S.A. had determined to exercise its option to purchase the whole of the 400,000 Preference Shares of the above Company on the 2nd July, 1930, Holders of Share Warrants to Bearer are now notified that in order to obtain payment for their Shares at the rate of £6 per Share on and after 2nd July, 1930, Share Warrants with Coupon Nos. 36 to 40 inclusive attached must be deposited with the Midland Bank Ltd., Poultry, London, E.C.2, or any of its Branches, not later than the 25th June, 1930.

Listing forms can be obtained from the above Bank or any of its Branches.

If the Share Warrants are deposited later than the 25th June, 1930, payment for the Shares will not be made before the 2nd July, 1930.

Three clear days at least are required for examination of the Share Warrants.

Coupon No. 35 represents the Dividend payable on the 1st July, 1930, and receivable by the Holders of the Warrants and should be presented separately for payment.

Should it not be convenient to Holders to lodge their Share Warrants at the above Bank or any of its Branches it is recommended that Share Warrants should be handed to the holders' own bankers for collection of the purchase price in order to avoid any risk.

For and on behalf of the
CIA. MEXICANA DE PETROLEO "EL AGUILA" S.A.
WHITEHALL SECURITIES CORPORATION, Limited (London Financial Agents).
ARTHUR JANER WALSH, Secretary.
47, Parliament-street, London, S.W.1. 5th June, 1930.

DRAWING OF BONDS

4 *lines* 16*s.* (*minimum*)

CHINESE IMPERIAL RAILWAY FIVE per CENT. (IMPERIAL RAILWAYS OF NORTH CHINA), for £2,300,000.

Notice is hereby given that, in conformity with the stipulations contained in the bonds of this Loan, 575 BONDS of £100 each were DRAWN on June 3 at the office of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation 9, Gracechurch-street, London, E.C.3, in the presence of an Officer of the Corporation and of Mr. F. E. Mattocks, of the firm of John Venn and Sons, Notary Public.

The bonds so drawn will become due for redemption at par on August 1, 1930. Interest thereon will cease on the bonds becoming payable, and on provision being made for their payment.

For the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation
N. J. STABB } Managers.
H. D. JONES }
9, Gracechurch-street, London, E.C.3, June 7, 1930.
N.B.—Printed Lists of the numbers of the bonds drawn may be obtained on application at the above address.

DRAWING OF BONDS (continued)

REPUBLIC of PERU 7 per CENT. INTERNAL LOAN, 1918.

Holders of Bonds of the above Loan are informed that, in accordance with the provisions of Law No. 2713, the undermentioned BONDS were DRAWN for redemption and are repayable at par on and after 30th June, 1930, at the Midland Bank Limited, Overseas Branch Coupon Office, at 5, Threadneedle-street, London, E.C.2, at a daily rate of exchange to be obtained on application. Drawn Bonds will cease to bear interest as from that date:—

50	BONDS	SERIES	"A."	P.£10.			
158	336	617	694	708	739	859	902
1011	1063	1282	1320	1428	1457	1761	1821
1985	2057	2181	2576	2926	2993	3572	3635
3866	3950	4313	4400	4445	4561	4742	4832
4956	5229	5345	5388	5421	5489	5497	5527
5639	5645	5781	5800	5946	6392	6442	6817
6870	6897						
24	BONDS	SERIES	"B."	P.£50.			
393	514	815	865	928	985	1196	1386
1461	1468	1557	1715	1777	1781	1842	1923
2025	2154	2206	2932	3001	3080	3185	3298
66	BONDS	SERIES	"C."	P.£100.			
227	359	494	694	778	864	922	952
1010	1149	1250	1435	1629	1748	1783	1826
1995	2186	2780	2830	2940	3017	3405	3480
3595	3705	3837	3865	4220	4390	4691	4909
4919	4985	5453	5494	5575	5610	5743	5803
6097	6102	6213	6253	6427	6449	6457	6931
7073	7114	7182	7405	7440	7537	7723	7880
7933	8033	8226	8655	8665	8947	9093	9142
9147	9207						
31	BONDS	SERIES	"D."	P.£500.			
391	619	662	836	919	1063	1110	1588
1707	1769	1867	1959	1967	2140	2141	2192
2233	2357	2375	2565	2638	2658	2914	3323
3494	3512	3640	3659	3707	4268	4324	

APARTMENTS AND BOARD-RESIDENCE

3 *lines* 3*s.* (*minimum*);
Agencies 2*s. per line* (*minimum* 4 *lines*)

LONDON AND SUBURBS

HYDE PARK, W.2.

A BARE MINUTE LANCASTER-GATE or PADDINGTON STATIONS.—A nicely appointed newly decorated Residence for Business or Professional Men; two billiard tables, card room, music room, 70 attractive bed rooms (gas fires, slot meters), 15 bath rooms, constant hot water, excellent food; mending by arrangement; inclusive terms (no lunch) from £2 7s. 6d. per week; bed, breakfast, and bath from 39s. 6d. per week.—Apply Sutherland House, 23-24, London-st. 'Phone, Padd. 6770.

A Bare Three Minutes EARLS COURT; quiet good class bed, breakfast, 8s. 6d. per day; or by week; meals optional; temporary and residential; airy, sunny rooms; really hot baths and comfort; ordinary and vegetarian cooking.—Redston Court, 10, Barkston-gardens. Frobisher 6692. Also comfortable rooms August and later seaside cottage; very bracing air near London.

A Bare Minute Paddington Station.—Burn's Chambers, 31, Gloucester-gardens, W.2.—Comfortable BOARD-RESIDENCE from 45s.; excellent food. Padd. 4230.

HILLS.

A Bare three mins. Tube. 90 rooms. From 35s. Gas fires. garage; dancing.—37, Princes-square, W.2. Park 1867.

LANCASTER-GATE.

A Bare Minute Kensington Gardens.—FIRST-CLASS BOARD-RESIDENCE for 24 visitors. Personally recommended for comfort and excellent food. English meat, &c. Not run as boarding house or private hotel. Men (Services, Varsity, or Public School) or married couples preferred. Double from 5½gns., single 3gns., quite inclusive, or 5gns. and £2 15s. without luncheon.—Write Box N.954, The Times, E.C.4.

A Bare Minute KENSINGTON GARDENS, most comfortable, with partial BOARD from 2gns.; really good cooking under personal supervision.—21, Cleanricarde-gardens, W.2 (off Bayswater-road).

A Bare Minute Tubes and Buses. central yet quiet.—Attractive BED-SITTING ROOMS; newly decorated; catering as desired; from 35s.—21, Lindengardens. Tel. Bay. 0264.

A Bare minute Bakerloo, Regent's Park.—Home comforts, good food. Central. From 2½gns.—OSNABURGH HOUSE, REGENT'S PARK. Museum 2088. Don't look further for good home.

A Bare few minutes Hyde Park.—Up-to-date Residential; large private garden.—29, Ladbroke-gardens, Kensington Park-road, W.11. From 45s. 6d. Park 5127.

STANLEY HOUSE.

A Bare few minutes Notting Hill-gate, Kensington Gardens; quiet, amid gardens; recommended; from 2½gns.—13, Stanley-crescent, W.11. Park 1168.

THE MADRID,

SOUTH KENSINGTON (Fr

Kens. 1490. Telegrams: "Estate, c/o Harrods, London."

HARRODS

Surrey Office: West Byfleet.

HOUSES.

NON-BASEMENT. THREE FLOORS ONLY.

CAMPDEN HILL.

A MOST ATTRACTIVE COUNTRY-TYPE HOUSE; six bed rooms, three ground-floor reception rooms, two bath rooms, model kitchen and offices; central heating; long garden in front, flagged garden in rear.
PRICE, FREEHOLD, £6,500. Agents:—HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

OVERLOOKING THE PARK.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE.

MOST ATTRACTIVE and convenient HOUSE, with delightful private garden and summer-house; five bed rooms, double drawing and dining rooms, with parquet throughout, bath room, kitchen; extremely well fitted. Rent £400; no premium.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

WILTON-PLACE. KNIGHTSBRIDGE.

COMMODIOUS FAMILY RESIDENCE.
THE LEASE for SALE on advantageous terms. Containing nine bed rooms, three bath rooms, four reception rooms, light offices. Low price, £2,000 for Lease.—Agents.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

CHELSEA.

MULBERRY-WALK.
OPPORTUNITY to acquire at tempting figure delightful modern non-basement HOUSE, with very pretty garden; six bed rooms (one is large double room, now play room), two bath rooms, three ground-floor reception rooms, kitchen, &c. Attractively decorated. Price £6,500 for long (rust) Lease. Personally inspected.
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FLATS.

CHELSEA EMBANKMENT.

PARTICULARLY CHARMING MANSION FLAT, overlooking Chelsea Embankment, facing South; passenger lift; constant hot water; electric heating; five bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, usual offices.
RENT £500 PER ANNUM.
Long Lease. NO PREMIUM.
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COMMODIOUS FLAT to be LET as a whole or as two; four-seven bed rooms, two bath rooms, two-four reception rooms, very light and sunny; overlooking gardens; central heating; constant hot water; passenger lift. RENT £350 per annum each. All on one floor.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

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UP-TO-DATE and bright five bed-room MANSION FLAT; constant hot water, lift, and porters; two reception and halls, ideal bath room, and kitchen. Tastefully decorated and expensively fitted. Rent £336; no premium.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

GLOUCESTER-ROAD.

VERY ATTRACTIVE FLAT in quiet position, fourth floor; lift; four bed rooms, two reception rooms, bath, kitchen, and usual offices. Rent £235. Lease five, seven, 10 years. Moderate sum for fittings, &c.—Agents.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

TOWN HOUSES

3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

GEO. TROLLOPE & SONS

(Established 1778),
Estate Agents, Surveyors, and Valuers.
13, HOBART-PLACE, EATON-SQUARE, S.W.1.
5, West Halkin-street, 25, Mount-street and 45, Parliament-street.
Telephone: Sloane 6251-2-3.

BY DIRECTION OF EXECUTORS.

105, EATON-SQUARE, S.W., AND GARAGE.

ONE of the SMALLER HOUSES with South aspect over the ornamental gardens and right of access thereto.
There are 10 bed rooms, two bath rooms, large drawing room with parquet floor, three ground-floor reception rooms, usual domestic offices, and garage for two or three cars, with chauffeur's quarters.
Grosvenor Lease 56 years. Ground-rent £120 per annum.
To be SOLD by AUCTION, with possession, at the Mart, 155, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4, on Wednesday, 25th June, 1930, at 2.30 p.m. (unless previously sold privately).—Particulars of Messrs. Golding, Hargrove and Golding, Solicitors, 99, Cannon-street, E.C.4, and (with order to view) of Messrs. GEO. TROLLOPE and SONS, 13, Hobart-place, S.W.1, or their other offices.

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REGENT'S PARK.

CROWN LEASE. PRICE £2,500.—Excellent HOUSE in charming position; seven bed, bath, and four reception rooms, good offices, and stabling suitable conversion.

BARGAIN AT £3,000.

GOOD TOWN HOUSE adjacent to Eaton-place.—Nine bed, two bath, and three reception rooms (one parquet), usual offices. 56 years' lease at £80 per annum ground-rent.

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VERY ATTRACTIVE RESIDENCE for immediate SALE. Long lease at low ground-rent of £35 per annum. Nine bed, three bath, and four reception rooms. Pretty hall and first-rate offices.

FURNISHED TOWN HOUSES.

An excellent selection to be LET for ALL PERIODS in the best West End positions.

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Within a few yards of the beautiful West Heath and about 400ft. above sea level.
DETACHED NON-BASEMENT FREEHOLD, TENNIS LAWN, GARAGE FOR TWO CARS.
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A delightful little RESIDENCE, close to the Heath extension, in an accessible and quiet position.
DETACHED, GOOD GARAGE.
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A MANSION IN MINIATURE.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE (facing due South).—A really charming little COTTAGE of CHARACTER; two panelled living rooms, two bed rooms, bath room; independent hot water; parquet floors; perfectly decorated. FREEHOLD £2,850.—Strongly recommended by Sole Agents, J. EWART GILKES and PARTNERS, 2, Hans-road, S.W.3. Sloane 6148-9.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE (close Park and Tube).—A very fine MODERN HOUSE of character; large lounge, three good reception rooms, nine bed rooms, three bath rooms; perfect repair. Lease over 50 years. Commission to be paid to a private residential club, or other purpose might be granted. Redecorated. Low price.—Sole Agents, J. EWART GILKES and PARTNERS, 2, Hans-road, S.W.3. Sloane 6148-9.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE.

SIX GNS. per WEEK would be accepted for well FURNISHED little HOUSE, one minute Park; two reception, three bed rooms, bath room, &c. Available for one or two years.—Agents, BERRYMAN and Co., 181a, Brompton-road, S.W.3. Sloane 7345.

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RECENTLY COST £5,500; would sell at considerable sacrifice. A really attractive HOUSE with all modern conveniences.
Frigidaire, central heating, lavatory basins, &c.
Three reception, six bed rooms, two baths, excellent offices; small garden.—Agents, BERRYMAN and Co., 181a, Brompton-road, S.W.3. Sloane 7345.

TO OVERSEAS VISITORS.
BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED CHARACTER HOUSE
available for 6-12 months.
ADJOINING Piccadilly. Old Bond-street, close Park; electric lift, central heating, parquet floors; nine bed rooms, three reception rooms, two bath rooms, kitchen, &c.—Specially recommended by the Agents,
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KNIGHTSBRIDGE.

(One minute Hyde Park.)
AN easily run HOUSE for a married couple; attractive dining room, kitchen, double drawing room with French windows, study or bed room, three other bed rooms, two baths, kitchen, &c.; central heating throughout; new and artistic decorations. Rent £175. Moderate premium for lease.—Write Box J.76, The Times, E.C.4.

AT A VERY REASONABLE PRICE.
A delightful quiet House, overlooking Gardens and well appointed and decorated.
CHESTER-SQUARE, S.W.—To be SOLD, ONE of these much-sought-after HOUSES; eight bed rooms, three reception rooms, two bath rooms, and complete well-equipped offices; many improvements and up to date. Lease 59 years. Ground-rent £80. PRICE £4,000.—Early inspection advised by Sole Agents, Messrs. KING and KING, 15, Brompton-road, Knightsbridge, S.W.3. Tele. Nos., Sloane 2294 (three lines).

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CLOSE to the PARK, within a few minutes of the shopping centre of Knightsbridge, a MODERN RESIDENCE, with an open outlook over an avenue of trees; three reception rooms, three bath rooms, seven bed and dressing rooms, compact domestic offices; all modern conveniences installed; garage. Lease 41 years. Ground-rent £58; reasonable price accepted.—Sole Agents, JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 6, Mount-street, W.1. Grosvenor 3273 (five lines).

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KENSINGTON (Campden Hill).—FREEHOLD BIJOU RESIDENCE in favourite position; five bed, bath, double sitting room, dining room, and office; central heating.—Write
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A MODERN RESIDENCE

with every convenience and labour-saving device, situated in a quiet position in the favourite district of

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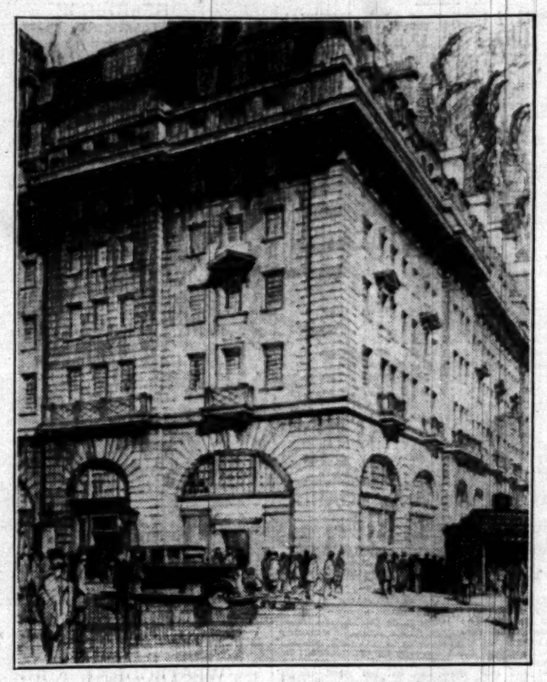
BAKER-STREET.



Comprising 180 suites ranging from a 10-room mansion flat to a three-room bachelor flat, a special unit of 30 separate bed rooms for the use of maids, a well-appointed Restaurant capable of accommodating 250 guests, open to Residents and Non-residents, and many other attractive features.

INCLUSIVE RENTS FROM £300 TO £1,000 PER ANNUM.

FULL PARTICULARS MAY BE OBTAINED AT
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FREDK. DAWSON, ESTATE AGENT,
METROPOLITAN RAILWAY, BAKER-STREET STATION, N.W.1.

TOWN HOUSES (continued)

PRIVATELY or by AUCTION on 1st July.

22, GILBERT-STREET,

GROSVENOR-SQUARE, W.1.
A Most attractive, MODERN (pre-War built), medium-sized RESIDENCE in quiet coveted position in Mayfair; nice open outlook; ELECTRIC PASSENGER LIFT.
LOUNGE HALL, MORNING ROOM, MAHOGANY PANELLED DINING ROOM, DOUBLE DRAWING ROOM, FINE OAK-PANELLED LIBRARY, NINE GOOD BED ROOMS, THREE FITTED BATH ROOMS, PANTRY BED ROOM.
Oak deck floors, mahogany doors, service lift, white-tiled basement. In splendid order.

LEASE 70 YEARS.

Ground-rent £90. Modern garage and flat optional. Illustrated particulars of the joint Auctioneers:—
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ROBINSON, WILLIAMS & BURNANDS,
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A CHARMING MODERNIZED RESIDENCE, CHOICEST SITUATION, BEAUTIFUL VIEWS.
Four reception rooms, good hall, two bath rooms, six good bed rooms, and four bed rooms over garage (used for maids).
CENTRAL HEATING. GARAGE for three cars. Crown Lease at £250 per annum. Premium £5,000.
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PRIVATELY, or by AUCTION on 1st July.

12, MANCHESTER-SQUARE, W.1.

An Attractive, Modernized FAMILY RESIDENCE DIRECTLY FACING SQUARE GARDENS.
Ten bed rooms, three bath rooms, five reception rooms. Capital offices.
CENTRAL HEATING. Independent hot water. Service lift. ELECTRIC POWER.
Garage, stabling, and chauffeur's rooms.
Direct PORTMAN LEASE of 20¼ years at £120 per annum ground-rent.
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Acting in conjunction with
ROBINSON, WILLIAMS and BURNANDS,
89, Mount-street, W.1 (Grosvenor 2430.)

A really attractive little house.
KNIGHTSBRIDGE.—One minute park; two to three reception, four to five bed, large bath room, and good offices; small garden. Rent £300 per annum; small premium for lease, &c.—Inspected and recommended by Sole Agents, BERRYMAN and Co., 181a, Brompton-road, S.W.3. Sloane 7345.

LEASE 21 YEARS.—Attractive large HOUSE, fully let, excellent address, furnished and unfurnished. Rent £300. Premium £1,100. Profit good.—Write Box S.1835, The Times, E.C.4.

RENT ONLY 9 GUINEAS PER WEEK.
LENNOX-GARDENS.—ONE of these favourite HOUSES to be LET, FURNISHED, at the above low rent; four reception rooms, nine bed rooms, two bath rooms, &c.; to be LET for six months or longer. Recommended as an exceptional opportunity.—Apply Messrs. KING and KING, 15, Brompton-road, Knightsbridge, S.W.3. Tele. Nos. Sloane 2294 (three lines).

MID-BELGRAVIA.—Charming HOUSE, with six bed and STUDIO, for DISPOSAL.—Apply BARKER and NEALE, 13, Lowndes-street, S.W.1.

DIRECT VIEWS AND ACCESS TO GARDENS.

25, PORTMAN-SQUARE, W.1.

ONE of the coveted smaller RESIDENCES in this favourite Square; 11 bed rooms, three bath rooms, four reception rooms, and complete domestic offices.
Electric Passenger Lift and Service Lift.
Good stabling and garage with flat over.
Direct Lease of over 35 years at a moderate ground-rent.
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SMITH-SQUARE (District of WESTMINSTER).—Modernized small HOUSE with seven bed, two bath, two reception rooms, &c. FREEHOLD £8,000, or 12 to 14 gns. weekly, furnished.—Sole Agents, BOND and Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7860.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.—Attractive red brick RESIDENCE in favourite quiet position; seven bed rooms, bath, domestic offices. Lease 52 years at £30 per annum.—Agents: DRAKE and RUCK, 39, Alfred-place, South Kensington (opposite Station).

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UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY to SECURE a PERFECT FREEHOLD RESIDENCE.
£6,000 It would be ACCEPTED for a delightful modern RESIDENCE with seven or eight bed rooms, three bath rooms, three reception rooms, lounge hall, and excellent offices.—Owner's Agents, GEO. BERRY and STROUTS, 140, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

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£2,750 Only is the price which will now be accepted for a modernized medium-size HOUSE in one of the best positions on the Portman Estate.
Panelled walls, parquet flooring, modern fitments, &c., only requires redecoration; eight bed and dressing rooms, three exceptionally well-fitted bath rooms, beautiful double drawing room, square lounge hall, dining and library, excellent offices. Lease just over 11 years at only £94 per annum. Lease can be extended up to 33 years in all. Should be inspected immediately.—Agents, GARLAND SMITH and Co., 100, Mount-street, W.1.

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HOUSE AND GARAGE WITH NICE GARDEN.
£150 PER ANNUM, no premium, secures an excellent RESIDENCE, with four bed rooms, bath, three reception rooms, and offices; garage and nice garden.—Agents, GEO. BERRY and STROUTS, 140, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

DIRECT ACCESS TO GARDENS.
51, LENNOX-GARDENS.—Attractive red-brick RESIDENCE in quiet and favourite position in excellent state of repair; six bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms, lounge hall, and light domestic offices. Lease about 43 years. Ground rent £40 per annum. For SALE Privately at bargain price or by Auction, on Wednesday, 25th June next.—WILLIAM WILLETT, Ltd., 88, Gloucester-road, S.W.7; Head Office, Sloane-square, S.W.1. Kensington 5724

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3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

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MARBLE ARCH, overlooking the Park.—Unfurnished Mansion Service Flat with two bed rooms, reception room and bath room; central heating, constant hot water, passenger lift. Rental £230 per annum plus service. Reasonable sum for fittings and fixtures. Mayfair 8022 (Extn. 1).

SEVEN BED ROOMS and THREE BATH ROOMS in a well-furnished Mansion Flat situate in Baker-street; three large reception rooms and usual domestic offices; passenger lift. Rent 12gns. per week. Mayfair 8022 (Extn. 5).
WAY and WALLER, 5, HANOVER-SQUARE, W.1.

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IN THE HEART OF MAYFAIR, W.1.

Overlooking Green Park and facing due South.
A exceptionally well FURNISHED MODERN FLAT offered at less than unfurnished rent for immediate let; centrally heated and all labour-saving services; comprising six bed rooms, two reception rooms, two bath rooms, usual offices.
Rent 20gns. per week, available 6-12 months.
Sole Agents,
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BELGRAVIA.—Beautifully FURNISHED MAISONNETTE; two reception, four bed rooms, bath, kitchen; three months; 10gns. weekly. Sloane 1363.

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HANOVER-SQUARE, W.1.—MANSION SERVICE FLAT; two bed, one reception, bath, lift; constant hot water. Unfurnished, £250 per annum; or Furnished, 6-7gns. per week.—Apply MILLARD BROS., 231, Oxford-street, W.1. Gerrard 7457.

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BACHELOR'S small up-to-date SERVICE FLAT; £175 rent, including hot water and central heat; small service charge.
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BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED FLAT to be LET. immediate vacant possession, for eight or ten weeks; positively quiet position practically overlooking Hyde Park, comprising five bed rooms, two reception rooms, large lounge, bath room, kitchen, &c., all modern conveniences.
Moderate rental would be accepted.
Further particulars of
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QUEEN'S-GATE.—FURNISHED FLAT in this fine open position to be LET with immediate possession; three reception rooms, four bed rooms, bath room, and excellent offices. Owner, out of Town, open to accept greatly reduced rent.—Apply Messrs. KING and KING, 15, Brompton-road, Knightsbridge, S.W.3. Tele. Nos., Sloane 2294 (three lines).

OPEN VIEW OVER GARDENS.
QUEEN'S-GATE, S.W.7.—An exceptionally good FLAT with five bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, pantry, &c., to be LET for remainder of advantageous Lease. Excellent cupboards. Premium £450, including fittings, carpets and curtains. Lift and porter.—Recommended by
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SIX BED, TWO RECEPTION ROOMS, &c.
ST. JAMES'S PARK, close to, and very quiet.—Unfurnished MANSION FLAT, second floor (lift). Rent £500 per annum. Small premium.—BOND and Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7860.

FLATS AND CHAMBERS (continued)

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SELF-CONTAINED FLAT, having three rooms, kitchen, and bath room, with garage for three-four cars. Lease for disposal at low rent.—Apply HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

SERVICE FLATS, Furnished and Unfurnished, near Abbey. Excellent restaurant, residents only. Apply Manageress, 87, Victoria-street, Westminster, S.W.1.

SHERWOOD COURT.

Now remaining, a few only
CHOICE MODERN FLATS,
New, self-contained, particularly light and airy, with THREE BED ROOMS, TWO RECEPTION, Kitchen, and Bath Room, &c.
Ample cupboard room and every modern convenience, including electric light and power at ½d. per unit only.
Rents from £275 per annum inclusive.
Garages on the premises if required.
To view and for all further particulars apply Letting Office on the premises,
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SLOANE-STREET (out of).—A particularly attractive SELF-CONTAINED MANSION FLAT close to Park; three bed, bath, two reception rooms, three bed rooms, bath room, and usual offices. Rent 8 to 9 guineas per week (offers submitted).—Highly recommended by Messrs. KING and KING, 15, Brompton-road, Knightsbridge, S.W.3. Tele. Nos., Sloane 2294 (three lines).

SLOANE-STREET (just off).
NO PREMIUM. EARLY POSSESSION.
£200 A YEAR secures an attractive small FLAT with two bed rooms, bath room, reception room, lounge hall, kitchen; constant hot water.—Agents, GEO. BERRY and STROUTS, 140, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.
£140 PER ANNUM.—Newly decorated THIRD-FLOOR FLAT (lift); three bed, bath, two reception rooms, kitchen. Open outlook. Tenant pays rates, about £30 per annum. New lease. No premium.—BOND and Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7860.

41 GNS.—FURNISHED FLAT Six rooms, balcony; constant hot water; telephone; one minute from Earl's Court Tube.—Phone Gerrard 2773.

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HOVE.—Beautifully FURNISHED FLAT to be LET, six months or a year, at 6 guineas, or unfurnished rest of Lease, one year and half, at £200 yearly.—All details write to Box S.1877, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED

WANTED, ST. JOHN'S WOOD, REGENT'S PARK, or HAMPSTEAD.—Entirely SELF-CONTAINED MAISONNETTE; three bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms. Rent up to £225 per annum.—Please send details at once to BRITTON, POOLE and Co., 2, Wellington-road, N.W.8.

SUBURBAN HOUSES

3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

HIGHGATE. CLOSE TO GOLF.
A Very charming detached MODERN NON-BASEMENT RESIDENCE, of labour-saving plan and attractive elevation, occupying a most convenient position, close to station, car and bus routes, golf, and short walk Hampstead, Kenwood; in good repair; well appointed; six bed rooms, three reception rooms, hall; garage; charming well laid out garden; £4,000.
GLORIOUS TOTTERIDGE. AT BARGAIN PRICE.
EXCEPTIONALLY charming modern detached RESIDENCE, enjoying a position of great charm in old-world district, within easy reach of all parts Town, close to City trains, car and bus routes to Tube Station, and overlooking golf links; in very good repair; well fitted; six bed rooms, ¼ billiard room, three reception rooms, hall, up-to-date offices; delightful gardens, tennis court; garage. FREEHOLD £4,100.—STURT and TIVENDALE, Highgate, N.6.

WELL-BUILT MODERN HOUSE, close Acton Town District; three bed, bath, two reception; garage; large garden. £1,275 FREEHOLD.—Apply EYDMANN, STREET and BRIDGE, 242, High-street, Acton.

WEST ACTON, near main road, buses, &c.; on two floors; five bed, bath, two reception (large rooms). PRICE £1,190.—Apply EYDMANN, STREET and BRIDGE, 242, High-street, Acton.

A Charming detached RESIDENCE in an ideal situation, just off Wimbledon Common; eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, three sitting rooms, billiard room; garage with garage for three and a two-stall stable. To be LET, £300 per annum; or £7,000 FREEHOLD.
OGDENS OF WIMBLEDON,
Offices facing the Station. 'Phone 0044.

ROEHAMPTON.
A Charming detached MODERN RESIDENCE, occupying one of the choicest positions within a stone's throw of the Heath; six bed, two bath, and two reception rooms; good garden with room for tennis; garage site; electric light, constant hot water supply. Reduced price for quick Sale.—Recommended by the Agents, Messrs.
A. W. TAYLOR and Co.,
159, High-street, Putney ('Phone 0029), S.W.15.

SUBURBAN HOUSES (continued)

BARNES.—Modern semi-detached RESIDENCE to be LET; four bed, two reception, kitchen, bath room, two w.c.'s; electric light and gas; nice garden; rent £120 per annum exclusive.—Particulars of G. ELLIS JACKSON, Estate Offices, 55a, High-street, Barnes.

FLYING OFFICER'S quaint little COUNTRY COTTAGE, 12 miles Town; every improvement; electric light, constant hot water; panelled rooms; latest bath; beautiful orchard, garden and garage. Off abroad. Take £1,650 FREEHOLD to sell quickly.
GOODMAN and MANN, Hampton Court Station.

HARROW-ON-THE-HILL, 4, LYON-ROAD, occupying a much sought-after position.—Detached FREEHOLD RESIDENCE; square hall, cloak room, two reception rooms, four bed rooms, bath, compact domestic offices; secluded garden; garage. By AUCTION on 24th June, 1930, by A. R. PEACEY, Station Approaches, Harrow-on-the-Hill.

HAMPSTEAD GARDEN SUBURB PROPERTIES.—Specially appointed Agents, COPARTS, Ltd., Golders Green, N.W.11 (opposite Tube).

NEW MALDEN (Waterloo 20mins.).—Pre-War built MODERN RESIDENCE, in corner position, with ½ acre nicely laid-out garden and carriage drive; attractive appearance; seven bed, three reception, &c.; garage; rent £150 per annum on lease.—S. R. and Co., Chartered Surveyors, 121, Cheapside E.C.2. (Nat. 8394.)

NORTHWOOD.—By AUCTION on June 18th.—"BONNY RIGG," KEWFERRY HILL; Detached; four bed, bath, lounge hall, three reception; garage and good garden.—STIMPSON, LOCK and VINCE, Auctioneers, Northwood. Ciele. 310.)

OLD GEORGIAN HOUSE, CHISWICK, standing in large garden and with River frontage. PRICE £4,000 (part can remain). Eight nice bed rooms, three reception rooms.—Agents, PERKS and LANNING, 37, Clarges-street, W.1.

A RARE CHANCE.

15 minutes from Hyde Park Corner, close to Clubs, Heath, station and buses. In a secluded position between
ROEHAMPTON and PUTNEY, standing in about one-third of an Acre—A MODERN RESIDENCE, planned on TWO FLOORS only; five bed rooms (fitted lavatory basins), two bath rooms (tiled), two reception rooms, excellent domestic offices; constant hot water, central heating; large garage; walled-in garden. PRICE FREEHOLD, £3,650.—Apply
DOUGLAS KERSHAW & CO.,
153, Upper Richmond-road, Putney, S.W.

WIMBLEDON WEST.—Exceedingly choice MODERN RESIDENCE, delightful position, enjoying extensive open views; panelled hall and dining room, charming drawing room, four bed, marbled bath room, labour-saving offices; large garden; garage. FREEHOLD £1,425.—Pearson, "Meadow View," Worcester Park, Malden 0072.

WIMBLEDON COMMON (close to), gravel soil.—Fine detached RESIDENCE in quiet situation; nine bed, two baths, three reception, lounge hall; large garden, tennis lawn, garage space. FREEHOLD £4,500.—CROSS and PRIOR, 54, High-street, and 64, Hill-road, Wimbledon.

FURNISHED SUBURBAN HOUSES

HAMPTON COURT.—Beautifully FURNISHED BIJOU RESIDENCE; lovely open position; picturesque grounds; four bed, bath, two reception; every convenience; tennis; garage.
GOODMAN and MANN, Hampton Court Station.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES

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HOUSES IN SURREY.

HEADLEY.
Near the well-known Heath, with a delightful outlook over beautifully wooded country.
A Choice OLD-FASHIONED COTTAGE-RESIDENCE; halls, two sitting, six bed and dressing, and two bath rooms, complete offices; large garage; central heating; companies' water and electricity; pretty garden and meadows, about THREE ACRES. FREEHOLD for SALE by CHAS. OSENTON and Co., Leatherhead. Tele. 2.

DORKING.
Close to the beautiful Glory Woods and Golf Course.
AN Exceptionally Attractive pre-War HOUSE, substantially built and well equipped; three reception, seven bed, two baths, good offices; modern conveniences; garage, &c.
Lovely garden and woodland, ONE ACRE.
Sole Agents, CHAS. OSENTON and Co., High-street, Dorking. 'Phone 185.

BERKS (adjoining Sonning Golf Links).—For SALE very attractive detached RESIDENCE; four bed rooms, bath room (fitted lavatory basins), bath room (hot and cold), two large reception; garage; large garden. PRICE £1,500.
BUCKLAND and SONS, 154, Friar-street, Reading.

BERKS (between MORTIMER and SILCHESTER).—For Sale, charming old-fashioned Detached RESIDENCE; five bed rooms, bath room (hot and cold), three reception; pretty garden. (3368).
BUCKLAND and SONS, 154, Friar-street, Reading.

BERKS (between READING and TWYFORD).—For SALE, Delightful 15th Century RESIDENCE in excellent order; four bed rooms, bath room (hot and cold), three reception; garage, outbuildings. Recommended. (3641).
BUCKLAND and SONS, 154, Friar-street, Reading.

SOUTHBOURNE, BOURNEMOUTH.
EQUALLY SUITABLE for PRIVATE RESIDENCE, SCHOOL, HOTEL, or INSTITUTION.
AN exceptionally fine HOUSE, situated on the Cliffs, three minutes' walk from trams and shops, and commanding ABSOLUTELY UNINTERRUPTED SEA VIEWS FROM ALL PRINCIPAL ROOMS. Accommodation 14 bed rooms, four bath rooms, four reception rooms, billiard room, and complete offices. FREEHOLD £6,000.—HOLD, Beach and Foreshore Rights can be acquired.—FOX and SONS, 39, Charminster-road, Bournemouth.

BRENTWOOD, ESSEX.

A Charming, modern, small HOUSE with LARGE ROOMS; four bed rooms, TILED BATH ROOM, three reception rooms; large GARAGE; electric light, CENTRAL HEATING. ABOUT ONE ACRE GARDEN, including orchard. PRICE £2,300 FREEHOLD.
Agents, FOLKARD and HAYWARD, F.A.I., 115, Baker-street, W.1. (Welbeck 8181.)

BUCKS.

UNDER 20 MILES FROM TOWN.
A Delightful detached RESIDENCE, of unusual, but charming design, a special feature being the LARG

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respectfully give notice that they will hold the following SALES by AUCTION

AT THEIR GREAT ROOMS, 8, KING-STREET, ST. JAMES'S, S.W.1,

COMMENCING EACH DAY AT ONE O'CLOCK PRECISELY.

On THURSDAY, JUNE 12.

OLD ENGLISH SILVER PLATE, sold by order of the executors of GEORGE BOWDLER GIPPS, Esq., deceased. Also Silver chiefly of the Georgian period, sold by order of the Executors of Mrs. ROSALIND BEARDMORE, deceased; the property of MAJOR H. C. FANSHAWE, and from various sources.

On view.

On FRIDAY, JUNE 13.

OLD PICTURES, the property of SIR HASTINGS HADLEY D'OYLY, BART.; the property of the late GEORGE BOWDLER GIPPS, Esq.; also Drawings by T. Rowlandson, and Old Pictures from other sources.

On view.

On MONDAY, JUNE 16.

OLD PICTURES, from various sources, including works by or attributed to :—N. Dance, R.A., J. Northcote, R.A., D. Serres, R.A., R. Smirke, R.A., James Ward, R.A., F. Wheatley, R.A., R. Wilson, R.A., J. Bastide, J. Herring, A. Van der Poel, J. R. Smith Frans Francken Frans Post J. Stark C. Cooper Henderson T. Rowlandson W. Van de Velde J. F. Herring A. Vernet

May be viewed on the THURSDAY and FRIDAY preceding.

On TUESDAY, JUNE 17.

BATTERSEA ENAMELS, the property of the HON. MRS. WALTER LEVY; Objects of Vertu, the property of SIR HUMPHREY DE TRAFFORD, Bart., the HON. LADY MILLER, and others, including old French gilt snuff boxes, old English miniatures by John Smart, R. Cosway, R.A., George Engleheart, and others; and a group of Nelson and other Naval Relics, the property of a gentleman and formerly the property of the late Miss PAMELA HARDY, great grand-daughter of the brother of CAPT. THOMAS HARDY, R.N.

May be viewed on the FRIDAY and MONDAY preceding.

On WEDNESDAY, JUNE 18.

DECORATIVE FURNITURE, OBJECTS of ART and PORCELAIN, from various sources, including Chippendale, Sheraton, and other Old English Furniture, and Chinese enamelled Porcelain.

May be viewed TWO DAYS preceding.

On FRIDAY, JUNE 20.

IMPORTANT PICTURES by OLD MASTERS, the property of HIS GRACE the DUKE of LEEDS, removed from Hornby Castle, Yorkshire; also the properties of the EARL of CAVAN, K.P., MAJOR-GENERAL the RIGHT HON. E. B. SEELY, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., SIR WINDHAM R. P. CARMICHAEL-ANSTRUTHER, BART., SIR THOMAS CUTHBERT, K.C.M.G., MAJOR-GENERAL VAUGHAN, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., SIR OFFLEY WAKEMAN, BART., C.B., C.B.E., C.F. BURNEY, Esq., COLONEL REGINALD CHANDOS-POLE, the late Dr. THOMAS HEAZLE, the late H. H. WORDOM, Esq., and others, including Pictures of the Early British School, chief among which, being a Portrait of Charles Rousseau Burney, Esq., by Thomas Gainsborough, R.A., a "Portrait Group of the Bradshaw Family," by J. Zoffany, R.A., a "Portrait of The Right Hon. Sir John Anstruther," by Hugh Hamilton, R.A., also "Portraits of Sir John Anstruther, 2nd Baronet and His Wife," by Sir Joshua Reynolds, P.R.A.; Portraits by or attributed to Henry Raeburn, R.A., of Mr. and Mrs. John Gordon, of Aikenbarr, Cathcart, Glasgow, and of Miss Margaret Inglis, of Edinburgh"; "Colonel Newport, Fox-Hunting," by J. N. Sartorius; "Portrait of Mrs. Twiss," by John Hoppner, R.A.; of Mr. Riddow, by Sir Thomas Lawrence, P.R.A.; Views of Pembroke Castle and Snowdon from Llyn Ogwen, by Richard Wilson, R.A.; also the Property of a Gentleman, by Nicolas Lancret, Marguerite Lolling Argus Seated, by Claude Lorrain, and other works by or attributed to :—Sir T. Lawrence, P.R.A., Sir J. Reynolds, P.R.A., Sir W. Beechey, R.A., T. Gainsborough, R.A., J. Russell, R.A., R. Wilson, R.A.,

W. H. Barraud	Frans Francken	Allan Ramsay	
A. Beerstraten	C. Cooper Henderson	F. Sartorius	
T. N. Van Blaren	J. Van Steen	J. Smart	
	berghe	Senr.	G. B. Tiepolo
Charles Burney	M. d'Hondecoeter	Pietro della	
E. F. Burney	S. Howitt	Vecchia	
Joos Cleve	Thomas de	Jan Victoors	
M. Dahl	Sir P. Lely	J. Wootton	

May be viewed THREE DAYS preceding.

Illustrated Catalogues may be had.

On TUESDAY, JUNE 24.

JEWELS, the property of the RIGHT HON. BRENDA, COUNTESS of WILTON, deceased, and from various sources, including necklaces, brilliant neckbands, tiaras, rings and pendants; an Important emerald and brilliant necklace; ruby, sapphire and other ornaments.

May be viewed on the FRIDAY and MONDAY preceding.

ALEXANDRA DAY.

TWO BOUQUETS of ROSES from Windsor Castle will be presented by HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN to be sold at 2.30 p.m. on Tuesday, June 24, on behalf of the Fund.

On TUESDAY, JUNE 24.

The FIRST PORTION of the COLLECTION of FURNITURE, OBJECTS of ART and TAPESTRY, formed by the late J. BREITMEYER, Esq., deceased, removed from 11, Connaught-place, W., and Rushton Hall, Kettering, comprising Italian 16th-Century walnut cabinets, tables, coffers, and chairs; an Italian 16th-Century carved walnut cassone; French 16th-Century walnut coffers; Flemish Gothic tapestries; Swiss and Brussels 16th-Century tapestries; a German early 16th-Century carved walnut credenza; a Spanish carved wood bed of state; German silver cups; an important Della Robbia relief; Della Robbia rondels; Faenza, Deruta, Urbino, and Hispano-Mauro faience; old Italian bronzes, metalwork and sculpture.

May be viewed on the FRIDAY and MONDAY preceding.

Illustrated Catalogues may be had.

On THURSDAY, JUNE 26.

FINE OLD ENGLISH SILVER PLATE, the property of GUY FAIRFAX, Esq., of Bilbrough Manor, Yorks, including a silver gilt cup and cover presented by Queen Anne to Admiral Fairfax for his services at the taking of Gibraltar in 1704, a Queen Anne large octagonal salver, a pair of Queen Anne jugs and covers, a Queen Anne Monteith and a William III. porringer and cover; a fine William III. Monteith and a large George III. dinner service, the property of the RIGHT HON. LORD RAVENSWORTH; an Elizabethan tazza, a Queen Anne Monteith and a German large wine cooler, the property of SIR JOHN RAMSDEN, Bart., Bulstrode, Gerrards Cross; and fine plate, from various sources, including a Charles II. large tankard, a Queen Anne large wine cistern, William III. and Queen Anne tankards and cupping bowls, Charles II. goblets, George I. waiters by Paul Lamerie, early Georgian coffee pots, candlesticks, &c., and old French and Dutch silver.

May be viewed TWO DAYS preceding.

Illustrated Catalogues may be had.

On THURSDAY, JUNE 26.

The COLLECTION of OLD NANKIN PORCELAIN, formed by COLONEL S. G. GOLDSCHMIDT, of Peover Cottage, Over Peover, Knutsford, Cheshire, including numerous vases, dishes, bowls, cups, and specimen pieces. The collection has until recently been exhibited on loan at the Manchester City Art Gallery, Old Chinese enamelled Porcelain, the property of MAJOR J. A. MORRISON, D.S.O., formerly of Basildon Park, Reading; and the property of a Gentleman, including a square Kang He Vase with famille verte decoration on yellow ground, and Ming Vases with incised and enamelled decoration on aubergine and purple grounds.

May be viewed TWO DAYS preceding.

Illustrated Catalogues may be had.

On FRIDAY, JUNE 27.

PICTURES by OLD MASTERS, the property of L. BREITMEYER, Esq., deceased, late of 11, Connaught-place, W., and Rushton Hall, Kettering (sold by order of the Executors), including :—The charming "Portrait of Miss Charlotte Augusta Papendiek when a child" by John Hoppner, R.A., illustrated and described by W. Mackay and W. Roberts; "John Hoppner," p.p. 196-7, and engraved by H. Scott, Bridgewater, two good examples by Francesco Guardi of "The Piazza of St. Mark's, Venice," and "The Island of San Giorgio Maggiore, Venice"; a "Portrait of the Marchioness of Tweeddale" by Sir Peter Lely; two Portraits of Ladies, by George Romney; also the Collection of Pictures by Old Masters, chiefly of the Dutch School of the 17th Century, the property of Mrs. EDWARD SPEYER, of Riddesdhurst, Shenley, Herts, including the well-known "River Scene," by Hercules Seghers, mentioned in W. von Bode's "Masters of the Dutch and Flemish Schools of Painting," Second Edition, 1919, and Third Edition, 1921, p. 152, also reproduced in the Arundel Club's Portfolio of 1907, the Burlington Magazine of January, 1923, and in Dr. von Frimmel's Art Journal "Blätter für Gemäldekunde," No. 7, Vienna, 1908; a small, but very choice, "River Scene" by Salomon van Ruisdael; also "The Interior of a Church in Amsterdam," by Emanuel de Witte, and other choice works by or attributed to Sir Joshua Reynolds, P.R.A., Rev. Matthew William Peters, R.A., Richard Wilson, R.A.,

Bol	Dirk Hals	Jan Olis	
Leonard Bramer	George Henry	Adriaen van	
Bartholomeus	Harlow	Ostade	
Breenbergh	Bartholomeus van	Salomon van	
Adriaen Brouwer	der Helst	Ruisdael	
Joos Cleve	Melchior d'Hon-	Abraham Storck	
Pieter Codde	decoeter	Bernhard Strigel	
Cornelis van den	Cornelis Jonson	David Teniers	
	Eeckhout	Thomas de	Sir Anthony
Jan van Goyen	Keyser	Vandyck	
	Nicolaus Maes	Cornelis de Vos	
	Aert van der Neer		

May be viewed THREE DAYS preceding.

Illustrated Catalogues may be had.

On MONDAY, JUNE 30.

OLD PICTURES, the property of Mrs. ALFRED NOYES; also Old Pictures and Drawings from various sources, including works by or attributed to :—

R. B. Danloux	Klaes Molenaer	A. Pynacker
J. C. Drochsloot	F. Naumyth	F. Sartorius
J. C. Ibbetson	P. Phillips	D. Teniers

May be viewed on the THURSDAY and FRIDAY preceding.

On WEDNESDAY, JULY 2, and following day, THE SECOND PORTION of the collection of Furniture and OBJECTS of ART, formed by L. BREITMEYER, Esq., deceased, and removed from 11, Connaught-place, W., and Rushton Hall, Kettering, comprising French Commodes, Cabinets and Tables, sets of Fauteuils covered with Aubusson Tapestry, French Clocks and Candelabras, the panel of Beauvais Tapestry, the panels of Paris 17th Century Tapestry, a set of three Chinese Porcelain Vases with famille rose decoration on black ground, other Continental Porcelain, and Persian Carpets and Rugs.

May be viewed TWO DAYS preceding.

Illustrated Catalogues may be had.

On FRIDAY, JULY 4.

OLD PICTURES from various sources, including works by or attributed to :—W. R. Bigg, R.A., F. Cotes, R.A., Lady Doyle, R.A., J. Russell, R.A., D. Serres, R.A., J. Wright, A.R.A.,

L. F. Abbott	T. Hudson	N. Pocock
J. Antillis	F. Llotard	P. Sartorius
T. Beach	Ben Marshall	F. Swaine
M. Brown	P. Monamy	A. Van der Tempel
H. Van der Goes	G. Morland	P. de Troy
C. Cooper Henderson	W. Palmegius	W. Van de Velde

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400FT. UP AND GLORIOUSLY PLACED IN UNSPOILED COUNTRYSIDE.

MARVELLOUS VIEWS OVER VALLEY TO WOODED HILLS.

London only 21 miles.

Secluded and beautifully timbered Old English grounds, lawns, rose and flower gardens, woodlands, now in phase of colour, kitchen garden, &c., in all about

10 ACRES.

This well-built FREEHOLD RESIDENCE contains hall, three reception rooms intercommunicating and forming handsome suite, sun room, eight bed rooms (running water in principal rooms), two dressing rooms, three bath rooms; co.'s water, central heating, electric light available; Garage with rooms over, Lodge, &c.

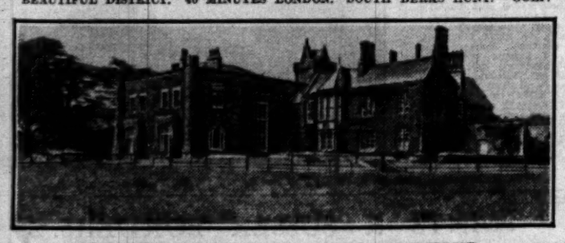
FOR SALE AT A REASONABLE PRICE.

CANNOT FAIL TO APPEAL TO CITY GENTLEMEN SEEKING REFINED AND QUIET COUNTRY HOME WITHIN EASY ACCESS OF THE CITY AND WEST END.

Inspected and recommended by ELLIS and SONS, 31, Dover-street, W.1.

EARLEY, BERKS.

BEAUTIFUL DISTRICT. 40 MINUTES LONDON. SOUTH BERKS HUNT. GOLF.



DELIGHTFUL COUNTRY HOUSE (OF HISTORICAL INTEREST).

SURROUNDED BY WELL-TIMBERED PARK, &c., OF NEARLY 60 ACRES.

Within two miles of Reading Station. Surrounded by wonderful old pleasure grounds. The house contains large oak-panelled lounge hall, four reception rooms, 12 family bed and dressing rooms, several bath rooms, servants' quarters. Cottages, Stabling, Garages. Main water and gas. Electric light. Central heating.

LAWNS, ITALIAN GARDEN, FINE TIMBER. LAKE OF OVER 12 ACRES.

LOW PRICE for LEASE, 28 years to run, at moderate ground-rent.

RECOMMENDED BY MESSRS. NICHOLAS,

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FOR SALE PRIVATELY ON EXCELLENT TERMS.

AT CHANTILLY (FRANCE).

MAGNIFICENT FURNISHED VILLA,

situated near the Forest, with fine view of Race course.

Ground Floor.—Large hall (7m. by 15m.), salon, dining room, pantry; kitchen in basement.

Upstairs.—Large landing with lavatory, eight best rooms, two bath rooms, large terrace with view over château and the Forest.

Caretaker's cottage. Tennis. Garage. Fine garden, ornamental trees.

For all other information and to visit by appointment apply to

AGENCE IMMOBILIERE DE CHANTILLY, 9, Rue Gouvieux.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES (Continued from Page 22)

GOUDHURST, KENT.

REALLY UNIQUE Architect-built labour-saving HOUSE, never in market before. Glorious position in own grounds of two acres commanding the finest unspoilt views in the county; five bed, bath, two reception; garden room; workshop; garage; main water, electric light and drainage. FREEHOLD £3,000.—Sole Agents, LAMBERT and SYMES, F.S.I., Paddock Wood.

SEVENOAKS (near).—Delightful rural spot, only 20 miles from London.—Attractive COUNTRY RESIDENCE in beautifully timbered undulating grounds of 10 ACRES; 10 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, lounge (30ft. by 20ft.), three reception rooms; central heating; company's water, electric light available; entrance lodge, garage; shady lawns; delightful flower gardens, productive kitchen garden, orchard, and paddock. FREEHOLD £6,250. Strongly recommended.—GREERING and COLYER, Hawkhurst, Kent.

SMART LITTLE PROPERTIES in EAST SUSSEX, lovely country and near sea, for SALE at £500 upwards. Also furnished and unfurnished lettings.—HOWSE, Beckley, Sussex.

SUSSEX HOUSES.

ROSS and DENNIS, UCKFIELD and EASTBOURNE.

WHY NOT BUILD

a House to meet your exact requirements in the district of your choice? Our complete and exclusive building service operates in all districts.—Write for brochure "A," with plans and prize-winning designs.—Universal Housing Co., Ltd., Bicknansworth.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES (continued)

For SALE under exceptional circumstances.

ALL MODERN REQUIREMENTS.

SURREY, between HINDHEAD and FARNHAM, standing high, in lovely situation, with long drive approach, close to golf and enjoying pretty views.—Exceptionally fine MODERN RESIDENCE, built for Owner's occupation, fulfilling all modern requirements; nine or more bed rooms, three baths, four reception, servants' hall, usual offices; electric light, gas, company's water, central heating, modern drainage; garage for two, stable, outhouses, pair of very fine cottages; charming grounds of 17 Acres laid out by landscape gardeners with hard and grass tennis courts, croquet lawn, orchard, rock and rose gardens, lily pond, woodland with stream, large paddock, &c.

Labour-saving devices throughout.

Details and price (much less than cost) from the Agents, R. C. S. EVENNETT, Haslemere; or Hampton and Sons, 20, St. James'-square, London, S.W.1.

BY ORDER OF TRUSTEES.

AT A BARGAIN PRICE TO CLEAR ESTATE.

SURREY.—40 minutes London.—A COUNTRY HOUSE of some importance in well-timbered grounds and approached by drive with picturesque lodge entrance; handsome suite of reception rooms, billiard room, 10 bed and dressing rooms; stabling, garage, laundry, chauffeur's room; about 4½ ACRES. FREEHOLD only £4,000.—WATKIN and WATKIN, Reigate and East Grinstead.

UNSOLD AUCTION BARGAIN.

£1,150 will BUY Detached Double-fronted RESIDENCE in EAST GRINSTEAD (six bed, bath, two reception, kitchen and scullery); brick garage; small garden.—WATKIN and WATKIN, East Grinstead. Tele. 375.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES (continued)

SUSSEX: beautiful ASHDOWN FOREST District, 500ft. up; glorious views; within half a mile from village, and convenient for golf.—An attractive COUNTRY RESIDENCE; three reception, seven bed and dressing, two baths, good offices, all main services; garage; matured grounds and paddock. PRICE £2,000, offer considered.—Recommended by CHARLES J. PARRIS, Chartered Surveyors, Crowborough.

SOUTH-EAST COAST.

On the front of a favourite, quiet, and select resort. An opportunity to rent an IDEAL SEASIDE RESIDENCE, fitted every convenience; newly decorated; CENTRAL HEATING; parquet floors; main drains and water; electric light; eight-nine bed rooms, two bath rooms and servants' bath, three-four reception; near tennis and golf. To be LET for three (or possibly five) years at £250 per annum, or near offer.

Agents, FOLKARD and HAYWARD, F.A.I., 115, Baker-street, W.1. (Welbeck 8181.)

On the edge of a

SURREY COMMON.

Near a Station and only 40 minutes from Town.

FOR SALE, 16th CENTURY COTTAGE, FULL OF OLD OAK, CAREFULLY MODERNIZED.

Hall and two reception, six bed rooms, bath room.

Electric light, gas, main water, good drainage, central heating. Garage.

FOR SALE WITH NEARLY ONE ACRE OF OLD-WORLD GARDENS.

NORFOLK and PRIOR, 14, Hay-hill, W.1.

TANDRIDGE, SURREY (near).—To be SOLD or LET, modern, convenient HOUSE, quiet surroundings, 25 miles London, ½ station; four bed rooms; moderate price.—Write Box S.1831, The Times, E.C.4.

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FURNISHED COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES

3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

SOUTH OF SCOTLAND. AUGUST and SEPTEMBER. A Paradise for Children.—To be LET for these months, or might be arranged, a delightful MANSION HOUSE standing amid most beautiful scenery in timbered park of one thousand acres; walled gardens, four acres of well-kept lawns, fishing and boating within two minutes of house in lake of SIX ACRES; safe sea bathing within 1½ mile, with private bathing house, nine-hole golf course and cricket ground within 1½ mile; ample accommodation (20 beds could be available); electric light, telephone; stabling, garage. Would be let with or without extensive varied shooting (including 350 brace grouse moor). An excellent centre for all kinds of picnic expeditions to the sea or to the many hill lochs in the neighbourhood.—Particulars write Box S.1878, The Times, E.C.4.

BEAUTIFULLY situated eight-room COTTAGE; well FURNISHED; garage, telephone; 45mins. Victoria; 4gns. week.—Inquire, The Orchard, Woldingham, Surrey. 'Phone 99.

BEXHILL-ON-SEA & COODEN.

FURNISHED HOUSE AGENTS, STEVENS and SONS.

BEXHILL & COODEN BEACH.

Furnished and Unfurnished Houses.

STAINES and Co., 28, Devonshire-road. 'Phone 349.

BRIGHTON (Hove).—The charming and specially well FURNISHED RESIDENCE of a Lady of Title, situate few doors from King's Gardens Lawns, to be LET for several months; three reception rooms on ground floor, six or seven bed rooms, two bath rooms, and offices; electric light, dinner lift, telephone; garden.—Apply to JENNER and DELL, Agents, 22, Regency-square, Brighton, and 54, Church-road, Hove.

COODEN BEACH.—Charming FURNISHED COTTAGE to be LET, August and part September; sitting room, three bed rooms (four beds), bath; electric light.—Owner, Riviera, Cooden Beach.

DURRINGTON, WILTS.—Eight weeks from June 23rd; COUNTRY COTTAGE; two reception, three bed, one dressing room, bath room; garage; electric light; garden; daily maid available.—Major Wilson, The Croft.

EASTBOURNE, "MYTON," BASLOW-ROAD, 300ft. up.—To be LET FURNISHED for one year from August; recently built with every modern convenience; expensively furnished; three reception, six bed, two bath rooms, servants' hall &c.; telephone, electric light, heating, water softener; double garage; tennis court, large productive kitchen garden; all rooms face South and command beautiful views over the sea; half chauffeur-gardener's wages paid (if kept); indoor servants can remain; 12 guineas weekly to careful tenant.—Particulars either direct or through Principal Agents.

EASTBOURNE HOUSES.

KILLICK & DAVIES. 'Phone 229.

OVERLOOKING GOLF LINKS.

FURNISHED COUNTRY COTTAGE (Surrey) now available; two sitting rooms, bath room, kitchen; gas and water; garage; large garden; station 10 minutes. City 35 minutes; delightful views; 3 guineas weekly for term.—BATCHELARS, opposite Caterham Station, Surrey.

HOUSES of various size in beautiful EAST SUSSEX to be LET, FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED; golf, bathing, and fishing available.—Requirements to HOWSE, Beckley, Sussex.

HYTHE, Kent, and District. DENTON & CO., Furnished Houses. Telephone 320

LARGE COUNTRY RECTORY to be LET, July or August; four reception, 10 bed rooms, bath; company's water; four acres grounds (gardener paid); garage three cars; golf and tennis; near Cleveland moors and sea; cook-housekeeper may remain.—Write Box K.503, The Times, E.C.4.

NEWBURY.—For particulars of all FURNISHED HOUSES available in and around NEWBURY apply to THAKE and PAGINTON, Land Agents, Newbury.

NORFOLK BROADS.—To be LET, delightful VICARAGE, from two to four months, longer if required; seven bed rooms, three reception; garden produce; tennis; telephone.—Vicar, Hoveton, Wroxham.

SHERINGHAM, overlooking Links.—Well FURNISHED HOUSE; four bed rooms, bath room, two sitting rooms, &c.; nice garden. Others 3-20 bed rooms.—WALKER, Agent, Sheringham.

THE HIGHLANDS.—FURNISHED and UNFURNISHED MANSION HOUSES, LODGES, VILLAS, and FARMHOUSES to be LET and for SALE, with and without shooting and fishing. John Ruskin describes "Inverness, the capital, where it ennobles one of the sweetest landscapes, by the shore of one of the loveliest estuaries in the world—a jewel clasping the folds of the mountains to the blue zone of the sea."

Apply A. FRASER and Co., House Furnishers, Estate and Shooting Agents, Inverness.

'TWIXT HEATHER and SEA.—Well FURNISHED HOUSE at TAIN, ROSS-SHIRE, to be LET for Summer Months; ideal situation overlooking Dornoch Firth and sea; four bed rooms, three reception, kitchen, scullery, bath, maid's room, &c.; large garden; close sea and loch and excellent golf.—Apply Mrs. Munro, Ferindonald, Tain. N.B.

HOUSES, &c., WANTED

3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

A COLONIAL now in England desires to PURCHASE as soon as possible a COUNTRY HOUSE of medium size, with about three-four reception, eight-ten bed rooms, &c., in a nice situation within 45 miles of Town; very appreciative of Sussex, Surrey, Kent, or Hants; must be convenient for a golf course and not too isolated; suitable properties will be immediately inspected; very keen to be settled before end of June; will pay up to £6,000-£7,000 for the right property; hasten particulars.—Write Box S.1885, The Times, E.C.4.

REQUIRED to PURCHASE, about 50-60 miles of London, PERIOD RESIDENCE; 14-16 bed rooms, bath rooms, four-five reception; cottages; and not less than 1,000 acres with shooting. Price £15,000-£20,000.—Send all particulars "Empire," HARRODS, 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

URGENTLY REQUIRED, within 120 miles of London, in really good hunting country, small COUNTRY RESIDENCE, having about six to seven bed rooms; two to three acres of land; stabling; secluded position preferred. Price up to £4,000. Photos returned immediately.—Please send full details to J. EWART GILKES and PARTNERS, 2, Hans-road, S.W.3. Sloane 6148-9. Marked S.M.

WANTED, 10 or 20 ACRES, Surrey or Bucks, ripe for development, with HOUSE (about three good reception, six bed, secluded, nice garden).—Reply Alpha, Clive House, Gt. Missenden.

WELL-FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED, SOUTH COAST, August, four or six weeks; 12 or more bed rooms; good bathing, sand, tennis court essential; school might suit.—Jackson, Leecroft, Liss.

FARMS AND NURSERIES

3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

FARMS with 30-170 ACRES, with old-fashioned Sussex oak-timbered FARMHOUSES, 1½ to 2 miles from Horsham. For SALE by Private Treaty, or Auction, June 25th.—Apply KING and CHASEMORE, Estate Office, Horsham, Sussex.

SHOOTING AND FISHING

3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

ROUGH SHOOTING. FIFTY ACRES WOODS for SALE, £1,250; acknowledged beauty spot, 700 feet high, London 26 miles. Ideal week-end retreat.—Write Box J.80, The Times, E.C.4.

MAYFAIR 0170-0171. ESTABLISHED 1796.

PHILLIPS, SON & NEALE

BEG TO ANNOUNCE THE FOLLOWING SALES BY AUCTION AT THEIR GREAT ROOMS,

73, NEW BOND-STREET, W.1,

EACH SALE COMMENCING AT ONE O'CLOCK.

THURSDAY, JUNE 12.

DECORATIVE AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

being the property of a LADY, and removed from Messrs. Druce and Co.'s Depository; also other properties from Messrs. Maple's and Messrs. Hampton's Depositories, including a SATINWOOD BED-ROOM SUITE and a GRAND PIANOFORTE by Kaim.

FRIDAY, JUNE 13.

ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE,

being the property of a GENTLEMAN, and removed from Messrs. Barker's Depository, and various other properties, including a QUEEN ANNE BUREAU and MIRROR, an ADAM SIDE TABLE, ANTIQUE OAK SETTEE, COFFERS and CHAIRS, a SHERATON SIDEBOARD, GRANDFATHER CLOCKS, CARPETS and RUGS, PORCELAIN, &c. Also a BABY GRAND PIANOFORTE by Cramer and a DUO-ART PLAYER PIANOFORTE by Steck.

The above may be viewed two days preceding and catalogues may be had.

BY DIRECTION OF THE EXECUTORS OF ERNEST CHAPLIN, ESQUIRE, MONDAY, JUNE 16, AND TWO FOLLOWING DAYS, ON THE PREMISES,

105, EATON-SQUARE, S.W.

THE ENTIRE CONTENTS OF THE MANSION.

Sheraton and other Old English WARDROBES, inlaid Tallboy and Hepplewhite bow-fronted CHESTS, inlaid sideboards and PEDESTAL WRITING TABLES, FRENCH FURNITURE, including Louis Seize COMMODES, a BONHEUR-DE-JOUR and a BRACKET CLOCK in Boulle and tortoiseshell case, Dutch and Italian marqueterie SECRETAIRES, a GRAND PIANOFORTE by Steinway and Sons, an ormolu CARTEL CLOCK, a GRANDFATHER CLOCK in lacquered case, Chesterfield SETTEES and divan EASY CHAIRS, Turkey and Persian CARPETS and RUGS, SPORTING PRINTS in Colours, Worcester, Lowestoft, Oriental and Dresden PORCELAIN, SILVER and PLATED WARE, BOOKS, Silk and other CURTAINS, GLASS, and a small cellar of WINES.

Catalogues may be had of Messrs. GOLDING, HARGROVE and GOLDING, Solicitors, 99, Cannon-street, E.C.4, or of the Auctioneers.

TUESDAY, JUNE 17.

CHINESE PORCELAIN,

including sea-green CELADON, BLANC-DE-CHINE, SELF-COLOURS, FAMILLE VERTE and FAMILLE ROSE; also BLUE and WHITE, comprising JARDINIERES, FIGURES, VASES, DISHES and PLATES, and other ornamental articles. Also LOFTY COROMANDEL-WOOD SCREENS and CARVED WOOD FIGURES, &c., being the property of a GENTLEMAN and recently received from CHINA.

BY DIRECTION OF THE EXECUTORS OF MRS. MARIAN E. TUKE, MONDAY, JUNE 23, AND FOLLOWING DAY, ON THE PREMISES,

THE ENTIRE CONTENTS OF

18, HYDE PARK-TERRACE, BAYSWATER,

comprising FRENCH FURNITURE, including a Louis XV. Drawing Room GRAND PIANOFORTE by Erard in Kingwood, Louis XV. and Louis XV. GILT SUITES in Aubusson Tapestry, Velvet and Damask, Massive carved and gilt MIRRORS, TORCHERES, WALL LIGHTS, and CANDELABRA, a GARNITURE DE CHEMINEE in fine Ormolu, a Queen Anne LONGCASE CLOCK, Dutch and French MARQUETERIE BUREAU BOOKCASES, Persian and English CARPETS, Oil PAINTINGS, SILK CURTAINS and TAPESTRY WALL HANGINGS, &c.

Catalogues in course of preparation. Solicitors: Messrs. GALBRAITH and BEST, Australia House, Strand, W.C.

By Order of the Proprietor after 33 years' occupation.

SKINDLES HOTEL,

MAIDENHEAD BRIDGE, BERKS.

One of our most famous Riverside Hotels.

MESSRS.

JAMES MOTION & SON, F.A.I.,

will OFFER for PUBLIC COMPETITION, at the London Auction Mart, 155, Queen Victoria-street, London, E.C.4, at an early date, unless previously disposed of privately,

THIS VALUABLE FREEHOLD and LEASEHOLD PROPERTY, WITH POSSESSION.

The property occupies a unique position on the river bank, adjoining Maidenhead Bridge, with spacious outdoor Restaurant on private lawn sloping to River, and there are excellent outbuildings and gardens, the area in all being about SIX ACRES.

The accommodation comprises 42 guest bed rooms, some of which are bed-sitting rooms, and 33 other bed rooms, a total in all of 75 bed rooms.

The Restaurant facing the river has a capacity for 100 guests, the ballroom can seat 100 guests for Banquets, and the outdoor Restaurant 90. There is also a pavilion with accommodation for 200. Bookings are now being received for parties of 300 and 400.

Adjoining the Hotel there is a garage with accommodation for 50 cars, also good stabling.

Boating and Fishing are available on the River Thames, whilst Hunting can be obtained with the Berks and Bucks Staghounds and the Garth.

The business for many years has been conducted under management and

THE TRADE is VERY LARGE and EXTREMELY PROFITABLE.

Further particulars and order to view from the Auctioneers, 46, Bloomsbury-square, London, W.C.1.

SALE BY AUCTION

AT THE PICCADILLY HOTEL, W.1.

On TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, and THURSDAY, JUNE 17th to 19th, 1930, at 12.30 o'clock each day,

A collection of

ANTIQUE AND MODERN ORIENTAL CARPETS AND RUGS,

removed by warrant from the Port of London Authority Warehouse by order of a London Trust Company. About 500 lots of modern PERSIAN, INDIAN, ANATOLIAN, and other weaves, together with a quantity of CAUCASIAN carpets imported from Russia, will be offered ENTIRELY WITHOUT RESERVE.

The ANTIQUE CARPETS comprise about 100 lots, and include:—

17th Century OUCHAK, 16th and 17th Century KOUBA, 17th Century INDO-ISPAHAN, &c.

On FRIDAY, JUNE 20th, 1930, at 12.30 o'clock. By direction of a Nobleman. The Contents of No. 77, Eaton-square, S.W. By Order of Trustees and others.

ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE AND EFFECTS,

17th Century TAPESTRIES, PICTURES, and other WORKS of ART, including six WILLIAM and MARY CHAIRS, covered in petit point, fine STUART CROWN CHAIRS, Old English Harpsichord, pair of Gothic high-back choir stalls, 18th Century sedan chair, display cabinets, Jacobean chests, refectory tables, clocks, mirrors, and general furnishings.

The whole of the above will be on view at the Piccadilly Hotel on and after Friday, June 13th, 1930. Illustrated catalogues may be obtained of the Auctioneers, Messrs.

TOPLIS & HARDING & RUSSELL

(EST. 1790),

28, OLD JEWRY, E.C.,

or of the Auctioneers with whom they are acting in conjunction, Messrs.

GILLOW & GILLOW, LTD., 14, BRUTON-STREET, W.

BUILDING LAND AND SITES

3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

EDGWARE-ROAD, BURNT OAK.—Valuable main road FREEHOLD SITE, ripe for the erection of shops or flats; frontage 900ft. (as a whole or in three sections), excellent depth. A wonderful chance for a speculator. AUCTION June 19th.—Particulars and plans from LESLIE RAYMOND, F.S.I., F.A.I., 24-25, The Mall, Edgware.

FREEHOLD CORNER SHOP SITE at junction of WATFORD BY-PASS ROAD and GREYHOUND HILL, HENDON, N.W.4.—Building frontage about 300ft., in new area where shopping facilities are lacking. Absolutely ripe and a wonderful position. For SALE by AUCTION June 19th next, at the London Auction Mart, E.C.—Plans and particulars of the Auctioneer, LESLIE RAYMOND, F.S.I., F.A.I., The Estate Offices, 24-25, The Mall, Edgware. Also at Golders Green and Hampstead.

WANTED

HERRING, SON and DAW have several inquiries for really first-class BUILDING SITES, which are ripe for development, in London and suburbs.—Will Owners and Agents send particulars to HERRING, SON and DAW, 1, Broadway, Westminster, S.W.1. Tele. No. Victoria 8425-6.

SALES BY AUCTION

4 lines 9s. (minimum)

By Order of Exors. of the late C. A. Vansittart.

73, WARWICK-GARDENS, KENSINGTON.

FURNITURE & EFFECTS,

comprising carpets, Persian rugs, oak, mahogany and walnut bed-room suites, oak and mahogany tables, oak bookcase, upright GRAND PIANO by KIRKMAN, carved oak dining-room appointments, etchings, engravings, valuable oil paintings and water colour drawings, books, china, glass, kitchen utensils, &c., to be SOLD by AUCTION, on the premises, by Messrs.

MARSH & PARSONS,

(F. W. PARSONS, F.A.I.),

on Monday, 16th June, at 12.30 p.m.

On view Saturday, 14th June, 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Catalogue can be obtained from the Auctioneer's Offices, 40 and 42, Church-street, Kensington, and 156, Kensington High-street, W.8.

By Order of Exors.

25, HORNTON-STREET, KENSINGTON, W.8.

FURNITURE & EFFECTS,

comprising usual bed-room appointments, Axminster and Wilton carpets, dressing chests, washstands, grandfather clock, upright grand pianoforte, full-size BILLIARD TABLE by Hennig, display cabinets, writing desks, occasional and arm chairs, oak dining room suite, plate, linen, over 100oz. silver, engravings, glass, ornaments, books, china, oil paintings, and culinary utensils, to be SOLD by AUCTION, on the premises, by Messrs.

MARSH & PARSONS

(F. W. PARSONS, F.A.I.),

on Thursday, 19th JUNE, 12.30 p.m.

On view day prior, 10-4 p.m. Catalogues can be obtained from the Auctioneer's Offices, 40 and 42, Church-street,

AUCTIONEERS,
ESTATE AGENTS,
SURVEYORS,
VALUERS.

HAMPTON & SONS,

20, ST. JAMES'-SQUARE, S.W.1.

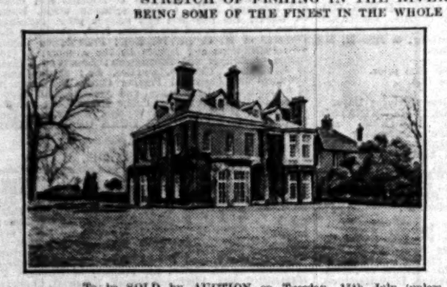
Branches { HEATH STREET, HAMPSTEAD Telephone: 2727 Hampstead. WIMBLEDON COMMON Telephone: 0080 Wimbledon.
Correspondents in all the chief towns in the British Isles.

RESIDENTIAL AND SPORTING ESTATES.

BY DIRECTION OF SIR JOHN HUMPHERY.

"ASHE PARK," BASINGSTOKE.

A FIRST-CLASS SPORTING AND RESIDENTIAL ESTATE
OF ABOUT 1,660 ACRES,
WITH
STRETCH OF FISHING IN THE RIVER TEST.
BEING SOME OF THE FINEST IN THE WHOLE COUNTRY.



The Residence has recently had a large sum of money lavished on it and is in almost faultless order, with period decorations and every modern convenience.

Hall, four reception rooms, 17 bed and dressing rooms, six bath rooms and offices.

BEAUTIFULLY TIMBERED GROUNDS AND PARK.

The Estate is divided into four well-equipped Farms, and with the well-placed woodlands and plantations provides

REALLY EXCELLENT SHOOTING.

Also two Residential Properties, "Turrill Hill House" and "Winchester House," situate in the pretty village of Overton.

To be SOLD by AUCTION on Tuesday, 15th July (unless previously sold).
Vendor's Solicitors:—Messrs. Charles Wilmot and Co., 7, New Court, Lincoln's Inn, W.C.2.
Particulars from the Auctioneers:—HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

WARWICKSHIRE.

THE HISTORICAL, RESIDENTIAL AND AGRICULTURAL ESTATE.

"CLOPTON HOUSE," STRATFORD-ON-AVON,

including the
BEAUTIFUL
PERIOD HOUSE,
partly dating from the Tudor period, but mostly rebuilt in the reign of Charles II., and retaining the exquisite panellings and other features. Entrance hall, four reception rooms, 16 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, complete offices. Radiators, Telephone, Petrol Gas, &c.

LOVELY OLD
PLEASURE GROUNDS
only to be described as a fit setting to the House. Ornamental water and ancient well associated with Shakespeare's "Ophelia."

Ample STABLING, GARAGE, FOUR COTTAGES.

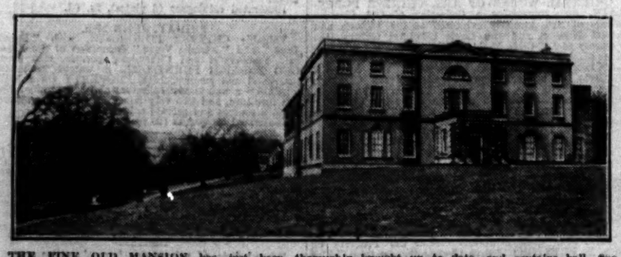
WELL-TIMBERED AND UNDULATING PARK, ABOUT 155 ACRES.
LOWER CLOPTON FARM.
A FIRST-RATE AGRICULTURAL HOLDING OF 250 ACRES.
THREE COTTAGES. WOODLANDS.
VALUABLE BUILDING SITES,
the whole extending to an area of about
440 ACRES.
To be offered by AUCTION in Lots at an early date.
Vendors' Solicitors: Messrs. Broughton, Holt and Middlemist, 12, Great Marlborough-street, W.1.
Land Agent: J. W. Earle, Esq., 33, Old Queen-street, Westminster, S.W.1.
Auctioneers, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

THE FINEST PROPOSITION FOR A SCHOLASTIC ESTABLISHMENT
THAT HAS BEEN IN THE MARKET FOR MANY YEARS.

DERBYSHIRE

BETWEEN DERBY AND MATLOCK.
THE WELL-KNOWN FREEHOLD RESIDENTIAL AND SPORTING ESTATE
known as the

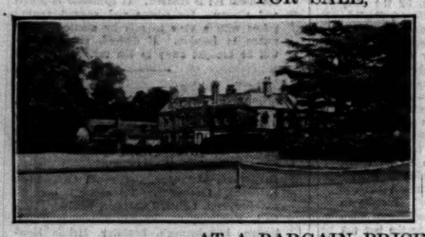
"ALDERWASLEY HALL."



THE FINE OLD MANSION has just been thoroughly brought up to date, and contains hall, fine suite of reception rooms, about 30 bed rooms, six bath rooms, modernized offices; electric light, radiators, &c.
THREE LODGES. FOUR COTTAGES. LARGE PRIVATE CHAPEL.
LOVELY OLD GARDENS WITH SERIES OF TROUT POOLS.
GRANDLY TIMBERED DEER PARK, ABOUT 200 ACRES.
The remainder of the Estate consists of well-equipped HOME FARM, NINE CAPITAL DAIRY and MIXED FARMS, numerous small holdings, cottages.
HIGHLY VALUABLE WOODLANDS OF ABOUT 700 ACRES.
AN ATTRACTIVE SMALL RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY, "ALDERWASLEY LODGE."
THREE MILES OF TROUT FISHING IN THE DERWENT.
The whole extending to an area of about
2,100 ACRES.
To be offered by AUCTION in numerous lots at an early date.
Vendors' Solicitors:—Messrs. Hunters, 9, New-square, Lincoln's Inn, W.C.
Particulars from the Auctioneers:—HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

BETWEEN GOODWOOD & CHICHESTER.

EXCELLENT SHOOTING. HUNTING. POLO. GOLF.
FOR SALE,



THE GEORGIAN HOUSE is charmingly placed some 250ft. above the sea, commanding beautiful views over a rolling country, and has been modernized in recent years at heavy cost.

Entrance and large lounge halls, four reception rooms, dancing room, 20 bed rooms, four baths, &c., &c.

Electric Light. Central Heating. Telephone. Excellent Water.

VERY CHARMING GARDENS, WOODLANDS ABOUT
350 ACRES.
Three farms let off.

AT A BARGAIN PRICE.

Particulars of the Agents, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

HOYLAKE.

THE VENUE OF THE OPEN GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP, 1930.
WITH LOVELY VIEWS OVER THE DEE TO THE WELSH HILLS, ADJOINING THE FAMOUS GOLF LINKS WITH PRIVATE GATE THERETO, AND ABOUT HALF AN HOUR FROM LIVERPOOL AND THREE-QUARTER HOUR FROM MANCHESTER.
SUMPTUOUSLY APPOINTED IN EXQUISITE TASTE AND REPLETE WITH ALL COMPANIES' SUPPLIES AND EVERY LABOUR-SAVING DEVICE.

To be SOLD, an admirably-planned and extraordinarily well-built RESIDENCE, standing nicely back from road and containing:—

Seven principal bed and dressing rooms and four bath rooms.

Seven secondary and maids' bed rooms and two bath rooms.

Boudoir
and upstairs sitting room.

Galleried lounge hall (18ft. by 14ft. 6in.).

Billiards or Dance room.

Three reception rooms.

Servants' hall and complete offices, linen and sewing rooms.

SECLUDED AND WELL LAID-OUT GROUNDS
OF ABOUT 2¼ ACRES,
with lawns for croquet, tennis and badminton, rose garden and a fine range of glass houses, &c.
LARGE HEATED GARAGE. FINE STABLING.
Very strongly recommended from personal inspection by the Owner's Agents:—
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (N.40642.)

HAMPSHIRE.

About a mile from Railway Station. Golf, hunting, shooting, &c., within easy reach.
The well-built and comfortable
FREEHOLD FAMILY RESIDENCE,
"BROOME,"
AVENUE-ROAD, FLEET.
Pleasant and secluded position, immune from main road annoyances.

The House is approached by a drive, and contains lounge hall, three reception rooms, billiards room, winter garden, loggia, two staircases, nine bed rooms, two bath rooms, nurseries, and offices.

Company's gas and water. Part central heating. Electric light and main drainage available.

Stabling. Cottage. Glasshouses.

The BEAUTIFUL GARDENS are well wooded and include tennis lawn, kitchen garden, and a paddock with frontages to two roads, in all about
9¼ ACRES.
VACANT POSSESSION.
To be SOLD by AUCTION, on TUESDAY, 15th JULY, at 2.30 p.m. (unless previously sold), IN ONE OR TWO LOTS.
Solicitors: Messrs. Trower, Still and Keeling, 5, New-square, Lincoln's Inn, W.C.
Particulars from the Auctioneers, Messrs. HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

REDHILL AND GODSTONE,

Between, in a pleasant position.
Five minutes' walk from Nutfield Station and two miles from Redhill Junction.
The well-placed and comfortable
FREEHOLD FAMILY RESIDENCE,
"NETHERLEIGH,"
SOUTH NUTFIELD.
Only 23 miles by road from Town.

The HOUSE is approached by a drive, and contains entrance and staircase halls, three reception rooms, compact domestic offices, two staircases, 10 bed and dressing rooms, bath room, two box rooms.

Company's gas and water. Main drainage. Electric light available.

Stabling. Garage. Gardener's cottage.

The very attractive gardens are well shaded, and include terrace walks, tennis and tea lawns, kitchen and fruit garden, and small orchard, in all nearly
2½ ACRES.
VACANT POSSESSION.
To be SOLD by AUCTION, on TUESDAY, 15th JULY, at 2.30 p.m. (unless previously sold).
Solicitors: Messrs. Howse and Eve, Surrey House, W.C.2.
Particulars from the Auctioneers, Messrs. Blake, Son and Williams, 49, Chancery-lane, W.C.2, or HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

BUSHEY HEATH. ONLY 12 MILES FROM LONDON.

MAGNIFICENT POSITION OVER 480FT. UP ON GENTLE S.E. SLOPE.
ACTUALLY ADJOINING STANMORE COMMON. CLOSE TO VARIOUS GOLF COURSES.
FOR SALE, a medium-sized FREEHOLD RESIDENCE approached by double drive, and containing hall, three reception, boudoir, conservatory, offices, seven bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms.
Tarmac floors. Central heating. Co.'s electric light, gas, and water. Main drainage.
Garage. Chauffeur's flat.
Greenhouses. Outbuildings.
GARDENS OF REMARKABLE CHARM with ornamental lawns, boating lake, kitchen garden, &c., in all over 2¼ ACRES. Recommended by HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

AUCTION SALES AT ST. JAMES' ESTATE ROOMS, S.W.1.

ACTUALLY ADJOINING AND OVERLOOKING THE NOTED GOLF COURSE AT
ADDINGTON, SURREY.
Close to the Kent borders—picked position nearly 300ft. up.
"THE SPINNEY,"
SHIRLEY CHURCH-ROAD.
ARTISTIC MODERN FREEHOLD RESIDENCE
PLANNED FOR EASY WORKING.

Approached by drive, and containing good hall, two excellent reception rooms, tiled terrace, two staircases, six bed rooms and a dressing room, two baths, and offices.

Company's electric light, gas and water; telephone; central heating; constant hot water supply; lavatory basins in two bed rooms; main drainage available; gravel soil.

Garage; well-wooded grounds of about 1¼ ACRE, for the greater part in their natural state.
Vacant possession.

To be SOLD by AUCTION, on TUESDAY, 17th JUNE (unless previously sold).
Solicitors:—Messrs. Billingshurst, Wood and Pope, 7, Bucklersbury, E.C.4.
Particulars from the Auctioneers,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

Up-to-date with labour-saving fittings.
WEST WEYBRIDGE.
Four minutes from Station.
JUST HALF AN HOUR FROM TOWN.
Rural position with fine open views; gravel subsoil.
TWO ARTISTIC DETACHED
FREEHOLD HOUSES.
"KENWOOD" and "MELROSE,"
WEY MANOR ESTATE.

Containing: Entrance hall, two reception rooms, one with servants' or third sitting room, four bed rooms, bath room, cloak room, kitchenette, and other offices; company's electric light, gas, water; main drainage; telephone.
Excellent garage; ground, 60ft. by 150ft.
With Vacant Possession.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 15th JULY (unless previously sold).
Solicitors:—Messrs. Rodgers and Co., 30, Bank-street, Sheffield.
Particulars from the Auctioneers,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

NON-BASEMENT.
A MOST ATTRACTIVE DOUBLE-FRONTED COUNTRY-STYLE HOUSE
14, MULBERRY-WALK,
CHELSEA, S.W.3.
UNUSUALLY LARGE ROOMS.

Hall, three ground-floor reception, seven or eight bed rooms, three tiled bath rooms, tiled offices.
ALL ON THREE FLOORS.
Labour saving to a degree with a host of modern comforts.
The 74 years' lease held at £38 per annum.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 8th JULY (unless previously sold).
Solicitors:—Messrs. Knapp-Fisher and Wartnaby, Chapter Clerk's Office, The Sanctuary, S.W.1.
Particulars from the SOLE AGENTS, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

SUSSEX COAST
(CLOSE TO).
Three-quarters of a mile from Railway Station. Few minutes' walk from village, church, &c.
ATTRACTIVE FREEHOLD PROPERTY.
"HYE HOUSE," CROWHURST.
Rural position. On summit of hill.
WONDERFUL LAND AND SEA VIEWS.

The old-fashioned house contains square entrance hall, three reception rooms, conservatory, compact offices, two staircases, ten bed rooms and bath.
Central heating. Electric light. Telephone.
Large garage. Stabling. Chauffeur's flat.
The CHARMING GROUNDS are well laid out, and include tennis and other lawns, rose garden orchard, kitchen gardens and paddock, in all about
4½ ACRES.
Vacant possession of all but the Grassland.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 24th JUNE (unless previously sold).
Solicitors:—Messrs. Wordsworth, Marr, Johnson and Shaw, 39, Lombard-street, E.C.3.
Particulars from the Auctioneers:—Messrs. Staines and Co., 28, Devonshire-road, Bexhill-on-Sea; or from
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

Easily worked House with small domestic staff.
On outskirts of old-world village.
ONLY 13 MILES FROM TOWN.
Nearly 200ft. up. Close to Golf.
"THORNTON," PINNER.

Artistic FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, containing on only two floors: Hall, three reception rooms, sun room, six or seven bed rooms, three baths, offices.
Parquet floors. Part central heating. Company's electric light, gas and water. Telephone. Main drainage.
Commodious garage. Greenhouse.
DELIGHTFUL GARDENS with terrace, tennis lawn, kitchen and fruit gardens.
With vacant possession.
To be SOLD by AUCTION, on TUESDAY, 24th JUNE (unless previously sold).
Solicitor: Frederick H. Munby, Esq., 10, Old-square, W.C.2. Particulars from the Auctioneers, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

FREEHOLD.
SWEEPING VIEWS OF RIVER AND PARK.
"SUN HOUSE,"
6, CHELSEA EMBANKMENT, S.W.
A HOUSE OF DISTINCTIVE CHARACTER.
PASSENGER LIFT.

Four handsome reception, 10 bed rooms, three bath rooms, cheerful offices.
Central heating. Fine rooms. South aspect.
GARAGE AND ROOMS.
easily convertible into a charming Cottage Residence.
To be SOLD, by AUCTION, on TUESDAY, 8th JULY (unless previously sold).
Solicitors: Messrs. Reed and Reed, 1, Guildhall-chambers, 31, Basinghall-street, E.C.2.
Particulars from the Auctioneers, Hobson Richards and Co., 54, London-wall, E.C.2, or HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

By Order of Executors.
LOW UPSET PRICE OF £5,500.
IDEAL HOME FOR A BUSINESS OR PROFESSIONAL MAN.
ENFIELD.
WELL-BUILT FREEHOLD RESIDENCE.
"CLUMBER HOUSE."

Occupying one of the finest positions in this district, 200ft. up, close to several Golf Courses.
Double carriage drive approach.
Accommodation on only two floors.

Eight bed rooms, dressing and two bath rooms, halls and staircases, three reception and a billiards room, sunny loggia and balcony, ample offices.
Every possible modern convenience.
Three garages. Man's room. Glasshouses, &c.
UMBRAGEOUS GARDENS on gentle Western slope, kitchen gardens, and paddock, in all about
5⅔ ACRES.
VACANT POSSESSION ON COMPLETION.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 17th JUNE (unless previously sold).
Solicitors:—Messrs. Edell and Co., King's House, 36, King-street, Cheapside, E.C.2.
Particulars from the Auctioneers,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

By Order of Executors.
AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY.
UPSET PRICE, £2,900, for the Whole.
HERTS & BUCKS BORDERS.
High and Rural Situation. Gravel Soil.
LOT 1.—LOW UPSET PRICE OF £2,400.
"SHERWOOD," HERONSGATE,
RICKMANSWORTH.

A FREEHOLD COUNTRY RESIDENCE, with entrance hall, three reception, two staircases, eight bed rooms, bath, and offices.
Company's electric light, gas, water, telephone.
Two Garages. Charming Grounds, studded with conifers, of about 1¾ ACRE.

LOT 2.—UPSET PRICE OF £650.
Practically adjoining the above, excellent FREEHOLD Bungalow and Cottage, paddock, small orchard, in all nearly two acres, possessing valuable frontages.
To be SOLD by AUCTION, on TUESDAY, 24th JUNE (unless previously sold), in 1 or 2 lots.
Solicitors: Messrs. Gregory, Rowcliffe and Co., 1, Bedford-row, W.C.
Particulars from the Auctioneers,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James-square, S.W.1.

By order of the Executors.
NOMINAL UPSET PRICE £2,500.
CHISLEHURST, KENT.

300ft. above sea level, enjoying a pretty prospect, near to the Common and actually adjoining the golf course.
CAMDEN WOOD," YESTER-RD.
Substantially built FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, approached by pretty drive, and containing halls, tiled garden porch, four reception and a billiard room, 11 bed and dressing rooms, night and day nurseries, two bath rooms, ample offices.
Central Heating, Co.'s Gas and Water. Electric Light available. Main drainage.
Cottage, Garage, Stabling, Greenhouses, &c.
BEAUTIFUL UNDULATING GARDENS, carrying magnificent trees, lawns, fruit garden, &c., in all over
2⅔ ACRES.
A Property suitable for private residence, hotel, conversion into flats, or institutional purposes.
VACANT POSSESSION ON COMPLETION.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 24th JUNE (unless sold privately).
Solicitors:—Messrs. Edwards and Sons, Finsbury-court, London, E.C.2.
Particulars from the Auctioneers,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

OVER 500FT. UP ON THE CHILTERN HILLS.
BERKHAMSTED, HERTS.
Under one mile from the main line L.M.S. Station, with good train service to and from Euston and Broad-street.
CLOSE TO BERKHAMSTED COMMON AND ITS FAMOUS GOLF LINKS.
SHOOTING. HUNTING.
The well-appointed and beautifully situated
FREEHOLD COUNTRY RESIDENCE,
"THE BRAES,"

with extensive views, is in good repair. Company's electric light, gas, water, and main drainage. Telephone. Is approached by drive and sweep, and contains vestibule hall, four reception rooms (one full-sized billiard room), all with oak parquet floors, 10 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, two staircases, and ample offices.
Brick garage for two cars with inspection pit.
WELL-DESIGNED
NATURALESQUE PLEASURE GROUNDS, laid out for economical upkeep, including full-sized tennis lawn, heated greenhouses, cool frames, fruit and vegetable gardens, pig sties, poultry runs, and other useful outbuildings. A paddock and beech dell, &c., in all
OVER 4½ ACRES.
With vacant possession.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 17th JUNE (unless sold privately).
Solicitors:—Messrs. Kimber Bull, Howland, Clappé and Co., 6, Old Jewry, London, E.C.
Particulars from the Auctioneers,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

GERRARDS CROSS.
12 minutes' walk from Railway Station.
ONLY 18 MILES FROM TOWN.
The Modern and Artistic
FREEHOLD COUNTRY RESIDENCE
"AUSTEN MEAD."
300ft. UP ON GRAVEL SOIL.

Panelled lounge hall and billiards room, three reception, compact offices, eight bed rooms, dressing room, and two bath rooms.
Company's electric light, gas and water. Central heating.
ENTRANCE LODGE. TWO GARAGES.
Pleasant Gardens, including lawns, kitchen garden, fruit trees, &c., in all about 1¼ Acre.
With Vacant Possession.
To be SOLD by AUCTION, on TUESDAY, 17th JUNE (unless previously sold).
Solicitors:—Messrs. Pilley and Mitchell, 20, Bedford-row, W.C.1.
Particulars from the Auctioneers,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

BRADFORD-ON-AVON.
WILTS AND SOMERSET BORDERS.
About a mile from the old market town of Bradford-on-Avon and seven miles from Bath.
GOLF, BOATING, FISHING AND HUNTING.
THE VERY ATTRACTIVE AND COMPACT
FREEHOLD RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY
"FRANKLEIGH HOUSE,"

350ft. up. South aspect, lovely views.
The STONE-BUILT TUDOR HOUSE contains entrance and inner halls, four handsome reception rooms, billiards room, 14 bed and dressing rooms, four bath rooms, four servants' bed rooms, and domestic quarters.
Own electric light. Central heating.
LARGE GARAGE, STABLING, USEFUL OUT-BUILDINGS, LAUNDRY, HEATED GLASS-HOUSES, ENTRANCE LODGE, AND FIVE COTTAGES.
THE BEAUTIFUL PLEASURE GROUNDS include terraced and rose gardens, lawns, fruit and vegetable gardens, orchard, parkland and paddock; in all nearly
51⅔ ACRES.
Vacant possession of all but the three cottages and the grassland.
To be SOLD by AUCTION, on TUESDAY, 17th JUNE (unless previously sold).
Solicitors:—Messrs. Hastie, 65, Lincoln's Inn-fields, W.C.2.
Particulars from the Auctioneers,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

Nearly surrounded by
EPPING FOREST.
Close to Golf Courses.
10 MILES BY ROAD FROM TOWN.
A most choice and exceptionally well-placed
FREEHOLD RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY.
"THE WARREN HILL,"
LOUGHTON.

200ft. up, with extensive views to the Kentish Hills and over the Forest to the Northern Heights.
The modern Residence, approached by carriage drive protected by entrance lodge, contains fine hall, four reception rooms, magnificent billiards or dance room, two staircases, 11 bed rooms, three dressing rooms, boudoir, three bath rooms, offices.
Electric light. Co.'s water, main drainage. Partial central heating.
Stabling. Spacious garage and chauffeur's quarters. Charming and well-timbered gardens, kitchen and fruit gardens, orchards, and parkland, in all over
16½ ACRES,
WITH VACANT POSSESSION.
To be SOLD by AUCTION, on TUESDAY, 17th JUNE (unless previously sold).
Solicitors:—Messrs. Linklaters and Paines, Bond-court, Walbrook, E.C.
Particulars from the Auctioneers,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

By Order of Executors.
TO LOVERS OF THE ANTIQUE.
KENT AND SUSSEX BORDERS.
A XVITH-CENTURY RESTORED FARMHOUSE
NEAR TO THE OLD-WORLD
CINQUE PORT OF RYE.
Full of Ancient Oak. Irreproachable Order. South Aspect. 200 feet up. Magnificent Views.
"HURST FARM,"
WITTERSHAM.

Charming Residence, containing galleried hall, three reception rooms, staircases, eight bed rooms, three baths, and offices.
Central heating. Own electric light. Good water. Telephone. Brick-built fireplaces.
INTERESTING COTTAGE. GARAGE.
Chauffeur's accommodation. Greenhouses, &c.
LOVELY PLEASURE GROUNDS
with pool and ponds, pergolas, tennis and other lawns, walled kitchen garden and paddock, in all nearly
15½ ACRES.
A PERFECT GEM ON WHICH THOUSANDS OF POUNDS HAVE BEEN EXPENDED.
To be SOLD by AUCTION, on TUESDAY, 17th JUNE (unless previously sold).
Solicitors:—Messrs. Mead, Sons and Bingham, 28, Charges-street, Piccadilly, W.1.
Particulars from the Auctioneers,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

Exceptionally quiet situation, facing a Common and almost
ADJOINING RICHMOND PARK.
THE WELL-ARRANGED AND COMFORTABLE FREEHOLD GEORGIAN RESIDENCE,
"WILMER HOUSE," HAM COMMON,
STANDING IN ONE OF THE CHOICEST POSITIONS IN THIS LOVELY DISTRICT.

The House is approached by a carriage drive and contains on only two floors:
Lounge hall, four reception rooms, conservatory and compact offices, two staircases, seven bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms.
Company's electric light, gas and water. Main drainage. Constant hot water. Telephone.
GARAGE FOR TWO CARS, STABLING, PAIR OF COTTAGES.
BEAUTIFUL OLD-WORLD GARDENS and meadowland, in all about
8 ACRES.
VACANT POSSESSION.

To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 15th JULY (unless previously sold).
Solicitors:—Messrs. Deacon and Co., 9, Great St. Helens, E.C.3.
Particulars from the Auctioneers:—HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

"IFIELD COURT," NEAR CRAWLEY.

Two miles from Crawley and under a mile from Ifield Halt.
IN BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY BETWEEN LONDON AND THE SOUTH COAST.
FINE POSITION WITH LOVELY VIEWS TO THE SOUTH.

The OLD-FASHIONED HOUSE is approached by a drive and contains lounge hall, four reception rooms, large billiards room, compact offices, oak principal staircase, 10 bed rooms, three dressing rooms and two bath rooms.
Central heating. Company's electric light, and water. Main drainage.
STABLING. GARAGE.
REMARKABLY BEAUTIFUL PLEASURE GROUNDS,
including ornamental and tennis lawns, rose and kitchen gardens and paddock, also
AN ANCIENT MOAT AND SITE OF THE OLD COURT HOUSE,
in all about
9 ACRES FREEHOLD.

To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 1st JULY (unless previously sold).
Solicitors: Messrs. J. A. and H. K. Farnfield, 90, Lower Thames-street, E.C.4.
Particulars from the Auctioneers: HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

To Builders, Land Companies, Speculators, and Others.
BEAUTIFUL BUILDING PLOTS AND SITES IN PARKLIKE AND RURAL SETTINGS
ENJOYING VIEWS TO EAST AND WEST.
Gentle undulations and some good timber. Elevations of 190ft. to over 200ft. above sea level. Dry soil. Few minutes' walk Railway Station, close to Golf and old-world Market Town.
HAREFIELD, MIDDLESEX.
OVER A MILE OF FREEHOLD FRONTAGE LAND
on the well-known
HAREFIELD PLACE ESTATE.

Comprising more than 3,500 feet to Harefield Road, an ADOPTED THOROUGHFARE, and over 2,000 feet to The Drive, a newly formed avenue-like road.
THESE FRONTAGES WILL BE OFFERED IN
LARGE OR SMALL LOTS TO INTEREST FIRMS OF ALL STANDING.
Company's water and electric light available to all lots. Vacant possession.
To be SOLD by AUCTION, at the Chequers Hotel, Uxbridge, on THURSDAY, 10th JULY NEXT, unless sold privately, in 14 LOTS.
Solicitors: Messrs. E. F. Turner & Sons, 28, St. Mary-axe, E.C.3.
Plan and particulars from the Harefield Place Estate Office, on the Estate; or from the Auctioneers, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

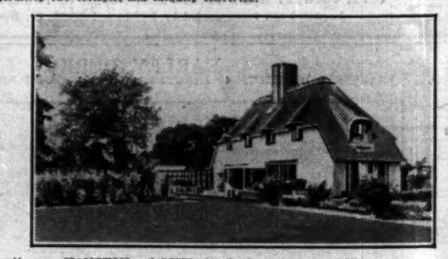
BUCKS, BEACONSFIELD.
ONE OF THE CHOICEST DISTRICTS IN THE COUNTY.
ATTRACTIVE FREEHOLD RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY.
"WITHERIDGE," KNOTTY GREEN,
WONDERFUL POSITION, OVER 400FT. UP, WITH LOVELY VIEWS.

BEAUTIFUL MODERN HOUSE approached by carriage drive and containing loggia, hall, four reception rooms, play room, 12 bed and dressing rooms, four bath rooms, and complete offices.
Company's electric light, gas, and water. Central heating. Constant hot water.
TWO GARAGES. THREE COTTAGES. GLASSHOUSES. FIVES COURT.
THE DELIGHTFUL GARDENS include lawns, hard and grass tennis courts, woodland, orchard, kitchen gardens, &c., in all about
7½ ACRES.
With Vacant Possession.
To be SOLD by AUCTION, on TUESDAY, 1st JULY (unless previously sold).
Solicitors: Messrs. Lee and Pembertons, 44, Lincoln's Inn-fields, W.C.2.
Particulars from the Auctioneers, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

AN ARCHITECTURAL GEM.
"LANGEGAYE COTTAGE," ESHER.

12 minutes from two stations. Quiet position in best residential locality.
A PICTURESQUE THATCHED-ROOF LITTLE HOUSE,
formerly two cottages, and skilfully converted.

Approached through pretty front garden, and containing on two floors, entrance lobby, sitting room, oak-panelled dining room, two staircases, three bed rooms, dressing recess and two exceptionally well-fitted bath rooms, neat domestic offices, characteristic fitments; good repair; company's electric light, gas, water, telephone, main drainage; entrance and space for garage; exceedingly charming gardens, with tennis lawn, flower, fruit and vegetable gardens, in all about 1¼ Acre.
TO BE SOLD by AUCTION, on TUESDAY, 1st JULY (unless previously sold).
Solicitors:—Messrs. Wilkinson, Bowen, Haslip and Jackson, 34, Nicholas-lane, Lombard-street, E.C.



Particulars of the Auctioneers, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.
HANTS & SUSSEX BORDERS.
OCCUPYING A BEAUTIFUL POSITION ABOUT 350ft. ABOVE SEA LEVEL ON SANDY SOIL.
"EAST HILL"—EAST LISS.
AN ATTRACTIVE RESIDENCE IN ALMOST PERFECT ORDER.

Hall, four reception rooms, 12 bed and dressing rooms, four bath rooms, offices.
Electric light. Company's water. Central heating. Gas laid on. Telephone. Modern drainage.
GARAGE FOR THREE CARS, &c.
EXCEPTIONALLY BEAUTIFUL PLEASURE GROUNDS
and
WELL-TIMBERED PARKLANDS, in all about 25 ACRES
AN ADJOINING FARM and COTTAGES could be purchased if desired, the whole property extending to about
90 ACRES.

For SALE privately or by Auction, in lots, at an early date.
Auctioneers, E. C. S. Evennett, Esq., Haslemere, Surrey, and HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

EDGWARE.
UNDER 10 MILES FROM TOWN.
In perfectly rural and countrified position.
Borders of Middlesex and Herts.
"NEWLANDS GRANGE,"
BROCKLEY-HILL.

Removed from main road traffic, and enjoying pretty glimpse of countryside, approached by drive, and containing on only two floors panelled hall, three handsome reception rooms, two stairways, eight bed and dressing rooms, two baths, offices.
Gas available. Co.'s water. Own electric light. Radiators. Constant hot water. Mahogany doors and parquet floors. Good repair.
Garages. Stable. Two cottages. Heated glasshouses. Beautifully timbered gardens and dell, in all
OVER 5¼ ACRES,
with potential building value.
VACANT POSSESSION.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 1st JULY next, at 2.30 p.m. (unless sold privately).
Solicitors:—Messrs. T. E. Crocker and Son, 24, Buckingham-street, W.C.2.
Particulars from the Auctioneers,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

HIGHLANDS OF ESSEX.
UPMINSTER COMMON,
occupying a perfectly rural situation, enjoying delightful views to the South and West.
Easy reach of golf courses, stations and bus routes, 17 miles from Town and 22 miles from coast.
UPMINSTER LODGE.
A MODERN FREEHOLD RESIDENCE,
approached by long drive and containing hall, two staircases, three reception rooms, eight bed rooms, two bath rooms and ample offices.
Own electric light. Part central heating. Company's water. Telephone. Up-to-date drainage.
Fitted laundry, excellent garages with stabling, Man's and store rooms.
REMARKABLY PRETTY GARDENS with tennis lawn, terraces, sun loggia, orchard.
IN ALL 3¾ ACRES.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on THURSDAY, 17th JULY (unless sold privately).
Solicitors: Messrs. Stoneham and Co., 108, Cannon-street, London, E.C.4.
Particulars from the Auctioneers,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

By Order of Executors of the late Mrs. M. L. Davies.
A VERY VALUABLE FREEHOLD PROPERTY.
"GARRATTS HALL," BANSTEAD, SURREY.

Standing at altitudes of from 500 to 540 feet above sea level, within a mile of a Station, close to various Golf Courses, few minutes from several bus services, having over 2,600 feet frontage to existing roads, in some of which are company's gas, water, electric light, and main drainage.
An Interesting Old House of the 17th Century, approached by long double carriage drive, protected by Lodges, together with a SMALLER RESIDENCE known as "LITTLE GARRATTS."
Garage and Stabling with Flats over, Farmery, Heated Glasshouses; Beautiful Gardens and Grounds, Kitchen Garden, and two valuable Paddocks, the whole carrying Forest and Ornamental Timber, in all
OVER 32 ACRES,
constituting
ONE OF THE FINEST DEVELOPMENT PROPOSITIONS WITHIN 14½ MILES OF LONDON, OR FOR USE AS AN INSTITUTION OR PRIVATE DWELLING-HOUSE.
Vacant possession on completion.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on THURSDAY, 17th JULY (unless previously sold).
Solicitors: Messrs. Houseman and Co., 6, New-court, Carey-street, London, W.C.2.
Particulars from the Auctioneers: HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

ST. JOHN'S WOOD.
Close to Lord's Cricket Ground.
25A, GROVE END-ROAD.
DETACHED COUNTRY-STYLE NON-BASEMENT RESIDENCE.
ON TWO FLOORS ONLY.

Eight bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, three reception rooms, complete domestic offices, including maids' sitting rooms.
Spacious garage. Central heating.
LARGE PRIVATE GARDEN.
Vacant Possession on completion.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 17th JUNE (unless previously sold).
Solicitors:—Messrs. John H. Mote and Son, 11, Gray's Inn-square, W.C.1.
Particulars from the Auctioneers, HAMPTON and SONS, The Clock Tower, 49, Heath-street, Hampstead, N.W.3, and 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

CLOSE TO MARBLE ARCH.
A charming and well-equipped house.
9, CONNAUGHT-SQUARE, W.2.
FACING WEST over the SQUARE.

Three reception, six bed rooms, two bath rooms, very light offices.
Compact and easily run.
GARAGE OBTAINABLE.
The Direct lease held at a low rent.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 8th JULY (unless previously sold).
Solicitors:—Messrs. Linklaters and Paines, 2, Bond-court, Walbrook, E.C.4.
Particulars from the Auctioneers,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

KENT, Near FAVERSHAM.
Three miles from Lenham Station and seven miles from main line Station.
The very Attractive
FREEHOLD RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY,
"BUNCE COURT," OTTERDEN.

Perfectly rural position, 550ft. up, amidst some of the prettiest scenery in the county.
The QUEEN ANNE HOUSE contains vestibule, lounge hall, galleried landing, three reception rooms, two staircases, 13 bed rooms, dressing room, nursery suites, three baths, ample offices.
Central heating. Own electric light and gas. Company's water. Excellent repair.
GARAGES. PAIR OF COTTAGES.
DELIGHTFUL PLEASURE GROUNDS, kitchen garden, orchard, and rich meadowland, in all over
24½ ACRES.
Vacant Possession.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 15th JULY (unless previously sold).
Solicitors: Messrs. Guedalla, Jacobson and Spyer, Winchester House, Old Broad-street, E.C.
Particulars from the Auctioneers,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James-square, S.W.1.

Bordering Regent's Park, with views thereof.
9, YORK-GATE, N.W.1.
An Attractive medium-sized House.
FEW BUT GOOD ROO